Online Resource 3

Supplemental table 2

Patient characteristics in relation to degree of frailty.

	Fit – well	Very mild -	Moderate	Severe	p-value*
	(CFS 1 to 3,	Mild frailty	frailty (CFS	frailty (CFS	
	n=23)	(CFS 4 to 5,	6, n=44)	7 to 8,	
		n=88)		n=40)	
Mean age, years	83.6 (6.2)	86.0 (5.5)	86.7 (5.6)	88.0 (5.5)	.004
(SD)					
Female, $N(\%)$	10 (44)	57 (65)	34 (77)	21 (53)	.66
Median number of	5 (4)	6 (4)	7 (4)	7 (5)	.001
medications on					
discharge (IQR)					
Mean Charlson	1.4 (1.5)	1.8 (1.8)	1.9 (1.7)	2.5 (1.7)	.015
Comorbidity Index,					
(SD)					
Delirium during	0 (0)	24 (27)	18 (41)	20 (50)	<.001
hospital stay, N (%)					
Median length of	4 (5)	6 (4)	8 (6)	9 (7)	<.001
hospital stay (IQR)					
Illness severity					
Mean NEWS2	3.7 (1.9)	4.6 (2.5)	5.3 (2.6)	5.7 (3.4)	.001
score (SD)					
Mean FI-laboratory	.34 (.15)	.36 (.16)	.37 (.14)	.41 (.15)	.052
score (SD)					

High clinical illness	5 (22)	38 (43)	28 (64)	24 (60)	.001
severity \S , N (%)					
High laboratory	5 (22)	22 (25)	12 (27)	14 (35)	.20
illness severity \S,N					
(%)					
Both high clinical	3 (13)	8 (9)	7 (16)	8 (20)	.15
and laboratory					
illness severity, N					
(%)					
Discharge					
destination					
Home without need	18 (78)	17 (19)	1 (2)	0 (0)	<.001
for assistance, N					
(%)					
Home with	2 (9)	46 (52)	21 (48)	7 (18)	.32
assistance, N (%)					
Short-term nursing	0 (0)	17 (19)	21 (48)	25 (63)	<.001
home/rehabilitation,					
N (%)					
Long-term care	1 (4)	0 (0)	0 (0)	6 (15)	.003
facility, $N(\%)$					

P-values for linear regressions of age, number of drugs at discharge, age-adjusted Charlson comorbidity index, length of stay, clinical and laboratory illness severity as dependent variables and CFS-category as independent variable. For hospital length of stay, the p-value results from a non-parametric Jonckheere-Terpstra test of trend. For binary dependent variables, p-values are from Chi square-tests of trend (linear-by-linear association). §High clinical illness severity = NEWS2-score ≥ 5. §§High laboratory illness severity = FI-value ≥

.45. Abbreviations: $N = Number of participants$. IQR = Interquartile range, i.e., difference between 25th and 75th percentile, rounded to						
nearest integer). SD = Standard deviation. NEWS2 = New Early Warning Score 2, maximum value during hospital stay. CFS = Clinical						
Frailty Scale. CI = confidence interval. FI-Laboratory = Frailty index of 14 routine laboratory tests.						