

Supplementary Appendix

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Supplementary Tables and Figures

Table S1: Patient characteristics and outcomes

Patient characteristics	n=152
Median age at infusion (years; (range))	12.5 (<1-26)
Median age at diagnosis (years; (range))	8 (<1-25)
Gender (male/female)	93/59
Race	
Asian	6 (4%)
Black	7 (5%)
Hispanic	58 (39%)
More than 1 race	2 (1%)
White	76 (51%)
Unknown	3
Initial cytogenetic risk	
Favorable	22 (19%)
Intermediate	42 (36%)
Unfavorable	53 (45%)
Unknown	35
Pre-infusion disease burden	
No detectable disease	41 (28%)
Low disease	33 (22%)
High disease	74 (50%)
Unknown	4
Mean time diagnosis to infusion (months)	43 (3-164)
Mean number of prior lines of therapy	3.5 (1-10)
Prior allo-HCT	8 (5%)
Prior CD19 directed therapy	33 (22%)
Disease status	
Refractory disease	24 (16%)
≥1 relapse	128 (84%)
Overall day 28 response	
No CR	16 (11%)
CR	131 (86%)
Died prior to day28	5 (3%)

CRS grade	
none	55 (36%)
1	36 (24%)
2	28 (18%)
3	17 (11%)
4	15 (10%)
5	1 (1%)
<i>Unknown</i>	1
Neurotoxicity grade	
none	116 (76%)
1	17 (11%)
2	7 (5%)
3	8 (5%)
4	3 (2%)
5	1 (1%)
Relapsed post CAR	55 (36%)
CD19-positive relapse	28 (55%)
CD19-negative relapse	23 (45%)
<i>unknown</i>	4
Loss of BCA post CAR	52 (34%)
Survival status (alive/dead)	112/40
Cause of death	
Leukemia	30 (74%)
Infection	4 (10%)
CRS	1 (2%)
Neurotoxicity	1 (2%)
Transplant related	3 (7%)
ARDS/cardiac arrest	1 (2%)

allo-HCT, allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplantation; CR, complete remission; CRS, cytokine release syndrome; CAR, chimeric antigen receptor; BCA, B cell aplasia; ARDS, acute respiratory distress syndrome

Table S2: Univariable analysis of disease characteristics and response

Characteristics	Non-responders n=16	Responders n=131	p-value
Age at diagnosis			>0.99
<1 year or >10 years	8 (12%)	61 (88%)	
1 to 10 years	8 (10%)	70 (90%)	
Gender (male/female)	10/6	81/50	>0.99
Race			0.025
Black/Hispanic	12 (19%)	50 (81%)	
Others	0 (0%)	8 (100%)	
White	4 (5%)	70 (95%)	
<i>Unknown</i>	0	3	
Initial cytogenetic risk			0.44
Favorable	4 (18%)	18 (82%)	
Intermediate	4 (10%)	37 (90%)	
Unfavorable	4 (8%)	46 (92%)	
<i>Unknown</i>	4	30	
Pre-infusion disease burden			0.001
No or low disease	1 (1%)	73 (99%)	
High disease	13 (19%)	56 (81%)	
<i>Unknown</i>	2	2	
Time diagnosis to infusion (months)	36 (6-117)	45 (3-164)	0.44
Number of prior lines of therapy	3.9 (2-7)	3.4 (1-10)	0.14
Prior allo-HCT			0.56
no	15 (11%)	125 (89%)	
yes	1 (14%)	6 (86%)	
Prior CD19 directed therapy			0.01
no	8 (7%)	106 (93%)	
yes	8 (24%)	25 (76%)	
Disease status			>0.99
Refractory disease	2 (8%)	22 (92%)	
≥1 relapse	14 (11%)	109 (89%)	

allo-HCT, allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplantation

Table S3: Univariable and Multivariable analysis of overall survival in all treated patients based on patient characteristics

Characteristics	Univariable			Multivariable		
	HR	95% CI	p-value	HR	95% CI	p-value
Sex			0.092			0.96
Female	Ref			<i>Ref</i>		
Male	0.59	0.31-1.09		0.98	0.50-1.97	
Number of prior lines of therapy	1.19	1.01-1.41	0.050	1.16	0.97-1.38	0.11
Time dx to infusion (months)	0.99	0.98-1.00	0.14			
Age at diagnosis			0.004		0.21-0.81	0.008
<1 or >10 years	Ref			Ref		
1 to 10 years	0.39	0.20-0.75		0.41		
Pre-infusion disease burden			<0.001			<0.001
No or low disease	Ref			Ref		
High disease	4.76	2.10-10.8		4.77	2.10-10.9	
Initial cytogenetic risk			0.15			
Favorable	Ref					
Intermediate	3.06	0.87-10.8				
Unfavorable	2.40	0.69-8.32				
Prior HCT			0.90			
No	Ref					
Yes	1.09	0.26-4.54				
Prior CD19 directed therapy			0.69			
No	Ref					
Yes	1.16	0.57-2.38				
Prior relapse			0.065			0.055
1 or more relapse	Ref			<i>Ref</i>		
Refractory	0.38	0.12-1.24		0.36	0.11-1.18	
CNS or EM disease			0.64			
No	Ref					
Yes	0.86	0.46-1.62				
Race			0.32			
Black/Hispanic	Ref					
Others	0.68	0.16-2.88				
White	0.62	0.32-1.17				
Cumulative Flu AUC (mg*hr/L)			0.22			0.26
≥13.8	Ref			<i>Ref</i>		
<13.8	1.51	0.79-2.87		1.53	0.73-3.21	

