

Demographics and clinical characteristics of study subjects

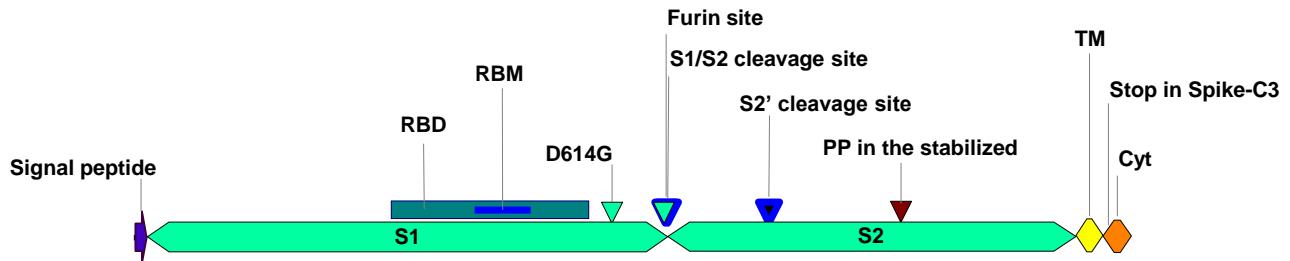
Subject ID	Sex	Age at vaccination (years)	N. of vaccine shots	COVID-19	Symptoms category at first COVID-19	Symptoms category at second COVID-19	Days from symptoms onset to first vaccination (range)	SARS-CoV-2 alpha nAbs and RBD IgG at baseline
PZV1	F	56-60	2	Naïve				No
PZV2	M	61-65	2	Naïve				No
PZV3	F	26-30	2	Naïve				No
PZV4	F	26-30	2	Naïve				No
PZV5	M	31-35	2	Naïve				No
PZV6	M	31-35	2	Naïve				No
PZV7	F	56-60	2	Naïve				No
PZV8	F	56-60	2	Naïve				No
PZV9	F	36-40	2	Naïve				No
PZV10	F	41-45	2	Naïve				No
PZV11	M	31-35	2	Naïve				No
PZV12	F	46-50	2	Naïve				No
PZV13	M	36-40	2	First wave				No
PZV14	F	26-30	2	First wave				unknown
PZM5	F	56-60	1	First wave				350 -400
PZV16	F	46-50	1	First wave				250-300
PZM7	F	41-45	2	First wave				300-350
PZV18	F	51-55	2	First wave				250-300
PZV19	F	51-55	2	First wave				300-350
PZV20	M	31-35	2	First wave				300-350
PZV21	F	66-70	2	First wave				300-350
PZV22	F	56-60	2	First wave				300-350
PZV23	F	46-50	2	First wave				>250
PZV24	F	51-55	2	First wave – Second wave				300-350
PZV25	F	46-50	2	First wave – Second wave				250-300
PZV26	M	31-35	2	First wave – Second wave				>200
PZV27	F	46-50	2	Second wave - 2020				50-100
PZV28	F	51-55	2	Second wave				50-100
PZV29	F	26-30	2	Second wave				50-100
PZV30	M	61-65	2	Second wave				50-100
PZV31	F	31-35	2	Second wave				50-100

Supplemental Table S2

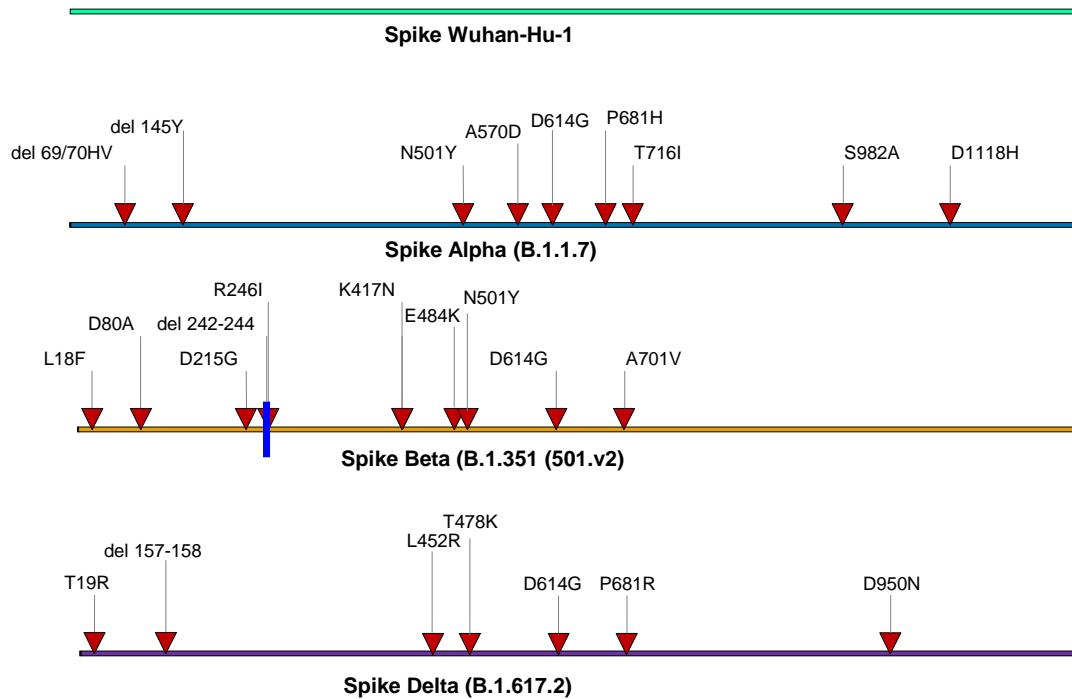
ID50 geometric mean titer post BNT162b2 vaccination

