

TABLE S1 AUC FEV₁ at day 14 for UMEC/VI versus placebo

Time period	UMEC/VI versus placebo	
	FEV ₁ AUC LS mean difference, L (95% CI)	p-value
0–4 h	0.314 (0.258 to 0.371)	<0.0001
0–8 h	0.309 (0.251 to 0.366)	<0.0001
0–12 h	0.295 (0.242 to 0.348)	<0.0001
0–24 h	0.274 (0.224 to 0.324)	<0.0001

AUC: area under the curve; CI: confidence interval; FEV₁: forced expiratory volume in 1 s;

LS: least-squares; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

TABLE S2 CAT responder analysis for day 1 to day 14

Navafenterol versus placebo		UMEC/VI versus placebo		Navafenterol versus UMEC/VI	
Proportion of responders by treatment	p-value	Proportion of responders by treatment	p-value	Proportion of responders by treatment	p-value
Navafenterol 0.62	0.022	UMEC/VI 0.67	0.008	Navafenterol 0.61	0.63
Placebo 0.45		Placebo 0.44		UMEC/VI 0.66	

CAT: COPD assessment tool; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

TABLE S3 Mean frequency of baseline cough (coughs/h) stratified by smoking status

Time period	Current smoker			Ex-smoker		
	N	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD
0–24 h	26	13.8	9.9	41	6.7	7.4
0–12 h	26	12.7	10.6	41	7.0	7.9
0–4 h	27	14.0	12.0	41	8.6	10.9

SD: standard deviation.

TABLE S4 Cough severity using the visual analogue scale at baseline and day 14

Treatment	Day [#]	Cough severity			Mean ratios day 14/baseline			Comparison with placebo [¶]		
		n	Geometric mean	Geometric CV%	n	Geometric mean	Geometric CV%	Estimated ratio	95% CI	p-value
Navafenterol (N=70)	Baseline	67	2.10	1.40						
	Day 14	67	1.42	2.04	67	0.71	1.10	0.83	0.67 to 1.03	0.087
UMEC/VI (N=69)	Baseline	69	1.90	1.31						
	Day 14	68	1.25	1.58	68	0.66	1.14	0.76	0.61 to 0.94	0.013
Placebo (N=68)	Baseline	65	1.86	1.17						
	Day 14	64	1.55	1.77	64	0.89	0.75	–	–	–

CI: confidence interval; CV: coefficient of variation; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol. #: Baseline was measured at day –1; ¶: estimated ratio and 95% CI are transformed back to original scale.

TABLE S5 Pharmacokinetic parameters for navafenterol and LAS191861

Parameter		Navafenterol		LAS191861	
		Day 1	Day 14	Day 1	Day 14
C _{max}	n	40	41	41	41
	Geometric mean, pg/mL	310.4	532.9	26.64	63.29
	Geometric CV%	61.30	46.58	53.33	52.12
t _{max}	n	40	41	41	41
	Median, h	0.99	0.98	2.00	2.00
	Range, h	0.38–2.02	0.45–2.05	0.98–4.00	0.98–4.03
AUC _{0–24}	n	41	41	39	41
	Geometric mean, h × pg/mL	1661	3996	289.5	941.7
	Geometric CV%	83.60	55.66	57.83	63.11
R _{ac} (C _{max})	n	NA	40	NA	41
	Geometric mean	NA	1.725	NA	2.377
	Geometric CV%	NA	44.77	NA	40.02
R _{ac} (AUC _{0–24})	n	NA	41	NA	39
	Geometric mean	NA	2.406	NA	3.443
	Geometric CV%	NA	50.37	NA	47.15
MR _{AUC0–24}	n	NA	NA	41	41
	Geometric mean	NA	NA	0.1522	0.2356
	Geometric CV%	NA	NA	41.66	30.33

$AUC_{(0-24)}$: area under the plasma concentration–time curve from time 0 h to 24 h post-dose; C_{max} : maximum plasma concentration; CV: coefficient of variation; $MR_{AUC0-24}$: metabolic ratio of area under the plasma concentration–time curve from time 0 h to 24 h post-dose; NA: not applicable; $R_{ac(AUC0-24)}$: accumulation ratio calculated from AUC_{0-24} ; $R_{ac(C_{max})}$: accumulation ratio calculated from C_{max} ; t_{max} : time to C_{max} .

