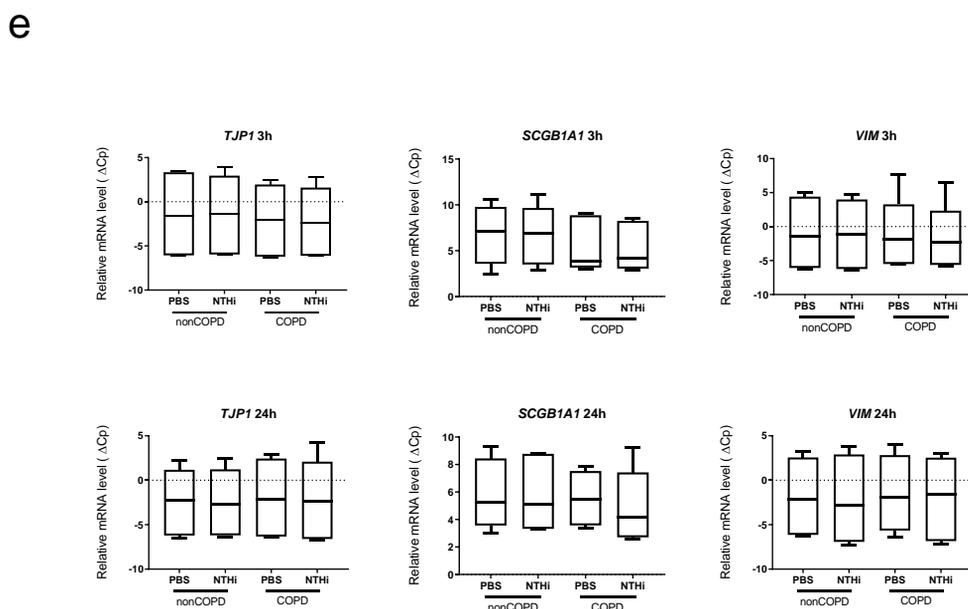
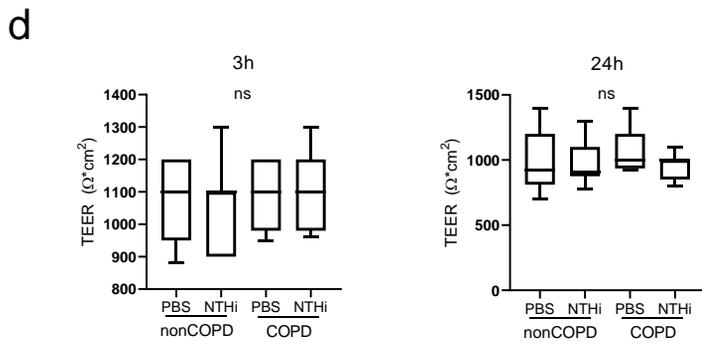
