# **RiboReport - Supplemental Material**

Rick Gelhausen<sup>1</sup>, Teresa Müller<sup>1</sup>, Sarah L. Svensson<sup>3</sup>, Omer S. Alkhnbashi<sup>1</sup>, Cynthia M. Sharma<sup>3</sup>, Florian Eggenhofer<sup>1</sup>, Rolf Backofen<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Bioinformatics Group, Department of Computer Science University of Freiburg, Georges-Köhler-Allee, 79110 Freiburg, Germany

<sup>2</sup> Centre for Biological Signalling Studies (BIOSS), University of Freiburg, 79110 Freiburg, Germany

<sup>3</sup> Department of Molecular Infection Biology II, Institute for Molecular Infection Biology, University of Würzburg, Josef-Schneider-Str. 2 / D15, 97080 Würzburg, Germany

# **Table of Contents**

А	Intro	oduction	2
В	Valie	dation of labeling method	2
С	Supp	plementary Result Figures	3
D	Supp	plementary Result Tables	9
	D.1	Translatome	9
	D.2	Close-proximity genes	14
	D.3	Stand-alone genes	18
	D.4	Small Open Reading Frames	22
	D.5	Novel sORF detection	25
Е	Eval	uation of key results	25
	E.1	Predictive power for the <i>translatome</i> set	25
	E.2	Predictive power inside and outside of operons	25
	E.3	Prediction of novel sORFs	26
	E.4	Runtime	26
	E.5	Memory	26
	E.6	Applicability	27
	E.7	Usability	27
$\mathbf{F}$	Adaj	pter sequences used for trimming	29
	<b>F.1</b>	<i>E. coli</i>	29
	F.2	L. monocytogenes	29
	F.3	P. aeruginosa	29
	F.4	S. Typhimurium	29

# A Introduction

This document contains supplemental material for *RiboReport* - *Benchmarking* tools for ribosome profiling-based identification of open reading frames in bacteria.

# **B** Validation of labeling method

We validated our labeling approach by comparison to available published MS datasets (proteomics) for the same strains grown under similar conditions. Comparing the translated ORFs found by our labeling method to those detected in the retrieved proteomics data for each organism showed that the majority of genes labeled as translated based on Ribo-seq were also detected by MS (Supplemental Figure S1)(on average 83.81% across all four organisms), thereby validating our labeling procedure.

To further showcase the overlap of human labeling in the genome browser versus MS to generate a robust benchmark set, we selected a set of conserved and highly translated ORFs that could be compared in all four organisms: a long ribosomal protein island that is highly conserved in bacteria (genes rpmJ to secY) and also features several sORFs with less than 50 aa. The genome browser tracks show that for *E. coli*, *P. aeruginosa*, and *L. monocytogenes*, both MS and labeling detected all 22 of these ORFs and that the entire island showed strong Ribo-seq coverage (Supplemental Figures S2A - S2C). In contrast, while all 22 ORFs were labeled as translated in *S.* Typhimurium only five were detected by MS, consistent with the generally lower sensitivity of the *S.* Typhimurium MS dataset (Figure S1).

As an additional check of our labeling procedure, we also labeled a selection of tRNAs and annotated non-coding RNAs based on our de novo E. coli dataset (data not shown). None of the tRNAs examined (86) were called as translated based on comparison of Ribo-seq and RNA-seq coverage. Several wellcharacterized ncRNAs were also labeled as not translated, such as the regulatory small RNAs MicA (Supplemental Figure S3A), Spot 42, SdsR, and GlmY, as well as the housekeeping RNA components of the signal recognition particle (SRP RNA) and RNase P (RnpB) (data not shown). However, some known non-coding RNAs were labeled as translated, such as CsrC (Supplemental Figure S3B) and tmRNA (data not shown). Some of these false positives could be due to resistance to RNase digestion or association with ribosomes (tmRNA). However, some, such as the annotated non-coding RNA RyeG, were recently shown to encode translated sORFs (Supplemental Figure S3C, yodE, 48 aa) [1]. We also inspected an ORF that was detected by MS, but not labeled as translated, katE. This ORF was not labeled as translated because of low coverage (generally below 10 relative reads) (Supplemental Figure S3D). Its detection by MS suggests either the conditions for Ribo-seq and MS were slightly different, or that KatE is a relatively stable protein that is translated at an earlier growth phase from an mRNA that is not highly expressed during exponential growth. Nonetheless, while these examples (Supplemental Figure S3B and S3D) highlight some limitations of our labeling approach, overall the overlap of labels and MS, together with accurate labeling of known non-coding RNAs and sORFs, demonstrates the validity of our approach.

# C Supplementary Result Figures



Fig. S1: Comparison between ORFs labeled as translated with Riboseq data and ORFs detected with proteomics. The intersection between annotated ORFs labeled as translated based on Ribo-seq data (Labels) and those detected by mass spectrometry (MS) for the four benchmark datasets. The majority of the genes detected by MS are also present in the labeled benchmark dataset. The percent of MS ORFs that were also found by our labeling method for each organism are as follows: *E. coli*, 90%; *L. monocytogenes*, 90%; *P. aeruginosa*, 86%; *S.* Typhimurium, 68%; and on average 83.8%. The large overlap validates the manual labeling strategy we employed to create the benchmark datasets.



Fig. S2: Comparison of manual Ribo-seq labels and proteomics (MS) for conserved ribosomal protein ORFs from S. Typhimurium (A), P. aeruginosa (B), and L. monocytogenes (C). Related to Main Figure 3. The conserved region between rpmJ and secY encodes several highly expressed ORFs of diverse length. Corresponding genes between the organisms are labeled with the same colour in the annotation. Genes that are detected in the publicly available MS dataset and by manual curation of the Ribo-seq data (label) are dark grey. Detection by the indicated tools at a 70% overlap threshold based on Ribo-seq data (or RNA-seq, IRSOM) is indicated in light grey. Those that are not detected are white. Transcriptional start sites, if available, are indicated with a bent arrow (+1). Hatched arrows indicate that predictions could not be generated for the genome/dataset.



Fig. S3: Assessing the quality/accuracy of manual curation for wellcharacterized and/or validated *E. coli* genes. An example of a true negative, false positive, true positive, and false negative manual curation from the *E. coli* dataset were selected. (A) The non-coding base-pairing regulatory RNA MicA was correctly labeled as not translated based on Ribo-seq coverage and is a true-negative. (B) The non-coding RNA CsrC shows coverage in the Ribo-seq library and was false-positively labeled as translated. (C) The newly validated sORF true-positive *yodE* (48 aa) [1], encoded on the annotated RyeG sRNA, was labeled as translated based on Ribo-seq. (D) The *katE* ORF was not labeled as translated and shows low coverage in the RNA-seq and Ribo-seq libraries, but has been detected by MS under similar growth conditions. Tool predictions and MS data for annotated coding genes are also included for comparison. Detection (grey arrows) or no detection (white arrows) was determined at a 70% overlap threshold.



Fig. S4: Comparison of detection of corresponding ORFs from the translatome and small ORFs sets by the four tested tools. (A) S. Typhimurium cydABX. (B) P. aeruginosa cioABZ operon. (C) L. monocytogenes cydAB operon. (D) The validated L. monocytogenes sORF lmo1980 (45 aa). The ORFs annotated in syntenic cydAB/cioAB regions, encoding terminal oxidase complexes, were inspected for MS detection, detection based on Ribo-seq by either manual labeling or the computational tools. Corresponding genes between the organisms are labeled in the same colour in the annotation track. Genes encoding associated small protein components of the complexes (pink arrow) are annotated so far only in *P. aeruginosa* (cioZ) and have so far not been detected in the L. monocytogenes cydAB operon [2]. Detection (grey arrows) or no detection (white arrows) was determined at a 70% overlap threshold. Hatched genes indicate that predictions could not be generated for the genome/dataset. Spaces between cydA and cydB are as follows: S. Typhimurium: 15 nt, P. aeruginosa: 3 nt, and L. monocytogenes, 14 nt overlap. For all panels, detection (grey arrows) or no detection (white arrows) was determined at a 70% overlap threshold. Hatched arrows indicate that predictions could not be generated for the genome/dataset.



Fig. S5: Detection of examples of ORFs in bacteria-specific contexts in *E. coli.* set of eight lowly-transcribed polycistronic ORFs (*ydjX-ynjE*) was not labeled as translated based on Ribo-seq because of low overall coverage, but protein products from three of these ORFs were detected by MS under similar growth conditions. (B) The overlapping *btuB-murI* operon. Both ORFs were detected in the MS dataset, labeled as translated based on Ribo-seq, and were also identified by DeepRibo, REPARATION blast, ribotricer, smOR-Fer, and IRSOM. (C) The leaderless ORF *rluC*, which was detected by MS and labeled based on Ribo-seq, was also detected by the prediction tools DeepRibo, REPARATION\_blast, smORFer, ribotricer, and IRSOM, even without a Shine-Dalgarno sequence. (D) The dual function RNA SgrS acts as both a base-pairing repressor, and also encodes the small protein SgrT (43 aa [3]. SgrT was not detected by MS under these conditions but was labeled as translated based on Ribo-seq coverage and was detected by DeepRibo and REPARATION\_blast. For all panels, detection (grey arrows) or no detection (white arrows) was determined at a 70% overlap threshold.



