1

Supplementary Figure Legends

2	Supplementary Fig. S1. (a) Representative <i>in situ</i> zymography photography and quantification
3	analysis of the infrarenal aortas of C57BL/6J mice. n=3 for each group. The data were analyzed
4	using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented
5	as the mean \pm SEM of three independent experiments. *P<0.05. Scale bar = 50 μ m. (b)
6	Representative ex vivo gelatin zymography of infrarenal aortas of the mice with CaPO ₄ -induced
7	AAA. n=3 mice for each group. (c) The mRNA levels of MMP-2 and MMP-9 in the abdominal
8	aorta of the mice with CaPO ₄ -induced AAA. The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA
9	followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of
10	four independent experiments. $*P < 0.05$. (d) Quantification of the positive immunofluorescence
11	staining area of leukocytes (CD45 positive) and macrophages (Mac-3 positive) in the adventitia
12	of the infrarenal aortas of the mice with CaPO ₄ -induced AAA. The data were analyzed using
13	two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the
14	mean \pm SEM of five independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05. (e) Representative
15	immunofluorescence (red) TUNEL staining of apoptotic cells and quantification of the number
16	of TUNEL-positive cells per mm ² area of infrarenal arteries in the mice with CaPO ₄ -induced
17	AAA. Nuclei were stained with Hoechst (blue). The merged are (arrow) indicates the apoptotic
18	cells. The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc
19	comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of five independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05.
20	Scale bar = 50 μ m. (f) Western blotting analysis and quantification of the protein levels of
21	cleaved caspase-3 and Bax in the abdominal aorta of the mice with CaPO ₄ -induced AAA. The
22	data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc

1	comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05.
2	NS, no significance. (g) Representative elastin Van Gieson staining and quantification of the
3	infrarenal abdominal aortas of the mice with CaPO ₄ -induced AAA. The data were analyzed
4	using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented
5	as the mean \pm SEM. n=5-8 for each group. (h) Quantification of <i>in situ</i> zymography
6	photography of the infrarenal aortas of the mice with AngII-induced AAA with vehicle or
7	naringenin (50 mg/kg/day) gavage. The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's
8	<i>t</i> -test. n=3 for each group. (i) Representative <i>ex vivo</i> gelatin zymography of the infrarenal aortas
9	of the mice with AngII-induced AAA. n=3 mice for each group. (j) Representative image and
10	quantification of the positive immunofluorescence staining area of leukocytes (CD45 positive)
11	and macrophages (Mac-3 positive) in the abdominal aortas of the mice with AngII-induced
12	AAA. The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's <i>t</i> -test. n=3 for each group.
13	*P<0.05. (k) ELISAs of IL-6, MCP-1, IL-10, TNF- α and IFN- γ in the plasma of the AngII-
14	induced mice with AAA. The data were analyzed using unpaired <i>t</i> -tests and are presented as
15	the mean \pm SEM. n=6 for each group. * <i>P</i> <0.05. (1) Representative elastin Van Gieson staining
16	of the infrarenal abdominal aortas of the mice with AngII-induced AAA treated with water or
17	naringenin (50 mg/kg/day) gavage.

Supplementary Fig. S2. (a) Heatmap of naringenin-induced genes related to lysosomes
according to the CMap database. (b) Lysosomal number analysis of primary rat vascular smooth
muscle cells (left) and HUVECs (right) stimulated with naringenin (0, 50, 100, 200 µM) for 12
h or EBSS-induced starvation for 30 min. The data were analyzed using one-way ANOVA

1	followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of
2	six independent experiments. * P <0.05. (c) DQ-red-BSA analysis of primary rat vascular
3	smooth muscle cells (left) and HUVECs (right) stimulated with naringenin (0, 50, 100, 200 μ M)
4	for 12 h or CQ (1 $\mu M)$ for 3 h. The data were analyzed using one-way ANOVA followed by
5	Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six
6	independent experiments. * P <0.05. (d) KEGG analysis of mRNA expression that was
7	upregulated by naringenin in the RNA-seq analysis. The X axis represents the -log10 (p-value).
8	(e) RT-qPCR validation of lysosomal genes (ATP6V1A, NPC1, CTSS, etc.) in macrophages
9	stimulated with vehicle or naringenin (200 μM) for 12 h. The data were analyzed using two-
10	way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the
11	mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05. (f) 12-week-old male C57BL/6J mice
12	were periadventitially treated with CaPO ₄ and supplemented with vehicle or naringenin (50
13	mg/kg/day) for 7 days, and the abdominal aorta was separated and digested into single cells.
14	Flow cell sorting was performed to isolate CD31-positive endothelial cells for lysosomal
15	number analysis. n=10-15 mice for each group in each experiment. The data were analyzed
16	using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented
17	as the mean \pm SEM of three independent experiments. *P<0.05. (g) RT-qPCR validation of
18	TFE3, MiTF and Zkscan3 in macrophages stimulated with naringenin (0, 50, 100, 200 μ M) for
19	12 h. The data were analyzed using one-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc
20	comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05. (h)
21	Western blotting analysis and quantification of the protein levels of p-PKC and p-Akt in the
22	vehicle- or naringenin (0, 100, 200 μ M for 12 hours)-treated BMDMs. The data were analyzed

1	using one-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented
2	as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. (i) Primary peritoneal TSC1 ^{flox/flox}
3	macrophages that transfected with Ad-GFP (10 MOI) (here as WT macrophages) or with Ad-
4	Cre (10 MOI) (here as TSC1 ^{-/-} macrophages) for 48 hours, then treated with naringenin (0 μ M,
5	100 μ M, 200 μ M) for another 12 hours followed by Western blot analysis and quantification of
6	the protein levels of TSC1 and mTORC1 downstream phospho-S6 as well as phospho-4EBP1.
7	The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc
8	comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05. (j)
9	WT macrophages and TSC1 ^{-/-} macrophages were treated with or without 200 μ M naringenin
10	for 12 hours, then followed by Lysotracker Red staining for 30 mins and analyzed by flow
11	cytometry. The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post
12	hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05.
13	(k) WT macrophages and TSC1 ^{-/-} macrophages were treated with or without 200 μ M naringenin
14	for 12 hours, then followed by DQ-Red-BSA incubation for 30 mins and analyzed by live cell
15	confocal microscopy. Scale bar = $10 \ \mu m$. (l) RT-qPCR analysis of LAMP1, ATP6V1A, NPC1,
16	NPC2 and CTSB expression in WT macrophages and TSC1-/- macrophages underwent
17	naringenin treatment (200 μ M, 12 hours). The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA
18	followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of
19	six independent experiments. * P <0.05. (m) Primary peritoneal macrophages that transfected
20	with scrambled siRNA (50 nM) or TSC2 siRNA (50 nM) for 48 hours, then treated with
21	naringenin (0 μ M, 100 μ M, 200 μ M) for another 12 hours followed by Western blot analysis
22	and quantification of the protein levels of TSC2 and mTORC1 downstream phospho-S6 as well

1	as phospho-4EBP1. The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni
2	test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent
3	experiments. * P <0.05. (n) Primary peritoneal macrophages that transfected with scrambled
4	siRNA (50 nM) or TSC2 siRNA (50 nM) for 48 hours, then treated with naringenin (200 μ M)
5	for another 12 hours followed by Lysotracker Red staining for 30 mins and analyzed by flow
6	cytometry. The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post
7	hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. * <i>P</i> <0.05.
8	(o) Primary peritoneal macrophages that transfected with scrambled siRNA (50 nM) or TSC2
9	siRNA (50 nM) for 48 hours, then treated with naringenin (200 μ M) for another 12 hours
10	followed by DQ-Red-BSA incubation for 30 mins and analyzed by live cell confocal
11	microscopy. Scale bar = 10 μ m. (p) RT-qPCR analysis of TSC2, LAMP1, NPC1 and NPC2
12	expression in scrambled siRNA transfected or TSC2 siRNA transfected macrophages
13	underwent naringenin treatment (200 μ M, 12 hours). The data were analyzed using two-way
14	ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm
15	SEM of six independent experiments. * P <0.05. (q) Upper, Representative flow cytometry
16	results of macrophages in abdominal aortic single cells digested from CaPO ₄ treated 10-week-
17	old C57BL/6J mice with water or naringenin (50 mg/kg/day) gavage (10 mice per group) for 7
18	days. Lower, RT-qPCR analysis and quantification of TFEB and target genes (ATP6V1A, NPC2,
19	LAMP1) in aortic macrophages sorted from abdominal aortic tissues of CaPO4 treated 10-
20	week-old C57BL/6J mice with water or naringenin (50 mg/kg/day) gavage (10 mice per group)
21	for 7 days. The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's <i>t</i> -test and are presented
22	as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. *P<0.05. (r) Representative

immunofluorescence images of IgG staining in human aneurysmal abdominal aortas and non aneurysmal abdominal aortas.

3

Supplementary Fig. S3. (a) Schematic view of the generation of TFEB^{flox/flox} mice. (b) 4 5 Genotyping of the TFEB macrophage-specific knockout mice by PCR analysis. (c) Western blotting analysis of TFEB in the liver, heart, brain, aorta and macrophages from the TFEB^{flox/flox} 6 and macrophage TFEB knockout mice (4 months, male; n=5 mice per genotype). The data were 7 8 analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are 9 presented as the mean \pm SEM. **P*<0.05. (d) RT-qPCR analysis of TFEB levels in the peritoneal macrophages isolated from mice injected with AAV2-GFP (1×10^{11} genomic copies per mouse) 10 or AAV2-TFEB (1×10^{11} genomic copies per mouse) at day 7. The data were analyzed using 11 12 unpaired two-tailed Student's *t*-test and are presented as the mean \pm SEM. n=3 for each group. *P < 0.05. (e) Representative photography (left) and maximal infrarenal abdominal aortic 13 diameter quantification (right) of the macroscopic features of CaPO₄-induced aneurysms. 12-14 week-old male C57BL/6J mice injected with AAV2-GFP (1×10^{11} genomic copies per mouse) 15 or AAV2-TFEB (1×10¹¹ genomic copies per mouse) were periadventitially treated with CaPO₄ 16 17 for 7 days. n=9-10 for each group. The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's *t*-test and are presented as the mean \pm SEM. **P*<0.05. (f) Representative elastin Van Gieson 18 19 staining and elastin grade quantification of the infrarenal abdominal aortas in panel D. The data were analysis by nonparemetric Kruskal-wallis test with a dumn post hoc test. (g) 20 21 Quantification of the maximal abdominal aortic diameter of the macrophage TFEB knockout mice with CaPO₄-induced AAA before treated by water or naringenin gavage. The data were 22

analyzed using unpaired *t*-tests and are presented as the mean ± SEM. n=4-5 for each group, ns,
 no significance.