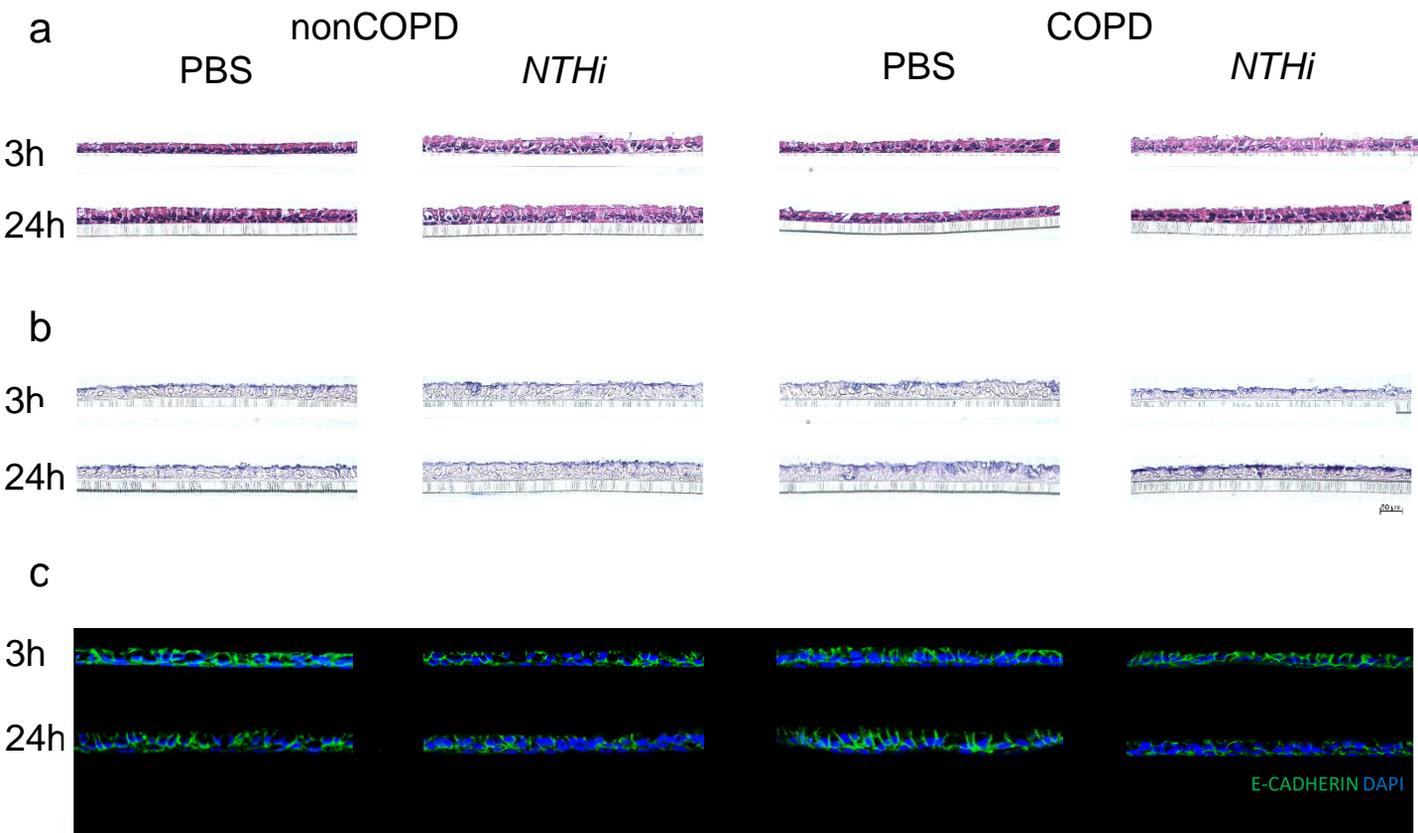