FIGURE S1 Chemical structure of LAS191861, the primary metabolite of navafenterol (AZD8871).

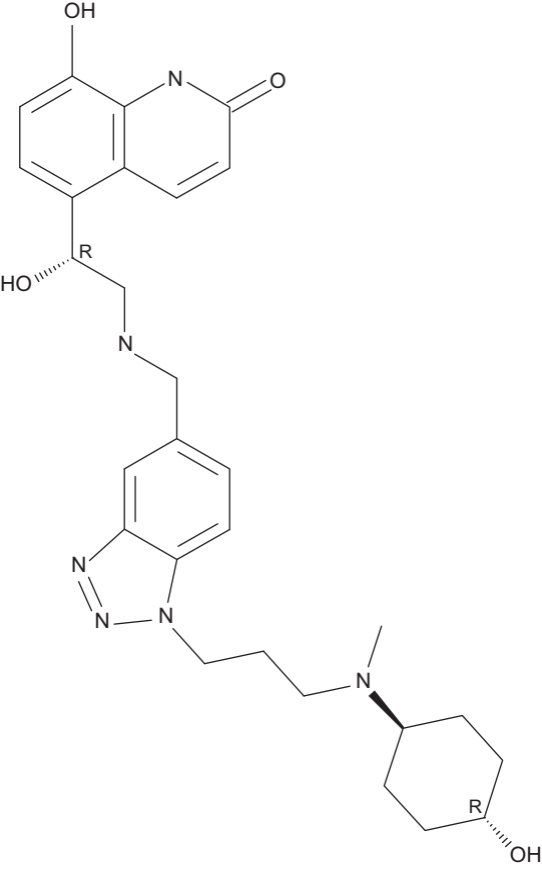


FIGURE S2 FEV₁ in patients with reversible and non-reversible status at screening. a) LS mean change from baseline in peak FEV₁ at day 14. b) LS mean change from baseline in trough FEV₁ at day 15. FEV₁: forced expiratory volume in 1 s; LS: least-squares; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