	HCW naïve				HCW with prior COVID-19 nAbs negative at baseline				HCW with prior COVID-19 nAbs positive at baseline			
	Wuhan-Hu-1	alpha	beta	delta	Wuhan-Hu-1	alpha	beta	delta	Wuhan-Hu-1	alpha	beta	delta
Day 31 post Vax	1301	732	210	487	2448	959	305	708	13114	12582	3688	7609
Day 64 post Vax	482	312	48	94	571	285	66	195	5723	6072	1268	3310
Day 64/31 ratio	0.37	0.43	0.23	0.19	0.23	0.3	0.22	0.27	0.43	0.48	0.34	0.43

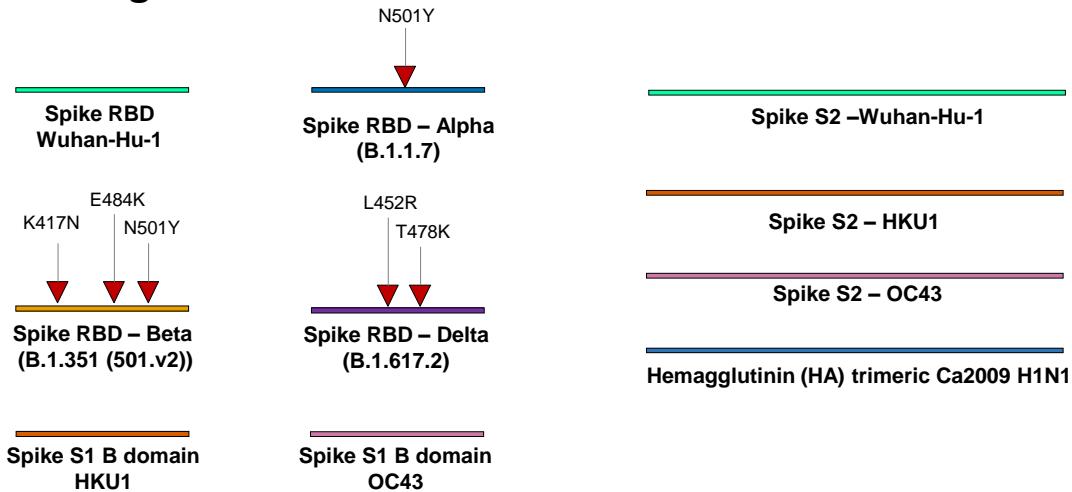
Supplemental figure S1

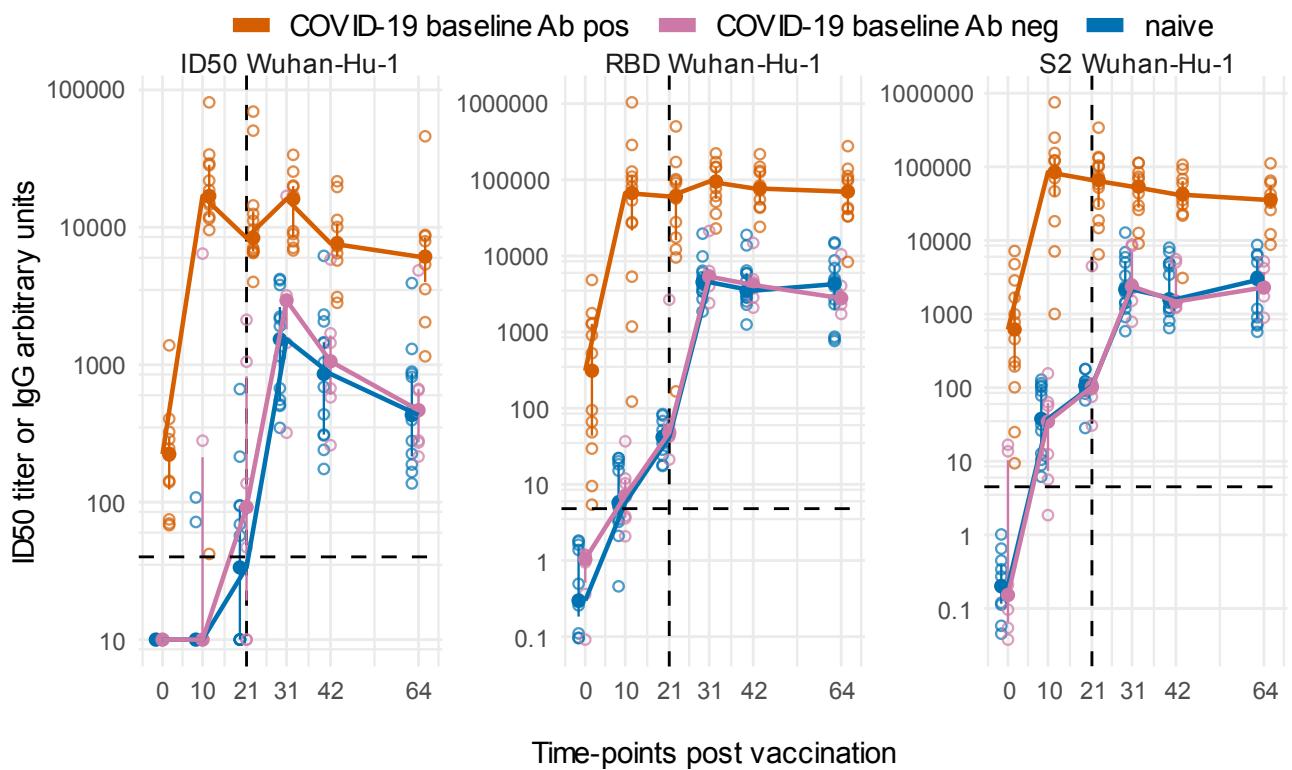


Nab assay antigens



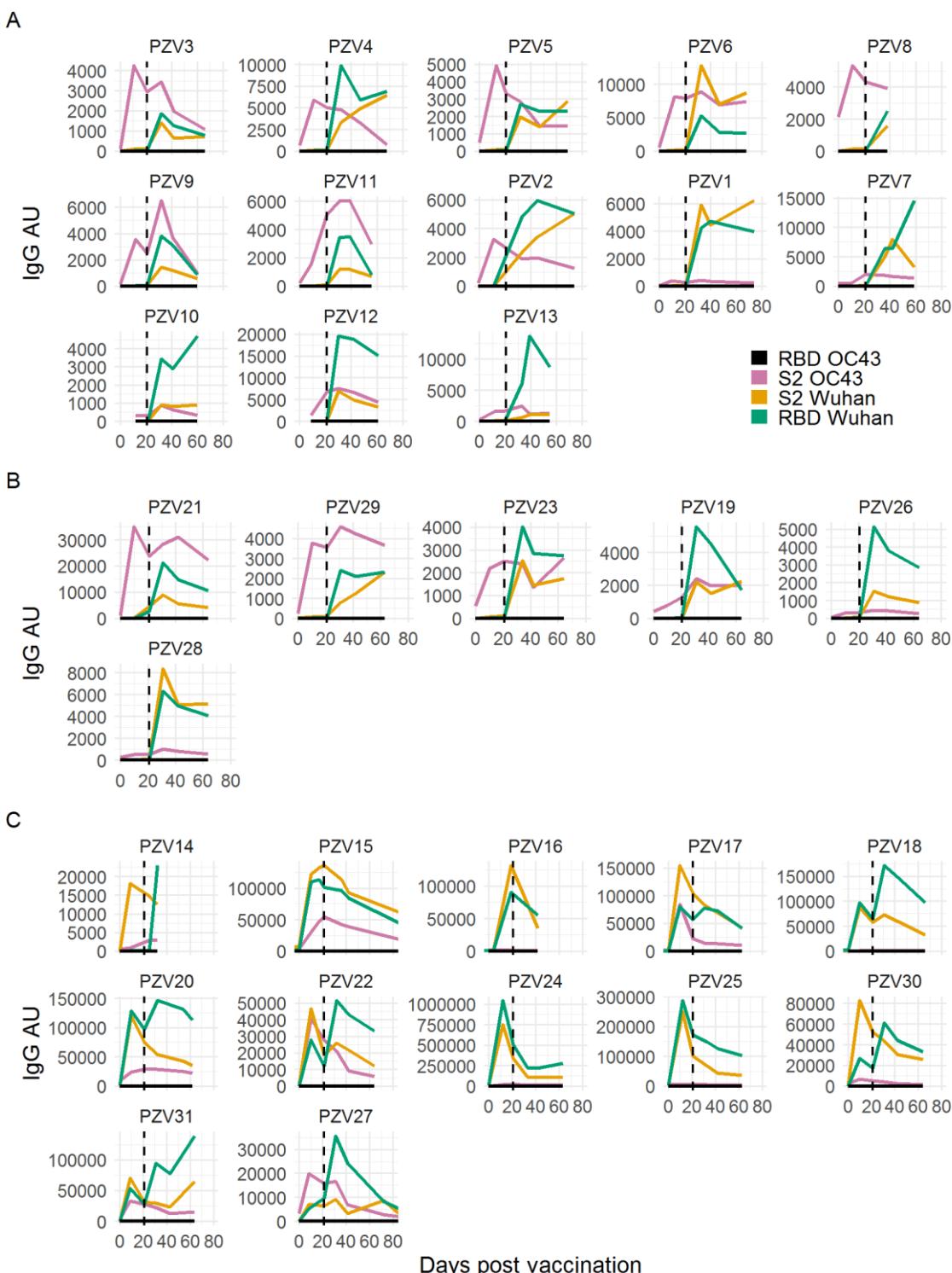
LIPS antigens





Antibody responses against Wuhan-Hu-1 spike antigens in BNT162b2 vaccinees stratified by SARS-CoV-2 Ab status at baseline Lineplots show the temporal profile post-BNT162b2 vaccination of ID50 titers or IgG arbitrary units against the Spike RBD or S2 domains. Vaccinees are stratified according to previous infection with SARS-CoV-2 into naïve or with previous COVID-19 either without or with SARS-CoV-2 neutralizing and RBD antibodies at baseline before vaccination (COVID-19 baseline Ab neg or COVID-19 baseline Ab pos, respectively). Filled circles with error bars correspond to median \pm IQR at the indicated timepoints. Empty circles correspond to individual subject values. Horizontal dashed lines indicate the respective assay threshold for positivity. The vertical dashed line indicates the second vaccine jab timepoint.