## Supplementary Figure S1

### **There are no differences in characteristics between nonCOPD and COPD epithelial cells**

Representative images of (a) H&E staining, (b) Alcian Blue/PAS staining and (c) E-Cadherin IF staining of representative transwell cultures from nonCOPD and COPD SAEC exposed to PBS or *NTHi* for 3h or 24h. (d) Transepithelial electrical resistance (TEER) values across SAEC cells exposed to PBS or *NTHi* presented as a mean (n=9). Differences calculated with one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test. (e) mRNA expression of *TJP*, *SCGB1A1*, *VIM* in nonCOPD and COPD SAEC exposed to PBS or *NTHi* for 3h or 24h (each n=6). Relative gene expression, expressed as crossing point change ( $\Delta C_p = C_p \text{ for } GAPDH - C_p \text{ for gene of interest}$ ) is presented as a mean. Differences calculated with one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test.

# Figure S1

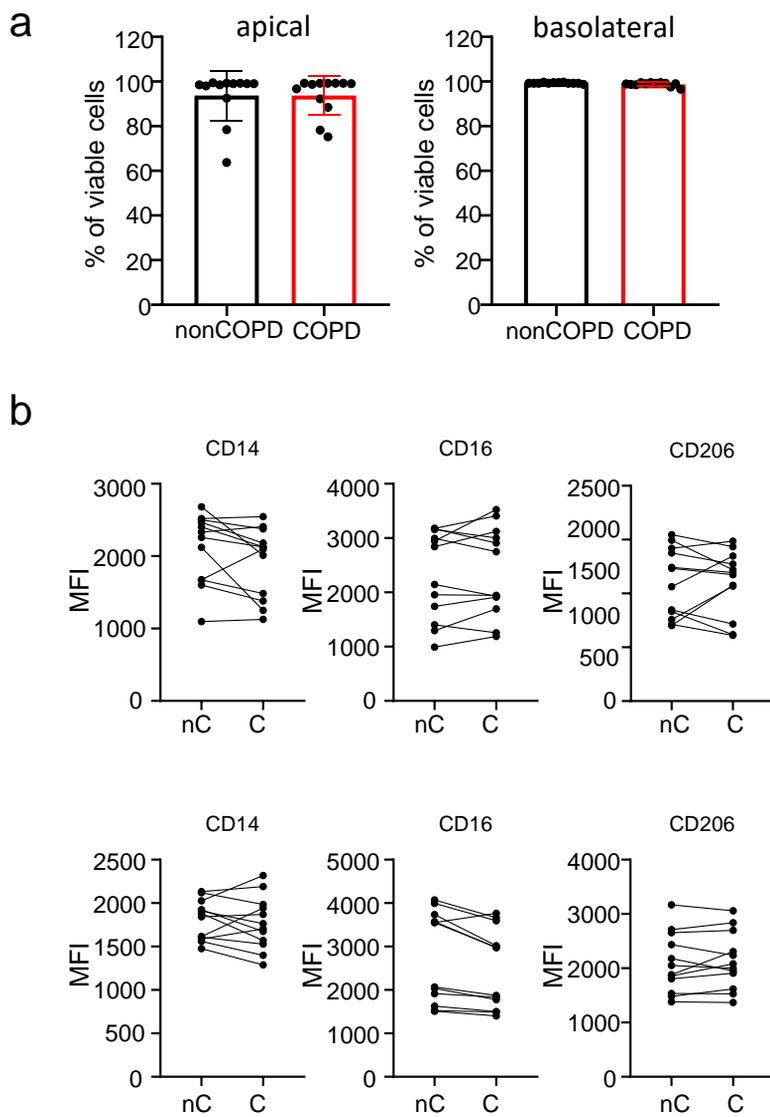


Supplementary Figure S2

**There are no differences in viability and surface marker expression between macrophages exposed to nonCOPD and COPD epithelial cells supernatants**

(a) Viability of MDMs exposed to apical (left) and basolateral (right) SN from nonCOPD and COPD SAEC (each n=12) measured by Flow Cytometry. (b) Expression of surface markers (CD14, CD16, CD206) depicted as Mean Fluorescence Intensity (MFI, geometric mean) on MDMs (2 donors) exposed for 24h to apical (top) and basolateral (bottom) SN from nonCOPD (nC; n=6) and COPD (C, n=6) SAEC (each MDM donor + SAEC donor represents a unique pair) measured by Flow Cytometry.

Figure S2

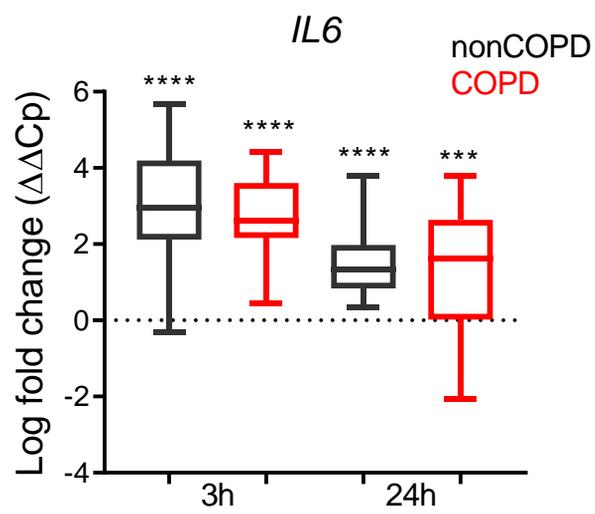


Supplementary Figure S3

***NTHi* exposure increases expression of *IL6* in SAECs**

*IL6* mRNA expression in nonCOPD- (black) and COPD-derived (red) SAEC exposed to *NTHi* for 3h or 24h relative to PBS-exposed SAEC. Gene expression comparative crossing point change ( $\Delta\Delta C_p$ ) is presented as a mean (n=11-15). Impact of *NTHi* to corresponding PBS-exposed SAEC was calculated with paired t-test; \*\* $P < 0.01$ , \*\*\*\* $P < 0.0001$ .

