nature portfolio

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Last updated by author(s):	Mar 3, 2022

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section

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	an otalistical analysis, some that the relief may be prosent in the near the second, main tent, or membras social in
n/a	Confirmed
	\square The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
\times	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
\boxtimes	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
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Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

NIS-Elements AR 4.20.00 was used for A1R confocal microscope (Nikon);

CytExpert 2.3 was used for CytoFLEX LX (Beckman);

Living Image 4.3.1 was used for IVIS Spectrum Imaging System (Perkinelmer);

Phenochart 1.0.8 for Vectra-Polaris Automated Quantitative Pathology Imaging System (Perkinelmer);

Data analysis

Statistical analyses were performed on Graphpad Prism 7.0, flow cytometry data were analyzed on FlowJo software package (Flowjo V10), curves were fitted with Origin 2018, images were processed with Image-J 1.47 software (NIH).

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The authors declare that the data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article, source data, and its Supplementary Information. The source data underlying Figs. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Supplementary figs. 2, 4, 6, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and western bot are provided with this paper. Other raw and relevant data during

the study are available for research purposes from the corresponding authors	upon reasonable request. Source data are provided with this paper. A reporting
summary for this article is available as a Supplementary Information file.	

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Blinding

Data collection

Data exclusions

Non-participation

Randomization

Timing

Field-spe	ecific reporting					
Please select the o	Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
\(\sum_{\text{life sciences}}\)	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences					
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>					
Life scier	nces study design					
All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Sample size	Sample size was chosen to assure reproducibility of the experiments in accordance with the replacement, reduction and refinement principles of animal ethics regulation.					
Data exclusions	No data were excluded.					
Replication	All experimental findings were reliably reproduced. The in vitro data were performed at least three times biologically independently. For the in vivo imaging, ≥ 3 mice per tumor model were used. In the therapeutic efficacy studies, 6-8 mice per group were used. Details of experimental replicates are given in the figure legends.					
Randomization	All experimental samples or models including in vitro cells and in vivo mice were randomly allocated to each group					

Behavioural & social sciences study design

difficult to blind the investigators to group allocation during data collection and analysis.

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, Study description quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).

Research sample State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.

Sampling strategy Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.

> Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.

Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.

No blinding was used throughout experiments. The investigators should keep careful track of protocols because that most of the experiments

needed multiple treatments (including formulation, cells or mouse tumor treatment, sample collection, and so on). Hence, it would be

If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.

If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose or	these points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Study description	Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.					
Research sample	Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.					
Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.					
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.					
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken					
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.					
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.					
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.					
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.					
ield work, collec	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).					
Field conditions						
_ocation	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).					
Access & import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).					
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.					
e require information from a	r specific materials, systems and methods authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material evant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.					
Materials & experime	ental systems Methods					
/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study					
Antibodies	ChIP-seq					
Eukaryotic cell lines						
Palaeontology and a	_ _					
Human research pa						
Clinical data						
Dual use research o	f concern					

Antibodies

Antibodies used

The anti-CD31 antibody [MEC 7.46] (Cat. No. ab7388), anti-integrin β1 antibody (Cat. No. ab179471) and (Cat. No. ab24693), AF594-cojugated Goat anti-Mouse (Cat. No. ab96873), HRP-labeled Goat anti-Rabbit (Cat. No. ab6721), and HRP-labeled Goat anti Mouse (Cat. No. ab6789) secondary antibodies were all purchased from Abcam. Anti-tubulin antibody (Cat. No. T5168) was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich.

The anti-fibroblast marker ER-TR7 (Cat. No. sc-73355) antibody was obtained from Santa Cruz.

Validation

All antibodies were verified by the supplier and each has been quality tested. All validation statements are available on the antibody websites, respectively.

- 1. Rat anti-CD31: https://www.abcam.com/cd31-antibody-mec-746-ab7388.html
- 2. Rabbit anti-integrin β1: https://www.abcam.com/integrin-beta-1-antibody-epr16895-ab179471.html
- 3. Mouse anti-integrin β1: https://www.abcam.com/integrin-beta-1-antibody-p5d2-ab24693.html
- 4. Rat anti-ER-TR7: https://www.scbt.com/p/fibroblast-marker-antibody-er-

 $tr7; jsessionid = GOOoFFrUI7 i AOXWU4 JaqEj Ged XIVb1 fsolq3 \ lpaDx2qSJnkeput R!-1047972008? product CanUrl = fibroblast-marker-antibody-er-tr7\&_requestid = 2124072$