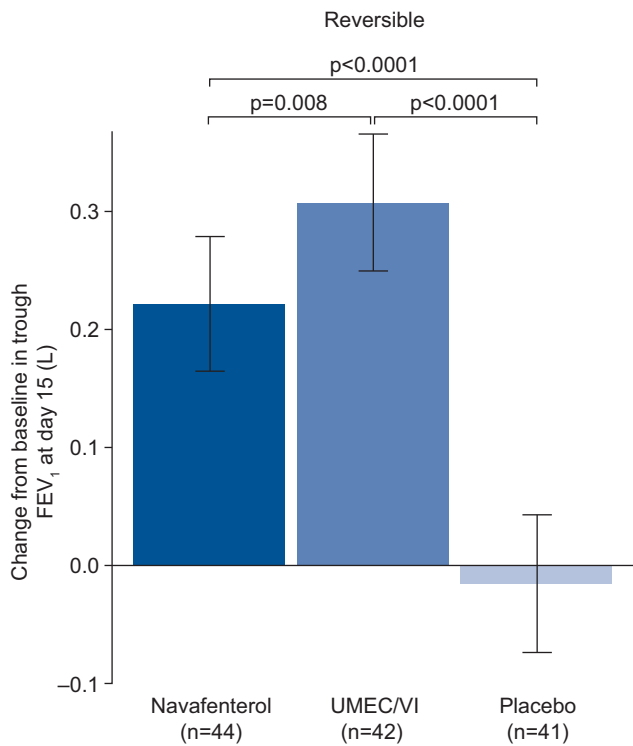
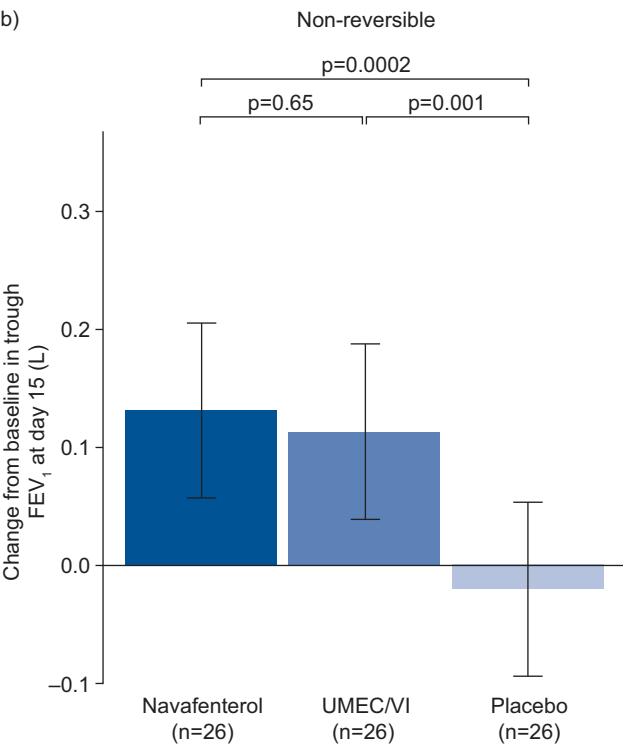
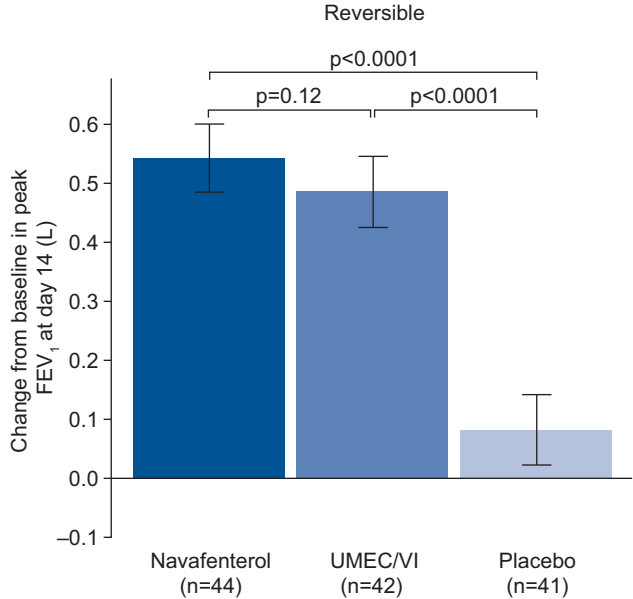
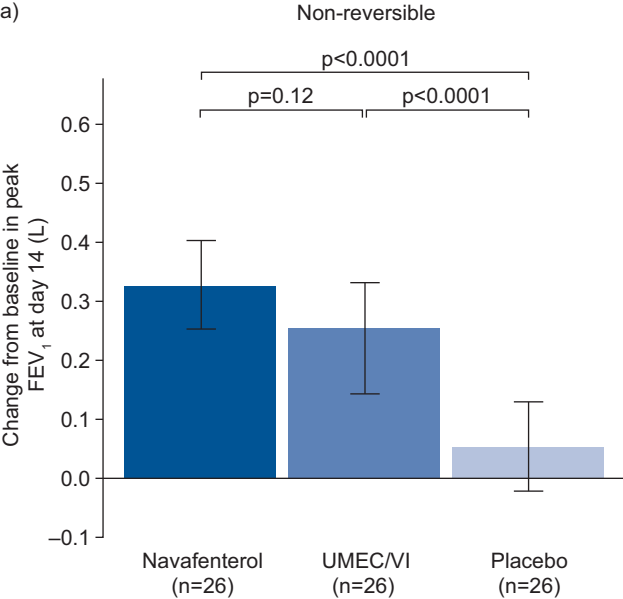