3

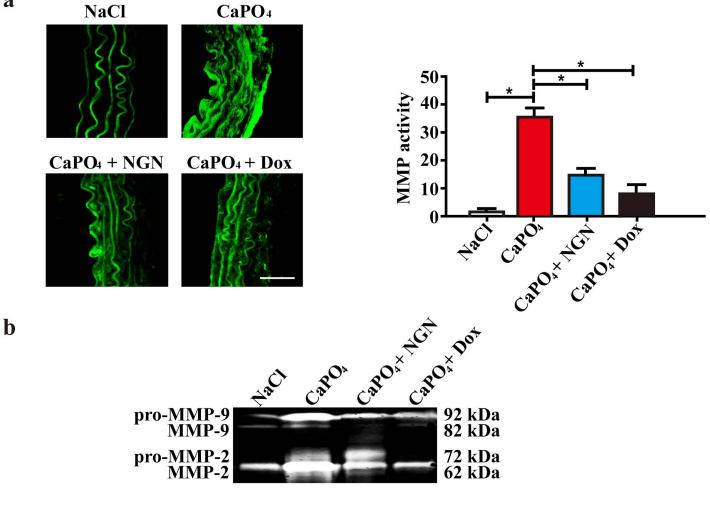
Supplementary Fig. S4. (a) Lysates of the primary peritoneal macrophages treated with vehicle 4 or naringenin (200 µM, 12 h) were immunoprecipitated with anti-FOXO4 antibody, and the 5 precipitates were analyzed by immunoblotting with anti-14-3-3 ϵ antibody. (b) Diagrammatic 6 view of the incorrectly digested peptide of 14-3-3ε (from E162 to R171) upon naringenin 7 8 incubation. Red arrows indicate the cleavage sites of trypsin. The blue arrow indicates the 9 missed cleavage site of proteinase K. (c) Titration of p-TFEB peptide (LVGVTSSpSCPADLTQ) and p-control peptide (MARSHpSYPAKKK) with 14-3-3ε. The probe concentration was 10 10 nM in 5% DMSO (v/v). Data are presented as the mean ± SEM of three independent 11 12 experiments. (d) Results of the competitive binding assay for naringenin of p-control peptide (MARSHpSYPAKKK) and 14-3-3ε. The peptide concentration was 5 nM, and the 13 14 concentration of 14-3-3 ϵ was 10 nM. Data are presented as the mean \pm SEM of three 15 independent experiments. (e) Nuclear-cytoplasmic separation followed by Western blot analysis of scrambled siRNA- or 14-3-3 epsilon siRNA (50 nM, 48 hours)-transfected primary 16 17 peritoneal macrophages. The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean ± SEM of six 18 19 independent experiments. *P < 0.05. (f) Primary peritoneal macrophages were transfected with scrambled siRNA (50 nM) or 14-3-3 epsilon siRNA (50 nM) for 48 hours then followed by 20 21 Lysotracker Red staining for 30 mins and analyzed by flow cytometry. The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of four 22

independent experiments. **P*<0.05. The cells treated same with (f) were incubated with
 Lysotracker Green (g) or DQ-Red BSA (h) for 30 mins and then analyzed by live cell confocal
 microscopy. Scale bar = 10 μm.

4

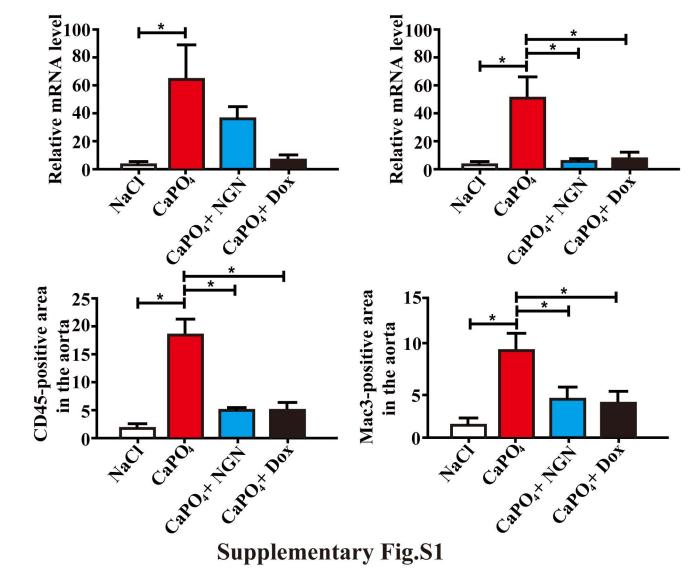
5 Supplementary Fig. S5. (a) Representative image (upper) and quantification (lower) of the 6 number of myeloid cells (Ly6C+/CD45+ in bone marrow) by using flow cytometric assays. 7 The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's *t*-test and are presented as the mean 8 \pm SEM. N=3-5 for each group. (b) Representative image (upper) and quantification (lower) of the number of monocytes (Ly6C^{high} in CD45+CD11b+Ly6G- blood cells) by using flow 9 cytometric assays. The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's *t*-test and are 10 presented as the mean \pm SEM. n=3-5 for each group. (c) RT-qPCR validation of IL-1 β , TNF- α , 11 iNOS and MCP1 in the wild-type (WT, TFEB^{flox/flox} macrophages infected with Ad-GFP), TFEB 12 knockout (TFEB KO, TFEB^{flox/flox} macrophages infected with Ad-Cre) and TFEB-13 overexpressing (TFEB OE, TFEB^{flox/flox} macrophages infected with Ad-TFEB) macrophages 14 15 treated with vehicle or LPS (10 ng/ml, 12 h). The data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA 16 followed by Bonferroni test for post hoc comparison and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of 17 six independent experiments. *P<0.05. (d) RT-qPCR validation of IRF9, KLF6, IRF5, RBP-J 18 and STAT1 in the wild-type (WT) and TFEB knockout (TFEB KO) macrophages. The data 19 were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test and are presented as the mean \pm SEM of six independent experiments. *P<0.05. (e) RT-qPCR validation of KLF4, KLF2, EGR2, 20 21 CMAF and STAT3 in the wild-type (WT) and TFEB knockout (TFEB KO) macrophages. The 22 data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test and are presented as the mean \pm

- 1 SEM of six independent experiments. **P*<0.05. (f) RT-qPCR validation of KLF4, KLF2, EGR2,
- 2 CMAF and STAT3 in the wild-type (WT) and TFEB-overexpressing (TFEB OE) macrophages.
- 3 The data were analyzed using unpaired two-tailed Student's *t*-test and are presented as the mean
- 4 \pm SEM of six independent experiments. **P*<0.05.



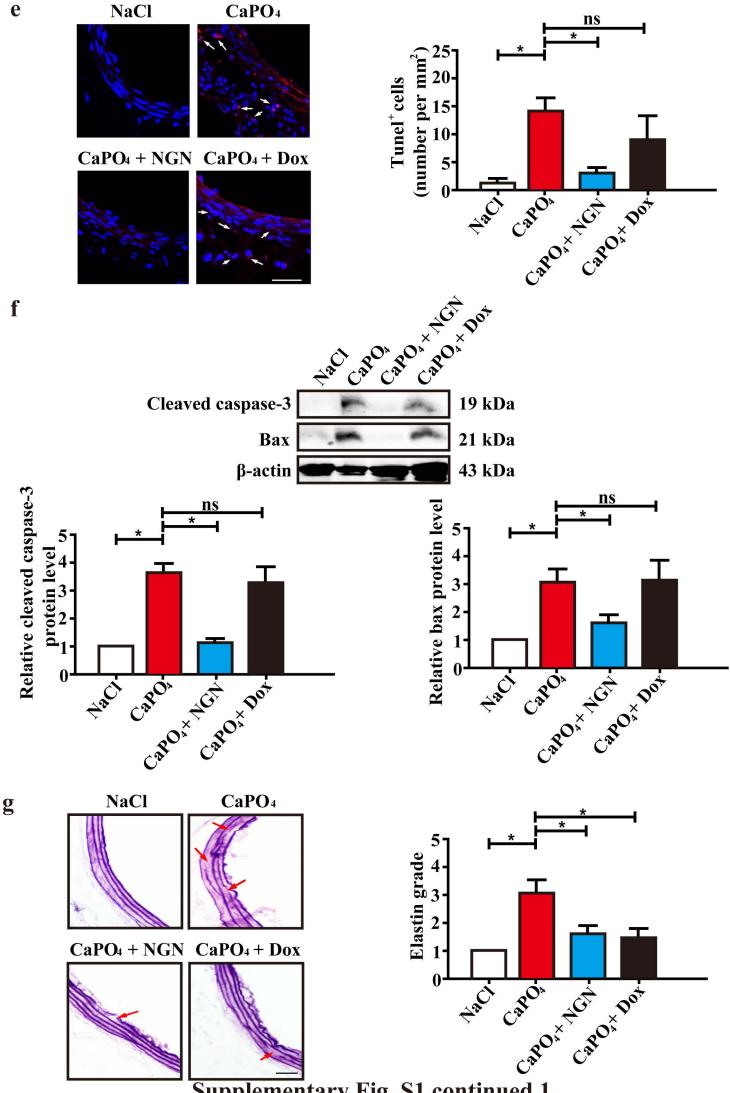
MMP-2

MMP-9



C

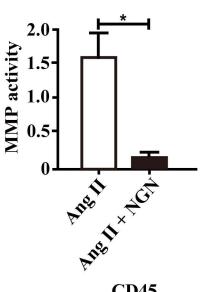
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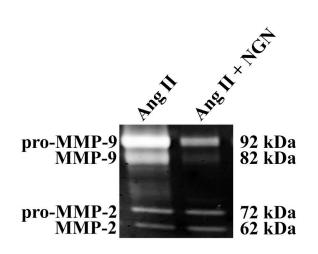