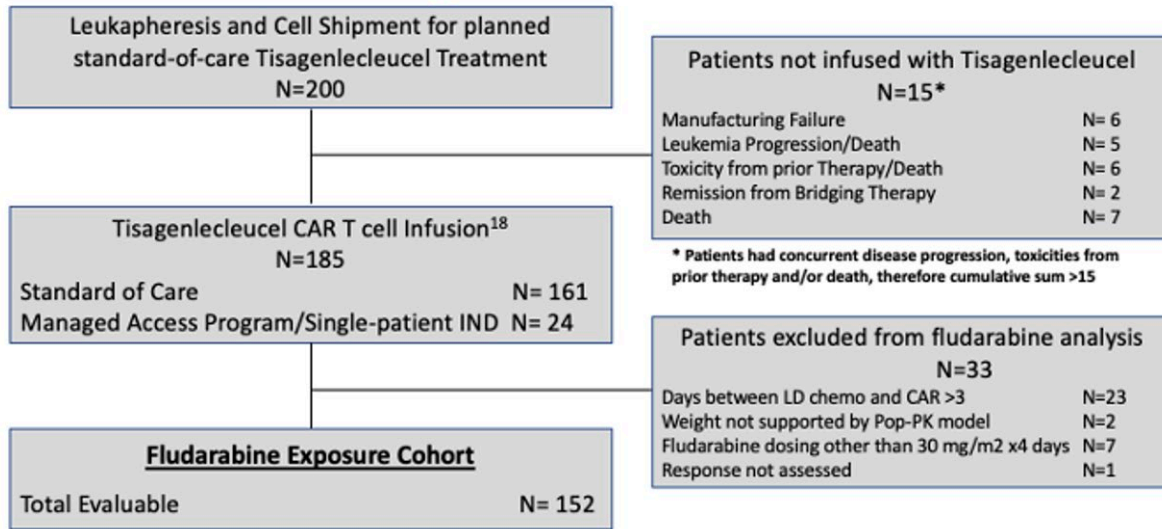
HR, hazard ratio; CI, confidence interval; dx, diagnosis; HCT, hematopoietic cell transplantation; CNS, central nervous system; EM, extramedullary disease; flu, fludaraine; AUC, area under the curve; ref, reference

Table S4: Univariable analysis of disease characteristics associated with response and fludarabine exposure

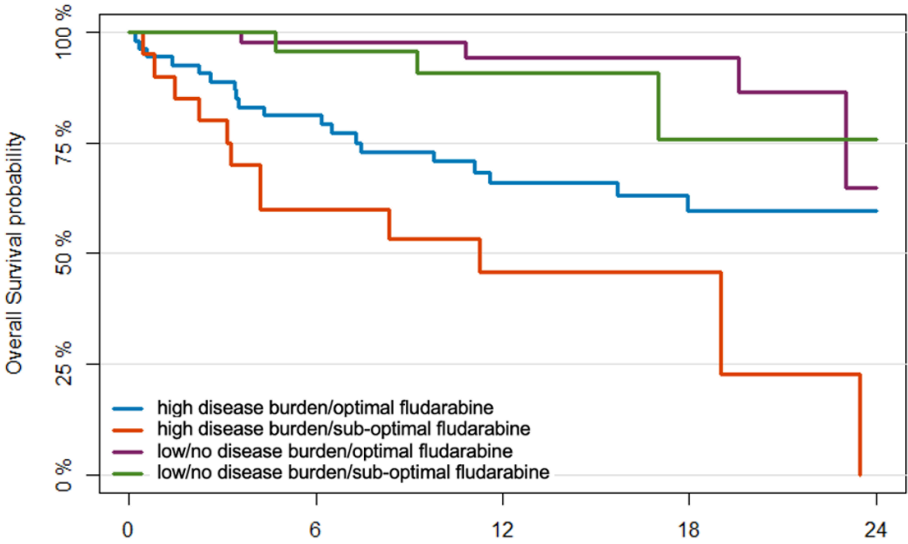
Characteristics	Sub-optimal ($<13.8\text{mg}\cdot\text{hr}/\text{L}$) n=50	Optimal ($\geq 13.8\text{mg}\cdot\text{hr}/\text{L}$) n=102	p-value
Race			0.92
Black/Hispanic	21 (32%)	44 (68%)	
Others	2 (25%)	6 (75%)	
White	26 (34%)	50 (66%)	
Unknown	1	2	
Pre-infusion disease burden			0.16
No or low disease	29 (39%)	45 (61%)	
High disease	20 (27%)	54 (73%)	
Unknown	1	3	
Prior CD19 directed therapy			0.79
no	38 (32%)	81 (68%)	
yes	12 (36%)	21 (64%)	

Supplementary Figure 1: Patient flow diagram

Patient Flow Diagram



Supplementary Figure 2: The impact of fludarabine exposure and pre-infusion disease burden on overall survival in all treated patients after tisagenlecleucel infusion.



	Time from CAR T cells infusion (months)				
At risk	0	6	12	18	24
high disease burden/optimal fludarabine:	54	40	28	17	6
high disease burden/sub-optimal fludarabine:	20	10	6	3	0
low/no disease burden/optimal fludarabine:	45	37	25	14	2
low/no disease burden/sub-optimal fludarabine:	29	22	13	4	2