Figure S3

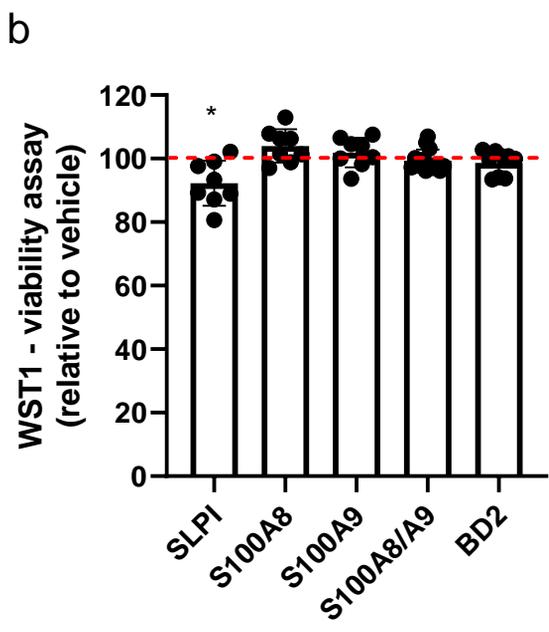
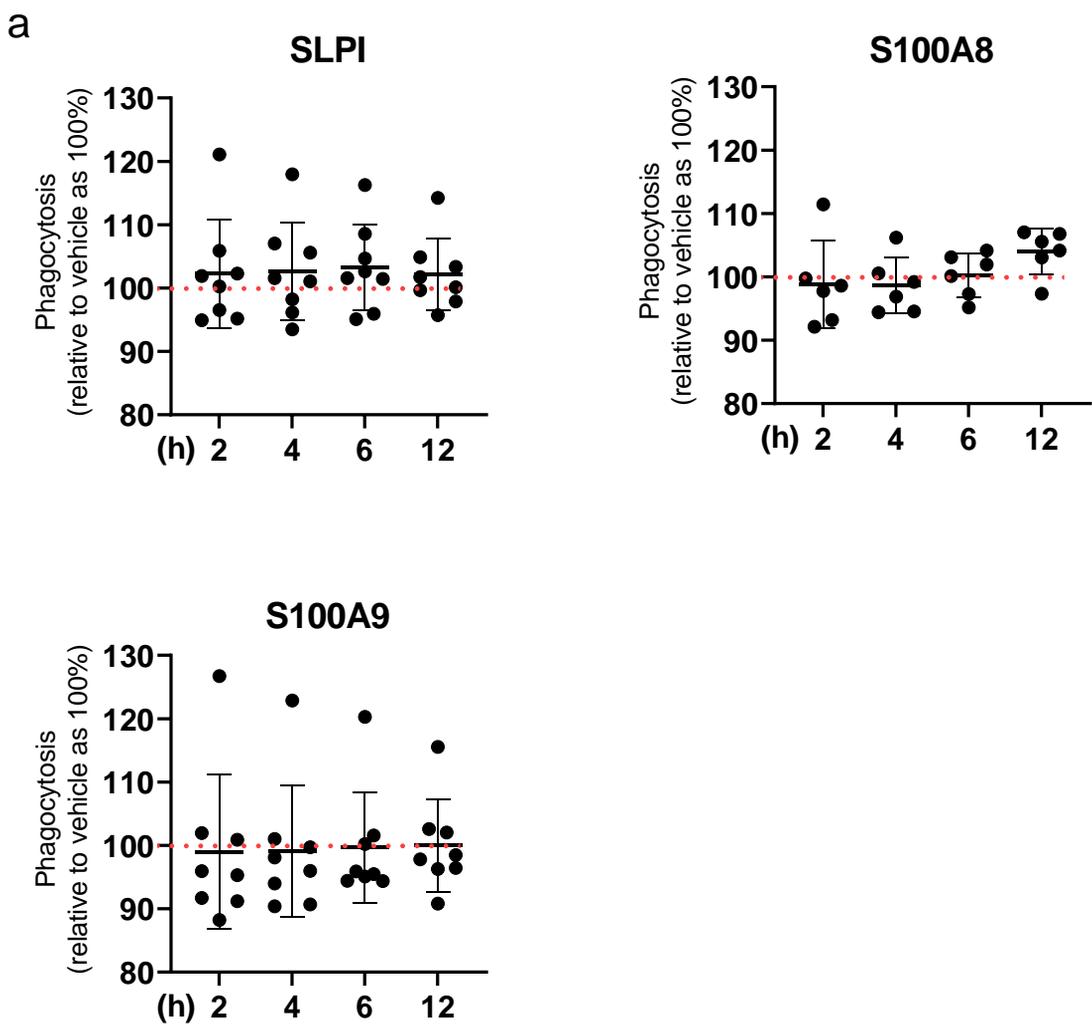