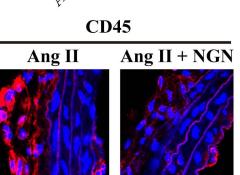
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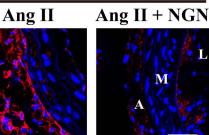
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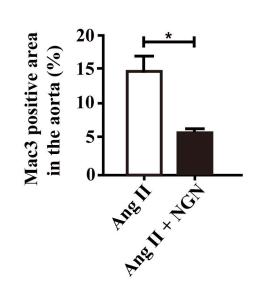
Anell * NGT

CD45 positive area

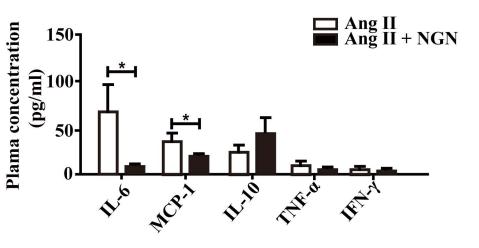
in the aorta (%)



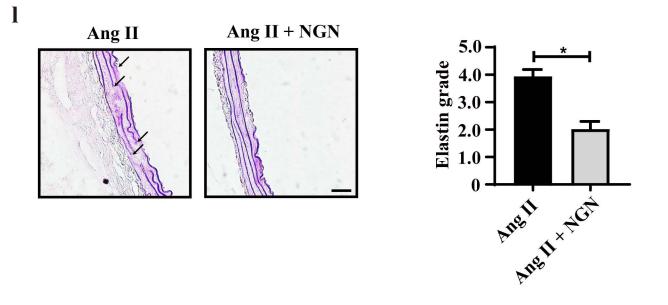




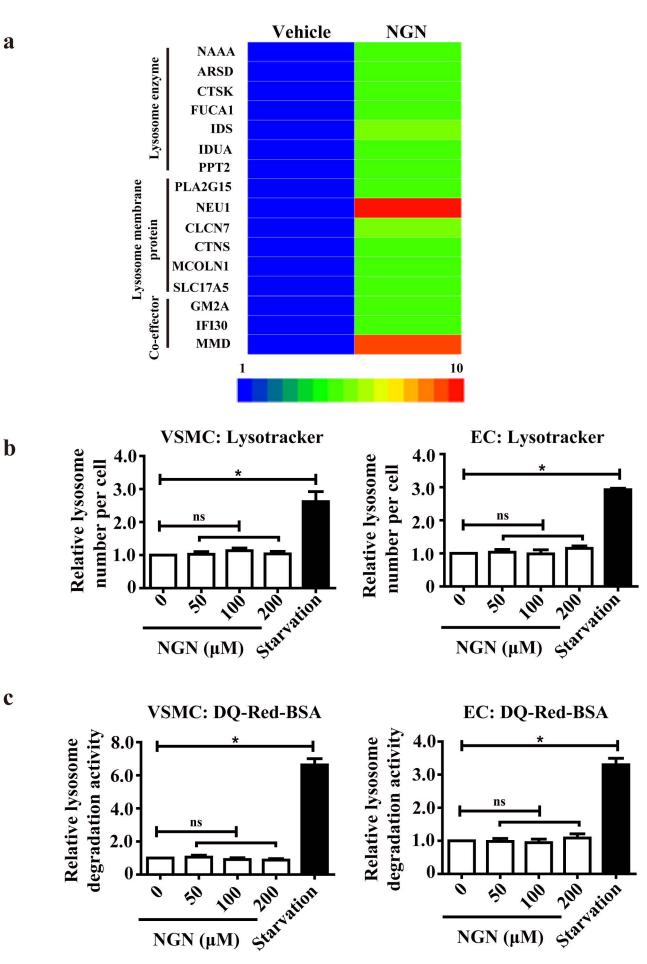




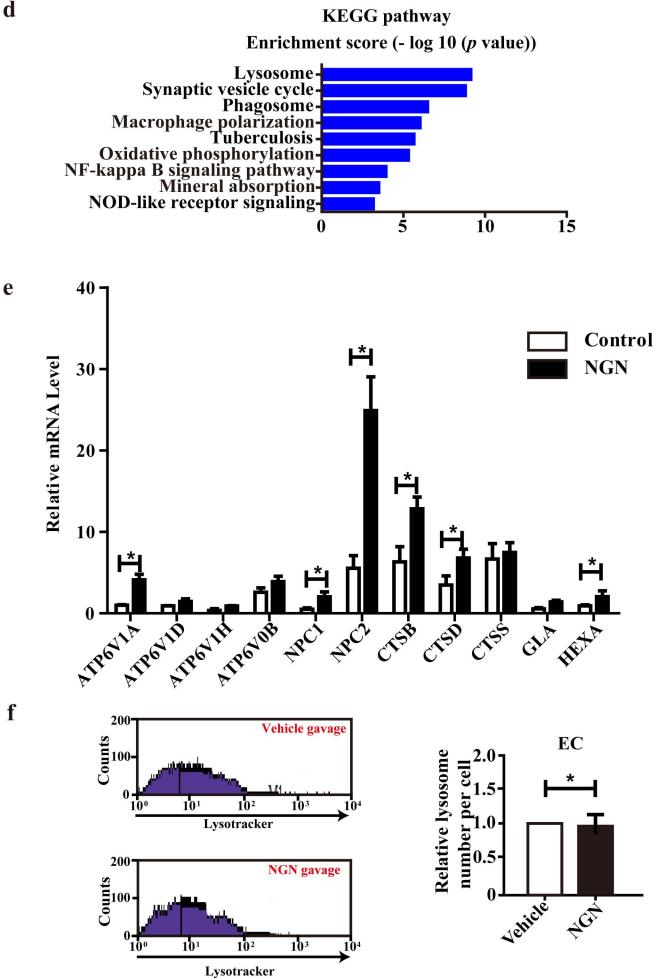
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Supplementary Fig. S1 continued 3

