Supplementary Figures



Fig. S1 Continuous immune stimulation elicits a general chronic inflammation. **a.** Representative plots of the general Gr1⁺CD11b⁺ MDSC population in the BM and spleen of control and inflamed mice. **b.** The absolute number of MDSCs in the BM and spleen of inflamed *vs.* control mice. **c.** The distribution of Lin⁻ (Thy1⁻B220⁻Ter119⁻Ly6G⁻) CD115⁺Ly6C^{hi}CD11b⁺ (Ly6C^{hi} monocytes) in the BM and the spleen. **d.** Absolute number of Ly6C^{hi} monocytes in the BM and spleen. **e.** The distribution of Ly6G⁺CD11b⁺ PMN-MDSC in the BM and spleen of control and inflamed mice. **f.** Absolute number of Ly6G⁺CD11b⁺ PMN-MDSCs in the BM and spleen. **g.** Representative histograms of CD247 and CD3ε expression by splenic T-cells. **h.** Quantitaion of CD247 and CD3ε expression in control and inflamed Splenic T-cells, presented as mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) in arbitrary units (a.u.). Line: median, box: 25th-75th percentile, whiskers: range. Control N=8, inflamed N=8. ** *P*<0.001, *** *P*<0.001 (Mann-Whitney test).



Fig. S2 Chronic inflammation in IBD leads to bone loss and iOCP but not hOCP accumulation in the BM. **a.** Representative colons of control and IBD mice at endpoint (scale in cm). **b.** Weight change during and after a 5-day DSS treatment, mice were sacrificed at day 19. **c.** The fraction of Gr1⁺CD11b⁺ MDSCs in the BM and the spleen. **d.** CD247 and CD3 ϵ expression in splenic T-cells. **e.** Trabecular measurements: BV/TV, Tb.N, Tb.Sp and Tb.Th. **f**. The fraction of Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{hi} and Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{lo} in the BM of control *vs.* IBD mice. Control N=8, IBD N=8, representative results of 2 independent experiments. Line: median, box: 25th-75th percentile, whiskers: range. * *P*<0.05, ** *P*<0.01, *** *P*<0.001 (Mann-Whitney test and Holm multiplicity correction).



Fig. S3 Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{hi} and Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{lo} give rise to OCs *in vivo*. **a.** Sorted 10⁶ Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{hi} or Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{lo} from BM of inflamed $gfp^{+/-}$ donor mice were injected to the right tibiae of inf. WT recipient mice 7 days after a single *i.f.* vaccination (left foot pad), or to sex/age matched cont. mice. Recipient mice were sacrificed 7 days after the transplantation. **b.** TRAP staining (left panel) and GFP immunohistochemistry (right panel) of 7µm consecutive sections from the right femora of the recipient mice. Black frames are digitally enlarged, locations positive for both TRAP and GFP are marked by yellow arrows. Scale bar 400µm.





Fig. S5 Enriched biological process categories for Ly6ChiCD11bhi and Ly6ChiCD11blo. a. Enriched in control Ly6ChiCD11bhi (PC1 bottom 5% loading scores). b. Enriched in inflamed Ly6ChiCD11blo (PC1 top 5% loading scores). c. Adj. Pvalue Enriched in inflamed Ly6ChiCD11bhi 3e-05 (PC2 bottom 5% loading scores). d. 2e-05 Enriched in control Ly6C^{hi}CD11b^{lo} 1e-05 (PC3 top 5% loading scores). Benjamini-Hochberg FDR was set to 0.05. Uniprot biological process GO terms were used. Symbol size represents the number of proteins mapped to each category (count). Adjusted P-value is color coded.



GeneRatio



Fig. S6 The RAGE-S100A8/A9 axis controls OC differentiation from iOCPs but not from hOCPs. **a.** Sorted 10⁴ iOCPs and hOCPs from BM of inflamed mice were cultured in OC differentiation medium for 8 and 4 days, respectively with blocking antibodies for S100A8, S100A9 and RAGE, in combinations as indicated (200µm bar). **b.** OC area quantitation. iOCPs and hOCPs from BM of control mice are presented in black. N=5 for each group, representative results of 2 independent experiments. Line: median, box: 25^{th} -75th percentile, whiskers: range. * *P*<0.05, ** *P*<0.01, *** *P*<0.001 (Kruskal-Wallis test and Dunn post test).