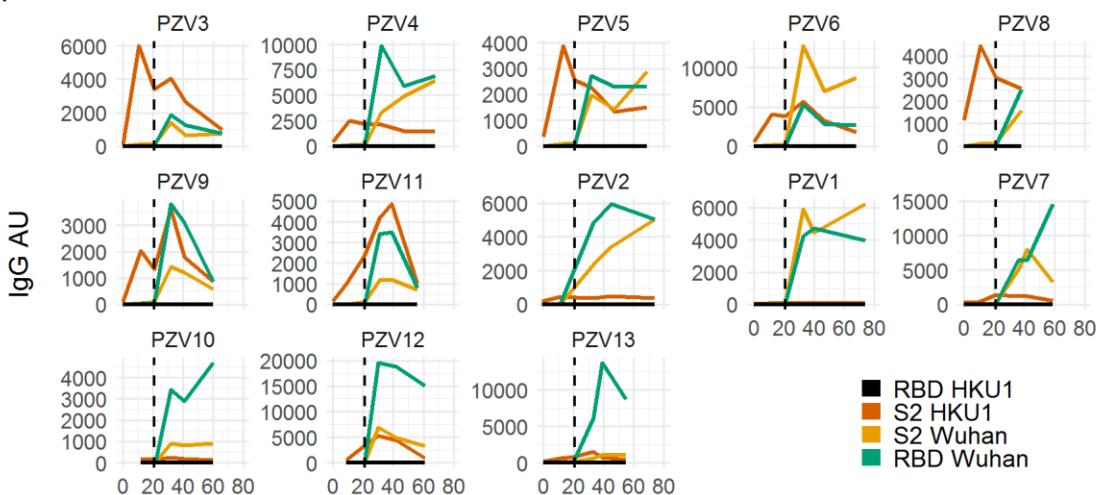
Supplemental Figure S3



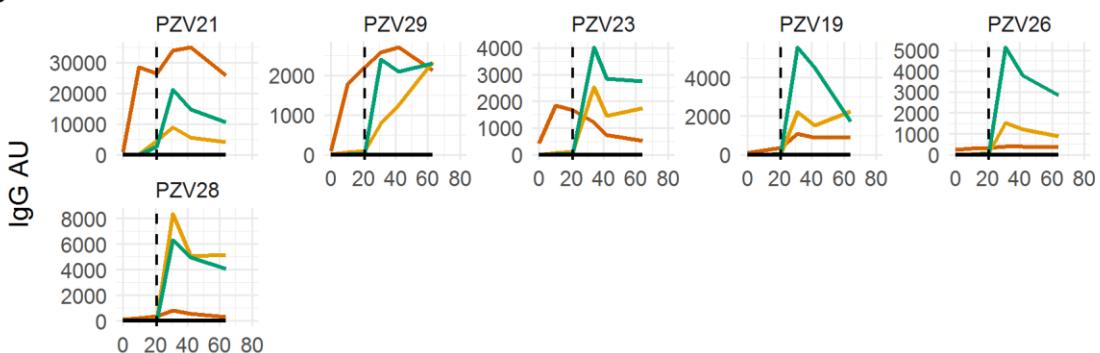
The early boost of seasonal betacoronavirus OC43 antibodies induced by BNT162b2-Comirnaty vaccination is directed against the spike S2 subunit but not the Spike S1 B domain. Lineplots of IgG arbitrary units (AU) against SARS-CoV-2 Wuhan-Hu-1 Spike S 1 RBD, Wuhan-Hu-1 spike S2 subunit, OC43 Spike S1 B domain, and OC43 spike S2 subunit at sequential time-points after vaccination. Vaccinees are stratified as: subjects naïve for SARS-CoV-2 infection (Panel A, n=13), subjects with prior confirmed COVID-19 presenting at vaccination either without Wuhan-Hu-1 nAbs and RBD IgGs (Panel B, n=6) and with prior COVID-19 and SARS-CoV-2 antibodies at baseline (Panel C, n=12). The vertical dashed line indicates the 2nd vaccine jab.