Supplementary Figure S4

**SLPI, S100A8 and S100A9 antimicrobial peptides do not influence phagocytosis in macrophages**

(a) Influence of recombinant AMPs: SLPI, S100A8 and S100A9 on phagocytic capacity of MDMs. Cells were pre-treated with indicated proteins or vehicle and progression of phagocytosis of the pHrodo® *E.coli* particles was monitored with IncuCyte S3 Live-Cell Analysis System. For each time point, data is presented as a % of phagocytosis to respective vehicle control (100%, dotted line) (SLPI n=8, S100A8 n=6, S100A9 n=8). (b) Viability of MDMs exposed to S100A8, S100A9, S100A8/A9, SLPI and BD2 (depicted as a % of vehicle control) measured by WST-1 assay, shown as a mean (n=8=13). Impact of the AMPs calculated with paired t-test, \* $P < 0.05$ .

Figure S4



Supplementary Figure S5

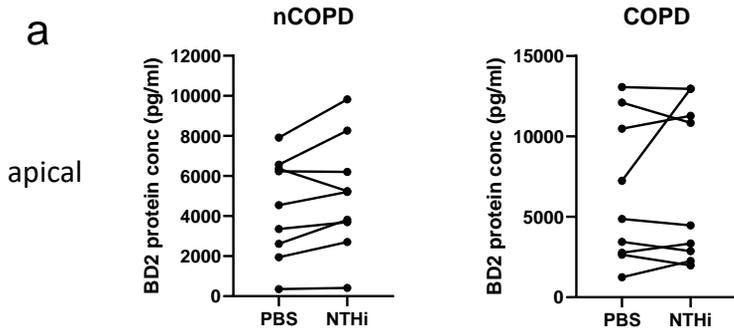
**S100A8/A9 and BD2 proteins are differently regulated by *NTHi* in nonCOPD and COPD SAEC secretions**

(a) BD2 and (b) S100A8/A9 protein expression in apical and basolateral SN from nonCOPD (left) and COPD (right) SAECs exposed to PBS or *NTHi* for 3h, measured by ELISA.

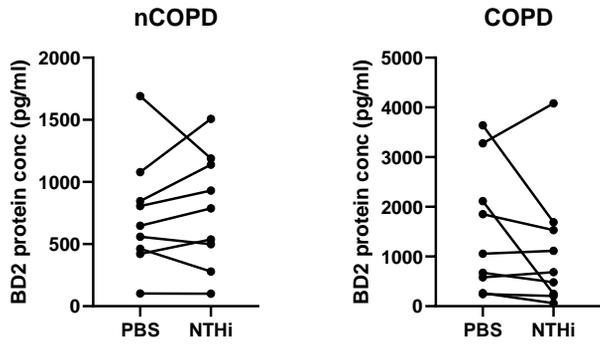
Figure S5.