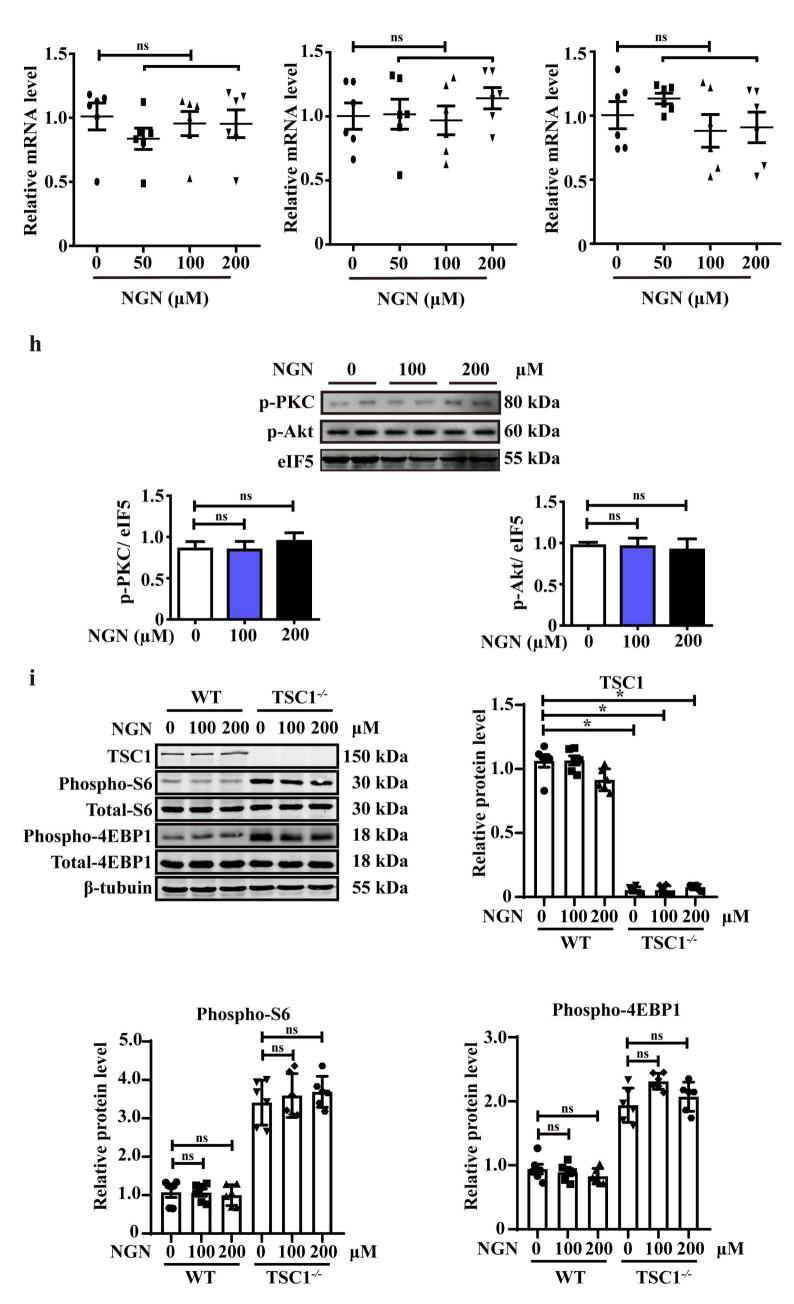


Supplementary Fig. S2

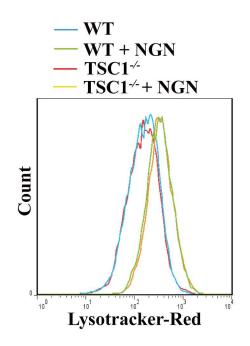


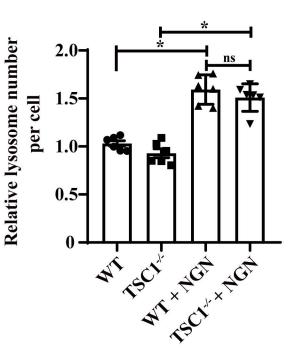
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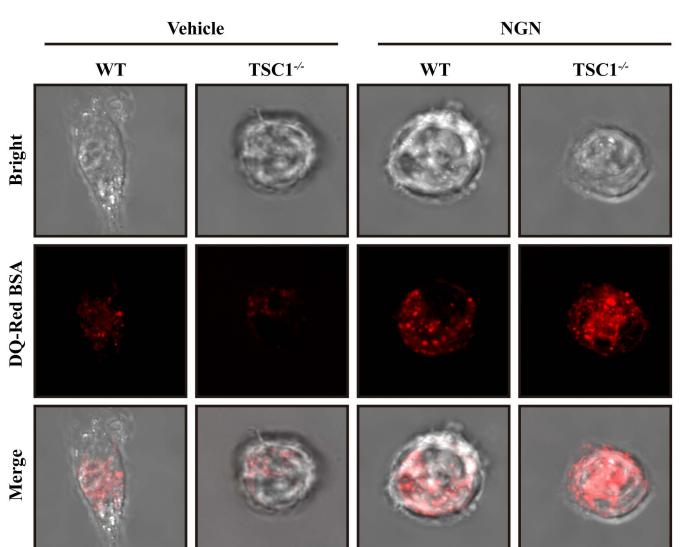
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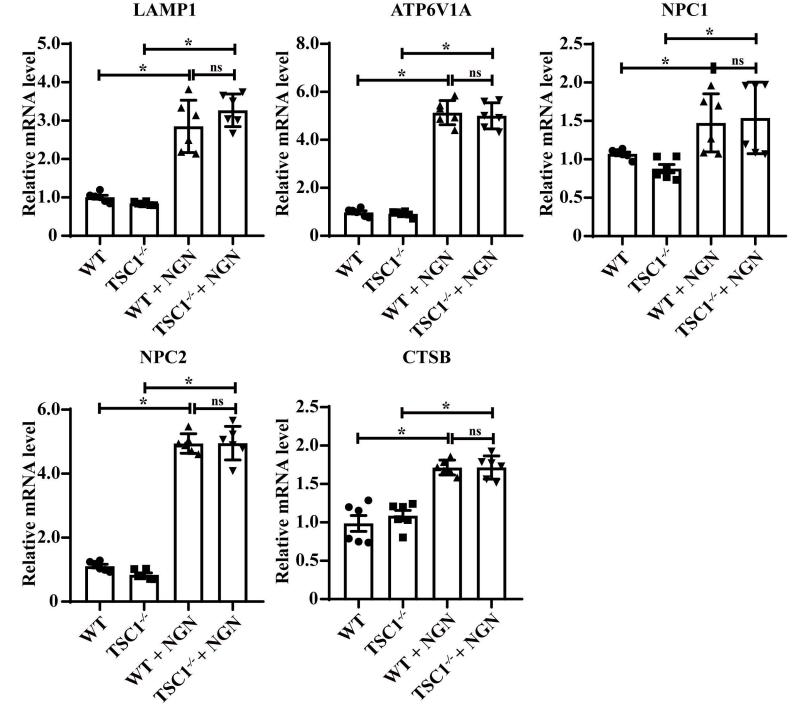


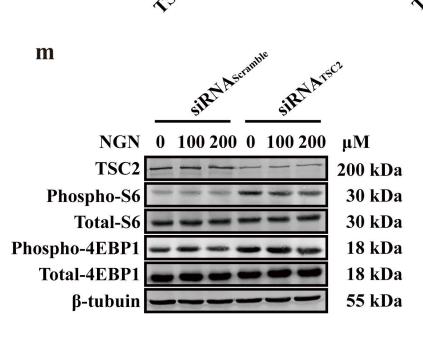
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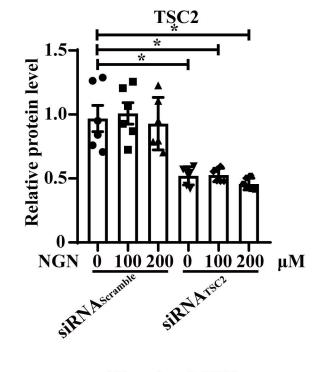
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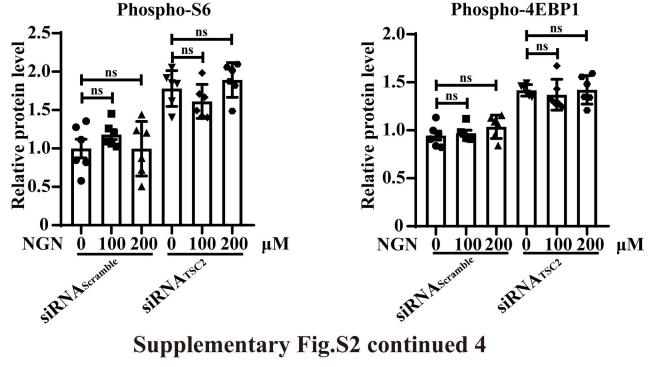


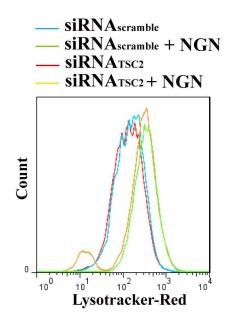
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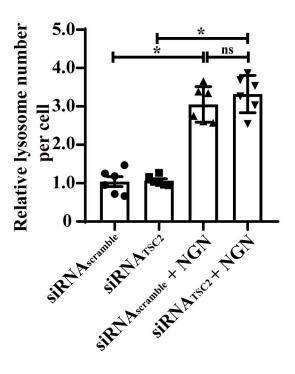