Supplemental Figure S4

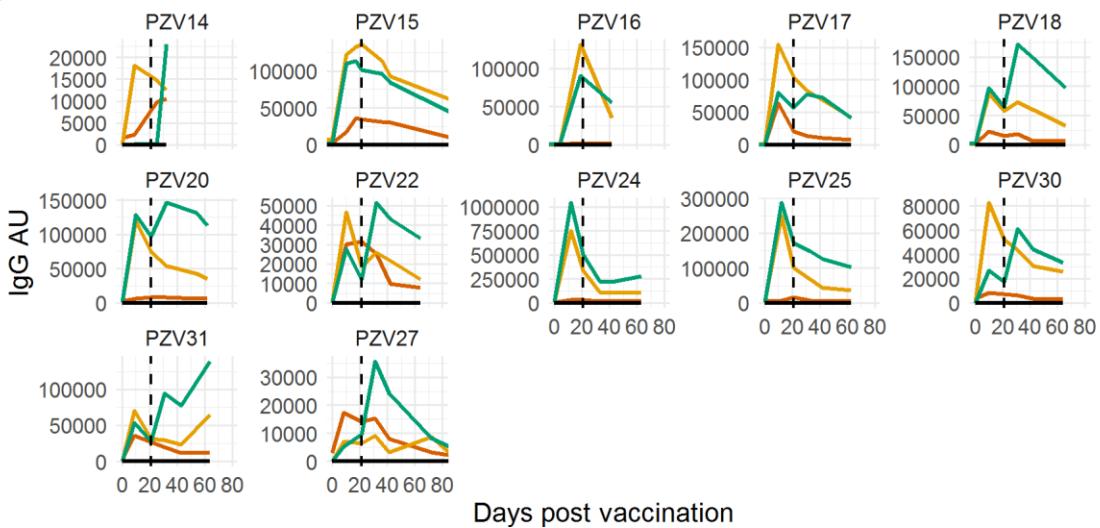
A



B



C



The early boost of seasonal betacoronavirus HKU1 antibodies induced by BNT162b2-Comirnaty vaccination is directed against the spike S2 subunit but not the Spike S1 B domain. Lineplots of IgG arbitrary units (AU) against SARS-CoV-2 Wuhan-Hu-1 Spike S 1 RBD, Wuhan-Hu-1 spike S2 subunit, HKU1 Spike S1 B domain, and HKU1 spike S2 subunit at sequential time-points after vaccination. Vaccinees are stratified as: subjects naïve for SARS-CoV-2 infection (Panel A, n=13), subjects with prior confirmed COVID-19 presenting at vaccination either without Wuhan-Hu-1 nAbs and RBD IgGs (Panel B, n=6) and with prior COVID-19 and SARS-CoV-2 antibodies at baseline (Panel C, n=12). The vertical dashed line indicates the 2nd vaccine jab.

A

Identities 28/108 (26%) Conservative substitutions 17/108 (16%)

OC43 S1 B domain	PDLPN-CNIEAWLNDKSVPSPLNWERKTFNCNFNMSSLSMSFIQADSFTCNNIDAALKIYG
SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD	P++ N C N S W RK SNC + S L + +F C + K+
OC43 S1 B domain	PNITNLCPFGEVFNATRFASVYAWNRKRISNCVADYSVLYNSASFSTFKCYGVSPTKLND
SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD	+CF+++ D F I + G G + NY++ T C + +N
	LCFTNVYADSFVIRGDEVHQIAPGQTGKIADNYKLPPDDFTGCVIAWN 119

B

Identities 220/513 (43%) Conservative substitutions 87/513 (17%)

OC43 S2 EC	IQIPSEFTIGNMEEFIQTSSPKVTIDCAAFVCGDYAACKLQLVEYGSFCDNINAILTEVN
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	I IP+ FTI E + S K ++DC + +CGD C L++YGSFC +N LT +
OC43 S2 EC	IAIPTNFTISVTTEILPVSMKTSVDCTMYICGDSTECSNLLQYGSFCTQLNRALTGIA
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	ELLDTTQLQVANSLMNGVTLSTKLKDGVNFNVDDINFAPVLGCLGSECSKASSRSAIEDL
	D +V + + + + +KD FN I P SK S RS IEDL
OC43 S2 EC	VEQDKNTQEVF-AQVKQIYKTPPIKDFGGFNFSQILPDP-----SKPSKRSFIEDL
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	LFDKVKLSDVGFVEAYNNCTGGAEIRDLICVQSYKGIKVLPPLLSENQISGYTILAATSAS
OC43 S2 EC	LF+KV L+D GF++ Y +C G RDLC Q + G+ VLPLL++ I+ YT A + +
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	LFNKVTLADAGFIKQYGDCLGDIACARDLICAQKFNGLTVLPPLLTDEMIAQYTSALLAGT
OC43 S2 EC	LFPPTAAAG---VPFYLNQYRINGLGVMDVLSQNQKLIANAFNNALHAIQQGFDAT
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	+ WT AG +PF + + YR NG+GVT +VL +NQKLIAN FN+A+ IQ +T
	ITSGWTFGAGAALQIPFAMQMAYRFNGIGVTQNVLYENQKLIANQFNSAIGKIQDSSLST
OC43 S2 EC	NSALVKIQAVVNANSEALNNLLQQLSNRFGAISASLQEILSRLDALEAEAQIDRLINGRL
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	SAL K+Q VVN N++ALN L+QLS+ FGAIS+ L +ILSRD +EAE QIDRLI GRL
OC43 S2 EC	ASALGKLQDVVNQNAQLNTLVQLSSNFGAISSVLDILSRLDKVEAEVQIDRLITGRL
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	QSLQTYVTQQLIRAAEIRASANLAATKMSECVLGQSKRVDFCGKGYHLMSPQSAPHGVV
OC43 S2 EC	TALNAYVSQQLSDSTLVKFSAAQAMEKVNECVKSQSSRINF CGNGNHIISLVQNAPYGLY
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	+L YV+QQL + ++ SA A K++ECV QS R++FCG G H++S Q+AP+G+ +T
	QSLQTYVTQQLIRAAEIRASANLAATKMSECVLGQSKRVDFCGKGYHLMSPQSAPHGVV
OC43 S2 EC	F1HFNYVPTKYVTAKVSPGLCIAGNRGIAPKSGYFVNVNNTWMYTGSGYYYPEPITENVF
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	+H YVP + +P +C G + P+ G FV+ W T +Y P+ IT +N
	FLHVTVYVPAQEKNFTTAPAICHDG-KAHFPREGFVFSNGTHWFVTQRNFYEPQIITTDNT
OC43 S2 EC	VVMSTCAVNYTKAPYVMLNTSIPNLPDFKEELDQWFKNQTSVAPDLS-LDYINVTFLDQ
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	V C V + + P L FKEELD++FKN TS DL + IN + +++Q
	FVSGNCDVVIGIVNNNTVYDPLQPELDSFKEELDKYFKNHTSPDVLGDISGINASVVNIQ
OC43 S2 EC	VEMNRLQEAIKVLNHSYINLKDITYEYYVKWP 510
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	E++RL E K LN S I+L+++G YE Y+KWP 528