Fig. S6: DeepRibo prediction score distribution. The predictions are split into annotated (orange) and novel (blue) ORF predictions. Novel predictions are those having a score of '-1' for the 'dist' parameter, as described in the DeepRibo documentation. For E. coli the prediction score of the last predicted annotated ORF is -12.14 and the number of novel predictions after this ORF is 42,879. For L. monocytogenes the prediction score of the last predicted annotated ORF is -11.13 and the number of novel predictions after this ORF is 45,282. For P. aeruginosa the prediction score of the last predicted annotated ORF is -12.01 and the number of novel predictions after this ORF is 37,470. For S. Typhimurium the prediction score of the last predicted annotated ORF is -14.8 and the number of novel predictions after this ORF is 36,272.

#### D Supplementary Result Tables

The following supplemental result tables are also available as Google Spreadsheets for exporting and further analysis.

#### **D.1** Translatome

**Table S1:** Statistical evaluation of tool performance for *translatome* ORFs for the *E. coli* benchmark dataset using overlap thresholds of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. The overlap threshold is the percent of the ORF length that must overlap with the prediction. The overlap threshold needs to be fulfilled both for prediction with labeled ORF and vice versa. The true positives (TP), true negatives (TN), false positives (FP), and false negatives (FN) are based on the numbers of ORFs or predictions given the current overlap threshold. The sensitivity or TP rate (TPR), specificity or TN rate (TNR), FN rate (FNR), precision or positive predictive value (PPV), false discovery rate (FDR), F1 measure, and the accuracy are calculated based on the given TP, TN, FP, and FN values. Since more than one prediction meeting the specified overlap threshold can overlap with one ORF, the number of additional overlapping predictions are reported in the suboptimal TP (sTP) and suboptimal FP (sFP) columns. The number of prediction which do not overlap, given the overlap cutoff, with any annotated gene are displayed int the column no gene found (no\_gene)

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR F1 accuracy sTP sFP no\_gene tool

<i>E. c</i>	oli an	nd u	sing o	verlap	of <b>0</b> .	01							
2704	644	841	59	0.98	0.43	0.02	0.76	$0.24\ 0.86$	0.79	58	8	149	REPARATION_blast
1751	1216	269	1012	0.63	0.82	0.37	0.87	$0.13\ 0.73$	0.70	2571	157	81	Ribo-TISH
2670	1205	280	93	0.97	0.81	0.03	0.91	$0.09 \ 0.93$	0.91	16315	342	2452	DeepRibo
1470	755	730	1293	0.53	0.51	0.47	0.67	$0.33 \ 0.59$	0.52	55	33	191	IRSOM
1095	800	685	1668	0.40	0.54	0.60	0.62	$0.38\ 0.48$	0.45	2	2	0	SPECtre
2036	1394	91	727	0.74	0.94	0.26	0.96	$0.04\ 0.83$	0.81	5263	28	657	PRICE
2544	507	978	219	0.92	0.34	0.08	0.72	$0.28\ 0.81$	0.72	24	8	414	ribotricer
2366	568	917	397	0.86	0.38	0.14	0.72	$0.28\ 0.78$	0.69	2689	395	1403	smORFer
<i>E. c</i>	oli an	nd u	sing o	verlap	of <b>0</b> .	7							
2693	709	776	70	0.97	0.48	0.03	0.78	$0.22\ 0.86$	0.80	1	0	272	$REPARATION_blast$
84	1416	69	2679	0.03	0.95	0.97	0.55	$0.45\ 0.06$	0.35	59	26	4589	Ribo-TISH
2305	1437	48	458	0.83	0.97	0.17	0.98	$0.02\ 0.90$	0.88	17	1	19664	DeepRibo
1425	782	703	1338	0.52	0.53	0.48	0.67	$0.33\ 0.58$	0.52	6	7	320	IRSOM
1094	802	683	1669	0.40	0.54	0.60	0.62	$0.38\ 0.48$	0.45	0	0	0	SPECtre
326	1451	34	2437	0.12	0.98	0.88	0.91	$0.09\ 0.21$	0.42	1	0	7711	PRICE
2542	510	975	221	0.92	0.34	0.08	0.72	$0.28\ 0.81$	0.72	3	1	432	ribotricer
1138	1080	405	1625	0.41	0.73	0.59	0.74	$0.26\ 0.53$	0.52	3	2	6210	smORFer
E. c	oli an	nd u	sing o	verlap	of <b>0</b> .	9							
2650	773	712	113	0.96	0.52	0.04	0.79	$0.21 \ 0.87$	0.81	0	0	380	$REPARATION_blast$
51	1444	41	2712	0.02	0.97	0.98	0.55	$0.45\ 0.04$	0.35	9	4	4722	Ribo-TISH
2246	1440	45	517	0.81	0.97	0.19	0.98	$0.02\ 0.89$	0.87	3	0	19741	DeepRibo
1425	782	703	1338	0.52	0.53	0.48	0.67	$0.33\ 0.58$	0.52	2	2	329	IRSOM
1094	802	683	1669	0.40	0.54	0.60	0.62	$0.38\ 0.48$	0.45	0	0	0	SPECtre
234	1456	29	2529	0.08	0.98	0.92	0.89	$0.11\ 0.15$	0.40	0	0	7809	PRICE
2542	510	975	221	0.92	0.34	0.08	0.72	$0.28\ 0.81$	0.72	0	0	436	ribotricer
728	1265	220	2035	0.26	0.85	0.74	0.77	$0.23\ 0.39$	0.47	0	0	6810	smORFer

**Table S2:** Statistical evaluation of the *translatome* ORFs for the benchmark dataset L. *monocytogenes* using overlap thresholds of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in main Table S1.

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR F1 accuracy sTP sFP no-gene tool

L. n	iona	bcyt	ogene	$\boldsymbol{s}$ and	using	g overl	lap of	0.01						
1946	335	244	342	0.85	0.58	0.15	0.89	0.11	0.87	0.80	58	8	47	$REPARATION_blast$
1023	390	189	1265	0.45	0.67	0.55	0.84	0.16	0.58	0.49	695	110	80	Ribo-TISH
2284	56	523	4	1.00	0.10	0.00	0.81	0.19	0.90	0.82	15433	2051	4211	DeepRibo
985	290	289	1303	0.43	0.50	0.57	0.77	0.23	0.55	0.44	34	21	62	IRSOM
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPECtre
2164	227	352	124	0.95	0.39	0.05	0.86	0.14	0.90	0.83	12664	673	3007	PRICE
2288	4	575	0	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.80	0.20	0.89	0.80	41	31	238	ribotricer
L. n	iona	bcyt	ogene	$\boldsymbol{s}$ and	using	g overl	lap of	0.7						
1866	367	212	422	0.82	0.63	0.18	0.90	0.10	0.85	0.78	0	0	207	REPARATION_blast
55	556	23	2233	0.02	0.96	0.98	0.71	0.29	0.05	0.21	32	18	1967	Ribo-TISH
2194	215	364	94	0.96	0.37	0.04	0.86	0.14	0.91	0.84	4	1	21864	DeepRibo
962	298	281	1326	0.42	0.51	0.58	0.77	0.23	0.54	0.44	6	1	108	IRSOM
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPECtre
461	565	14	1827	0.20	0.98	0.80	0.97	0.03	0.33	0.36	0	0	18364	PRICE
2288	4	575	0	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.80	0.20	0.89	0.80	7	1	269	ribotricer
L. n	iond	bcyt	ogene	$\boldsymbol{s}$ and	using	g overl	lap of	0.9						
1837	374	205	451	0.80	0.65	0.20	0.90	0.10	0.85	0.77	0	0	243	$REPARATION_blast$
36	564	15	2252	0.02	0.97	0.98	0.71	0.29	0.03	0.21	7	2	2035	Ribo-TISH
2155	224	355	133	0.94	0.39	0.06	0.86	0.14	0.90	0.83	0	0	21916	DeepRibo
962	298	281	1326	0.42	0.51	0.58	0.77	0.23	0.54	0.44	3	1	111	IRSOM
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPECtre
448	570	9	1840	0.20	0.98	0.80	0.98	0.02	0.33	0.36	0	0	18382	PRICE
2288	4	575	0	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.80	0.20	0.89	0.80	2	0	273	ribotricer

**Table S3:** Statistical evaluation of the *translatome* ORFs for the benchmark dataset *P. aeruginosa* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in main Table S1.