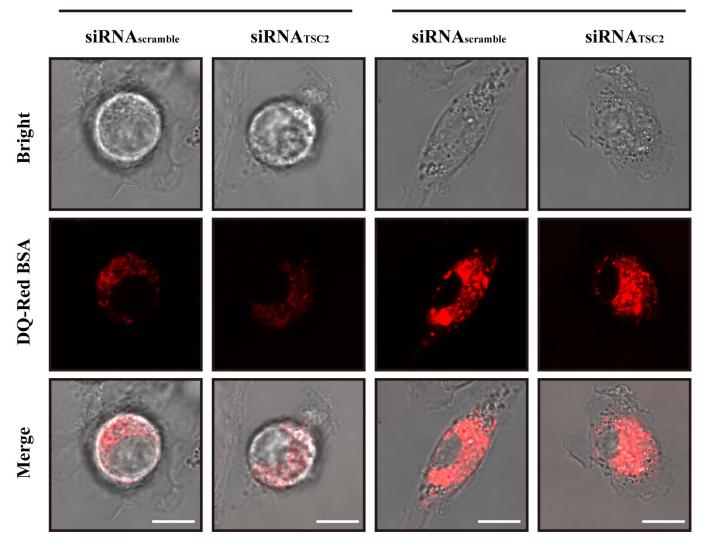






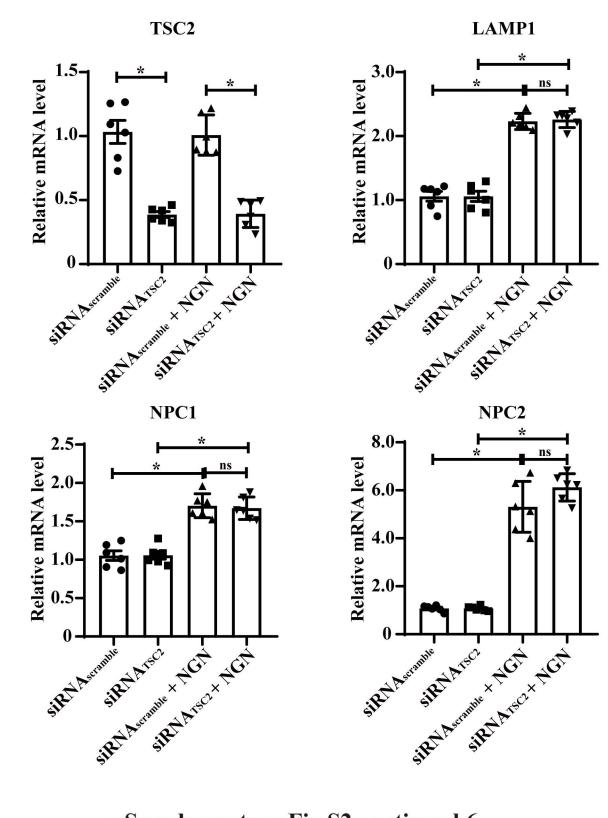




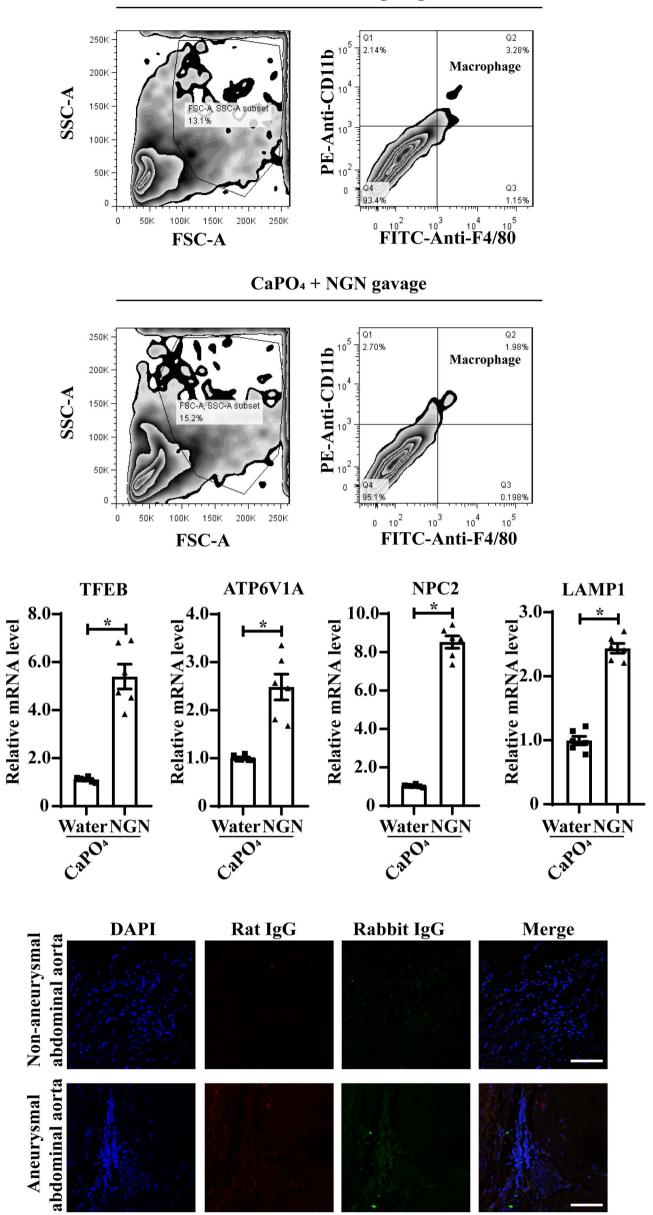


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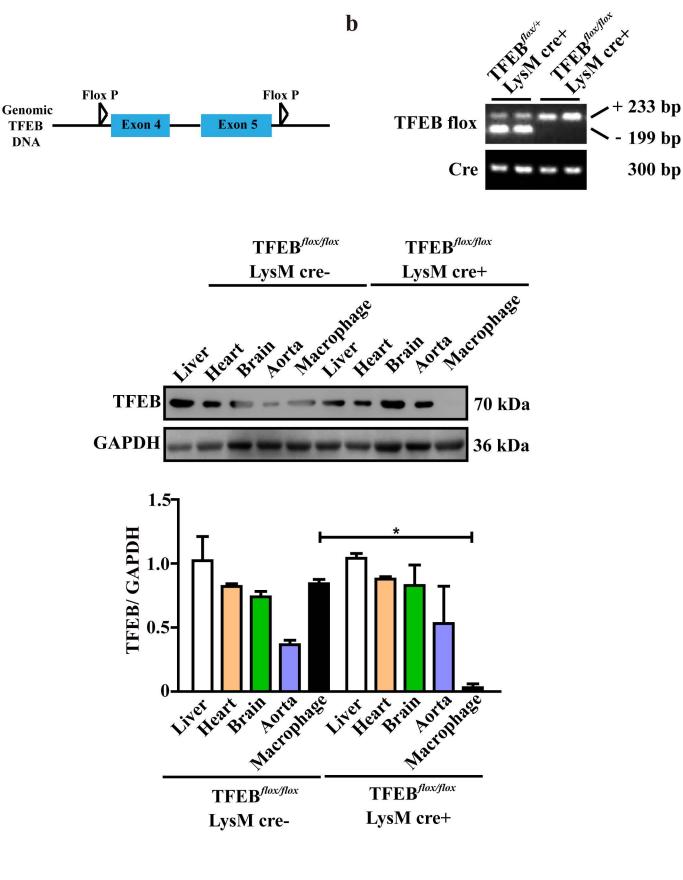


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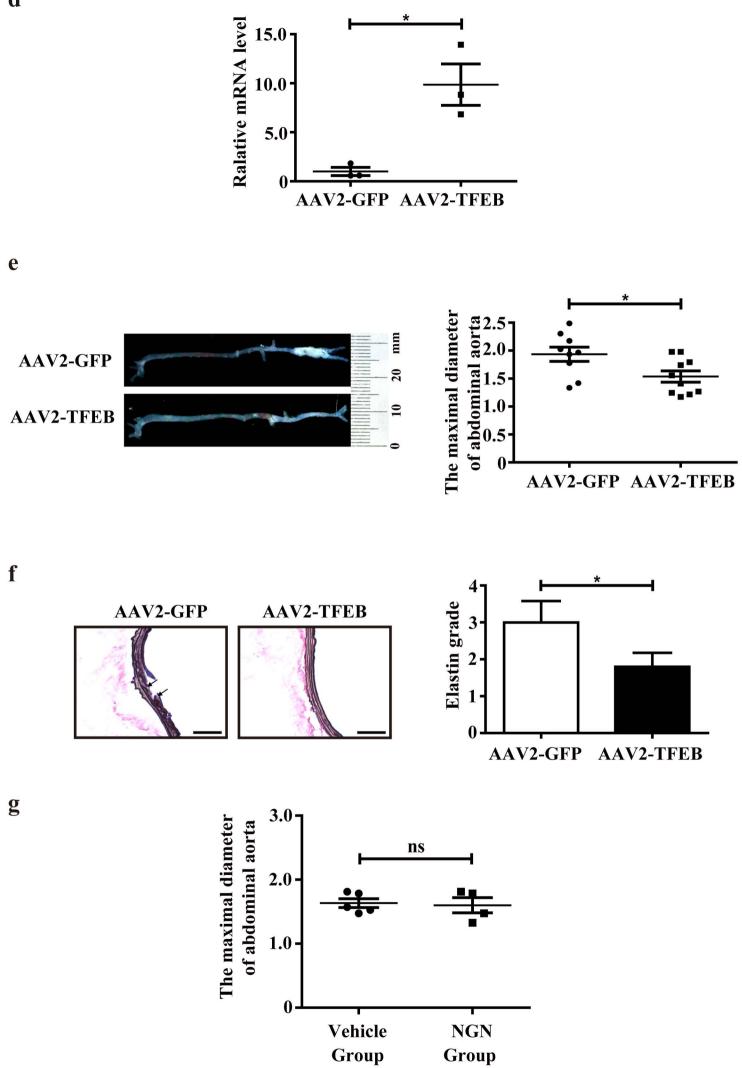
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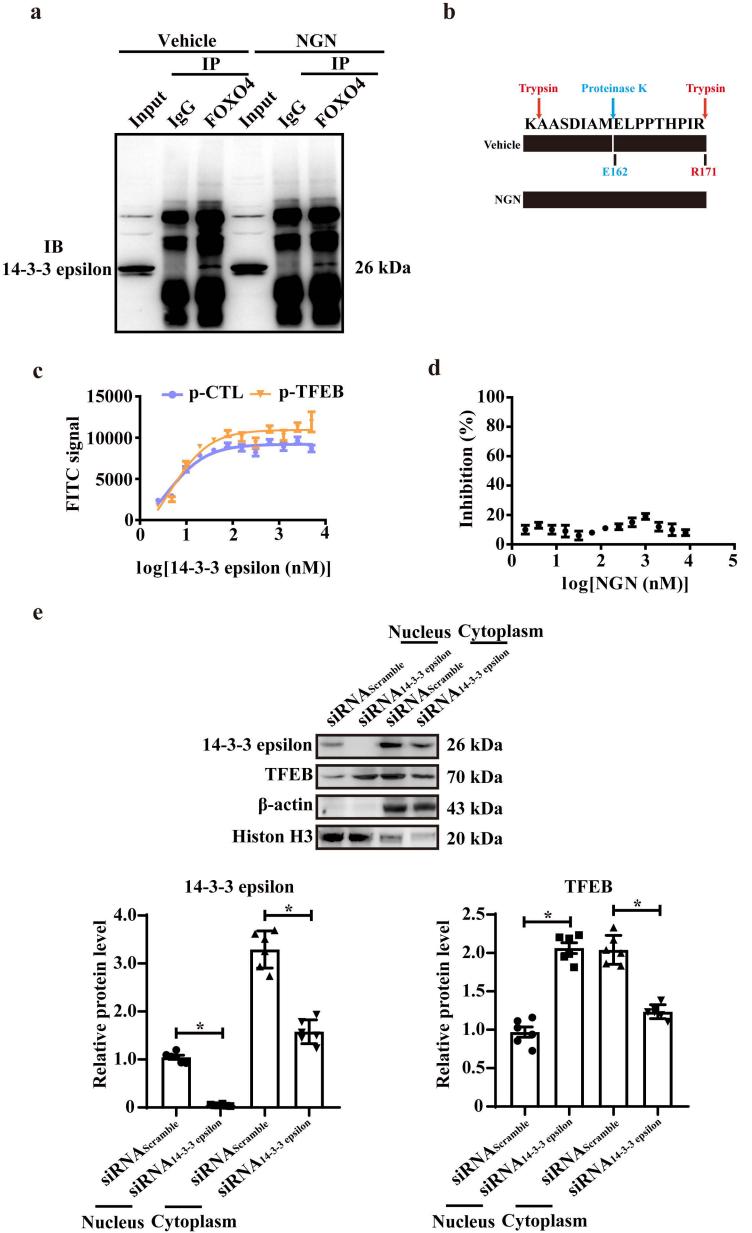
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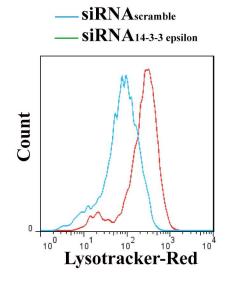