Spike protein amino acid sequence homology between SARS-CoV-2 and the OC43 seasonal betacoronavirus. Number of identical or conserved amino acid residues and sequence alignment of the SARS-CoV-2 spike S1 RBD and OC43 Spike S1 B domain (panel A). Number of identical or conserved amino acid residues and sequence alignment of the SARS-CoV-2 and OC43 Spike S2 subunits (panel B).

A

Identities 25/99 (25%) Conservative substitutions 13/99 (13%)

HKU1 S1 B domain	CDIDKWLNFFNVPSPLNWERKIFNSNCNFNLSTLLRLVHTDSFSCNNFDESKIYGSCFKSI
SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD	C + N S W RK SNC + S L +F C +K+ CF ++ CPFGEVFNA TRFASVYAWN RKRISNCVADYSVLYNSASFSTFKCYGVSPKTLNDLCFTNV
HKU1 S1 B domain	VLDKFAIPNSRRSDLQLGSSGFLQSSNYKIDTTSSSQL 104
SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD	D F I + G + NYK+ + C + YADSFVIRGDEV RQIAPGQTGKIADYN YKL PDDFTGCVI 116

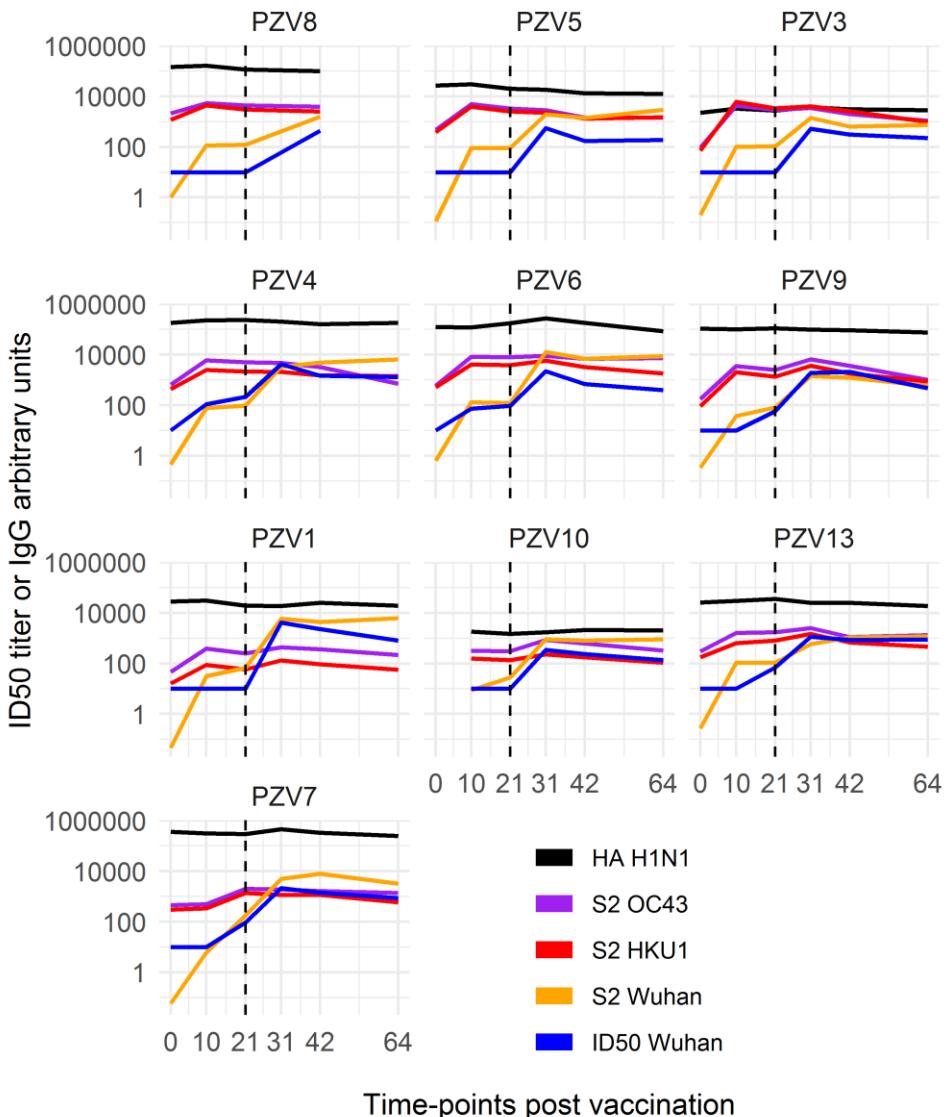
B

Identities 211/514 (41%) Conservative substitutions 96/514 (19%)