FIGURE S3 Subgroup analysis of low ($<150 \times 10^6/L$) and high ($\geq 150 \times 10^6/L$) eosinophil count.

a) LS mean change from baseline in trough FEV₁ at day 15. b) LS mean change from baseline in peak FEV₁ at day 14. CI: confidence interval; eos: eosinophil count; FEV₁: forced expiratory volume in 1 s; LS: least-squares; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

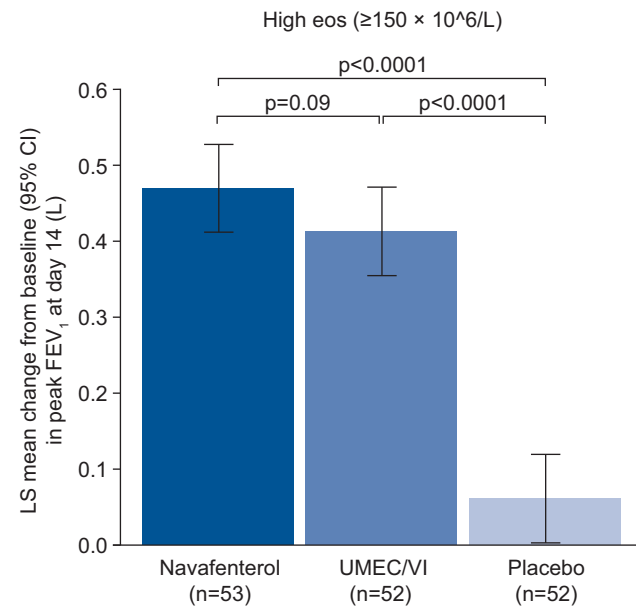
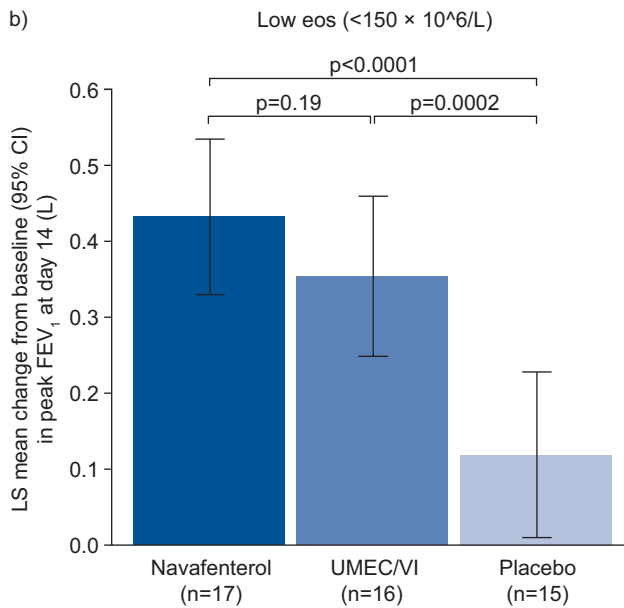
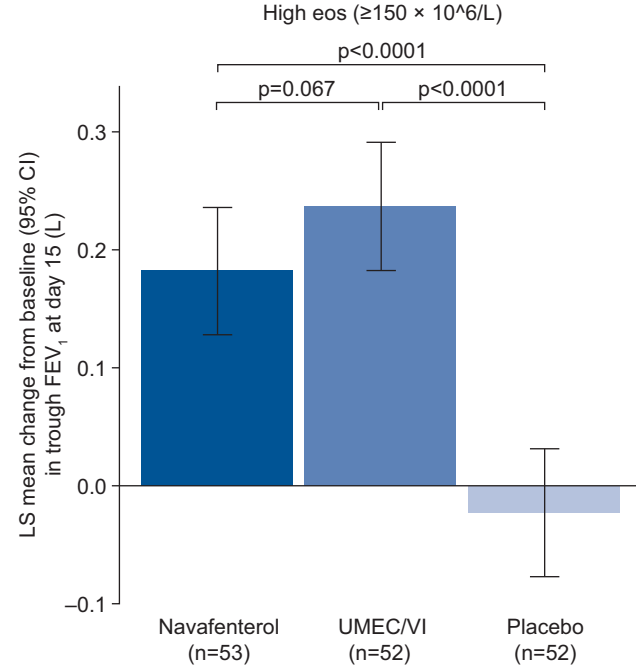
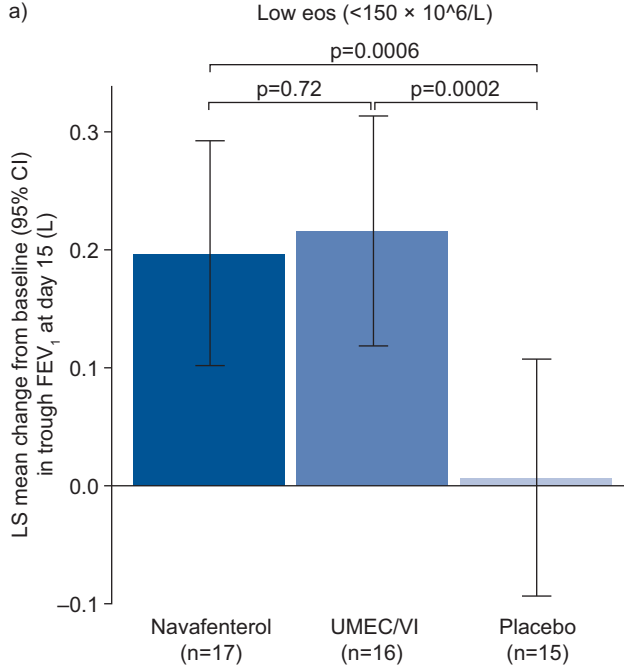