BD2

a

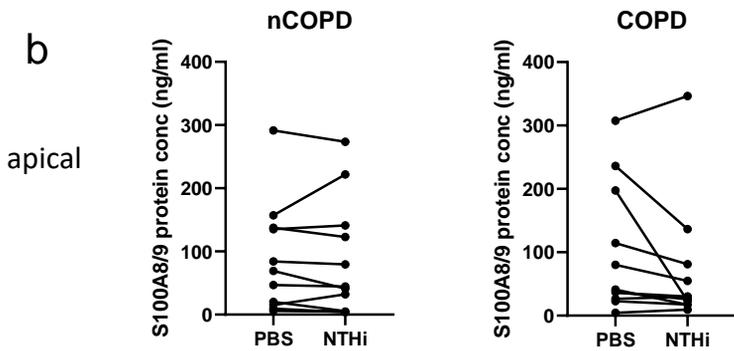


basolateral

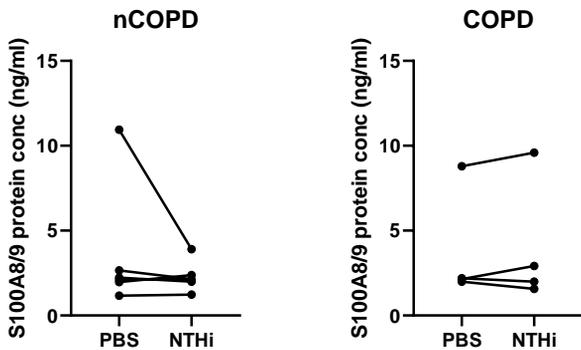


S100A8/A9

b



basolateral



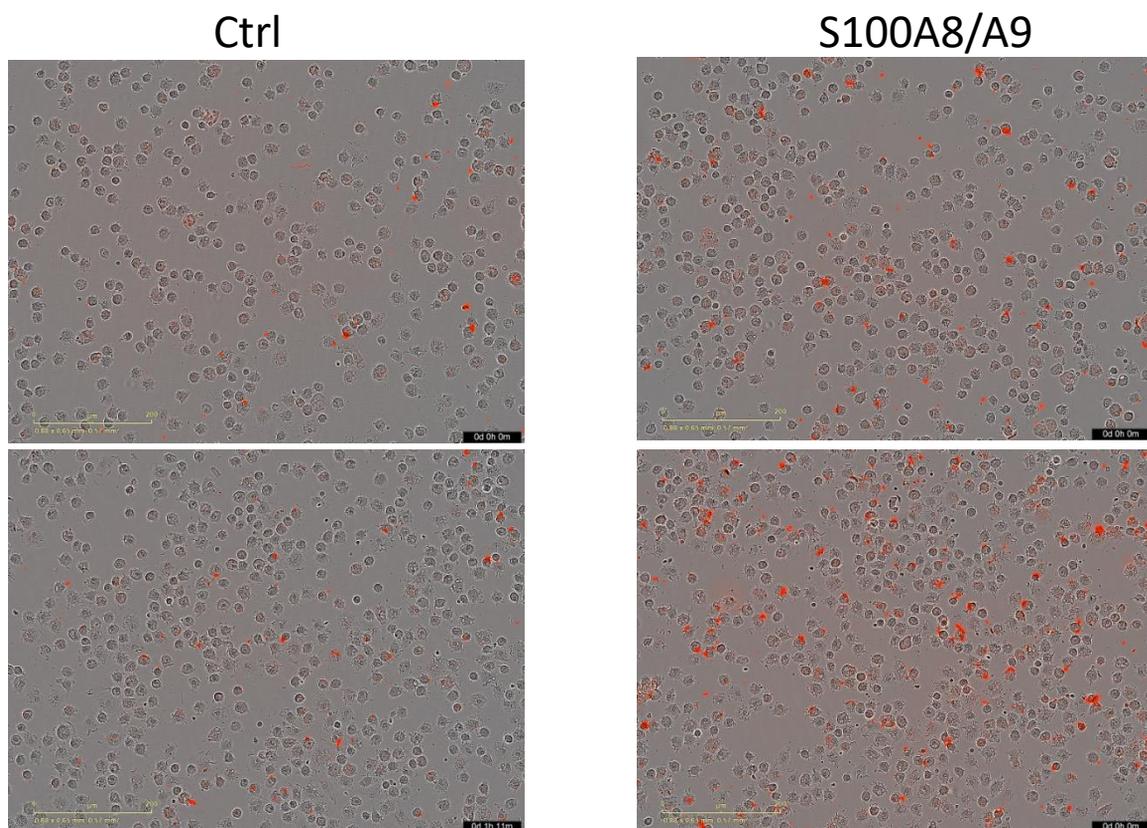
Supplementary Figure S6

**S100A8/A9 recombinant protein binds to macrophages**

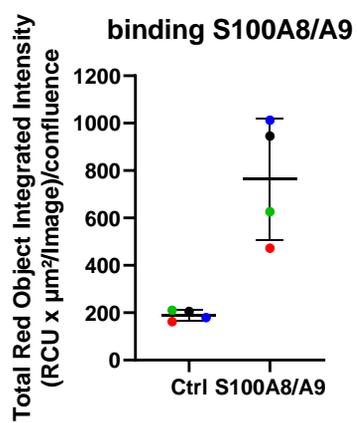
Binding of RPE-labelled control protein (soluble Thy1) and S100A8/A9 to MDMs: (a) pictures visualizing binding. (b) Quantification of the RPE signal relative to cell density in cells treated with control protein and S100A8/A9.

Figure S6

a



b



Supplementary Figure S7

**S100A8/A9 induces phosphorylation of different molecules in macrophages**

Representative blot showing MDM phosphorylation status of signalling molecules upon 30 mins exposure to PBS (upper blot) or S100A8/A9 (lower blot). Affected signalling molecules marked.