HKU1 S2 EC	I KIPTNFTIVGQEEFIQTNSPKVTIDCSLFVCSNYAACHDLLSEYGTFCDNINSILDEVN
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	I IPTNFTI E + + K ++DC+++C + C +LL +Y+FC +N L + IAIPTNFTISVTTEILPVSMKTSVDCTMYICGDSTECNSNLLQYGSFCTQLNRALTGIA
HKU1 S2 EC	GLLDTTQLHVADTLMQGVTLSSNNTNLHFDVDNINFKSLVGCLGPCHGSSRSFFEDLL
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	D V + Q T D NF + L S RSF EDLL VEQDKNTQEVAQVKQ-----IYKTPIKDFGGFNFSQI---LPDPSKPSKRSFIEDLL
HKU1 S2 EC	FDKVKLSDVGFVEAYNNCTGGSEIRDLLCVQSFNGIKVLPPILSESQISGYTTAATVAAM
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	F+KV L+D GF++ Y +C G RDL+C Q FNG+ VLPP+L++ I+ YT+A + FNKVTIADAGFIKQYGDCLGDI AARDLICAQKFNGLTVLPLLLTDEMIAQYTSALLAGTI
HKU1 S2 EC	FPPWSAAAG----IPFSLNQYRINGLGVTMVDVLNKQNKLIA TAFNNALLSIQNGFSATN
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	W+ AG IPF++ + YR NG+GVT +VL +NQKLIA FN+A+ IQ+ S+T TSGWTFGAGAALQIPFAMQMAYRFNGIGVTQNVLYENQKLIANQFNSAIGKIQDSSLSTA
HKU1 S2 EC	SALAKIQSVVNSNAQALNSLQQLFNKGAISSSLQEILSRLDALEAQVQIDRLINGRLT
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	SAL K+Q VVN NAQALN+L++QL + FGAIS L +ILSRD +EA+VQIDRLI GRL SALGKLQDVNVNQNAQALNTLVQLSSNFGAIISSVNLN DILSRLDKVEAEVQIDRLITGRLO
HKU1 S2 EC	ALNAYVSQQLSDISLVKFGA ALAMEKVNECVKSQSPRINFCGNGNHILSLVQNAPYGLLF
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	+L YV+QQL + ++ A LA K++ECV QS R++FCG G H++S Q+AP+G++F SLQTYVTQQLIRAAEIRASANLAATKMSECVLGQSKRVDFCGKGYHLMSPQSAPHGVVF
HKU1 S2 EC	MHFSYKPISFKTVLSPGLCISGDVGIAPKQGYFIKHNDHW MFTGSSYYPEPISDKNVV
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	+H +Y P K +P +C G P++G F+ + HW T ++Y P+ I+ N LHV TYVPAQEKNFTTAPAICHDGKAHF-PREGVFVSN GTHW FVTQRNFYEPQIITTDNTF
HKU1 S2 EC	FMNTCSVNFTKAPLVYLNHSVPKLSDFESEL SHWFKNQTSIAPNLT -NLHTINATFLDL
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	C V + P+L F+ EL +FKN TS P++ L ++ INA+ ++++ VSGNCDVVIGIVNNNTVYDPLQPELDSFKEELDKYFKNHTS--PDV DLDISGINASVNV
HKU1 S2 EC	YYEMNLIQESIKSLNNSYINLK DIGTYEMYKWP 511
SARS-CoV-2 S2 EC	E++ + E K+LN S I+L+++G YE Y+KWP QKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQELGKYEQYIKWP 528

Spike protein amino acid sequence homology between SARS-CoV-2 and the HKU1 seasonal betacoronavirus. Number of identical or conserved amino acid residues and sequence alignment of the SARS-CoV-2 spike S1 RBD and HKU1 Spike S1 B domain (panel A). Number of identical or conserved amino acid residues and sequence alignment of the SARS-CoV-2 and HKU1 Spike S2 subunits (panel B).

Supplemental figure S7

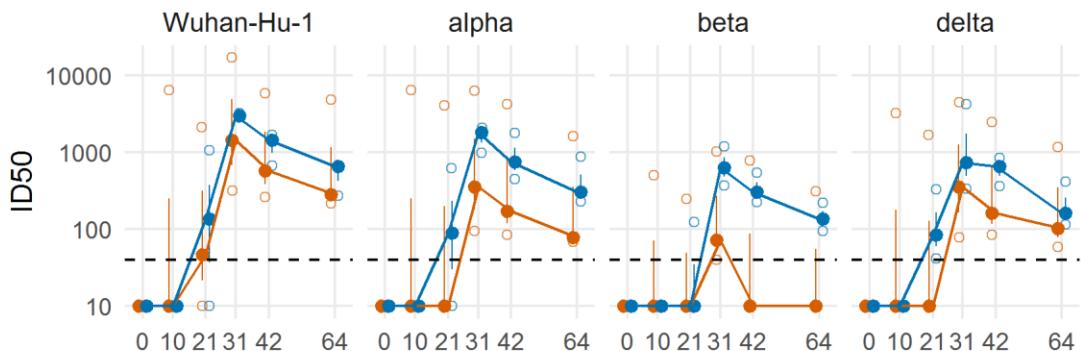


The antibody response to the pandemic H1N1 flu virus HA antigen is not affected by vaccination. The lineplots show the temporal profile post BNT162b2 vaccination of antibody levels in binding or neutralization assays in a selection of SARS-CoV-2 naïve BNT162b2 vaccinees. HA antibodies show modest fluctuation over time that are not synchronous with those against betacoronaviruses' antigens. The dashed line indicates the second BNT162b2 jab timepoints.