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR F1 accuracy sTP sFP no-gene tool

P. a	erug	inosa	and	using	overla	ap of	0.01						
2452	1326	312	1483	0.62	0.81	0.38	0.89	$0.11\ 0.73$	0.68	57	6	60	$REPARATION_blast$
2776	1013	625	1159	0.71	0.62	0.29	0.82	$0.18\ 0.76$	0.68	3143	335	111	Ribo-TISH
3869	1014	624	66	0.98	0.62	0.02	0.86	$0.14\ 0.92$	0.88	12954	790	3990	DeepRibo
2514	455	1183	1421	0.64	0.28	0.36	0.68	$0.32\ 0.66$	0.53	145	117	204	IRSOM
101	1339	299	3834	0.03	0.82	0.97	0.25	$0.75\ 0.05$	0.26	0	0	0	SPECtre
3349	1263	375	586	0.85	0.77	0.15	0.90	$0.10\ 0.87$	0.83	3278	45	359	PRICE
3738	273	1365	197	0.95	0.17	0.05	0.73	$0.27\ 0.83$	0.72	22	10	474	ribotricer
P. a	erug	inosa	and	using	overla	ap of	0.7						
2271	1350	288	1664	0.58	0.82	0.42	0.89	$0.11\ 0.70$	0.65	6	0	304	REPARATION_blast
143	1562	76	3792	0.04	0.95	0.96	0.65	$0.35 \ 0.07$	0.31	79	36	6647	Ribo-TISH
3689	1378	260	246	0.94	0.84	0.06	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.94$	0.91	661	45	17408	DeepRibo
2423	504	1134	1512	0.62	0.31	0.38	0.68	$0.32\ 0.65$	0.53	11	15	479	IRSOM
101	1339	299	3834	0.03	0.82	0.97	0.25	$0.75\ 0.05$	0.26	0	0	0	SPECtre
2121	1447	191	1814	0.54	0.88	0.46	0.92	$0.08 \ 0.68$	0.64	3	0	5073	PRICE
3738	276	1362	197	0.95	0.17	0.05	0.73	$0.27\ 0.83$	0.72	3	0	480	ribotricer
P. a	erug	inosa	and	using	overla	ap of	0.9						
2097	1365	273	1838	0.53	0.83	0.47	0.88	$0.12\ 0.67$	0.62	1	0	498	$REPARATION_blast$
71	1591	47	3864	0.02	0.97	0.98	0.60	$0.40\ 0.04$	0.30	12	5	6846	Ribo-TISH
3571	1406	232	364	0.91	0.86	0.09	0.94	$0.06 \ 0.92$	0.89	127	15	18118	DeepRibo
2421	506	1132	1514	0.62	0.31	0.38	0.68	$0.32\ 0.65$	0.53	5	7	497	IRSOM
101	1339	299	3834	0.03	0.82	0.97	0.25	$0.75\ 0.05$	0.26	0	0	0	SPECtre
1543	1518	120	2392	0.39	0.93	0.61	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.55$	0.55	0	0	5725	PRICE
3738	276	1362	197	0.95	0.17	0.05	0.73	$0.27\ 0.83$	0.72	1	0	482	ribotricer

**Table S4:** Statistical evaluation of the *translatome* for the benchmark dataset S. Typhimurium and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

<i>S</i> . T	yphi	mur	rium	and u	sing o	verlap	o of <b>0</b>	.01				
3056	1076	611	228	0.93	0.64	0.07	0.83	$0.17\ 0.88$	0.83	80	29	30 REPARATION_blast
2032	1451	236	1252	0.62	0.86	0.38	0.90	$0.10\ 0.73$	0.70	2937	165	$37 \; \texttt{Ribo-TISH}$
3088	1462	225	196	0.94	0.87	0.06	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.94$	0.92	15588	109	$1307 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
1677	853	834	1607	0.51	0.51	0.49	0.67	$0.33\ 0.58$	0.51	80	57	89 IRSOM
142	1303	384	3142	0.04	0.77	0.96	0.27	$0.73\ 0.07$	0.29	3	3	0 SPECtre
2210	1644	43	1074	0.67	0.97	0.33	0.98	$0.02 \ 0.80$	0.78	3703	3	450  price
3116	715	972	168	0.95	0.42	0.05	0.76	$0.24\ 0.85$	0.77	52	57	$20 \; \texttt{ribotricer}$
<i>S.</i> T	yphi	mur	rium	and u	sing o	verlap	o of <b>0</b>	.7				
3017	1168	519	267	0.92	0.69	0.08	0.85	$0.15\ 0.88$	0.84	0	0	169 REPARATION_blast
317	1599	88	2967	0.10	0.95	0.90	0.78	$0.22\ 0.17$	0.39	258	42	4674 Ribo-TISH
2521	1657	30	763	0.77	0.98	0.23	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.86$	0.84	19	1	$17642 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
1642	897	790	1642	0.50	0.53	0.50	0.68	$0.32\ 0.57$	0.51	10	9	185 IRSOM
142	1304	383	3142	0.04	0.77	0.96	0.27	$0.73\ 0.07$	0.29	0	0	0 SPECtre
900	1676	11	2384	0.27	0.99	0.73	0.99	$0.01\ 0.43$	0.52	0	0	5473 price
3114	732	955	170	0.95	0.43	0.05	0.77	$0.23\ 0.85$	0.77	0	0	20  ribotricer
<i>S.</i> T	yphi	mur	rium	and u	sing o	verlap	o of <b>0</b>	.9				
2921	1212	475	363	0.89	0.72	0.11	0.86	$0.14\ 0.87$	0.83	0	0	$309 \text{ REPARATION_blast}$
218	1626	61	3066	0.07	0.96	0.93	0.78	$0.22\ 0.12$	0.37	43	9	$5048 \; {\tt Ribo-TISH}$
2459	1661	26	825	0.75	0.98	0.25	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.85$	0.83	1	0	$17727 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
1641	897	790	1643	0.50	0.53	0.50	0.68	$0.32 \ 0.57$	0.51	3	1	201 IRSOM
142	1304	383	3142	0.04	0.77	0.96	0.27	$0.73\ 0.07$	0.29	0	0	0 SPECtre
726	1677	10	2558	0.22	0.99	0.78	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.36$	0.48	0	0	5648 price
3114	732	955	170	0.95	0.43	0.05	0.77	$0.23\ 0.85$	0.77	0	0	$20 \; {\tt ribotricer}$

#### 14 Gelhausen, Müller et al

## D.2 Close-proximity genes

**Table S5:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located in operons for the benchmark dataset *E. coli* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in main Table S1.

TP	TN FP	$_{\rm FN}$	TPR	TNR	FNR	PPV	FDR	F1	accuracy	$\mathrm{sTP}$	$\mathrm{sFP}$	tool
<i>E. co</i>	oli and u	sing o	overlap	o of <b>0</b>	.01							
1766	451 564	28	0.98	0.44	0.02	0.76	0.24	0.86	0.79	37	7	$REPARATION_blast$
1128	$840\ 175$	666	0.63	0.83	0.37	0.87	0.13	0.73	0.70	1666	97	Ribo-TISH
1727	849 166	67	0.96	0.84	0.04	0.91	0.09	0.94	0.92	10444	164	DeepRibo
919	$514 \ 501$	875	0.51	0.51	0.49	0.65	0.35	0.57	0.51	23	16	IRSOM
683	$521 \ 494$	1111	0.38	0.51	0.62	0.58	0.42	0.46	0.43	2	3	SPECtre
1330	964 51	464	0.74	0.95	0.26	0.96	0.04	0.84	0.82	3554	15	PRICE
1664	$344\ 671$	130	0.93	0.34	0.07	0.71	0.29	0.81	0.71	17	7	ribotricer
1568	$348 \ 667$	226	0.87	0.34	0.13	0.70	0.30	0.78	0.68	1815	285	smorfer
E. cc	oli and u	sing o	overlap	o of <b>0</b>	.7							
1754	493 522	40	0.98	0.49	0.02	0.77	0.23	0.86	0.80	0	0	REPARATION_blast
54	969 46	1740	0.03	0.95	0.97	0.54	0.46	0.06	0.36	38	12	Ribo-TISH
1490	986 29	304	0.83	0.97	0.17	0.98	0.02	0.90	0.88	8	0	DeepRibo
909	$526\ 489$	885	0.51	0.52	0.49	0.65	0.35	0.57	0.51	1	4	IRSOM
681	$523\ 492$	1113	0.38	0.52	0.62	0.58	0.42	0.46	0.43	0	0	SPECtre
221	$998 \ 17$	1573	0.12	0.98	0.88	0.93	0.07	0.22	0.43	0	0	PRICE
1661	$348\ 667$	133	0.93	0.34	0.07	0.71	0.29	0.81	0.72	1	1	ribotricer
735	$723\ 292$	1059	0.41	0.71	0.59	0.72	0.28	0.52	0.52	1	2	smorfer
E. cc	oli and u	sing o	overlap	o of <b>0</b>	.9							
1724	534 481	70	0.96	0.53	0.04	0.78	0.22	0.86	0.80	0	0	REPARATION_blast
37	$990 \ 25$	1757	0.02	0.98	0.98	0.60	0.40	0.04	0.37	7	2	Ribo-TISH
1456	$988 \ 27$	338	0.81	0.97	0.19	0.98	0.02	0.89	0.87	1	0	DeepRibo
909	$526\ 489$	885	0.51	0.52	0.49	0.65	0.35	0.57	0.51	1	1	IRSOM
681	$523\ 492$	1113	0.38	0.52	0.62	0.58	0.42	0.46	0.43	0	0	SPECtre
157	1002 13	1637	0.09	0.99	0.91	0.92	0.08	0.16	0.41	0	0	PRICE
1661	348 667	133	0.93	0.34	0.07	0.71	0.29	0.81	0.72	0	0	ribotricer

**Table S6:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located in operons for the benchmarkdataset L. monocytogenes and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. A detailedcolumn description can be found in Table S1.TP TN FPFN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDRF1 accuracysTP sFP tool