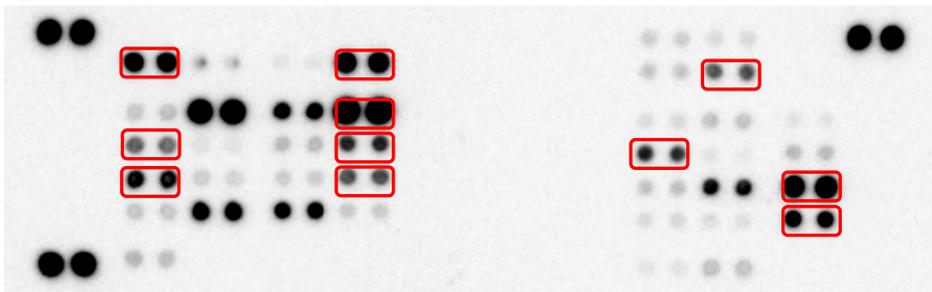
Figure S7

PBS



1. CREB
2. JNK1/2/3
3. P38a
4. ERK1/2
5. HSP27
6. MSK1/2
7. Src
8. P70 S6 Kinase
9. C-Jun
10. RSK1/2/3
11. STAT3

S100A8/A9



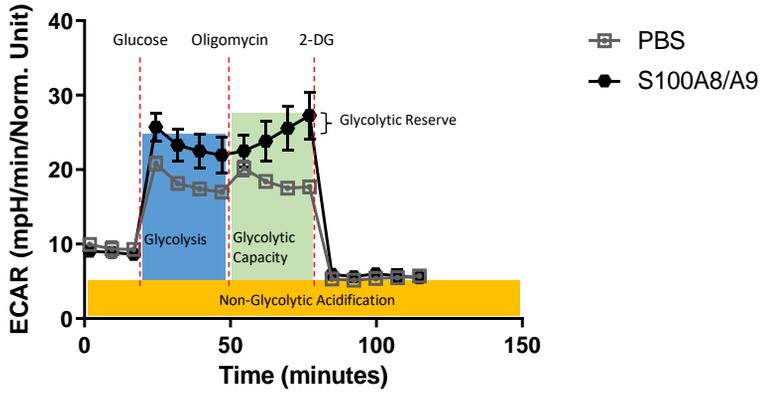
Supplementary Figure S8

**S100A8/A9 impacts glycolysis in macrophages**

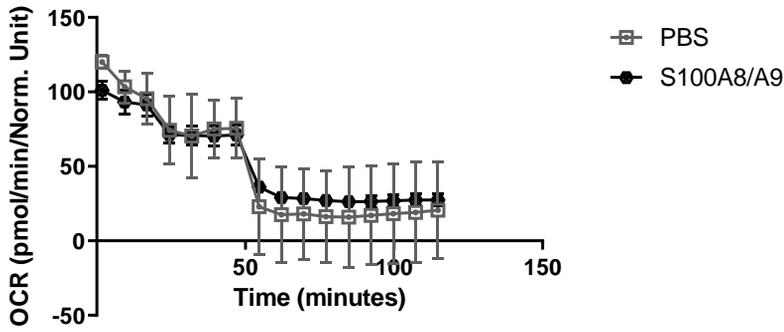
Representative the Extracellular Acidification Rate (ECAR) profile plot (upper panel) and the Oxygen Consumption Rate (OCR; lower panel) upon PBS or S100A8/A9 treatment.

# Figure S8

## ECAR



## OCR



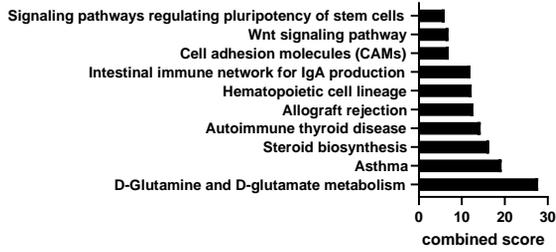
Supplementary Figure S9

**WNT signalling pathway is one of the top deregulated pathways in COPD epithelium**

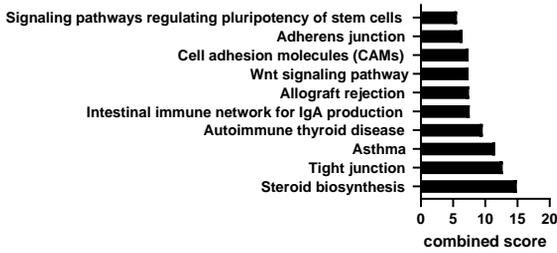
(a) *Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes* (KEGG) analysis of most deregulated pathways in COPD compared to nonCOPD small airway epithelial cells (GSE19407 dataset). (b) Promoter analysis of S100A8 and S100A9 for the TCF4 and LEF1 ( $\beta$ -catenin binding sites).