FIGURE S4 Subgroup analysis of patients receiving and not receiving ICS. a) LS mean change from baseline in trough FEV₁ at day 15. b) LS mean change from baseline in peak FEV₁ at day 14. CI: confidence interval; FEV₁: forced expiratory volume in 1 s; ICS: inhaled corticosteroid; LS: least-squares; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

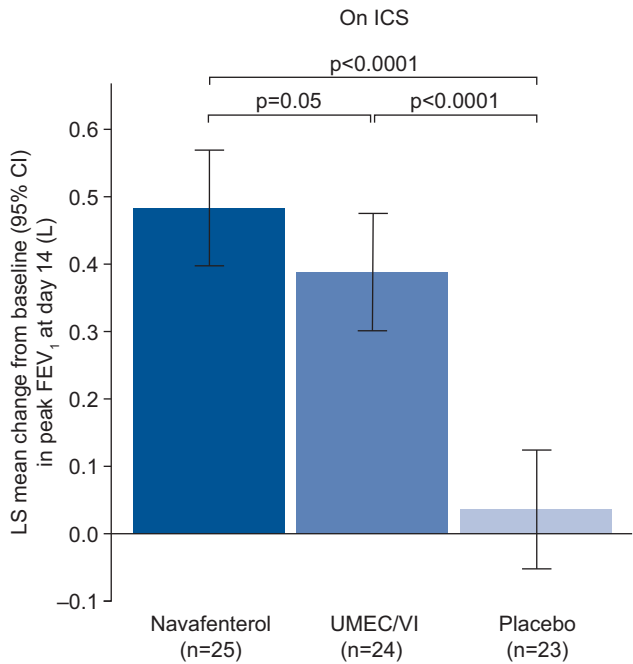
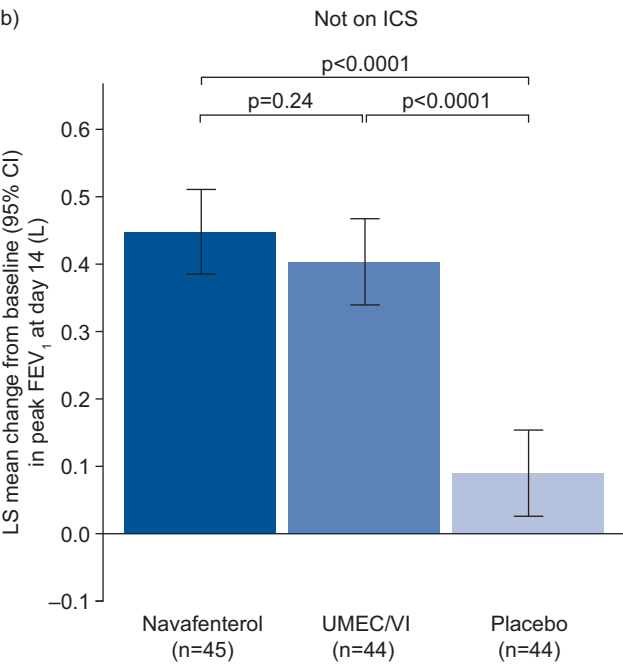
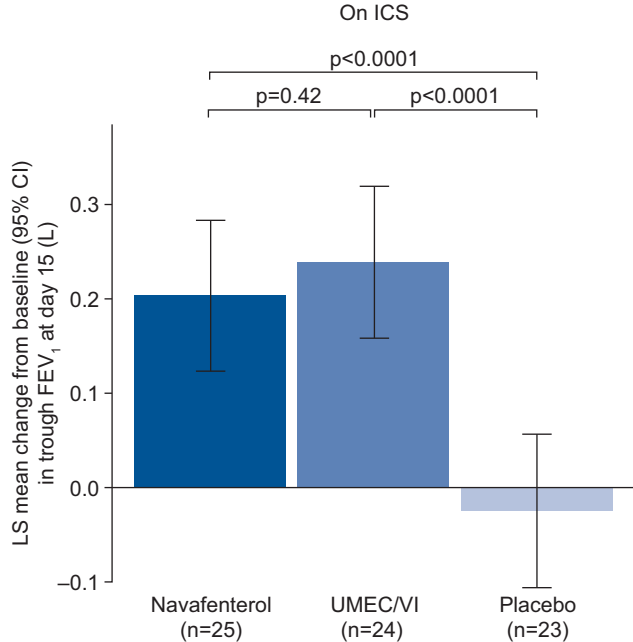
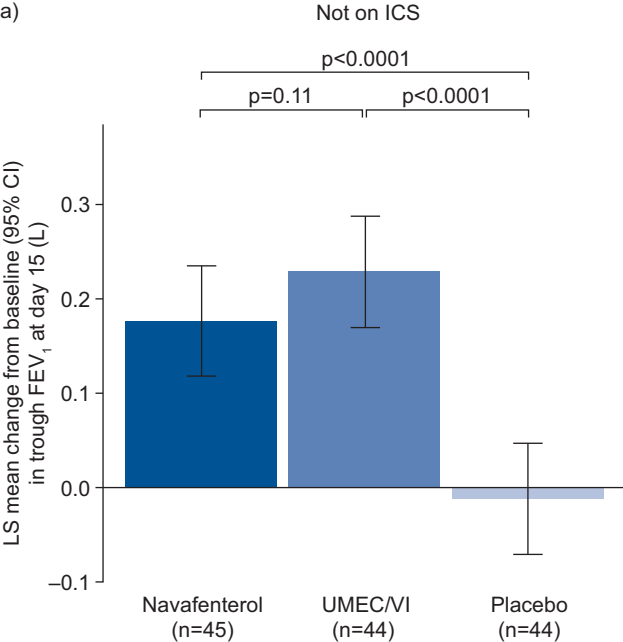