L. monocytogenes  and  using  overlap  of  0.01    1391  241  191  231  0.86  0.56  0.14  0.88  0.12  0.87  0.79  45  7  REPARATION_blast    723  291  141  899  0.45  0.67  0.55  0.84  0.16  0.58  0.49  472  82  Ribo-TISH    1619  45  387  3  1.00  0.10  0.00  0.81  0.19  0.89  0.81  10842  1537  DeepRibo    670  213  219  952  0.41  0.49  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  15  15  IRSOM	ΠP	T IN	ΓГ	$\Gamma IN$	IPR	ING	гıл	PPV	Γυπ Γι	accuracy	SIP	SFP	1001
1391  241  191  231  0.86  0.56  0.14  0.88  0.12  0.87  0.79  45  7 REPARATION_blast    723  291  141  899  0.45  0.67  0.55  0.84  0.16  0.58  0.49  472  82  Ribo-TISH    1619  45  387  3  1.00  0.10  0.00  0.81  0.19  0.89  0.81  10842  1537  DeepRibo    670  213  219  952  0.41  0.49  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  15  15  IRSOM    670  213  219  952  0.41  0.06  0.86  0.14  0.90  0.83  9246  485  PRICE    1525  176  256  97  0.94  0.41  0.06  0.86  0.14  0.90  0.83  9246  485  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.11  0.85  0.78  0.78  0  0  REPARATION_blast    1554	L. m	iona	cyt	ogene	s and	using	g over	lap of	0.01				
723291141899 $0.45$ $0.67$ $0.55$ $0.84$ $0.16$ $0.58$ $0.49$ $472$ $82$ Ribo-TISH1619453873 $1.00$ $0.10$ $0.00$ $0.81$ $0.19$ $0.89$ $0.81$ $10842$ $1537$ DeepRibo670213219952 $0.41$ $0.49$ $0.59$ $0.75$ $0.25$ $0.53$ $0.43$ $15$ $15$ IRSOM $   -$	1391	241	191	231	0.86	0.56	0.14	0.88	$0.12\ 0.87$	0.79	45	7	REPARATION_blast
1619  45  387  3  1.00  0.10  0.00  0.81  0.19  0.89  0.81  10842  1537  DeepRibo    670  213  219  952  0.41  0.49  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  15  15  IRSOM    1525  176  256  97  0.94  0.41  0.06  0.86  0.14  0.90  0.83  9246  485  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  26  17  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using overlap of  0.7  0.78  0  0  REPARATION_blast    36  416  16  1586  0.02  0.96  0.98  0.69  0.31  0.04  0.22  21  12  Ribo-TISH    1554  159  273  68  0.96  0.37  0.04  0.85  0.15  0.90  0.83  2  0  DeepRibo    657  217	723	291	141	899	0.45	0.67	0.55	0.84	$0.16\ 0.58$	0.49	472	82	Ribo-TISH
670 213 219 952 0.41 0.49 0.59 0.75 0.25 0.53  0.43  15  15 IRSOM	1619	45	387	3	1.00	0.10	0.00	0.81	$0.19\ 0.89$	0.81	10842	1537	DeepRibo
1525  176  256  97  0.94  0.41  0.06  0.86  0.14  0.90  0.83  9246  485  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  26  17  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and using overlap of  0.7  0.7  0.21  0.85  0.78  0  0  REPARATION_blast    36  416  16  1586  0.02  0.96  0.98  0.69  0.31  0.04  0.22  21  12  Ribo-TISH    1554  159  273  68  0.96  0.37  0.04  0.85  0.15  0.90  0.83  2  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.38  0  0  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  1  0  ribotricer    L	670	213	219	952	0.41	0.49	0.59	0.75	$0.25 \ 0.53$	0.43	15	15	IRSOM
1525  176  256  97  0.94  0.41  0.06  0.86  0.14  0.90  0.83  9246  485  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  26  17  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using overlap of  0.7  0.78  0  0  REPARATION_blast    36  161  1586  0.02  0.96  0.98  0.69  0.31  0.04  0.22  21  12  Ribo-TISH    1554  159  273  68  0.96  0.37  0.04  0.85  0.15  0.90  0.83  2  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.38  0  0  PRICE    351  426  6  1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.02  0.38  0.09  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  <	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	SPECtre
1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  26  17 ribotricer    L. monocytogenes  and using overlap of  0.7  0.7  0  0  REPARATION_blast    364  16  1586  0.02  0.96  0.98  0.69  0.31  0.04  0.22  21  12 Ribo-TISH    1554  159  273  68  0.96  0.37  0.04  0.85  0.15  0.90  0.83  2  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  1  0  IRSOM    657  217  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.02  0.35  0.38  0  0  PRICE    351  426  6  1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.79  1  0  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using overlap of  0.9  0.9  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22	1525	176	256	97	0.94	0.41	0.06	0.86	$0.14\ 0.90$	0.83	9246	485	PRICE
L. monocytogenes  and  using  overlap  of  0.7    1337  263  169  285  0.82  0.61  0.18  0.89  0.11  0.85  0.78  0  0  REPARATION_blast    36  416  16  1586  0.02  0.96  0.98  0.69  0.31  0.04  0.22  21  12  Ribo-TISH    1554  159  273  68  0.96  0.37  0.04  0.85  0.15  0.90  0.83  2  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  1  0  IRSOM          SPECtre    351  426  6  1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.79  1  0  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using  overlap of  0.9    135  268  164  307  0.81  0.62  0	1622	4	428	0	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.79	$0.21\ 0.88$	0.79	26	17	ribotricer
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L. m	iona	cyt	ogene	s and	using	g over	lap of	0.7				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1337	263	169	285	0.82	0.61	0.18	0.89	$0.11\ 0.85$	0.78	0	0	REPARATION_blast
1554  159  273  68  0.96  0.37  0.04  0.85  0.15  0.90  0.83  2  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  1  0  IRSOM    351  426  6  1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.02  0.35  0.38  0  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  1  0  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using overlap of  0.9  0.11  0.85  0.77  0  0  REPARATION_blast    21  421  11  1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2  Ribo-TISH    1526  164  268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  DeepRibo    657  217	36	416	16	1586	0.02	0.96	0.98	0.69	$0.31\ 0.04$	0.22	21	12	Ribo-TISH
657 217 215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  1  0  IRSOM    351 426  6  1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.02  0.35  0.38  0  0  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  1  0  ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using overlap of  0.9  0.77  0  0  REPARATION_blast    21 421  11  1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2  Ribo-TISH    1526  164  307  0.81  0.62  0.19  0.89  0.11  0.82  0  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0  IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre  342	1554	159	273	68	0.96	0.37	0.04	0.85	$0.15\ 0.90$	0.83	2	0	DeepRibo
351 426  6 1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.02  0.35  0.38  0  0 PRICE    1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  1  0 ribotricer    L  monocytogenes  and  using overlap of  0.9  0.71  0  REPARATION_blast    1315 268  164  307  0.81  0.62  0.19  0.89  0.11  0.85  0.77  0  0 REPARATION_blast    21  421  11  1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2 Ribo-TISH    1526  164  268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  0 DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0 IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre    342  429  3  128	657	217	215	965	0.41	0.50	0.59	0.75	$0.25 \ 0.53$	0.43	1	0	IRSOM
351 426  6 1271  0.22  0.99  0.78  0.98  0.02  0.35  0.38  0  0 PRICE    1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  1  0 ribotricer    L.  monocytogenes  and  using  overlap  f  0.9    1315  268  164  307  0.81  0.62  0.19  0.89  0.11  0.85  0.77  0  0 REPARATION_blast    21  421  11  1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2 Ribo-TISH    1526  164  268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  0 DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0 IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre    342  429  3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	SPECtre
1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  1  0 ribotricer    L. monocytogenes  and using overlap of  0.9    1315  268  164  307  0.81  0.62  0.19  0.89  0.11  0.85  0.77  0  0 REPARATION_blast    21  421  11  1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2 Ribo-TISH    1526  164  268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  0 DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0 IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre    342  429  3  1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0  ribotricer    1622  4	351	426	6	1271	0.22	0.99	0.78	0.98	$0.02 \ 0.35$	0.38	0	0	PRICE
L. monocytogenes and using overlap of 0.9    1315 268 164 307 0.81 0.62 0.19 0.89 0.11 0.85 0.77 0 0 REPARATION_blast    21 421 11 1601 0.01 0.97 0.99 0.66 0.34 0.03 0.22 6 2 Ribo-TISH    1526 164 268 96 0.94 0.38 0.06 0.85 0.15 0.89 0.82 0 0 DeepRibo    657 217 215 965 0.41 0.50 0.59 0.75 0.25 0.53 0.43 0 0 IRSOM	1622	4	428	0	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.79	$0.21\ 0.88$	0.79	1	0	ribotricer
1315 268 164 307  0.81  0.62  0.19  0.89  0.11  0.85  0.77  0  0  REPARATION_blast    21 421  11 1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2  Ribo-TISH    1526 164 268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  DeepRibo    657 217 215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0  IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre    342 429  3  1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.99  0.01  0.35  0.38  0  0  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0  ribotricer	L. m	nond	cyt	ogene	s and	using	g over	lap of	0.9				
21  421  11  1601  0.01  0.97  0.99  0.66  0.34  0.03  0.22  6  2  Ribo-TISH    1526  164  268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0  IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre    342  429  3  1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.99  0.01  0.35  0.38  0  O  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0  ribotricer	1315	268	164	307	0.81	0.62	0.19	0.89	$0.11\ 0.85$	0.77	0	0	REPARATION_blast
1526  164  268  96  0.94  0.38  0.06  0.85  0.15  0.89  0.82  0  0  DeepRibo    657  217  215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0  IRSOM    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  SPECtre    342  429  3  1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.99  0.01  0.35  0.38  0  0  PRICE    1622  4  428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0  ribotricer	21	421	11	1601	0.01	0.97	0.99	0.66	$0.34\ 0.03$	0.22	6	2	Ribo-TISH
657 217 215  965  0.41  0.50  0.59  0.75  0.25  0.53  0.43  0  0  IRSOM    342 429  3 1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.99  0.01  0.35  0.38  0  0  PRICE    1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0  ribotricer	1526	164	268	96	0.94	0.38	0.06	0.85	$0.15\ 0.89$	0.82	0	0	DeepRibo
342 429  3 1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.99  0.01  0.35  0.38  0  0 PRICE    1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0 ribotricer	657	217	215	965	0.41	0.50	0.59	0.75	$0.25 \ 0.53$	0.43	0	0	IRSOM
342 429  3 1280  0.21  0.99  0.79  0.99  0.01  0.35  0.38  0  0 PRICE    1622  4 428  0  1.00  0.01  0.00  0.79  0.21  0.88  0.79  0  0 ribotricer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	SPECtre
1622    4    428    0    1.00    0.01    0.00    0.79    0.21    0.88    0.79    0    0    ribotricer	342	429	3	1280	0.21	0.99	0.79	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.35$	0.38	0	0	PRICE
	1622	4	428	0	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.79	0.21 0.88	0.79	0	0	ribotricer

**Table S7:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located in operons for the benchmark dataset *P. aeruginosa* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR F1 accuracy sTP sFP tool

P. a	erugi	inos	$\boldsymbol{a}$ and	using	g over	lap of	0.01					
1672	899	214	839	0.67	0.81	0.33	0.89	$0.11\ 0.76$	0.71	37	5	$REPARATION_blast$
1819	700	413	692	0.72	0.63	0.28	0.81	$0.19\ 0.77$	0.70	2196	234	Ribo-TISH
2473	716	397	38	0.98	0.64	0.02	0.86	$0.14\ 0.92$	0.88	8365	510	DeepRibo
1566	303	810	945	0.62	0.27	0.38	0.66	$0.34\ 0.64$	0.52	68	72	IRSOM
49	886	227	2462	0.02	0.80	0.98	0.18	$0.82\ 0.04$	0.26	0	0	SPECtre
2163	870	243	348	0.86	0.78	0.14	0.90	$0.10\ 0.88$	0.84	2274	26	PRICE
2404	180	933	107	0.96	0.16	0.04	0.72	$0.28\ 0.82$	0.71	19	9	ribotricer
P. a	erugi	inos	a and	using	g over	lap of	0.7					
1559	915	198	952	0.62	0.82	0.38	0.89	$0.11\ 0.73$	0.68	4	0	REPARATION_blast
81	1062	51	2430	0.03	0.95	0.97	0.61	$0.39\ 0.06$	0.32	43	30	Ribo-TISH
2353	948	165	158	0.94	0.85	0.06	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.94$	0.91	361	25	DeepRibo
1524	332	781	987	0.61	0.30	0.39	0.66	$0.34\ 0.63$	0.51	3	7	IRSOM
49	886	227	2462	0.02	0.80	0.98	0.18	$0.82\ 0.04$	0.26	0	0	SPECtre
1356	991	122	1155	0.54	0.89	0.46	0.92	$0.08 \ 0.68$	0.65	1	0	PRICE
2404	183	930	107	0.96	0.16	0.04	0.72	$0.28\ 0.82$	0.71	2	0	ribotricer
P. a	erugi	inos	$\boldsymbol{a}$ and	using	g over	lap of	0.9					
1446	926	187	1065	0.58	0.83	0.42	0.89	$0.11\ 0.70$	0.65	1	0	REPARATION_blast
41	1080	33	2470	0.02	0.97	0.98	0.55	$0.45\ 0.03$	0.31	9	5	Ribo-TISH
2298	965	148	213	0.92	0.87	0.08	0.94	$0.06 \ 0.93$	0.90	81	7	DeepRibo
1522	333	780	989	0.61	0.30	0.39	0.66	$0.34\ 0.63$	0.51	0	4	IRSOM
49	886	227	2462	0.02	0.80	0.98	0.18	$0.82\ 0.04$	0.26	0	0	SPECtre
1002	1033	80	1509	0.40	0.93	0.60	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.56$	0.56	0	0	PRICE
2404	183	930	107	0.96	0.16	0.04	0.72	$0.28\ 0.82$	0.71	0	0	ribotricer

**Table S8:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located in operons for the benchmark dataset S. Typhimurium and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR F1 accuracy sTP sFP tool

<i>S.</i> T	yphi	mur	ium	and u	sing o	verlap	o of <b>0</b>	.01			
1848	579	429	99	0.95	0.57	0.05	0.81	$0.19\ 0.87$	0.82	58	$25 \text{ REPARATION_blast}$
1235	841	167	712	0.63	0.83	0.37	0.88	$0.12\ 0.74$	0.70	1785	$110 \; {\tt Ribo-TISH}$
1833	882	126	114	0.94	0.88	0.06	0.94	$0.06 \ 0.94$	0.92	9535	$56 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
978	462	546	969	0.50	0.46	0.50	0.64	$0.36 \ 0.56$	0.49	42	47 IRSOM
67	738	270	1880	0.03	0.73	0.97	0.20	$0.80\ 0.06$	0.27	2	2  SPECtre
1346	990	18	601	0.69	0.98	0.31	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.81$	0.79	2298	2 PRICE
1846	341	667	101	0.95	0.34	0.05	0.73	$0.27\ 0.83$	0.74	44	36  ribotricer
S. T	yphi	mur	ium	and u	sing o	verlap	o of <b>0</b>	.7			
1828	624	384	119	0.94	0.62	0.06	0.83	$0.17\ 0.88$	0.83	0	0 REPARATION_blast
174	949	59	1773	0.09	0.94	0.91	0.75	$0.25\ 0.16$	0.38	142	$29 \; {\tt Ribo-TISH}$
1480	997	11	467	0.76	0.99	0.24	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.86$	0.84	7	$0 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
964	470	538	983	0.50	0.47	0.50	0.64	$0.36 \ 0.56$	0.49	2	6 IRSOM
67	739	269	1880	0.03	0.73	0.97	0.20	$0.80\ 0.06$	0.27	0	0  SPECtre
551	999	9	1396	0.28	0.99	0.72	0.98	$0.02\ 0.44$	0.52	0	0 PRICE
1844	347	661	103	0.95	0.34	0.05	0.74	$0.26\ 0.83$	0.74	0	$0 \; {\tt ribotricer}$
<i>S.</i> T	yphi	mur	rium	and u	sing o	verlap	o of <b>0</b>	.9			
1782	659	349	165	0.92	0.65	0.08	0.84	$0.16\ 0.87$	0.83	0	0 REPARATION_blast
121	968	40	1826	0.06	0.96	0.94	0.75	$0.25\ 0.11$	0.37	24	8  Ribo-TISH
1458	998	10	489	0.75	0.99	0.25	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.85$	0.83	1	$0 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
963	470	538	984	0.49	0.47	0.51	0.64	$0.36 \ 0.56$	0.48	1	1 IRSOM
67	739	269	1880	0.03	0.73	0.97	0.20	$0.80\ 0.06$	0.27	0	0  SPECtre
453	1000	8	1494	0.23	0.99	0.77	0.98	$0.02 \ 0.38$	0.49	0	0  PRICE
1844	347	661	103	0.95	0.34	0.05	0.74	$0.26\ 0.83$	0.74	0	$0 \; \texttt{ribotricer}$

#### 18 Gelhausen, Müller et al

#### D.3 Stand-alone genes

**Table S9:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located outside operons for the benchmark dataset *E. coli* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in main Table S1. TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR F1 accuracy sTP sFP tool

<u> </u>	T 1 1	11	111	1110	11110	1 1110	1 1 1		1 1	accuracy	011	DII	1001
<i>E</i> .	coli	and	usin	ig ove	rlap o	f <b>0.0</b> 1	L						
941	191	279	28	0.97	0.41	0.03	0.77	0.23(	).86	0.79	22	2	$REPARATION_blast$
624	376	94	345	0.64	0.80	0.36	0.87	0.13(	).74	0.69	907	60	Ribo-TISH
943	356	114	26	0.97	0.76	0.03	0.89	0.11 (	).93	0.90	5892	178	DeepRibo
553	241	229	416	0.57	0.51	0.43	0.71	0.29 (	0.63	0.55	37	19	IRSOM
413	279	191	556	0.43	0.59	0.57	0.68	0.32 (	).53	0.48	0	1	SPECtre
706	430	40	263	0.73	0.91	0.27	0.95	0.05(	0.82	0.79	1711	13	PRICE
882	162	308	87	0.91	0.34	0.09	0.74	0.26 (	0.82	0.73	11	1	ribotricer
<i>E</i> .	coli	and	usin	ig ove	rlap o	f <b>0.7</b>							
940	216	254	29	0.97	0.46	0.03	0.79	0.21 (	).87	0.80	1	0	REPARATION_blast
30	447	23	939	0.03	0.95	0.97	0.57	0.43(	0.06	0.33	21	14	Ribo-TISH
816	451	19	153	0.84	0.96	0.16	0.98	0.02(	0.90	0.88	9	1	DeepRibo
516	256	214	453	0.53	0.54	0.47	0.71	0.29 (	0.61	0.54	5	3	IRSOM
413	279	191	556	0.43	0.59	0.57	0.68	0.32 (	).53	0.48	0	0	SPECtre
105	453	17	864	0.11	0.96	0.89	0.86	0.14 (	).19	0.39	1	0	PRICE
881	162	308	88	0.91	0.34	0.09	0.74	0.26 (	0.82	0.72	4	0	ribotricer
<i>E</i> .	coli	and	usin	ig ove	rlap o	f <b>0.9</b>							
926	239	231	43	0.96	0.51	0.04	0.80	0.20 (	).87	0.81	0	0	REPARATION_blast
14	454	16	955	0.01	0.97	0.99	0.47	0.53 (	0.03	0.33	2	2	Ribo-TISH
790	452	18	179	0.82	0.96	0.18	0.98	0.02(	).89	0.86	2	0	DeepRibo
516	256	214	453	0.53	0.54	0.47	0.71	0.29 (	0.61	0.54	1	1	IRSOM
413	279	191	556	0.43	0.59	0.57	0.68	0.32 (	).53	0.48	0	0	SPECtre
77	454	16	892	0.08	0.97	0.92	0.83	0.17(	).15	0.37	0	0	PRICE
881	162	308	88	0.91	0.34	0.09	0.74	0.26 (	).82	0.72	0	0	ribotricer