# Figure S9

a



COPD vs non smokers



COPD vs smokers

b

S100A8  
LEF1 – 4  
TCF4 - 1

Factors predicted within a dissimilarity margin less or equal than 15 % :



S100A9  
LEF1 – 3  
TCF4 - 1

Factors predicted within a dissimilarity margin less or equal than 15 % :



Supplementary Figure S10

***NTHi* modulates WNT pathway in macrophages and epithelial cells**

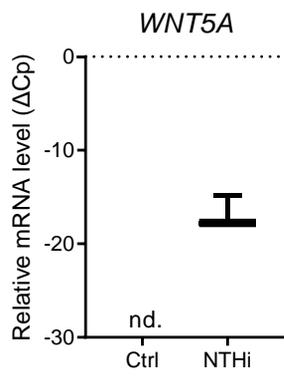
(a) mRNA expression of WNT5A in MDMs treated with PBS or exposed to *NTHi* for 24h (n=2).

(b) mRNA expression of AXIN2 in nonCOPD and COPD SAEC exposed to *NTHi* for 3h, relative to PBS-exposed SAEC. Gene expression comparative  $\Delta\Delta C_p$  is presented as a mean (n=7-10).

Impact of *NTHi* calculated with paired t-test.

# Figure S10

**a**



**b**