- 5. Mouse anti-Tubulin: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/product/sigma/t5168?lang=en®ion=HK
- 6. AF594-cojugated Goat anti-Rat secondary antibody: https://www.abcam.com/goat-rat-igg-hl-alexa-fluor-594-ab150160.html
- 7. AF594-cojugated Goat anti-Mouse secondary antibody:https://www.abcam.com/goat-mouse-igg-hl-dylight-594-ab96873.html
- 8. HRP-cojugated Goat anti-Rabbit secondary antibody:https://www.abcam.com/goat-rabbit-igg-hl-hrp-ab6721.html
- 9. HRP-cojugated Goat anti-Mouse secondary antibody:https://www.abcam.com/goat-mouse-igg-hl-hrp-ab6789.html

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

The murine 4T1 breast carcinoma, CT26 colon carcinoma, and human MCF-7 breast carcinoma cell lines were obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC). Murine Panc02 and human BxPC-3 pancreatic cancer cell lines were purchased from National Infrastructure of Cell Line Resource.

Authentication

None of the cell lines used were authenticated.

Mycoplasma contamination

All cell lines were tested negative for mycoplasma contamination. Negative status for contamination was verified byMycAwayTM-Color One-Step Mycoplasma Detection Kit from Yeasen.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

No commonly misidentified cell lines are used in this study.

Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable, export.

Specimen deposition

 $Indicate\ where\ the\ specimens\ have\ been\ deposited\ to\ permit\ free\ access\ by\ other\ researchers.$

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Female nu/nu nude mice (18-21 g) were obtained from Vital River Laboratory Animal Center (Beijing, China) and Female BALB/c mice of 18-20 g were obtained from Peking University Health Science Center (Beijing, China). Animals were housed under SPF conditions in groups of 4–5 mice per cage, and maintained at a temperature of ~25 °C in a humidity-controlled environment with a 12 h light/dark cycle, with free access to standard food and water.

Wild animals

No wild animal was used in this study.

Field-collected samples

No field collected samples were involved in this study.

Ethics oversight

All care and handling of animals were performed with the approval of the Ethics Committee of Peking University.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information	about	<u>studies</u>	involving	<u>human</u>	research	participants

Population characteristics Descri

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about clinical studies

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration

Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol

Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection

Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes

Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

Dual use research of concern

Policy information about <u>dual use research of concern</u>

Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

No	Yes
	Public health
	National security
	Crops and/or livestock
	Ecosystems
	Any other significant area

Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

No	Yes
	Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective
	Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents
	Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent
	Increase transmissibility of a pathogen
	Alter the host range of a pathogen
	Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities
	Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin
	Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links

May remain private before publication.

For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)

Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Methodology

Replicates Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

Sequencing depth

Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.

Antibodies Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot

numbe

Peak calling parameters | Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files

Data quality Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.

Software

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation Cells were trypsinized, harvested and washed with PBS and then analysed with flow cytometer. In some experiments, cells were stained with antibodies or probes according to the manufacturer's protocols, and then analyzed by flow cytometry.

Instrument CytoFLEX LX (Beckman Coulter, USA)

Software PlowJo software package (Flowjo V10)

Cell population abundance During sample measurements and initial gate was used to ensure a cell count of 10,000 cells or events was collected of a relevant cell population.

Gating strategy

Cell populations were gated for a live population using FSC and SSC plot of cell only sample. The gate was set to remove cell debris (small FSC v SSC) and large aggregates of cells (large FSC or SSC) and used across all samples. This live population was then used in fluorescent histograms.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

Design specifications Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.					
Behavioral performance measure		ber and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used th that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across			
Acquisition					
Imaging type(s)	Specify: fu	unctional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.			
Field strength	Specify in	Tesla			
Sequence & imaging parameters		e pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, ness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.			
Area of acquisition	State whe	ther a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.			
Diffusion MRI Used	☐ Not u	sed			
Preprocessing					
1 0		on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, smoothing kernel size, etc.).			
		rmalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.			
		mplate used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. ch, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.			
		rocedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and gnals (heart rate, respiration).			
Volume censoring	Define your sof	tware and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.			
Statistical modeling & inferen	ice				
71		ass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).			
()		effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether prial designs were used.			
Specify type of analysis: Wh	ole brain [ROI-based Both			
Statistic type for inference (See Eklund et al. 2016)	Specify voxel-w	ise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.			
Correction	Describe the ty	pe of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).			
Models & analysis					
n/a Involved in the study Functional and/or effective of Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or pre		s			
Functional and/or effective conne	ctivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).			
Graph analysis		Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).			
Multivariate modeling and predict	tive analysis	Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.			