**Table S10:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located outside operons for the benchmark dataset L. monocytogenes and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. Adetailed column description can be found in Table S1.TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDRF1 accuracy sTP sFP tool

<u> </u>	111	11	1 1 1	1110	11110	1 1 1 1 0	11 1	1 D10	1 1	accuracy	911	SI I	1001
<i>L</i> . 1	mon	ocy	toge	nes a	nd usi	ing ov	erlap	of <b>0.0</b>	)1				
556	94	53	110	0.83	0.64	0.17	0.91	0.09 (	0.87	0.80	13	1	REPARATION_blast
300	99	48	366	0.45	0.67	0.55	0.86	0.14 (	0.59	0.49	223	28	Ribo-TISH
665	11	136	1	1.00	0.07	0.00	0.83	0.17(	0.91	0.83	4595	514	DeepRibo
316	77	70	350	0.47	0.52	0.53	0.82	0.18 (	0.60	0.48	20	7	IRSOM
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPECtre
639	51	96	27	0.96	0.35	0.04	0.87	0.13 (	0.91	0.85	3418	188	PRICE
666	0	147	0	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.18 (	0.90	0.82	16	14	ribotricer
L.	mon	nocy	toge	nes a	nd usi	ing ov	erlap	of <b>0.7</b>	7				
529	104	43	137	0.79	0.71	0.21	0.92	0.08 (	0.85	0.78	0	0	REPARATION_blast
19	140	7	647	0.03	0.95	0.97	0.73	0.27(	0.05	0.20	11	6	Ribo-TISH
640	56	91	26	0.96	0.38	0.04	0.88	0.12 (	0.92	0.86	2	1	DeepRibo
305	81	66	361	0.46	0.55	0.54	0.82	0.18 (	0.59	0.47	5	1	IRSOM
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPECtre
110	139	8	556	0.17	0.95	0.83	0.93	0.07 (	0.28	0.31	0	0	PRICE
666	0	147	0	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.18 (	0.90	0.82	6	1	ribotricer
L. 1	mon	nocy	toge	nes a	nd usi	ing ov	erlap	of <b>0.9</b>	)				
522	106	41	144	0.78	0.72	0.22	0.93	0.07(	0.85	0.77	0	0	$REPARATION_blast$
15	143	4	651	0.02	0.97	0.98	0.79	0.21 (	0.04	0.19	1	0	Ribo-TISH
629	60	87	37	0.94	0.41	0.06	0.88	0.12 (	0.91	0.85	0	0	DeepRibo
305	81	66	361	0.46	0.55	0.54	0.82	0.18 (	0.59	0.47	3	1	IRSOM
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPECtre
106	141	6	560	0.16	0.96	0.84	0.95	0.05(	0.27	0.30	0	0	PRICE
666	0	147	0	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.18 (	0.90	0.82	2	0	ribotricer

**Table S11:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located outside operons for the benchmark dataset *P. aeruginosa* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. Adetailed column description can be found in main Table S1.TP TN FPFN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDRF1 accuracy sTP sFP tool

									ě			
P. a	eru	gino	sa an	d usir	ng ove	rlap o	of <b>0.0</b>	1				
781	427	98	643	0.55	0.81	0.45	0.89	$0.11\ 0.68$	0.62	26	1	REPARATION_blast
957	313	212	467	0.67	0.60	0.33	0.82	$0.18\ 0.74$	0.65	947	101	Ribo-TISH
1396	298	227	28	0.98	0.57	0.02	0.86	$0.14\ 0.92$	0.87	4650	280	DeepRibo
959	149	376	465	0.67	0.28	0.33	0.72	$0.28\ 0.70$	0.57	101	57	IRSOM
52	453	72	1372	0.04	0.86	0.96	0.42	$0.58\ 0.07$	0.26	0	0	SPECtre
1186	393	132	238	0.83	0.75	0.17	0.90	$0.10\ 0.87$	0.81	1006	19	PRICE
1335	93	432	89	0.94	0.18	0.06	0.76	$0.24\ 0.84$	0.73	4	1	ribotricer
<i>P. a</i>	eru	gino	sa an	d usir	ıg ove	rlap o	of <b>0.7</b>					
712	435	90	712	0.50	0.83	0.50	0.89	$0.11\ 0.64$	0.59	2	0	REPARATION_blast
62	500	25	1362	0.04	0.95	0.96	0.71	$0.29\ 0.08$	0.29	36	6	Ribo-TISH
1336	430	95	88	0.94	0.82	0.06	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.94$	0.91	300	20	DeepRibo
899	172	353	525	0.63	0.33	0.37	0.72	$0.28\ 0.67$	0.55	8	8	IRSOM
52	453	72	1372	0.04	0.86	0.96	0.42	$0.58\ 0.07$	0.26	0	0	SPECtre
765	456	69	659	0.54	0.87	0.46	0.92	$0.08 \ 0.68$	0.63	2	0	PRICE
1334	93	432	90	0.94	0.18	0.06	0.76	$0.24\ 0.84$	0.73	1	0	ribotricer
<i>P. a</i>	eru	gino	sa an	d usir	ig ove	rlap o	of <b>0.9</b>					
651	439	86	773	0.46	0.84	0.54	0.88	$0.12\ 0.60$	0.56	0	0	REPARATION_blast
30	511	14	1394	0.02	0.97	0.98	0.68	$0.32\ 0.04$	0.28	3	0	Ribo-TISH
1273	441	84	151	0.89	0.84	0.11	0.94	$0.06 \ 0.92$	0.88	46	8	DeepRibo
899	173	352	525	0.63	0.33	0.37	0.72	$0.28\ 0.67$	0.55	5	3	IRSOM
52	453	72	1372	0.04	0.86	0.96	0.42	$0.58\ 0.07$	0.26	0	0	SPECtre
541	485	40	883	0.38	0.92	0.62	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.54$	0.53	0	0	PRICE
1334	93	432	90	0.94	0.18	0.06	0.76	$0.24\ 0.84$	0.73	1	0	ribotricer

**Table S12:** Statistical evaluation of ORFs located outside operons for the benchmark dataset S. Typhimurium and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7, or 0.9. A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

TP TN FP	FN TPR TN	R FNR PPV FDI	F1 accuracy	sTP sFP t	iool
----------	-----------	---------------	-------------	-----------	------

<i>S.</i> T	$\mathbf{yph}$	imu	ırium	and	using	overla	p of	0.01				
1213	494	185	124	0.91	0.73	0.09	0.87	$0.13\ 0.89$	0.85	33	4	REPARATION_blast
797	609	70	540	0.60	0.90	0.40	0.92	$0.08 \ 0.72$	0.70	1164	55	Ribo-TISH
1257	580	99	80	0.94	0.85	0.06	0.93	$0.07 \ 0.93$	0.91	6083	54	DeepRibo
703	389	290	634	0.53	0.57	0.47	0.71	$0.29\ 0.60$	0.54	47	18	IRSOM
75	563	116	1262	0.06	0.83	0.94	0.39	$0.61 \ 0.10$	0.32	1	1	SPECtre
866	654	25	471	0.65	0.96	0.35	0.97	$0.03 \ 0.78$	0.75	1410	1	PRICE
1272	371	308	65	0.95	0.55	0.05	0.81	$0.19\ 0.87$	0.81	24	21	ribotricer
S. Typhimurium and using overlap of 0.7												
1189	544	135	148	0.89	0.80	0.11	0.90	$0.10\ 0.89$	0.86	0	0	REPARATION_blast
143	650	29	1194	0.11	0.96	0.89	0.83	$0.17 \ 0.19$	0.39	116	13	Ribo-TISH
1041	660	19	296	0.78	0.97	0.22	0.98	$0.02 \ 0.87$	0.84	12	1	DeepRibo
678	427	252	659	0.51	0.63	0.49	0.73	$0.27 \ 0.60$	0.55	8	3	IRSOM
75	565	114	1262	0.06	0.83	0.94	0.40	$0.60\ 0.10$	0.32	0	0	SPECtre
349	677	2	988	0.26	1.00	0.74	0.99	$0.01 \ 0.41$	0.51	0	0	PRICE
1270	385	294	67	0.95	0.57	0.05	0.81	$0.19\ 0.88$	0.82	0	0	ribotricer
<i>S.</i> T	yph	imu	ırium	and	using	overla	p of	0.9				
1139	553	126	198	0.85	0.81	0.15	0.90	$0.10\ 0.88$	0.84	0	0	REPARATION_blast
97	658	21	1240	0.07	0.97	0.93	0.82	$0.18\ 0.13$	0.37	19	1	Ribo-TISH
1001	663	16	336	0.75	0.98	0.25	0.98	$0.02 \ 0.85$	0.83	0	0	DeepRibo
678	427	252	659	0.51	0.63	0.49	0.73	$0.27 \ 0.60$	0.55	2	0	IRSOM
75	565	114	1262	0.06	0.83	0.94	0.40	$0.60\ 0.10$	0.32	0	0	SPECtre
273	677	2	1064	0.20	1.00	0.80	0.99	$0.01\ 0.34$	0.47	0	0	PRICE
1270	385	294	67	0.95	0.57	0.05	0.81	$0.19\ 0.88$	0.82	0	0	ribotricer