FIGURE S5 Subgroup analysis of current and former smokers. a) LS mean change from baseline in trough FEV₁ at day 15. b) LS mean change from baseline in peak FEV₁ at day 14. CI: confidence interval; FEV₁: forced expiratory volume in 1 s; LS: least-squares; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

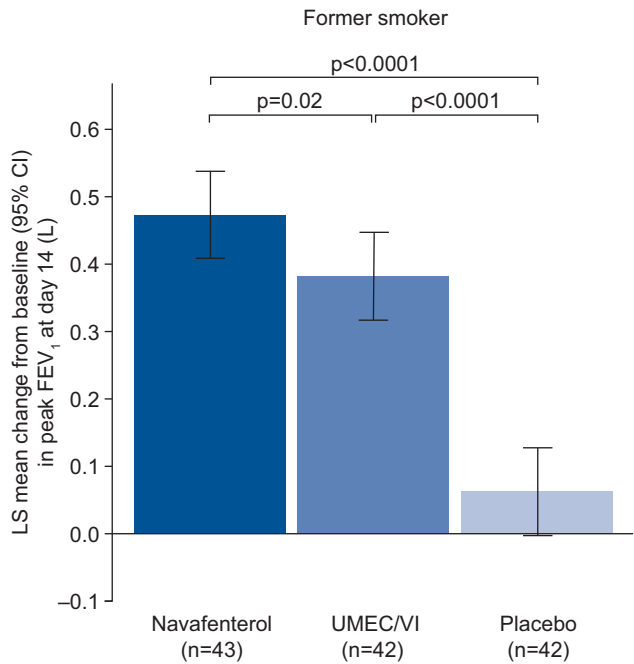
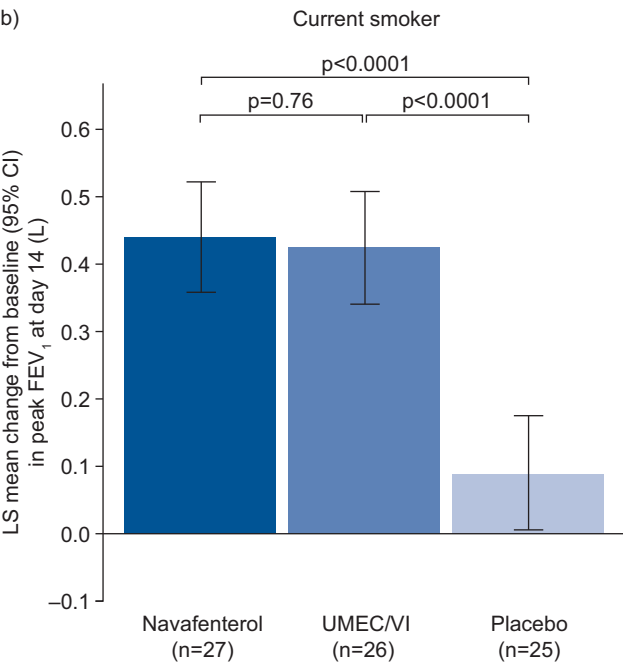
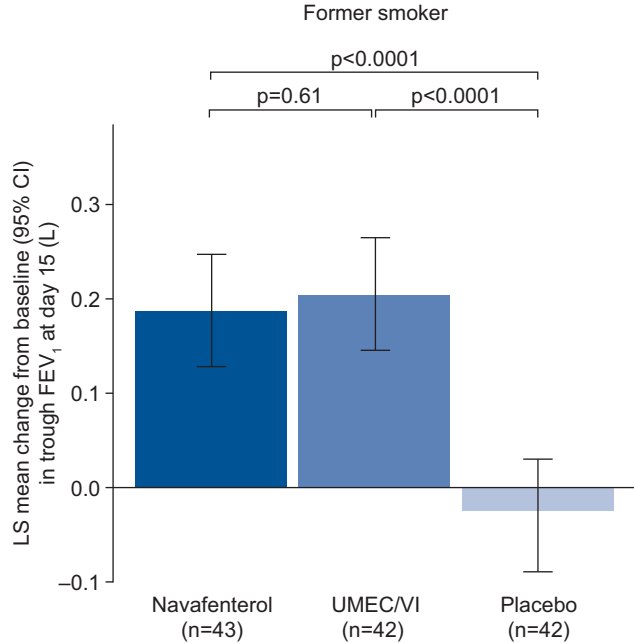
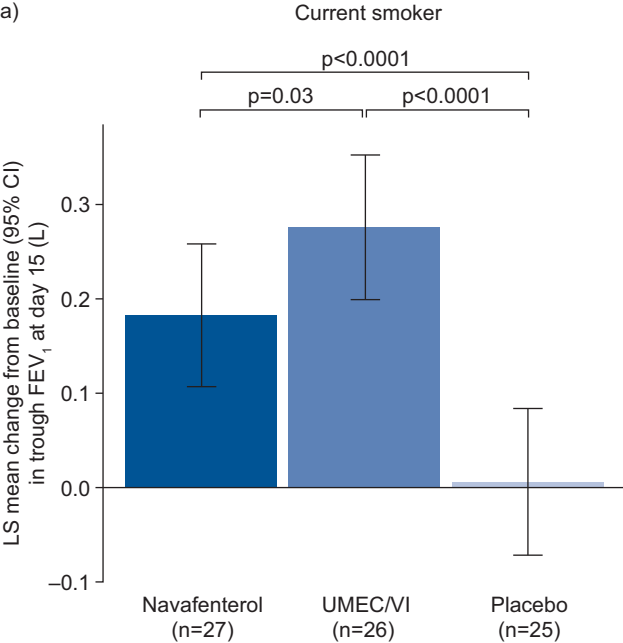


