

## Supplemental Online Content

Duek O, Spiller TR, Rubenstein A, Pietrzak RH, Harpaz-Rotem I. Exploration of a novel model of intrusive symptoms in posttraumatic stress disorder among US veterans. *JAMA Netw Open*. 2022;5(3):e223555. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2022.3555

**eTable.** Mappings of PTSD Checklist for *DSM-5* Items for *DSM-5*, 7-Factor, and 8-Factor Structural Models

This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

**eTable.** Mappings of PTSD Checklist for *DSM-5* Items for *DSM-5*, 7-Factor, and 8-Factor Structural Models

DSM-5	7-factor	8-factor	Item No.	
<i>Int</i>	<i>Int</i>	I- <i>Int</i>	1	Repeated, disturbing, and unwanted memories of the stressful experience
<i>Int</i>	<i>Int</i>	I- <i>Int</i>	2	Repeated, disturbing dreams of the stressful experience
<i>Int</i>	<i>Int</i>	I- <i>Int</i>	3	Suddenly feeling or acting as if the stressful experience were actually happening again (as if you were actually back there reliving it)
<i>Int</i>	<i>Int</i>	E- <i>Int</i>	4	Feeling very upset when something reminded you of the stressful experience
<i>Int</i>	<i>Int</i>	E- <i>Int</i>	5	Having strong physical reactions when something reminded you of the stressful experience (for example, heart pounding, trouble breathing, sweating)
<i>AV</i>	<i>AV</i>	<i>AV</i>	6	Avoiding memories, thoughts, or feelings related to the stressful experience
<i>AV</i>	<i>AV</i>	<i>AV</i>	7	Avoiding external reminders of the stressful experience (for example, people, places, conversations, activities, objects, or situations)
<i>NACM</i>	<i>NA</i>	<i>NA</i>	8	Trouble remembering important parts of the stressful experience
<i>NACM</i>	<i>NA</i>	<i>NA</i>	9	Having strong negative beliefs about yourself, other people, or the world (for example, having thoughts such as: I am bad, there is something seriously wrong with me, no one can be trusted, the world is completely dangerous)
<i>NACM</i>	<i>NA</i>	<i>NA</i>	10	Blaming yourself or someone else for the stressful experience or what happened after it
<i>NACM</i>	<i>NA</i>	<i>NA</i>	11	Having strong negative feelings such as fear, horror, anger, guilt, or shame
<i>NACM</i>	<i>AN</i>	<i>AN</i>	12	Loss of interest in activities that you used to enjoy
<i>NACM</i>	<i>AN</i>	<i>AN</i>	13	Feeling distant or cut off from other people
<i>NACM</i>	<i>AN</i>	<i>AN</i>	14	Trouble experiencing positive feelings (for example, being unable to feel happiness or have loving feelings for people close to you)
<i>Hyper</i>	<i>EB</i>	<i>EB</i>	15	Irritable behavior, angry outbursts, or acting aggressively
<i>Hyper</i>	<i>EB</i>	<i>EB</i>	16	Taking too many risks or doing things that could cause you harm
<i>Hyper</i>	<i>AA</i>	<i>AA</i>	17	Being “superalert” or watchful or on guard
<i>Hyper</i>	<i>AA</i>	<i>AA</i>	18	Feeling jumpy or easily startled
<i>Hyper</i>	<i>DA</i>	<i>DA</i>	19	Having difficulty concentrating
<i>Hyper</i>	<i>DA</i>	<i>DA</i>	20	Trouble falling or staying asleep

**Abbreviations:** *Int*: Intrusion symptoms. *AV*: Avoidance. *NA*: Negative affect. *AN*: Anhedonia. *EB*: Externalizing behaviors. *AA*: Anxious arousal. *DA*: Dysphoric arousal. *NACM*: Negative alterations in cognitions and mood. *Hyper*: Alterations in arousal and reactivity. *I-Int*: Internally-generated intrusion symptoms. *E-Int*: Externally-generated intrusion symptoms.