## D.4 Small Open Reading Frames

**Table S13:** Statistical evaluation of sORFs for the benchmark dataset *E. coli* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. We could not find any sORF results for the benchmark dataset: *L. monocytogenes*. A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

$\mathrm{TP}$	TN	$\mathbf{FP}$	FN	TPR	TNR	FNR	PPV	FDR	F1	accuracy	$\mathrm{sTP}$	sFP	tool
<i>E</i> .	coli	and	l usi	ng ov	erlap	of <b>0.0</b>	)1						
23	50	10	31	0.43	0.83	0.57	0.70	0.30	0.53	0.64	0	0	REPARATION_blast
7	59	1	47	0.13	0.98	0.87	0.88	0.12	0.23	0.58	0	0	Ribo-TISH
50	50	10	4	0.93	0.83	0.07	0.83	0.17	0.88	0.88	55	8	DeepRibo
9	48	12	45	0.17	0.80	0.83	0.43	0.57	0.24	0.50	0	1	IRSOM
20	45	15	34	0.37	0.75	0.63	0.57	0.43	0.45	0.57	0	0	SPECtre
24	57	3	30	0.44	0.95	0.56	0.89	0.11	0.59	0.71	11	2	PRICE
50	51	9	4	0.93	0.85	0.07	0.85	0.15	0.88	0.89	11	1	ribotricer
<i>E</i> .	coli	and	l usi	ng ov	erlap	of <b>0.7</b>	7						
18	51	9	36	0.33	0.85	0.67	0.67	0.33	0.44	0.61	0	0	$\texttt{REPARATION\_blast}$
3	60	0	51	0.06	1.00	0.94	1.00	0.00	0.11	0.55	0	0	Ribo-TISH
44	53	$\overline{7}$	10	0.81	0.88	0.19	0.86	0.14	0.84	0.85	3	0	DeepRibo
4	51	9	50	0.07	0.85	0.93	0.31	0.69	0.12	0.48	0	0	IRSOM
18	45	15	36	0.33	0.75	0.67	0.55	0.45	0.41	0.55	0	0	SPECtre
12	59	1	42	0.22	0.98	0.78	0.92	0.08	0.36	0.62	1	0	PRICE
47	52	8	$\overline{7}$	0.87	0.87	0.13	0.85	0.15	0.86	0.87	3	0	ribotricer
<i>E</i> .	coli	and	l usi	ng ov	erlap	of <b>0.</b>	)						
18	52	8	36	0.33	0.87	0.67	0.69	0.31	0.45	0.61	0	0	$\texttt{REPARATION\_blast}$
2	60	0	52	0.04	1.00	0.96	1.00	0.00	0.07	0.54	0	0	Ribo-TISH
42	53	$\overline{7}$	12	0.78	0.88	0.22	0.86	0.14	0.82	0.83	2	0	DeepRibo
4	51	9	50	0.07	0.85	0.93	0.31	0.69	0.12	0.48	0	0	IRSOM
18	45	15	36	0.33	0.75	0.67	0.55	0.45	0.41	0.55	0	0	SPECtre
4	59	1	50	0.07	0.98	0.93	0.80	0.20	0.14	0.55	0	0	PRICE
47	52	8	7	0.87	0.87	0.13	0.85	0.15	0.86	0.87	0	0	ribotricer

**Table S14:** Statistical evaluation of sORFs for the benchmark dataset *P. aeruginosa* and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. We could not find any sORF results for the benchmark dataset: *L. monocytogenes*. A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR	F1 accuracy sTP sFP tool
---------------------------------	--------------------------

Ρ.	aeru	gin	osa	and	using	overla	ap of	0.01			
5	4	1	2	0.71	0.8	0.29	0.83	$0.17 \ 0.77$	0.75	0	0 REPARATION_blast
1	5	0	6	0.14	1.0	0.86	1.00	$0.00\ 0.25$	0.50	0	0  Ribo-TISH
7	4	1	0	1.00	0.8	0.00	0.88	$0.12\ 0.93$	0.92	6	$2 \; \texttt{DeepRibo}$
4	3	2	3	0.57	0.6	0.43	0.67	$0.33\ 0.62$	0.58	0	0 IRSOM
0	4	1	7	0.00	0.8	1.00	0.00	$1.00\ 0.00$	0.33	0	0  SPECtre
6	4	1	1	0.86	0.8	0.14	0.86	$0.14\ 0.86$	0.83	2	0 PRICE
5	2	3	2	0.71	0.4	0.29	0.62	$0.38\ 0.67$	0.58	0	$0 \; {\tt ribotricer}$
Ρ.	aeru	gin	osa	and	using	overla	ap of	0.7			
4	4	1	3	0.57	0.8	0.43	0.80	$0.20\ 0.67$	0.67	0	0 REPARATION_blast
0	5	0	7	0.00	1.0	1.00	0.00	$0.00\ 0.00$	0.42	0	0  Ribo-TISH
7	4	1	0	1.00	0.8	0.00	0.88	$0.12\ 0.93$	0.92	0	$1 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
3	4	1	4	0.43	0.8	0.57	0.75	$0.25 \ 0.55$	0.58	0	0 IRSOM
0	4	1	$\overline{7}$	0.00	0.8	1.00	0.00	$1.00\ 0.00$	0.33	0	0  SPECtre
4	5	0	3	0.57	1.0	0.43	1.00	$0.00\ 0.73$	0.75	0	0 PRICE
4	2	3	3	0.57	0.4	0.43	0.57	$0.43\ 0.57$	0.50	0	$0 \; {\tt ribotricer}$
Ρ.	aeru	gin	osa	and	using	overla	ap of	0.9			
4	4	1	3	0.57	0.8	0.43	0.80	$0.20\ 0.67$	0.67	0	0 REPARATION_blast
0	5	0	7	0.00	1.0	1.00	0.00	$0.00\ 0.00$	0.42	0	0  Ribo-TISH
6	4	1	1	0.86	0.8	0.14	0.86	$0.14\ 0.86$	0.83	0	$0 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
3	4	1	4	0.43	0.8	0.57	0.75	$0.25 \ 0.55$	0.58	0	0 IRSOM
0	4	1	$\overline{7}$	0.00	0.8	1.00	0.00	$1.00\ 0.00$	0.33	0	0  SPECtre
4	5	0	3	0.57	1.0	0.43	1.00	$0.00\ 0.73$	0.75	0	0 PRICE
4	2	3	3	0.57	0.4	0.43	0.57	$0.43\ 0.57$	0.50	0	$0 \; {\tt ribotricer}$

**Table S15:** Statistical evaluation of sORFs for the benchmark dataset *S.* Typhimurium and using overlap threshold of 0.01, 0.7 or 0.9. We could not find any sORF results for the benchmark dataset: *L. monocytogenes.* A detailed column description can be found in Table S1.

TP TN FP FN TPR TNR FNR PPV FDR  $\,$  F1 accuracy sTP sFP tool

<i>S</i> . 7	[yp]	him	uri	um ai	nd usi	ng ov	erlap	of <b>0.01</b>			
11	62	7	20	0.35	0.90	0.65	0.61	$0.39\ 0.45$	0.73	0	0 REPARATION_blast
4	64	5	27	0.13	0.93	0.87	0.44	$0.56\ 0.20$	0.68	0	0  Ribo-TISH
30	59	10	1	0.97	0.86	0.03	0.75	$0.25 \ 0.85$	0.89	38	$11 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
6	48	21	25	0.19	0.70	0.81	0.22	$0.78\ 0.21$	0.54	1	1 IRSOM
3	62	$\overline{7}$	28	0.10	0.90	0.90	0.30	$0.70\ 0.15$	0.65	0	0  SPECtre
18	65	4	13	0.58	0.94	0.42	0.82	$0.18\ 0.68$	0.83	8	0 PRICE
30	54	15	1	0.97	0.78	0.03	0.67	$0.33 \ 0.79$	0.84	1	$4 \; \texttt{ribotricer}$
S. ]	S. Typhimurium and using overlap of 0.7										
10	68	1	21	0.32	0.99	0.68	0.91	$0.09\ 0.48$	0.78	0	0 REPARATION_blast
2	68	1	29	0.06	0.99	0.94	0.67	$0.33\ 0.12$	0.70	0	0  Ribo-TISH
26	64	5	5	0.84	0.93	0.16	0.84	$0.16\ 0.84$	0.90	1	$0 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
5	58	11	26	0.16	0.84	0.84	0.31	$0.69\ 0.21$	0.63	0	0 IRSOM
3	64	5	28	0.10	0.93	0.90	0.38	$0.62\ 0.15$	0.67	0	0  SPECtre
9	68	1	22	0.29	0.99	0.71	0.90	$0.10\ 0.44$	0.77	0	0 PRICE
29	58	11	2	0.94	0.84	0.06	0.72	$0.28\ 0.82$	0.87	0	$0 \; {\tt ribotricer}$
S. ]	[yp]	him	uri	um a	nd usi	ng ov	erlap	of <b>0.9</b>			
10	68	1	21	0.32	0.99	0.68	0.91	$0.09\ 0.48$	0.78	0	$0 \text{ REPARATION_blast}$
1	68	1	30	0.03	0.99	0.97	0.50	$0.50\ 0.06$	0.69	0	0  Ribo-TISH
24	65	4	$\overline{7}$	0.77	0.94	0.23	0.86	$0.14\ 0.81$	0.89	0	$0 \; {\tt DeepRibo}$
5	58	11	26	0.16	0.84	0.84	0.31	$0.69\ 0.21$	0.63	0	0 IRSOM
3	64	5	28	0.10	0.93	0.90	0.38	$0.62\ 0.15$	0.67	0	0  SPECtre
2	68	1	29	0.06	0.99	0.94	0.67	$0.33\ 0.12$	0.70	0	0 PRICE
29	58	11	2	0.94	0.84	0.06	0.72	$0.28\ 0.82$	0.87	0	0  ribotricer

#### D.5 Novel sORF detection

**Table S16:** Numbers of novel sORFs detected for all tools. The study of Weaver *et al* [4] experimentally identified **31** novel sORFs. The novel sORF detection power for each tool was evaluated by applying our benchmark pipeline on the *E. coli* Ribo-seq library described in [4]. Note: DeepRibo predicted in total 17 sORFs, but using a cutoff 18 sORFs remain. Since no RNA library is available we could not test novel sORF detection for IRSOM.