FIGURE S6 LS mean change from baseline in number of puffs of rescue medication per day from days 1–8 and 9–14. CI: confidence interval; LS: least-squares; UMEC/VI: umeclidinium/vilanterol.

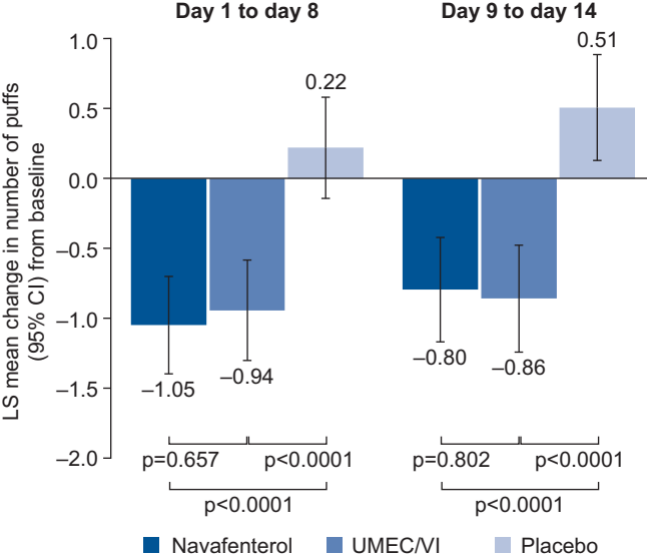


FIGURE S7 Geometric mean plasma concentration–time profiles for a) navafenterol and b) LAS191861. Error bars represent geometric standard deviation.