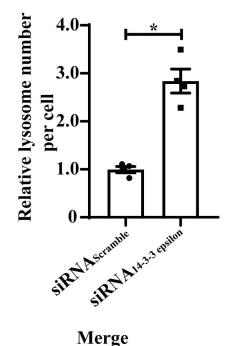
Supplementary Fig.S3 continued

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Supplementary Fig.S4





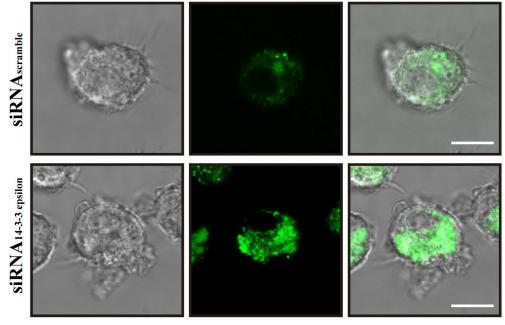
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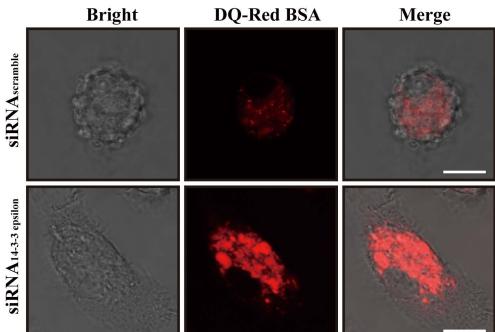
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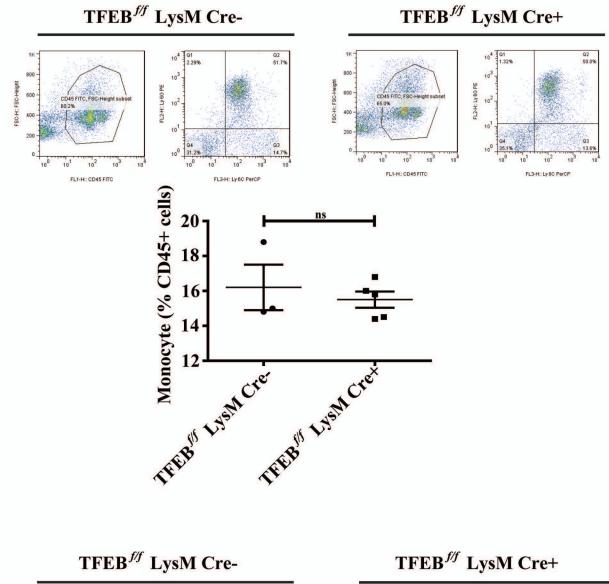


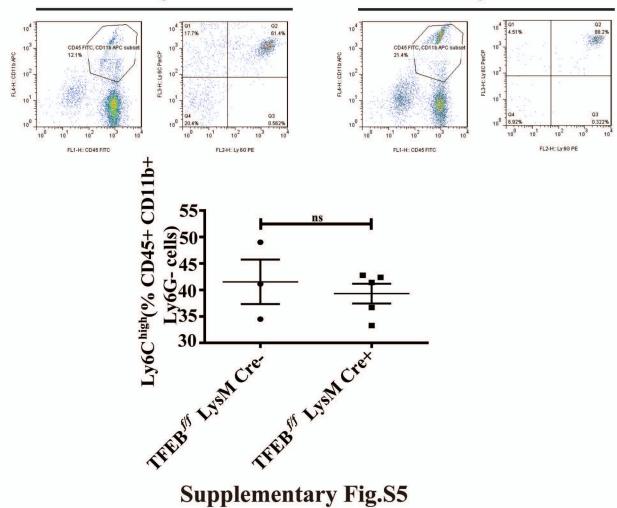
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DQ-Red BSA



Supplementary Fig.S4 continued

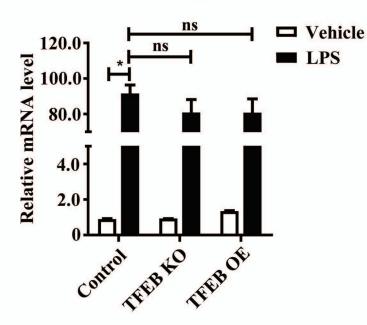


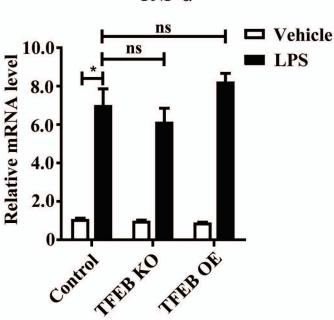


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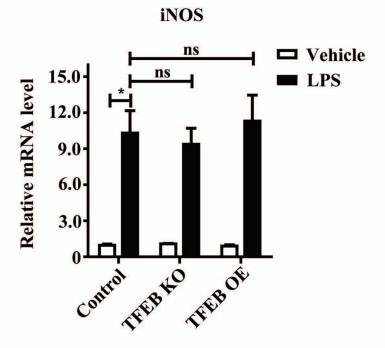


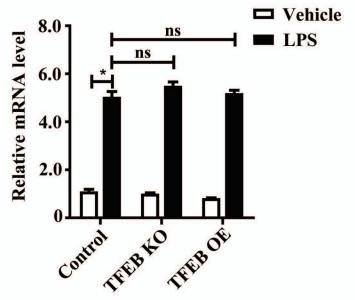




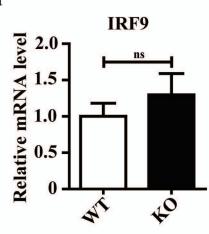


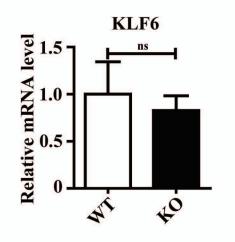


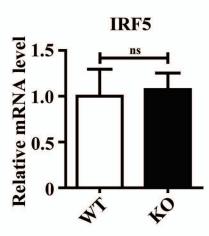


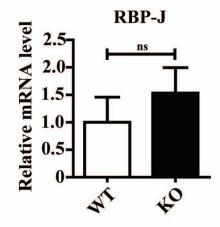


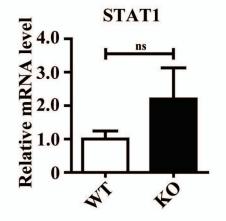
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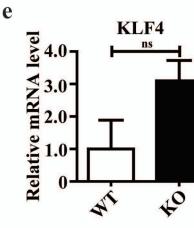


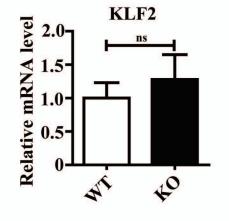




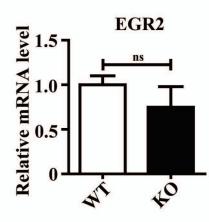


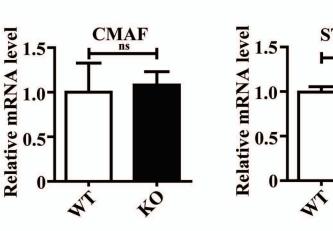






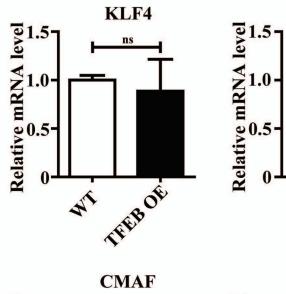
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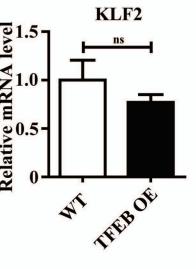


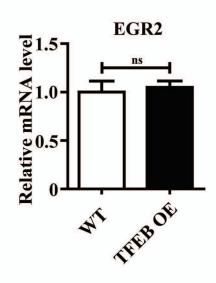


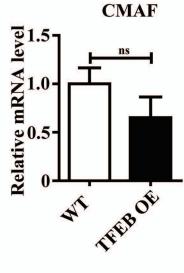
Supplementary Fig.S5 continued 2

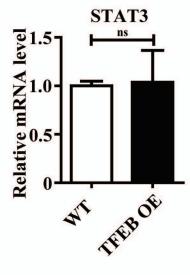












Drug	correlation coefficient	P -value	
iopamidol	0.323148	0	
sulfamonomethoxine	0.2944964	0	
DL-PPMP	0.2875107	0	
ketotifen	0.2575437	0	
podophyllotoxin	0.246211	5.96E-305	
methyldopate	0.2448588	1.57E-301	
streptomycin	0.2422756	4.72E-295	
calcium folinate	0.2413125	1.17E-292	
naringenin	0.2363441	1.80E-280	
zuclopenthixol	0.2361292	5.96E-280	
tolnaftate	0.2329646	2.41E-272	
methoxamine	0.2322435	1.26E-270	
sulfadimethoxine	0.2304645	2.04E-266	
dapsone	0.2299272	3.76E-265	
ambroxol	0.2289667	6.73E-263	
lisuride	0.2288862	1.04E-262	
SB-203580	0.2287643	2.00E-262	
fluticasone	0.2278678	2.47E-260	
Prestwick-691	0.2248227	2.68E-253	
xamoterol	0.2242593	5.22E-252	
bumetanide	0.2240391	1.67E-251	
levopropoxyphene	0.2228707	7.64E-249	
benzathine benzylpenicillin	0.2224484	6.93E-248	
betulinic acid	0.2207098	5.82E-244	
bacampicillin	0.2197709	7.40E-242	
pyrithyldione	0.2194513	3.83E-241	
alprostadil	0.2189723	4.49E-240	
adiphenine	0.2188048	1.06E-239	
nadolol	0.2182309	2.00E-238	
3-acetamidocoumarin	0.2155338	1.76E-232	
yohimbic acid	0.2101305	8.18E-221	
canadine	0.2093337	4.03E-219	
decamethonium bromide	0.2091902	8.13E-219	
myricetin	0.2087803	5.99E-218	
terazosin	0.2079325	3.68E-216	
naproxen	0.2063948	6.17E-213	
genistein	0.2045541	4.12E-209	
benzocaine	0.2026339	3.68E-205	
zalcitabine	0.2012554	2.38E-202	
ceforanide	0.2010863	5.25E-202	

Supplementary Table S1. List of drugs in the Connectivity Map and their correlation with doxycycline in drug-responsive expression profiles.

trimethobenzamide	0.2007786	2.21E-201
tetracycline	0.1965853	5.58E-193
folic acid	0.1964884	8.69E-193
merbromin	0.1955401	6.48E-191
ajmaline	0.1951418	3.94E-190
Gly-His-Lys	0.1948474	1.49E-189
diloxanide	0.1940869	4.59E-188
viomycin	0.1936947	2.68E-187
monensin	0.193324	1.41E-186
heptaminol	0.1924032	8.64E-185
bemegride	0.1920649	3.90E-184
iohexol	0.1917371	1.67E-183
pheniramine	0.1906388	2.16E-181
clidinium bromide	0.1901039	2.28E-180
cefaclor	0.1887332	9.28E-178
amylocaine	0.1882577	7.38E-177
khellin	0.1879266	3.11E-176
CP-863187	0.1870222	1.57E-174
Prestwick-1082	0.1868699	3.03E-174
harpagoside	0.1867995	4.11E-174
levomepromazine	0.1864793	1.64E-173
clorsulon	0.1858873	2.09E-172
tocainide	0.1856486	5.82E-172
convolamine	0.1839191	9.35E-169
timolol	0.1833588	1.01E-167
finasteride	0.1830816	3.25E-167
metronidazole	0.1826551	1.97E-166
dicloxacillin	0.18253	3.33E-166
diphenhydramine	0.1820917	2.11E-165
baclofen	0.1817398	9.22E-165
12,13-EODE	0.1814188	3.54E-164
streptozocin	0.1804488	2.03E-162
dihydroergocristine	0.179759	3.56E-161
PHA-00745360	0.178741	2.39E-159
lasalocid	0.1762641	5.98E-155
arcaine	0.1762302	6.86E-155
gentamicin	0.1759707	1.96E-154
5186324	0.1759531	2.11E-154
stachydrine	0.1752102	4.25E-153
gabexate	0.1740994	3.69E-151
meteneprost	0.1735381	3.49E-150
amantadine	0.1733328	7.91E-150
dimenhydrinate	0.1732476	1.11E-149

felbinac	0.1729467	3.68E-149
neostigmine bromide	0.1722928	4.94E-148
lansoprazole	0.1719626	1.82E-147
thioperamide	0.1714351	1.46E-146
maprotiline	0.1713642	1.93E-146
Prestwick-692	0.171231	3.27E-146
guanadrel	0.1711371	4.73E-146
Prestwick-642	0.1706378	3.36E-145
levobunolol	0.1704225	7.82E-145
pentoxifylline	0.1700828	2.95E-144
pivmecillinam	0.1695888	2.03E-143
naftidrofuryl	0.1685557	1.12E-141
metoprolol	0.1675024	6.53E-140
fludrocortisone	0.1674554	7.83E-140
isoflupredone	0.1667989	9.72E-139
biperiden	0.164233	1.66E-134
tyrphostin AG-1478	0.1603463	3.15E-128
cloxacillin	0.1596394	4.21E-127
furazolidone	0.1595606	5.61E-127
BW-B70C	0.1593004	1.45E-126
captopril	0.1589866	4.55E-126
diazoxide	0.1588517	7.44E-126
myosmine	0.1579789	1.76E-124
diphenylpyraline	0.1574091	1.38E-123
Prestwick-983	0.1571796	3.15E-123
brinzolamide	0.1571332	3.72E-123
homatropine	0.1569938	6.14E-123
co-dergocrine mesilate	0.156284	7.82E-122
acebutolol	0.1562032	1.04E-121
melatonin	0.1553946	1.86E-120
cefamandole	0.154203	1.27E-118
thiamphenicol	0.1533077	2.95E-117
tranexamic acid	0.1529879	9.03E-117
quinpirole	0.1528572	1.42E-116
butamben	0.1516902	8.27E-115
topiramate	0.1514835	1.69E-114
sulmazole	0.1507069	2.47E-113
lidocaine	0.1505691	3.97E-113
ethionamide	0.1501076	1.94E-112
pilocarpine	0.1498635	4.46E-112
nizatidine	0.1496271	1.00E-111
iopromide	0.1490071	8.30E-111
carteolol	0.1487656	1.89E-110

meclofenamic acid	0.1485376	4.09E-110
vigabatrin	0.1475688	1.08E-108
cefoxitin	0.1471559	4.33E-108
isoniazid	0.1465427	3.38E-107
tiaprofenic acid	0.1459064	2.82E-106
indoprofen	0.1449092	7.71E-105
lovastatin	0.1441049	1.09E-103
fursultiamine	0.1427542	9.04E-102
cinchonine	0.142438	2.53E-101
atractyloside	0.1423924	2.93E-101
arecoline	0.1423631	3.22E-101
etynodiol	0.1416024	3.78E-100
metampicillin	0.1404852	1.37E-98
chlortalidone	0.1400423	5.63E-98
nimodipine	0.1399829	6.81E-98
5186223	0.1398496	1.04E-97
minoxidil	0.1391999	8.21E-97
vincamine	0.138998	1.56E-96
ursolic acid	0.1383961	1.04E-95
iloprost	0.1377991	6.80E-95
benzbromarone	0.1369824	8.75E-94
bambuterol	0.1368461	1.34E-93
iopanoic acid	0.1357463	4.05E-92
carbimazole	0.1356898	4.82E-92
chenodeoxycholic acid	0.1348766	5.89E-91
clemastine	0.1346165	1.31E-90
hydrochlorothiazide	0.134598	1.38E-90
etiocholanolone	0.1338822	1.23E-89
5149715	0.1338565	1.33E-89
chloropyrazine	0.1338172	1.50E-89
clofazimine	0.1333376	6.44E-89
quipazine	0.1327695	3.59E-88
iodixanol	0.1326528	5.11E-88
minocycline	0.1325871	6.23E-88
tolazamide	0.1323408	1.31E-87
acetohexamide	0.1303514	4.97E-85
metolazone	0.130234	7.03E-85
bretylium tosilate	0.1299527	1.62E-84
dinoprost	0.1266034	2.80E-80
demecarium bromide	0.1254907	6.75E-79
CP-320650-01	0.1253507	1.01E-78
estradiol	0.1252353	1.40E-78
sodium phenylbutyrate	0.1251596	1.73E-78

isometheptene	0.1249611	3.04E-78
Prestwick-967	0.1239228	5.71E-77
spiradoline	0.1239096	5.93E-77
cimetidine	0.1228958	1.01E-75
cinchonidine	0.1228881	1.04E-75
PNU-0293363	0.1227709	1.44E-75
PF-00539745-00	0.1222466	6.16E-75
vinblastine	0.12194	1.44E-74
estropipate	0.120667	4.78E-73
cromoglicic acid	0.1204181	9.44E-73
cefotiam	0.1197374	6.03E-72
azacyclonol	0.1195646	9.63E-72
ribavirin	0.1194659	1.26E-71
mimosine	0.1185861	1.35E-70
moroxydine	0.1182192	3.62E-70
Prestwick-1103	0.117835	1.01E-69
etilefrine	0.1158144	2.13E-67
ikarugamycin	0.1156785	3.04E-67
josamycin	0.1150487	1.58E-66
fendiline	0.1143404	9.93E-66
2-aminobenzenesulfonamide	0.112282	1.96E-63

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Group	NaCl	CaPO ₄	$CaPO_4 + NGN$	$CaPO_4 + Dox$
Ν	11	12	11	11
Weight (g)	21.1 ± 1.92	20.3 ± 1.98	20.1 ± 1.41	21.0±1.89
TC (mM)	3.09 ± 0.37	3.73±0.93	3.53 ± 0.45	3.49±0.64
TG (mM)	1.22 ± 0.32	1.22±0.39	0.97 ± 0.22	1.07 ± 0.32
BP (mmHG)	110.7 ± 4.90	117.9±7.53	120.5 ± 4.43	114.4 ± 4.07

Supplementary Table S2. Variables of Calcium Phosphate Treated C57BL/6J Mice After Naringenin or Doxycycline Treatment.

TC, total cholesterol; TG, triglycerides; BP, blood pressure. Data are means ± SEM.

Supplementary Table S3. Va	riables of AngII infused ApoE ⁻	^{<i>h</i>} Mice After Naringenin Treatment.

Group	AngII	AngII + NGN
Ν	12	12
Weight (g)	28.8 ± 1.42	28.9±2.03
TC (mM)	12.3 ± 1.36	8.46±2.45 *
TG (mM)	1.66 ± 0.62	0.69±0.35 *
LDL (mM)	2.08 ± 1.19	1.03±0.53 *
HDL (mM)	1.43 ± 0.14	1.46 ± 0.15
BP (mmHG)	131.0±16.2	136.6±14.27
TC, total cholestero	ol; TG, triglycerides; BP, blood pres	sure; LDL, low density lipopeotein; HDL, high

density lipoprotein.

Data are means ± SEM.

	AngII 28 day		AngII 56 day (with AAA)	
Group	Before	After	Vehicle gavage	NGN gavage
N	70	70	17	21
Weight (g)	27.8±1,11	27.5±1.78	29.4±1.56	29.7±0.67
TC (mM)	10.5 ± 1.22	11.3±3.87	12.6±1.55	9.67±1.33 *
TG (mM)	1.98 ± 0.55	2.33±0.38	2.39±0.51	1.22±0.47 *
LDL (mM)	$1.87{\pm}0.98$	1.95 ± 0.33	2.06 ± 0.58	$1.44 \pm 0.38*$
HDL (mM)	1.88 ± 0.17	1.97 ± 0.28	1.95 ± 0.1	1.84 ± 0.19
BP (mmHG)	149.6 ± 8.97	144.2 ± 10.16	150.4 ± 5.23	158.45 ± 4.24
TC, total cholesterol; lipoprotein.	TG, triglycerides; BP, bloo	d pressure; LDL, low d	ensity lipopeotein; HI	DL, high density

Supplementary Table S4. Variables of AngII infused ApoE^{-/-} Mice Followed by Naringenin Treatment.

Data are means ± SEM.

Croup	Sham		CaPO4			
Group	TFEB ^{flox/flox}	Т FEB^{Mфko}	TFEB ^{flox/flox}	TFEB ^{M¢ko}	TFEB ^{flox/flox} + NGN	TFEB ^{M¢ko} + NGN
Ν	6	6	6	6	13	14
Weight (g)	22.6±2.15	24.3 ± 2.43	24.6±2.22	25.1±1.23	24.8 ± 0.62	22.9±2.11
TC (mM)	10.6 ± 1.05	12.0 ± 1.22	10.3 ± 1.16	11.8 ± 0.96	10.3 ± 0.46	11.7±2.25
TG (mM)	1.33 ± 0.55	$1.44{\pm}0.20$	1.45 ± 0.72	$1.36{\pm}0.14$	1.55 ± 0.22	1.69 ± 0.45
BP (mmHG)	115.6±13.05	118.8 ± 8.25	122.6±10.53	114.5 ± 7.43	124.6±9.75	118.0±6.45

Supplementary Table S5. Variables of sham operated or CaPO4-induced TFEB^{*flox/flox*} Mice or TFEB^{*M* ϕ *ko* mice with vehicle or naringenin gavage.}

TC, total cholesterol; TG, triglycerides; BP, blood pressure Data are means ± SEM.

Supplementary Table S6. Variables of CaPO4-induced AAA in AAV2-GFP and AAV2-TFEB infected wild type Mice.

Group	AAV2-GFP	AAV2-TFEB
N	9	9
Weight (g)	23.1±1.48	24.5±2.43
TC (mM)	$11.4{\pm}2.06$	12.3±3.22
TG (mM)	1.66±0.32	1.45 ± 0.41
BP (mmHG)	114.2±13.54	108.3±13.3
TC total abalastaral, TC	trialycaridas: RP blood prossure	

TC, total cholesterol; TG, triglycerides; BP, blood pressure

Data are means ± SEM.

Uniprot ID	Gene name	Miss-digested peptide number
Q61207	Prosaposin	15
P97429	Annexin A4	10
P28798	Granulins	7
P48036	Annexin A5	7
Q62192	CD180 antigen	7
O09131	Glutathione S-transferase omega-1	5
Q62426	Cystatin-B	4
P14211	Calreticulin	3
P62259	14-3-3 protein epsilon	1
P11438	LAMP1	1

Supplementary Table S7. The Top 10 Putative NGN-binding Proteins in Macrophage.

Supplementary Table S8. Primers used for RT-qPCR.

Primer Name	Forward (5'-3')	Reverse (5'-3')
Tcfeb	AGATGCAGATGCCTAACACG	CATTCCCAGCTCCTTGATCC
TFE3	AGTGGCTACCCCAGCTATCA	CGCCTGCGTCGTTCAATTAG
MiTF	CCCTCTCACCTGTTGGAGTC	TCCGTTTCTTCTGCGCTCAT
ATP6V1A	CCACGTAACAGAGGAAGCGT	AAGGGCATCGAGGACTCTCT
ATP6V1D	CGCAAGTGAAGATTCGAGCG	GGCATTTACACGCCTGTTGG
MMP-2	CAAGTTCCCCGGCGATGTC	TTCTGGTCAAGGTCACCTGTC
MMP-9	CTGGACAGCCAGACACTAAA	CTCGCGGCAAGTCTTCAGAG
18 S	ATTGGAGCTGGAATTACCGC	CGGCTACCACATCCAAGGAA
MMP-3	ACATGGAGACTTTGTCCCTTT	TTGGCTGAGTGGTAGAGTCCC
MMP-12	CTGCTCCCATGAATGACAGTG	AGTTGCTTCTAGCCCAAAGAAC
IRF5	GGGGACAACACCATCTTCAA	CGTTGGAGCAGACCTCGTAGA
IRF3	ACGGCAGGACGACACGAT	TCAGCAGCTAACCGCAACAC
STAT1	TGCCTATGATGTCTCGTTTGC	ATCTGTACGGGATCTTCTTGGA
RBP-J	ACTCGAGGCGTCTGCTTAAC	AGCACTGTTTGATCCCCTCG
KLF6	GGACCAAATTCATTCTAGCTC	AGGCGTCGCCATTACCCTTG
IRF9	TGCTTCCTCCAGAGCCAGAC	CACAAGGCGGCAATCCAG
STAT6	GCTGGACAGACCTACAGACC	GGCGTTGTGGAAAGTCAACATA
STAT3	GTACAAAGGCACTCCATCAG	CCCCATATCGTCTGAAACTCC
KLF4	CTGAACAGCAGGGACTGTCA	GTGTGGGTGGCTGTTCTTTT
KLF2	CGCCTCGGGTTCATTTC	AGCCTATCTTGCCGTCCTTT
ERG2	CGGATCACAGGCAGGAGAGA	GAGGTGGAAGTGGTGGATGG
CMAF	GCCACCTTGTTAAATGCTCCG	GGCAATCCATGAGCCAGACA
GATA3	AGCTGTCTGCGAACACTGAG	GCTCAGAGACGGTTGCTCTT
IRF4	AGGTGACTCTGTGCTTTGGTG	GGGAGCGGTGGTAATCTGG
TSC2	CGGGTGAAGAGAGCCGTATC	TTTCCCCTTCGTGATGGAGC
LAMP1	GATGCCCTAGTGCCCACATT	TGGACCTGCACACTGAAGAC
NPC1	TACGAGTTTGCTCCACGGTC	TCTGGAGCCTCTCTGTGTCA
NPC2	CAAGGACTGCGGCTCTAAGG	GACTGAGTGCCGCTGGTAAA
CTSB	CAGGCTGGACGCAACTTCTA	CCAAATGCCCAACAAGAGCC

Supplementary Table S9. Primers used for Chip-PCR.

Primer Name	Sequence (5'-3')
chip-stat6-ATCACGGGAC-F	CAAGGGACTCCCGGAGAC
chip-stat6-GTCATGTGTG-F	CAGAGGCTGAACAAGGGG
chip-stat6-ACCACATGGT-F	TGGAGAGATGGCTCAGATG
chip-stat6-CCCACATGGT-F	GGACTGGAGAGAGAGCTCAGTG
chip-stat6-ATCACGGGAC-R	AAAACAGCTGGGAGCCCGA
chip-stat6-GTCATGTGTG-R	CACGCATACACACACATAC
chip-stat6-ACCACATGGT-R	TGAGTACACTGTCACTGTCTT
chip-stat6-CCCACATGGT-R	GTGCTCTCAGAGGCTAGAGG
chip-IRF4-GTCACATGCT-F	TAAACGCTCAGAGAGACAAG
chip-IRF4-GTCACATGCT-R	AACTACTAACTGCTCATGGC
chip-IRF4-GGCACAAGGC-F	TTTGTCTGAAGTGGGACAGCC
chip-IRF4-GGCACAAGGC-R	TGCAGGGCGGGCGCTTCGGCCC
chip-IRF4-CCCACGAGGC-F	TAAAGTAAAACCTTCAG
chip-IRF4-CCCACGAGGC-R	ATCCCTGAGTACTCAGGTAGT
chip-IRF4-AACATGTGAA-F	GTGGCCAAAATCAGATGT
chip-IRF4-AACATGTGAA-R	TGTATCATTTTAGATTACC
chip-IRF4-GACACGTGTG-F	AAACTTCTGAAAACAGAG
chip-IRF4-GACACGTGTG-R	AGGACAGAAGCAGCCAACCC
chip-IRF4-ACCATGTGAA-F	CAACGAGCGAGCGAGTA
chip-IRF4-ACCATGTGAA-R	CCTCAGCCAATCTACATCC
chip-IRF4-CTCACATGTT-F	CTCAATATGTCGTGTG
chip-IRF4-CTCACATGTT-R	TGTCGCCATTTCTTACCA
chip-GATA3-CACACCTGAC-F	TGGAGCCTAGGCTGGTCT
chip-GATA3-CACACCTGAC-R	CCGAGACAGCAGAGCTG
chip-GATA3-AACTCCTGAC-F	TAATGGGGTCTCACA
chip-GATA3-AACTCCTGAC-R	TGTAGCCTTTGAAATGGTTT
chip-GATA3-GCCAGGTGCT-F	TCCTCAGCTGAGGTTTCCAG
chip-GATA3-GCCAGGTGCT-R	ATGAATATCCAGCCGGCTTC

Primer Name	Sequence (5'-3')
vectorF	TAGAGGGTATATAATGGAAGCTCGAATTCCAGCTCGAGATCTG CGATCTAAGT
vectorRSTAT6	ACTGAGCTCTCTCCCAGTCCTATCGATAGAGAAAT
vectorRIRF4	ACACCACACGACATATTGAGTATCGATAGAGAAAT
vectorRGATA3	CAGAACACAGGGGGCTAACTATCGATAGAGAAAT
promoter STAT6F	ATTTCTCTATCGATAGGACTGGAGAGAGAGCTCAGT
promoter STAT6R	CTTCCATTATATACCCTCTACACGCACTCGTCTCCGGG
promoter IRF4F	ATTTCTCTATCGATACTCAATATGTCGTGTGGTGT
promoter IRF4R	CTTCCATTATATACCCTCTACCTCACACTCCTCCTTCTGC
promoter GATA3F	ATTTCTCTATCGATAGTTAGCCCCTGTGTGTTCTG
promoter GATA3R	CTTCCATTATATACCCTCTAGGGAGCAGAATGTCACTCT

Supplementary Table S10. Primers used for subcloning of pGL3-GATA3/IRF4/STAT6-luc plasmids.