Tool	DeepRibo	REPARATION_blast	Ribo-TISH	SPECtre	smORFer	PRICE	ribotricer
Novel sORFs	17	0	0	0	28	0	0

### E Evaluation of key results

To follow the good practice for benchmarking as proposed by Mangul *et al.* [5] we adapted one of their example summary figures [6] for our benchmark scenario. Here, we propose a straightforward evaluation system to summarize the performance of all evaluated tools. The evaluation results are visualized in Figure 5 of the main text. The evaluation system reveals the performance of each tool for several categories. We rate the tools as follows: a violet circle for superior performance, a light blue circle for satisfactory performance, and a dark blue circle for unsatisfactory performance. How each tool is rated for each category is described in the following.

#### E.1 Predictive power for the translatome set

To evaluate the predictive power of each tool, we averaged the AUC values of the PRC of all *translatome* benchmark sets. Ribo-TISH, IRSOM, PRICE and ribotricer achieved unsatisfactory results, with average AUCs of 0.69, 0.70, 0.76 and 0.72, respectively.REPARATION\_blast, with an average AUC of 0.88, were satisfactory. Since smORFer only has an AUC for *E.coli* of 0.82 was also satisfactory and DeepRibo achieved a superior predictive power, with AUCs of 0.94. The AUC values can be found in Table 3 of the main document.

Superior : AUC higher on average 0.90 Satisfactory : AUC higher on average 0.80 Unsatisfactory : AUC lower on average 0.80

#### E.2 Predictive power inside and outside of operons

Averaging the AUCs for the detection of ORFs inside or outside of operons, respectively, led to the following results: Ribo-TISH 0.67 and 0.72, DeepRibo

26 Gelhausen, Müller et al

0.93 and 0.95, REPARATION\_blast 0.91 and 0.91, IRSOM 0.68 and 0.75, SPECtre 0.53 and 0.7, smORFer 0.81 and 0.84, PRICE 0.76 and 0.79, ribotricer 0.66 and 0.63.

Superior : AUC higher on average 0.90 Satisfactory : AUC higher on average 0.80 Unsatisfactory : AUC lower on average 0.80

### E.3 Prediction of novel sORFs

The predictive power of finding novel ORFs was tested using 33 verified novel ORFs outside of the annotation([7], see main text). Only DeepRibo was able to find 18/19 of the 33 novel ORFs and has therefore a Satisfactory predictive power. REPARATION\_blast with only two and Ribo-TISH and IRSOM with which found non of the novel ORFs show a unsatisfactory performance.

Superior : 20 novel ORFs detected Satisfactory : 10 novel ORFs detected Unsatisfactory : less than 10 novel ORFs detected

#### E.4 Runtime

The runtime comparison can be found in the main document (Table 7). We evaluated tools using single- and multithreading. Since not every tool supports multithreading, we took the minimum runtime for each tool for either single- or multithreading. Be aware that the original REPARATION tool should be faster than REPARATION\_blast because of the use of ublast in REPARATION\_blast.

Superior if test data was computed in less than 30 minutes Satisfactory if test data was computed in less than 2 hours Unsatisfactory if test data was computed in more than 2 hours

#### E.5 Memory

The memory comparison can be found in the main document (Table 7). We evaluated tools using single- and multithreading. Since not every tool supports multithreading, we take the minimum run time for each tool from either approach.

Superior : 2 or less GB Satisfactory : 4 or less GB Unsatisfactory : more than 4 GB

#### E.6 Applicability

The applicability describes how universally the tool can be applied. In the following we list several applicability criteria. If a tools fulfills the criteria it gets one point. Based on the amount of points each tool achieved the applicability is evaluated:

- 1. Can use replicates
- 2. Is deterministic
- 3. Outputs a standard file format (gff/bed/ ...)
- 4. Uses unit testing or some other correctness declaration
- 5. Stable results throughout different organisms

In the following, we describe how each tool was rated for applicability:

**Table S17:** Applicability scoring table showing: (1) Can use replicates, (2) Is deterministic, (3) Outputs a standard file format, (4) Uses unit testing or some other correctness declaration, (5) Stable results throughout different organisms.

tool	1	2	3	4	5	total
Ribo-TISH	1	1	0	0	1	3
DeepRibo	0	1	1	0	1	3
REPARATION_blast	0	0	0	0	1	1
IRSOM	0	1	0	0	1	2
SPECtre	0	1	0	0	0	2
smORFer	0	1	1	0	-	2
PRICE	0	0	1	1	0	2
ribotricer	0	1	0	0	1	2

Superior : 4 or more points fulfilled Satisfactory : 2 or more points fulfilled Unsatisfactory : 1 or less points fulfilled

#### E.7 Usability

User friendliness or usability is one of the key factors on how convenient it is for the users to apply the tool. In the following, we describe several usability criteria, each giving a single point if it is fulfilled by the tested tool.

- 1. Hosting software on a website with predicted long-term accessibility (e.g., GitHub)
- 2. Installation via package managers (e.g., Bioconda)
- 3. Provides an example dataset for testing
- 4. Version control (changelog)
- 5. Documentation: parameters

- 28 Gelhausen, Müller et al
- 6. Documentation: input
- 7. Documentation: output
- 8. Documentation: dependencies
- 9. Open source

In the following, we describe the rating of the tools' usability:

**Table S18:** Usability scoring table showing: (1) Long-term accessible website, (2) Package managers, (3) Example data, (4) Version control, (5) Documentation: parameter, (6) Documentation: input, (7) Documentation: output, (8) Documentation: dependencies, (9) Open source. \* *REPARATION* was using a proprietary, closed source sequence search tool that we replaced with the free and open source tool blast, to make the software usable without fee. This version is called **REPARATION\_blast**.

tool	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	total
Ribo-TISH	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
DeepRibo	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	7
$REPARATION_blast$	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	$1^{*}$	7
IRSOM	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	5
SPECtre	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
smORFer	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	5
PRICE	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
ribotricer	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	8

Superior : 8 or more points fulfilled Satisfactory : 4 or more points fulfilled Unsatisfactory : 3 or less points fulfilled

# **F** Adapter sequences used for trimming

### F.1 E. coli

#### AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC

#### F.2 L. monocytogenes

#### AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC

#### F.3 P. aeruginosa

#### AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC

#### F.4 S. Typhimurium

#### CTGTAGGCACCATCAATAGATCGGAAGA

#### References

- Jeremy Weaver, Fuad Mohammad, Allen R Buskirk, and Gisela Storz. Identifying small proteins by ribosome profiling with stalled initiation complexes. *mBio*, 10(2):e02819–18, 2019.
- Rondine J Allen, Evan P Brenner, Caitlin E VanOrsdel, Jessica J Hobson, David J Hearn, and Matthew R Hemm. Conservation analysis of the CydX protein yields insights into small protein identification and evolution. *BMC genomics*, 15(1):946, 2014.
- 3. Chelsea R Lloyd, Seongjin Park, Jingyi Fei, and Carin K Vanderpool. The small protein SgrT controls transport activity of the glucose-specific phosphotransferase system. *Journal of bacteriology*, 199(11):e00869–16, 2017.
- 4. Jeremy Weaver, Fuad Mohammad, Allen R Buskirk, and Gisela Storz. Identifying small proteins by ribosome profiling with stalled initiation complexes. *MBio*, 10(2):e02819–18, 2019.
- 5. Serghei Mangul, Lana S Martin, Eleazar Eskin, and Ran Blekhman. Improving the usability and archival stability of bioinformatics software, 2019.
- Keegan Korthauer, Patrick K Kimes, Claire Duvallet, Alejandro Reyes, Ayshwarya Subramanian, Mingxiang Teng, Chinmay Shukla, Eric J Alm, and Stephanie C Hicks. A practical guide to methods controlling false discoveries in computational biology. *Genome biology*, 20(1):118, 2019.
- Lukas M Weber, Wouter Saelens, Robrecht Cannoodt, Charlotte Soneson, Alexander Hapfelmeier, Paul P Gardner, Anne-Laure Boulesteix, Yvan Saeys, and Mark D Robinson. Essential guidelines for computational method benchmarking. *Genome biology*, 20(1):125, 2019.