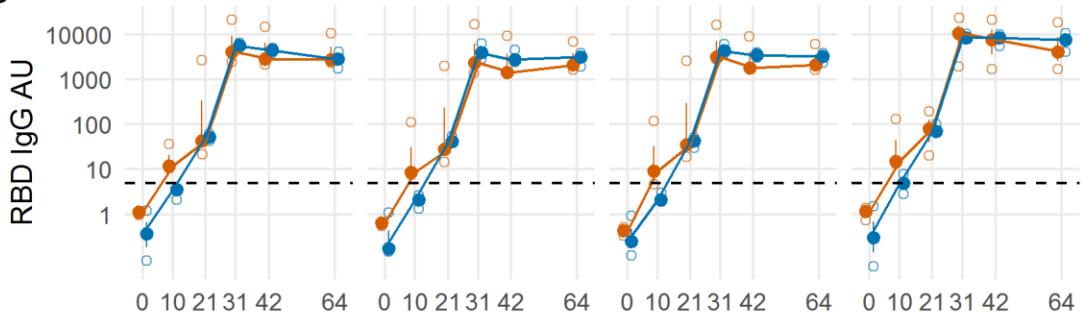
Supplemental figure S8

A

HKU1-S2 peak value at day 10 █ above median █ below median

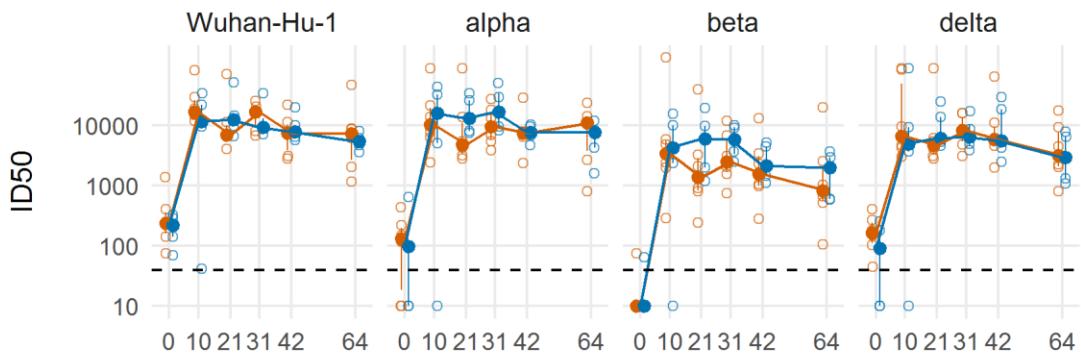


B

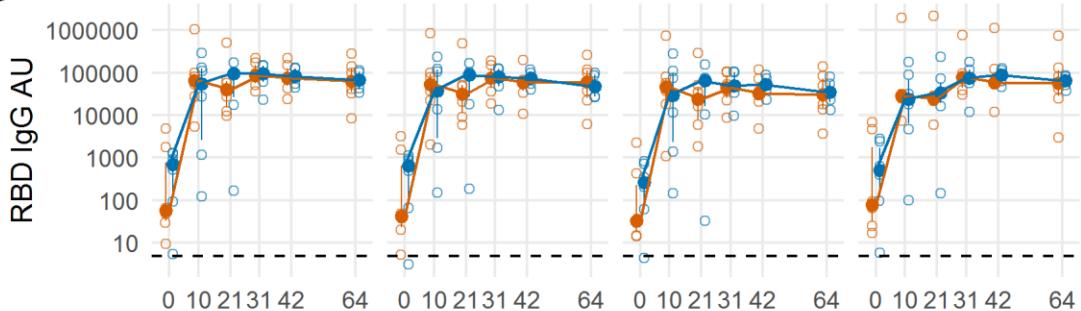


In vaccines with previous COVID-19 and SARS-CoV-2 antibody negative at baseline, an early boost of HKU1 IgGs post-vaccination is associated with a trend towards a more rapid decrease of Nabs titers but not RBD IgG binding antibodies The lineplots show the temporal profile of antibody levels in neutralizing (upper panels) or binding (lower panels) antibody assays using antigens from the indicated SARS-CoV-2 variants. Subjects were stratified according to HKU1 S2 spike IgG levels above or below the median at day 10 post vaccination. The observed difference between the two strata did not reach statistical significance (two-way repeated measures ANOVA p adjusted = ns).

A

HKU1-S2 peak value at day 10 █ above median █ below median

B



In vaccines with previous COVID-19 and SARS-CoV-2 antibody positive at baseline, higher early IgG to the HKU1 S2 spike post BNT162b2 vaccination are not associated with later Nabs titers or RBD IgG binding antibodies The lineplots show the temporal profile of antibody levels in neutralizing (upper panels) or binding (lower panels) antibody assays using antigens from the indicated SARS-CoV-2 variants. Subjects were stratified according to HKU1 S2 spike IgG levels above or below the median at day 10 post vaccination. No significant differences between the two strata were observed in a two-way repeated measures ANOVA.