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Reporting Summary

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St	at	ıst	$1 \cap S$

For	all statistical ar	nalyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a	a Confirmed				
	The exact	exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement			
	A stateme	atement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly			
	The statis	ne statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided nly common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.			
	A description of all covariates tested				
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>				
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
\boxtimes	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated				
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.					
Software and code					
Poli	cy information	about availability of computer code			
Da	ata collection	MATLAB 2018a			
Da	nta analysis	MATLAB 2020b, SPM12, RStudio 1.4.1106			
		g custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and			

Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

All source data needed to evaluate or reproduce the figures and analyses described in the paper and supplementary materials are available online at 'https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.19114406.v1'. Second level neuroimaging maps can be found at 'https://neurovault.org/collections/12221/'.

Field-specific reporting				
<u> </u>		s the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.		
Life sciences		stric best in for your research. If you are not sare, read the appropriate sections before making your selection. Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences		
		all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf		
1,7				
Life scier	nces stu	udy design		
		points even when the disclosure is negative.		
Sample size		ze calculation was done, because at the time no data was present that could give us a good estimate of the effect size. In pilot ound that there were significant behavioral effects with 24 subjects, which is why we set our sample size to +- 30.		
Data exclusions		and imaging data were excluded on session level when accuracy was below 60%, or when subjects did not show sufficient variation fidence reports with a standard deviation <5%. Imaging data were excluded on a session level when head movements > 3.5mm.		
Replication		ed to replicate behavioral findings of an incentive effect on confidence judgments, and therefore we have used the exact same omputer task. We have replicated all earlier findings.		
Randomization	In this study we	e did not have experimental groups to randomize participants in to.		
Blinding	Blinding was no	ot relevant to this study, since no interventions took place.		
Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response. Materials & experimental systems Methods				
	•	nvolving human research participants		
		We included 18 females and 14 males between 18 and 58 year old (sd: 9.76)		
Recruitment		Participants were recruited via previous studies, online databases and advertising in the community.		
Ethics oversight		METC AMC		
Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.				
Magnetic resonance imaging				
Experimental de	esign			
Dosign tuno	Ü	Event related design		

Design type

Event-related design

Design specifications

Each subject performed two sessions of the task, each consisting of 72 trials with 24 trials per incentive condition in a randomized order. Inter trial interval was a random time interval between 4500 and 6000 ms.

Behavioral performance measures

We measured reaction time to stimulus choice, confidence judgment, incentive condition and performance. To

Behavioral performance measure	establish that subjects were performing the task as expected we calculated average and standard deviations of performance within subjects, as well as their confidence judgments.	
Acquisition		
Imaging type(s)	functional	
Field strength	ЗТ	
Sequence & imaging parameters	37 T2* EPI functional slices were acquired with a multi-echo sequence and interleaved scan sequence. With the following parameters: TR = 2.375, TEs = 9.0, 24.0, 43.8 ms, 3mm voxel size, 37 transverse slices, 3 mm slice thickness, 0.3 mm slice gap, each session contained 570 volumes.	
Area of acquisition	whole brain	
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used ■ Not used	
Preprocessing		
Preprocessing software	SPM 12. Multi-echo scans were combined and realigned. Images were co-registered with T1 structural image and segmented for normalization to MNI space and smoothed using a 6mm Gausiann kernel.	
Normalization	Data were normalized to MNI space	
Normalization template	MNI	
Noise and artifact removal	6 motion parameters were included in GLM for each subject	
Volume censoring	ArtRepair software was used to reduce artifacts and repair outlier volumes using interpolation. No censoring was applied.	
Statistical modeling & infere	nce	
,,	Unvariate analysis. First level models included moment of choice, moment of incentive and moment of feedback as stick functions, to which various parametric modulators were added in different GLMs. All contrasts were computed at subject level and taken to a group level mixed effect analysis on second level.	
` '	Using one-sample t-test we tested, in various GLMs, both the positive and negative effects of the parametric modulators (1) certainty, (2) incentive, (3) confidence and (4) expected value on the whole brain.	
Specify type of analysis: Wh	nole brain ROI-based Both	
(1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	All whole-brain activation maps were thresholded using family wise error correction for multiple comparisons (FWE) at cluster level, with a voxel cluster defining threshold of p<.001 uncorrected	
Correction	FWE, see above	
Models & analysis		
n/a Involved in the study		
Functional and/or effective	connectivity	
Graph analysis		
Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis		