

Highly specific chimeric DNA-RNA-guided genome editing with enhanced CRISPR-Cas12a system

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The clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats (CRISPR)-Cas12a system is composed of a Cas12a effector that acts as a DNA-cleaving endonuclease and a crisper RNA (crRNA) that guides the effector to the target DNA. It is considered a key molecule for inducing target-specific gene editing in various living systems. Here, we improved the efficiency and specificity of the CRISPR-Cas12a system through protein and crRNA engineering. In particular, to optimize the CRISPR-Cas12a system at the molecular level, we used a chimeric DNA-RNA guide chemically similar to crRNA to maximize target sequence specificity. Compared with the wild-type (wt)-Cas12a system, when using enhanced Cas12a system (en-Cas12a), the efficiency and target specificity improved on average by 2.58 and 2.77 times, respectively. In our study, when the chimeric DNA-RNA-guided en-Cas12a effector was used, the gene-editing efficiency and accuracy were simultaneously increased. These findings could contribute to highly accurate genome editing, such as human gene therapy, in the near future.

INTRODUCTION

The clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats (CRISPR)-Cas system, which is known to be a bacterial defense system, is composed of Cas endonuclease and guide RNA; it is known to operate in various living organisms.^{1–3} Recently, it has been used as a key tool for *in vivo* therapeutics because it can be reprogrammed specifically for a target gene. Thus, it is easy to use the CRISPR-Cas system to access genetic diseases.^{4,5} The field of gene therapy is growing into a large market in which these advanced genome-editing

tools are frequently employed; thus, it is important to determine whether the CRISPR-Cas system can accurately induce mutations into a target.^{6,7} The target sequence specificity of CRISPR occurs because of molecular-level interactions resulting from its intrinsic properties.^{8–10} CRISPR-Cas endonuclease recognizes target DNA based on the complementary nucleotide sequence contained in the guide RNA. CRISPR-Cas recognizes the protospacer adjacent motif (PAM) sequence in the target gene through the PAM interaction domain, melts the DNA double helix, and propagates the hybridization of guide RNA and target DNA to form a stable R loop that induces target DNA cleavage.^{11–15} It has been reported that the hybridization between the guide RNA and the target DNA, which is formed to aid the CRISPR-Cas system in stably binding to the target DNA, is approximately 20–24 bp; it can have various mismatch tolerances depending on the target sequence.^{16–20} Accordingly, the possibility of inducing cleavage to off-targets similar to the target sequence has been reported, and efforts have been made to reduce such errors.^{9,21–23}

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Among CRISPR-Cas endonucleases, the CRISPR-Cas12a system, which belongs to class II and type V, has excellent target specificity.^{13,24–27} Therefore, it has attracted much attention as an accurate genome-editing tool for use as a therapeutic agent for humans in the future. Unfortunately, the CRISPR-Cas12a system has also been reported to have a tolerance for mismatches in the intermediate region (8–9 bp) or in the PAM distal region inside the protospacer, which is necessary for target recognition.¹⁸ This off-target cleavage effect appears to be more serious for engineered CRISPR-Cas12a, which has enhanced target recognition and improved gene-editing efficiency.^{28,29} When considering gene therapy for human systems in the future, efficiency and safety will likely be important issues; they must be addressed simultaneously to improve the CRISPR-Cas12a system.

In this study, we devised a technology that dramatically lowers the induction of off-target mutations while efficiently inducing on-target mutations by effectively recognizing various target nucleotide sequences in human-derived cell lines. When using this enhanced Cas12a system (en-Cas12a) with strong target recognition, the average efficiency of inducing mutations in the target sequence increased (1.7- to 16.9-fold) when guided by a chimeric DNA-RNA guide in comparison with the wild-type Cas12a (wt-Cas12a) system. In addition, the average (0.5%–10.6%) of the mutation induction efficiency of off-target nucleotide sequences was reduced (0.1%–3.6%) by using a chimeric DNA-RNA guide, which increased the target specificity 2.8-fold on average. Using the chimeric DNA-RNA guide-based en-Cas12a system developed in this study, it is possible to induce target-specific, high-efficiency gene editing. Therefore, our proof-of-concept study could contribute in the near future to the fundamental treatment of various incurable human diseases resulting from genetic mutations.

RESULTS

Comparison of target DNA cleavage activity of chimeric DNA-RNA-guided en-AsCas12a and wt-AsCas12a

The CRISPR-Cas12a system uses single-stranded crisper RNA (crRNA) to hybridize target DNA with 20 bases, form a stable R loop, and induce target DNA cleavage. When the amino acid residues (Lys548, Ser542, and Glu174) interacting near the PAM (TTTN) sequence were changed to positive residues for the interaction between Cas12a and the target DNA (Figure 1A, left inset), the target-induced indel ratio (%) was improved for various genes.²⁸ From these results, we speculate that PAM recognition contributes to the kinetics of the entire Cas12a target recognition and DNA cleavage process, and that it can eventually affect stable R-loop formation through the hybridization of DNA and crRNA. The target specificity (on-target editing/off-target editing) of the Cas12a system has previously been optimized by substituting DNA for the 3' end of the crRNA to change the hybridization energy between crRNA and target DNA (Figure 1A, right inset).³⁰ Based on this system, here we attempted to maximize the target specificity and genome-editing efficiency using en-AsCas12a (*Acid-*

aminococcus sp. Cas12a), which has enhanced target recognition. First, to improve target specificity by changing the binding energy of the target DNA-crRNA hybridization region, we gradually substituted the crRNA with DNA; we then confirmed the influence of this substitution on the target DNA cleavage for wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a effectors (Figure 1B). Amplicon cleavage assays were performed on the target nucleotide sequences of both genes (*DNMT1* and *CCR5-site2*) (Figure S1). When DNA was gradually substituted from the 3' end of the crRNA (recognized by AsCas12a), en-AsCas12a showed improved target recognition compared with wt-AsCas12a; it demonstrated more tolerance to the DNA substitution of crRNA (Figures 1B and S2). As previously reported,³⁰ when 12 or more DNAs are substituted from the 3' end of Cas12a, the cleavage activity of the DNA amplicon is reduced, and almost no activity is shown in substitutions over 16 nt DNAs. However, en-AsCas12a showed robust cleavage activity after 12 nt DNA substitutions at the 3' end of crRNA, but showed a decrease in activity by more than half following 16 nt or more DNA substitutions. This indicates that en-AsCas12a is more tolerant than wt-AsCas12a to DNA substitution at the 3' end of crRNA, which is advantageous for target DNA cleavage.

Optimization of the genome-editing activity of en-AsCas12a based on a chimeric DNA-RNA guide to a target nucleotide sequence on the intracellular genome

To check whether the engineered en-AsCas12a effector, based on this chimeric DNA-RNA guide, could effectively induce target-specific gene mutations in human cells, we used various chimeric DNA-RNA guides to induce mutations and analyzed the efficiency in comparison with wt-AsCas12a. Comparative analysis of mutation induction efficiencies for the target nucleotide sequences of three genes (*DNMT1*, *IL2A-AS1*, and *CCR5-site1*) revealed that engineered en-AsCas12a outperformed wt-AsCas12a in terms of editing efficiency (Figures 2 and S1). In particular, the induction of gene mutations targeting intracellular loci showed a different trend from that of amplicon cleavage (Figure 1B). Unlike wt-AsCas12a, which exhibited a significantly lower operating efficiency based on chimeric DNA-RNA guides for the target sequence in the genome, engineered en-AsCas12a allowed up to 8 nt DNA substitutions (8DNA) from the 3' end of the crRNA while maintaining the editing activity (Figures 2, S3, S4, and S8). Surprisingly, engineered en-AsCas12a showed 1.7- to 16.9-fold improvements in mutation induction efficiency compared with wt-AsCas12a when the 3' end of crRNA was substituted with 8 nt DNA to increase target specificity. This effect was universally confirmed in various genes (*CCR5-site2*, *FANCF*); on average, a 7.3-fold higher recovery was achieved (Figures S3, S4, and S8). Previous studies have reported that when AsCas12a targets the intracellular genome and operates on the basis of a chimeric DNA-RNA guide it is difficult to induce mutations in the target nucleotide sequence, owing to many restrictions on the topology of the intracellular genome.³⁰ Accordingly, in this study we attempted to change the genome topology near the target sequence by using nickase. We compared the resulting changes in the genome-editing efficiency of the target sequence

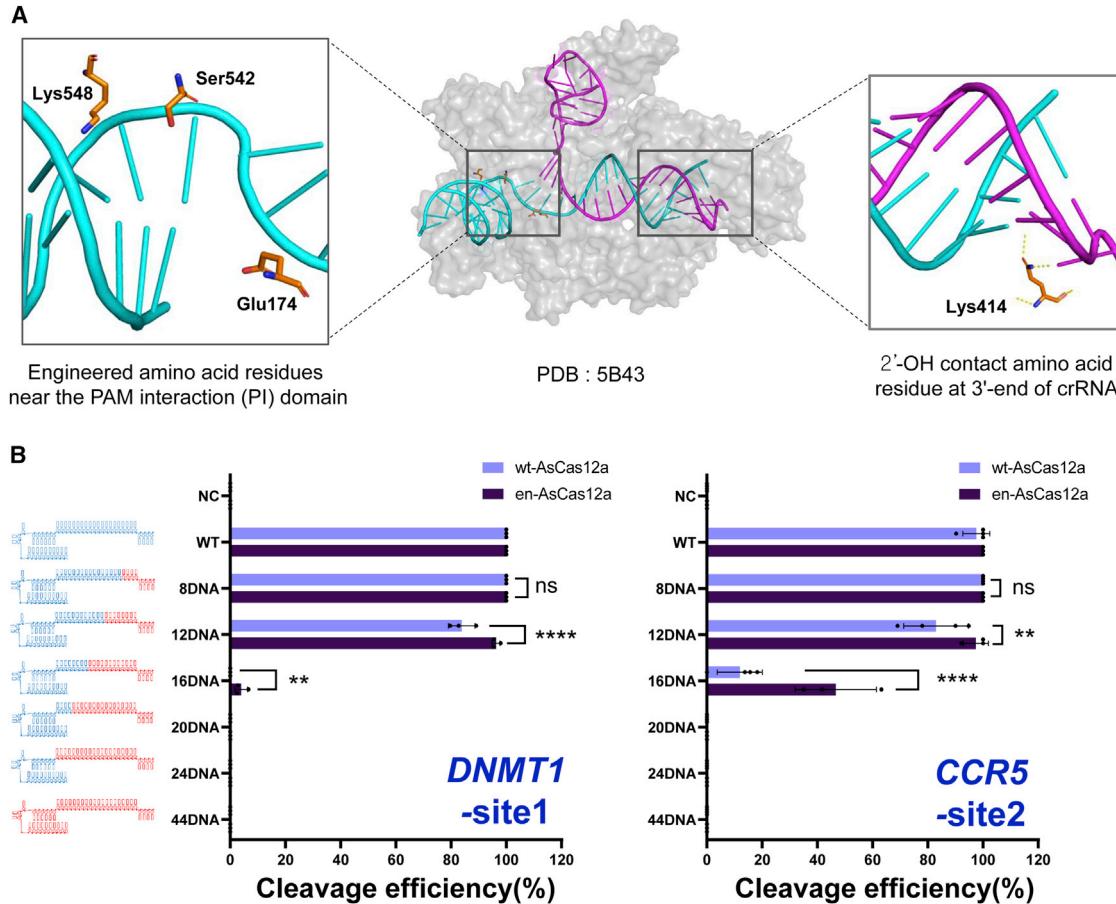


Figure 1. Comparison of target DNA cleavage activity of chimeric DNA-RNA guided en-Cas12a and wt-Cas12a

(A) Structure of the target-strand DNA-crRNA-AsCas12a complex (PDB: 5B43). Left inset: amino acids in AsCas12a interacting with around the PAM sequence in the target DNA. Right inset: amino acid (Lys414) interacting with the target-strand DNA-crRNA duplex in AsCas12a (hydrogen bonding with the 2'-OH group on the crRNA 3' end region). (B) Comparison of cleavage efficiency of DNA amplicons using chimeric DNA-RNA guided wt-AsCas12a (light purple) and en-AsCas12a (dark purple). Each chimeric DNA-RNA includes target nucleotide sequences (*DNMT1*, *CCR5*-site2) with gradual DNA substitution from the 3' end of crRNA. NC, negative control; WT, wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a. The RNA region of the (cr)RNA is shown in blue, and the substituted DNA region is shown in red (8DNA to 44DNA indicates number of substituted DNA nucleotides in (cr)RNA). The x axis indicates the efficiency of the target gene (*DNMT1*-site1, *CCR5*-site2) cleavage by wt- and en-AsCas12a using various chimeric DNA-RNA guides (gradual DNA substitution from the 3' end of the (cr)RNA). All cleavage efficiencies were calculated from band intensity, which was separated on 2% agarose gel (cleaved fragment intensity [%]/total fragment intensity [%]). All calculated values were normalized to wild-type (cr)RNA (Figure S2). The histograms represent means \pm SEM from three independent experimental values. p values were calculated using two-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns, not significant; *p < 0.0332, **p < 0.0021, ***p < 0.0002, ****p < 0.0001).

for wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a (Figures S1, S3, S4, and S8). In the case of wt-AsCas12a, the mutation induction efficiency, which was reduced by the use of an 8 nt DNA-substituted chimeric DNA-RNA guide (8DNA), was completely recovered by co-treatment with nickase. In the case of en-AsCas12a, the mutation induction efficiency was maintained at a level similar to that of wt-crRNA using chimeric DNA-RNA (8DNA); it was not significantly affected by nickase (Figures 2, S3, S4, and S8). Therefore, these data indicate that using the en-AsCas12a effector, based on the chimeric DNA-RNA guide (8DNA), enables more effective genome editing than wt-AsCas12a when inducing mutations on the target DNA, without the help of nickase.

Improving target specificity for inducing genetic mutations in the intracellular genome using chimeric DNA-RNA-guided engineered en-AsCas12a

Next, we compared the chimeric DNA-RNA guide-based engineered en-AsCas12a and wt-AsCas12a effectors regarding their target specificities under optimized conditions (3' end 8DNA substitution of crRNA) that effectively induced mutations in the target sequences (Figures 3, S1, S5, S6, and S9). We performed mutation induction experiments with the Cas12a system for various genes in advance and then selected gene sites (*CCR5*, *AAVS1*, *DNMT1*) with a high off-target indel ratio. For these gene sites, mutations were induced using wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a effectors, after

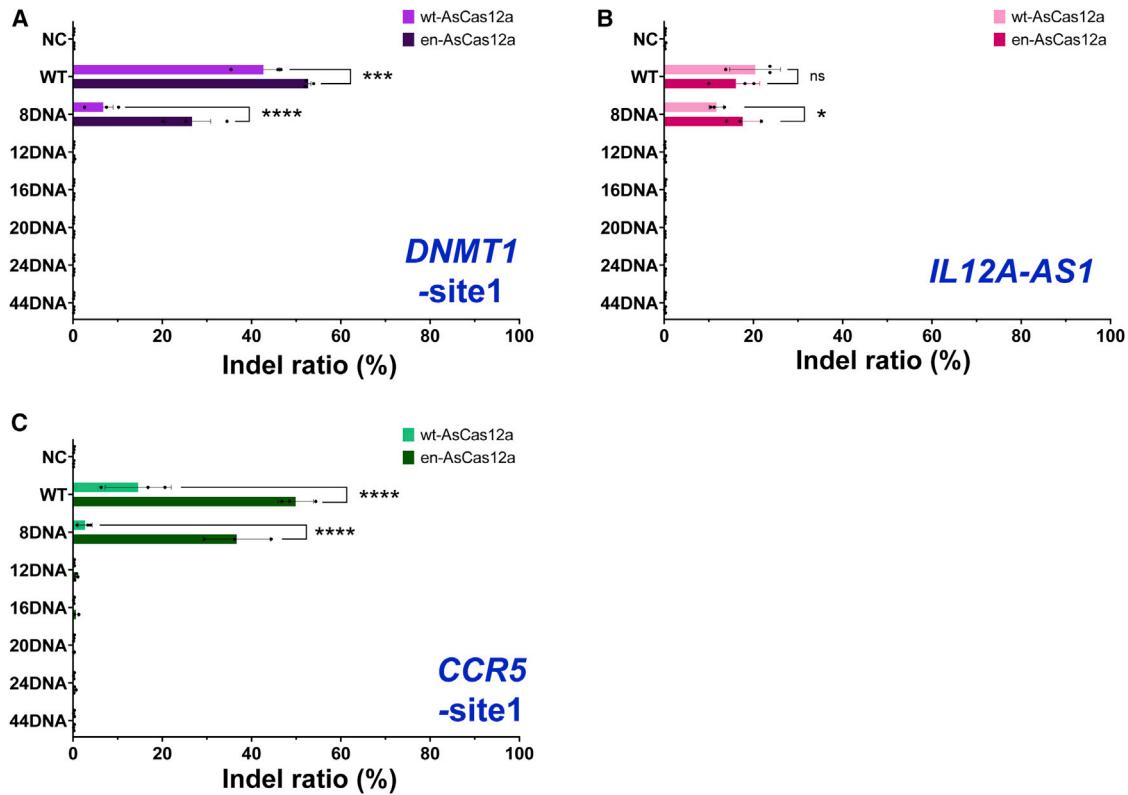


Figure 2. Comparison and optimization of genome-editing efficiency of en-Cas12a and wt-Cas12a based on chimeric DNA-RNA guide targeting endogenous locus in cell lines (HEK293FT)

Comparison of genome-editing efficiency (%) of wt-AsCas12a (light color) and en-AsCas12a (dark color) using a chimeric DNA-RNA guide for human-derived cell line (HEK293FT). Comparison of the indel induction efficiency (%) in intracellular genomic target sequences *DNMT1*-site1 (A), *IL2A-AS1* (B), and *CCR5*-site1 (C) by gradual DNA substitution of the 3' end of crRNA. All the indel ratios (%) were calculated from targeted amplicon sequencing [indel ratio (%) = mutant DNA read number/total DNA read number]. Data are shown as means \pm SEM from three independent experiments. p values were calculated using two-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns: not significant; *p < 0.0332, **p < 0.0021, ***p < 0.0002, ****p < 0.0001). NC, negative control; WT, wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a, 8DNA to 44DNA. Chimeric crRNA (sequential 8DNA to 44DNA substitution at 3' end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a.

which the on-/off-target activity was directly compared by performing sequencing-based analysis. In the case of wt-Cas12a-based targeting of the *CCR5*-site1, the target mutation induction efficiency was greatly reduced by the use of chimeric DNA-RNA (Figure 3A). Unlike wt-AsCas12a, in which mutation induction efficiency was recovered in a nickase-dependent manner, for en-AsCas12a the target mutation efficiency was maintained in a nickase-independent manner by using chimeric DNA-RNA, in which the 3' end was substituted with 8 nt DNA (Figure 3B). The nickase dependency was lowered by 11.25 times (Figure 3C) and target specificity was increased by 2.79 times (Figure 3D) using en-AsCas12a. In addition, when the chromosome topology near the target sequence was changed using nickase, the target specificity using chimeric DNA-RNA was further increased by 3.45-fold compared with that of wt-AsCas12a (Figure 3D). We further compared the target specificities of the engineered en-AsCas12a and wt-AsCas12a effectors in the target sequences of two other genes (*AAVS1*-site1 and *DNMT1*-site2) (Figures S5 and S6). When a chimeric DNA-RNA guide was used for *AAVS1*-site1, neither en-AsCas12a nor wt-As-

Cas12a effectors showed nickase dependence, and gene mutations were induced with similar efficiencies to conditions using wt-crRNA (Figure S5). However, when using the en-AsCas12a effector to target the *AAVS1*-site1 sequence, the indel ratio (%) was significantly higher (3.9-fold) than that of wt-Cas12a. However, there were also more unintentional mutations in the off-target sequence (off-target1) (Figures S5A and S5B). We confirmed that the number of mutations induced in the off-target1 sequence was dramatically reduced by the use of chimeric DNA-RNA, in which the 3' end was substituted with 8 nt DNA. Therefore, the overall target specificity was increased 3.5-fold compared with that of wt-AsCas12a when chimeric DNA-RNA (8DNA)-guided en-AsCas12a was used (Figure S5D). The *DNMT1*-site2 showed the same trend as the *AAVS1*-site1 locus targeted by the Cas12a system (Figure S6). In the case of the en-AsCas12a effector based on the chimeric DNA-RNA guide with 8 nt DNA substitution at the 3' end, the indel ratio (%) was significantly increased (1.9-fold) compared with that of wt-AsCas12a. Furthermore, the off-target nucleotide sequence (off-target1, 2)-induced mutations were dramatically

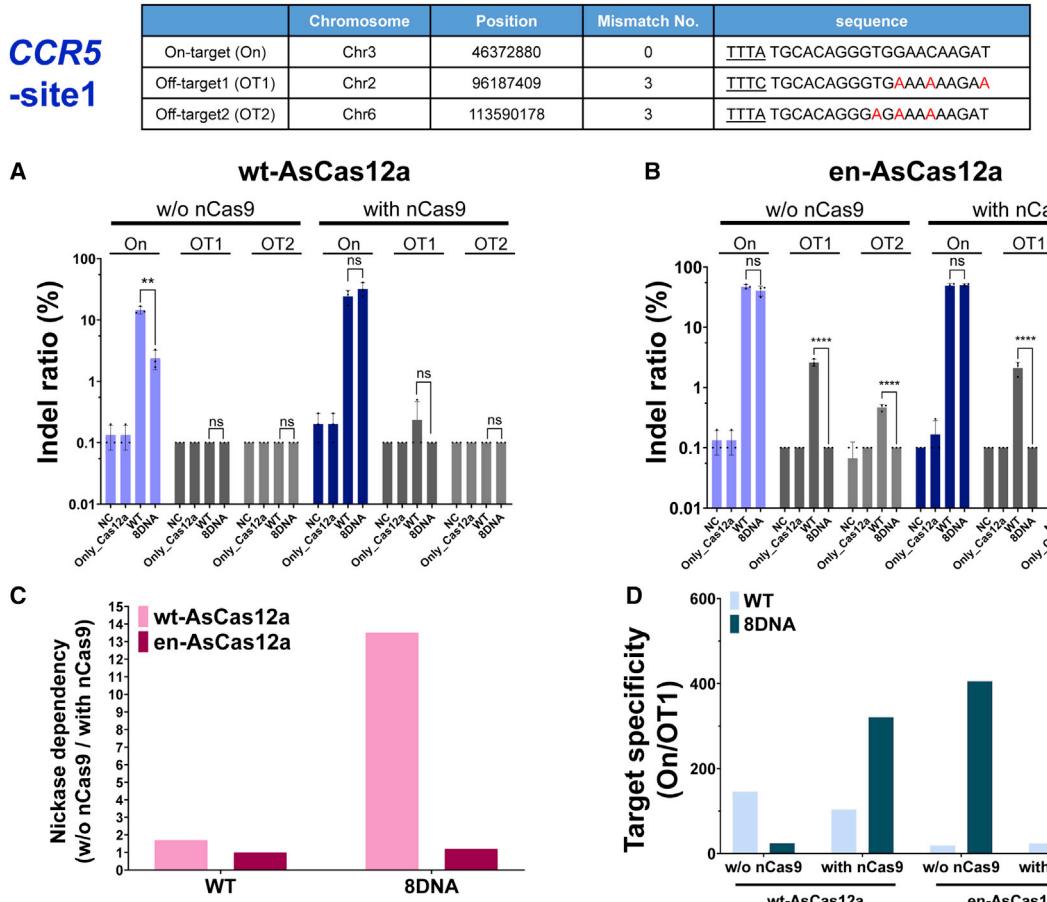


Figure 3. Comparison of genome-editing specificity of en-AsCas12a and wt-AsCas12a based on chimeric DNA-RNA guide targeting endogenous locus in cell lines (HEK293FT)

Upper table shows the on-target nucleotide sequence (On) for target gene (*CCR5*-site1) and the corresponding off-target nucleotide sequence (OT1, OT2) predicted from *in silico* analysis (Bae et al. ³¹). Underlining indicates the PAM (TTTN) nucleotide sequence, and the nucleotides mismatched with the target sequence in the off-target are indicated in red. (A and B) Indel ratio (%) of the wt-AsCas12a-based (A) or en-AsCas12a-based (B) editing on the endogenous target sequences (on/off-target sites for *CCR5*-site1) using wt-crRNA (WT) and 3' end 8 nt DNA-substituted crRNA (8DNA). NC, negative control; Only_Cas12a, only protein treated; nCas9, nickase Cas9 (D10A). (C and D) Nickase dependency (C) and target specificity (D) were calculated from next-generation sequencing results. Nickase dependency = (without [w/o] nCas9 editing [%]/with [w] nCas9 editing [%]); Target specificity = (on-target editing [%]/off-target editing [%]). Histograms represent means ± SEM from three independent experimental values. p values were calculated using two-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns, not significant; *p < 0.0332, **p < 0.0021, ***p < 0.0002, ****p < 0.0001).

reduced (Figures S6A and S6B). As a result, the target specificity was increased 2-fold, regardless of the use of nickase (Figures S6C and S6D). We summarized the data to see at a glance the effect of inducing mutations targeting various genes using wt- or en-AsCas12a. These results show that when mutations are induced in target DNA using chimeric-crRNA-based en-AsCas12a, the off-targeting effect can be reduced while maintaining target mutagenesis activity for various genes in different cell lines (Figures 4, S7, and S10). In conclusion, by inducing mutations in multiple genes using chimeric DNA-RNA-guided en-AsCas12a, the targeted indel ratio (%) was improved 2.6-fold on average without the help of nickase. The off-target mutation induction efficiency was also reduced. Eventually, the target specificity was improved 2.8-fold compared with that of wt-AsCas12a.

A model for improving target specificity and genome-editing efficiency of en-Cas12a, based on chimeric DNA-RNA guides

Combining all of the above findings, the results of the working mechanism of en-Cas12a, compared with the existing wt-Cas12a, are presented in Figure 5, based on the chimeric DNA-RNA guide. When wt-Cas12a was used to cleave the target sequence in the genome of the cell, there was tolerance for mismatches between the protospacer (20 bp) middle part and the PAM (TTTN) distal region, so there was a possibility that Cas12a could recognize and cleave off-target sequences. When wt-Cas12a, based on the chimeric DNA-RNA guide, was used (in which the 3' end was substituted with 8 DNAs), the off-target effect could be reduced by destabilizing the binding of Cas12a to DNA due to crRNA-target strand DNA distortion.³² For the off-target sequence, DNA cleavage property is more severely hampered

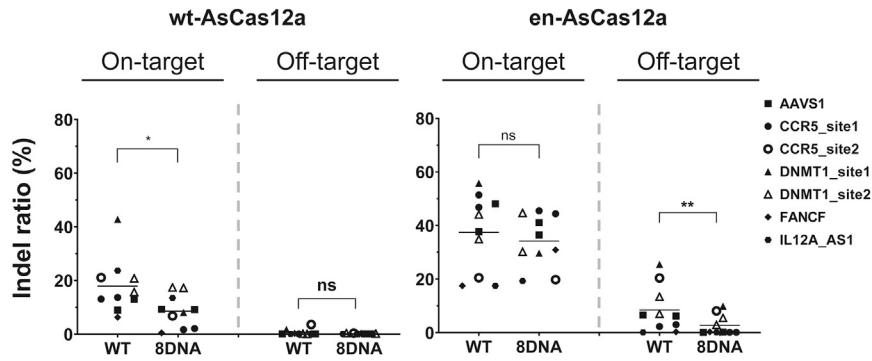


Figure 4. Comparison of the indel ratio (%) of on-target and off-target sites for various genes (AAVS1, CCR5, DNMT1, FANCF, IL12A_AS1) when wt-AsCas12a- or en-AsCas12a-based editing was attempted in cell lines (HEK293FT)

After inducing genetic mutations based on wt- or en-AsCas12a, the results of targeted amplicon sequencing for various targets (AAVS1, CCR5, DNMT1, FANCF, IL12A_AS1) and predicted corresponding off-target sites were analyzed and plotted. WT, wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a; 8DNA, chimeric crRNA (sequential 8 nt DNA substitution at 3' end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a. Each horizontal bar indicates the mean value of indel ratio (%). p values were calculated using two-tailed Student's t test (ns, not significant; *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001, ****p < 0.0001).

by mismatch incorporation in the protospacer region than perfectly matched on-target sequence. However, when chimeric DNA-RNA-based cleavage was performed on the genome in the cell, the mutation-inducing effect on the target nucleotide sequence was largely decreased. In this case, the target specificity was increased only by changing the topology of the genome with the simultaneous use of nickase (Figures 3A–3C). For the en-Cas12a, in which target sequence recognition is reinforced by engineering the interacting amino acids of the PAM sequence recognition part, its efficiency in inducing target sequence mutations for various genes was increased compared with that of Cas12a, but its unintended off-target effects also increased greatly. Using the chimeric DNA-RNA-based en-Cas12a effector to target the intracellular genome can dramatically reduce the effects of off-target mutations. In general, en-Cas12a shows a largely enhanced DNA-targeting property under a chimeric DNA-RNA (3' end 8 nt DNA substitution) guided condition than wt-Cas12a. Without the help of nickase, it is thus possible to increase the target sequence editing efficiency and dramatically lower the off-target sequence editing efficiency. Regarding the efficient induction of gene mutations with respect to the use of chimeric guides, accurate and high-efficiency gene targeting is possible when using chimeric DNA-RNA-based en-Cas12a.

DISCUSSION

The CRISPR-Cas12a effector is attracting attention as a potential future target-specific genome-editing tool as it is known to be capable of inducing mutations in a target sequence on a desired gene; it also has the highest target specificity among previously known CRISPR systems. However, the Cas12a system has been reported to have lower activity than Cas9 in general, and there remains room to improve the properties of the endonuclease itself for applications in various *in vivo* conditions. Efforts have been made to more effectively recognize the target DNA sequence and induce cleavage by engineering the Cas12a system.^{28,29} These studies have shown overall improved activity compared with wt-Cas12a in various genes, through enhanced binding, by changing amino acids around the domain, within Cas12a, and by recognizing the PAM sequence in the target DNA. However, most CRISPR endonucleases induce double-stranded cleavage by forming an R loop

through the complementary binding of target-strand DNA and crRNA. In general, as the tolerance of mismatch recognition increases due to enhanced binding affinity, the chance of off-target binding also increases, and we believe that the effects of off-target binding would be maximized when using engineered Cas12a systems. In the future, if a genome-editing technology is directly applied to the human body, the target specificity of the CRISPR system can be a very important issue. For the gene-editing system to work efficiently in the human body, safety issues must also be considered in parallel with editing efficiency. Therefore, a method for increasing target specificity is also required, in parallel with methods to enhance activity.

Previous studies have improved target specificity by applying crRNA engineering to the Cas12a system; target-specific gene mutations have been effectively induced by optimizing the length of DNA substitution. Mismatch tolerance has been reduced by changing the complementary binding energy of target-strand DNA and crRNA through sequential 8 nt DNA substitutions at the 3' end of crRNA. This principle confirms that the induction of off-target mutations can be reduced while maintaining the efficiency of inducing target mutations. Based on this, here we used chimeric DNA-RNA crRNA to engineer en-AsCas12a, which displayed maximized target sequence recognition and improved mutation induction efficiency in various target nucleotide sequences in comparison with wt-AsCas12a. Surprisingly, the induction of off-target mutations was dramatically decreased, and eventually the target specificity was largely improved. Interestingly, the observed discrepancy between amplicon cleavage (Figure 1B) and genome editing inside the cell (Figure 2) showed that the cleavage activity of Cas12a endonuclease is greatly influenced by DNA topology. Chimeric DNA-RNA crRNA-based en-AsCas12a and wt-AsCas12a displayed differing sensitivities to the intracellular genome, so en-AsCas12a showed higher gene mutation induction efficiency than wt-AsCas12a. These results suggest that en-AsCas12a can, to some extent, overcome structures that are unfavorable to target DNA cleavage due to unstable R-loop formation (due to the DNA substitution of crRNA in the genomic sequence). This is achievable by enhancing PAM recognition through protein engineering. In general,

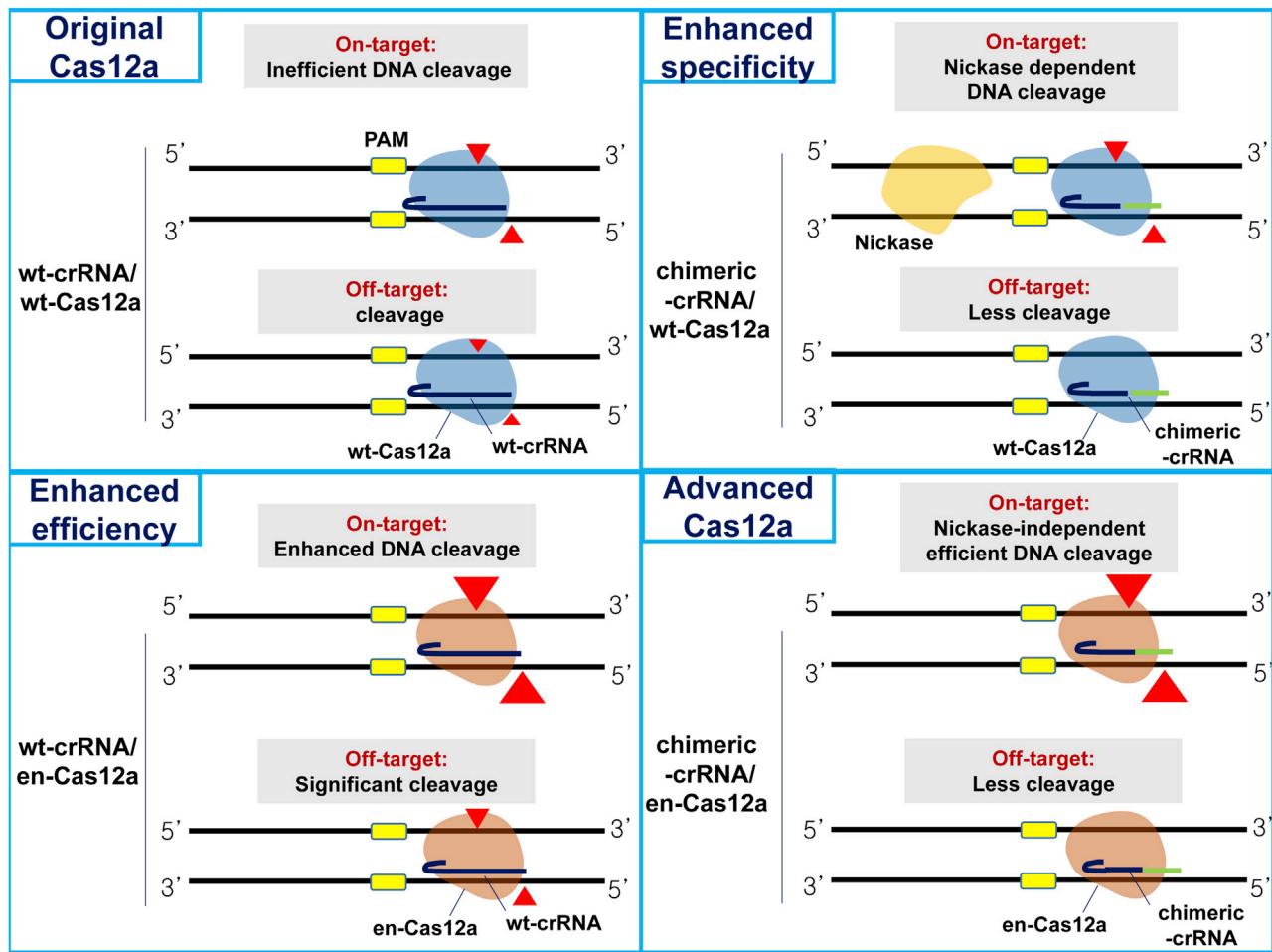


Figure 5. A model for enhancing target specificity and editing efficiency of en-Cas12a based on chimeric DNA-RNA-guided engineering

(Upper left) wt-crRNA guided wt-Cas12a system. In general, the wt-Cas12a effector can induce genetic mutations in target sequences but can also induce mutations in similar off-target sequences. (Bottom left) wt-crRNA-guided en-Cas12a system. Recognition of a target sequence is enhanced by an effector engineered by amino acid substitution, and thus the efficiency of inducing gene mutations is increased compared with that of the wt-Cas12a effector. However, due to the same principle as target sequence recognition, there is a problem in that the mutation induction efficiency of off-target sequences is also increased. (Upper right) Chimeric-crRNA-guided wt-Cas12a system. Effectively reduced off-target mutation induction efficiency when using a chimeric DNA-RNA guide with 8 nt DNA substituted at the 3' end. However, the efficiency of mutation induction for the target nucleotide sequence in the genome is also reduced, and the efficiency is restored only when there is the action of nickase on the nucleotide sequence near the target. (Bottom right) Chimeric-crRNA-guided en-Cas12a system. This maximizes the target sequence indel ratio (%) and minimizes the off-target indel ratio (%) when using a chimeric DNA-RNA (8DNA)-guided en-Cas12a effector. It can induce more accurate and high-efficiency gene editing than wt-Cas12a on genomic DNA. PAM (TTTN) sequence for Cas12a effector is indicated by the yellow box. DNA cleavage points are indicated by red arrowheads, and the degree of cleavage is indicated by arrowhead size according to the Cas12a activity. The wt-Cas12a and en-Cas12a effectors are shown in blue and brown, respectively. In the wt-crRNA and chimeric DNA-RNA guides, RNA is indicated in dark blue and nucleotides replaced with DNA in green.

the low operating efficiency induced in the intracellular genome by wt-Cas12a (based on the DNA substitution of crRNA to improve target specificity) could be recovered by changing the genome topology by using nickase around the target sequence. However, in the case of en-Cas12a, it was possible to induce a significant amount of mutation following up to eight DNA substitutions at the 3' end of the crRNA, without the help of nickase. Therefore, when using chimeric DNA-RNA guide-based en-Cas12a, it was possible to simultaneously improve the genome-editing efficiency (%) and the target specificity (on-target editing [%]/off-target editing [%])

compared with those of wt-AsCas12a by changing the hybridization energy of the target DNA strand and crRNA. In addition, when analyzing the results in our study, although weak compared with wt-Cas12a, the editing function of en-Cas12a is likely to be slightly increased by the topology change by nickase treatment. Although the engineered Cas12a system shows improved target specificity while maintaining high efficiency, genome editing was only effectively conducted by sequential delivery of an en-Cas12a expression plasmid into human-derived cell lines and a synthesized chimeric DNA-RNA guide rather than delivery with mixture of purified protein and

chimeric DNA-RNA guide. To enable effective gene editing in the future by applying this technology to living tissues, it is thought that the technology such as the mRNA form expression system of the en-Cas12a and the highly efficient lipid carrier must be fused for more effective delivery.

In this study, we developed a technology that maximizes the safety and efficiency of genome editing using chimeric DNA-RNA crRNA-based en-Cas12a. In the future, many improvements are needed in terms of efficiency and safety regarding the application of gene therapy to humans using the CRISPR system or for precise gene editing in *in vivo* systems. Through this technology, it is expected that the safety and efficacy of various CRISPR endonucleases can be optimized in a similar way when applied *in vivo*.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Preparation of the CRISPR-Cas12a recombinant protein and chimeric guides

wt- and en-AsCas12a recombinant proteins were prepared for the *in vitro* DNA cleavage assay. Codon-optimized AsCas12a (*Acidaminococcus* sp. Cas12a) coding sequence was cloned into a pET28a bacterial expression vector and then transformed into BL21 (DE3) *Escherichia coli* cells. Transformed bacterial colonies were cultured at 37°C until the optical density reached 0.6, after which isopropylthio-β-galactoside (IPTG) inoculation was performed. After 48 h, *E. coli* cells were precipitated at 4°C and 5,000 rpm, following which the culture medium of the upper layer was removed. The precipitated *E. coli* cell pellet was resuspended in lysis buffer (10 mM β-mercaptoethanol, 300 mM NaCl, 20 mM Tris-HCl [pH 8.0], 1 mM PMSF, and 1% Triton X-100). To disturb the bacterial cell membrane, we performed sonication on ice water for 3 min, following which the cell lysate was precipitated for 10 min at 5,000 rpm at 4°C. Next, the nitrilotriacetic acid (Ni-NTA) resin was pre-washed with wash buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl [pH 8.0], 300 mM NaCl), and the precipitated cell lysate was stirred at 4°C for 90 min. Washing was performed with 10× the volume of wash buffer to remove non-specific binding components in the mixed cell lysate solution. For the elution of AsCas12a protein, an elution buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl [pH 8.0], 300 mM NaCl, 200 mM imidazole) was used and finally exchanged against the storage buffer (200 mM NaCl, 50 mM HEPES [pH 7.5], 1 mM dithiothreitol [DTT], 40% glycerol) using a Centricon (Millipore, Amicon Ultra-15), and stored at -80°C. Chimeric DNA-RNA oligonucleotides (Bioneer) were synthesized for each target gene sequence and dissolved in diethyl pyrocarbonate (DEPC) water, then stored at -80°C (Table S1).

Preparation of the guide RNA for Cas12a and nCas9 (D10A)

Guide RNAs for Cas12a and nCas9 (D10A) were generated by *in vitro* transcription (Tables S1 and S2). A DNA template for *in vitro* transcription was constructed using annealing or extension PCR with sense and antisense DNA oligonucleotides (Macrogen) containing the target DNA sequence (Table S3). DNA templates were mixed with T7 RNA polymerase (New England Biolabs,

M0251L) and reaction buffer mixture (50 mM MgCl₂, 100 mM ribonucleoside triphosphate [Jena Bio, NU-1014], 10× RNA polymerase reaction buffer, 100 mM DTT, RNase inhibitor Murine, DEPC), and incubated at 37°C. After 16 h, to remove the original DNA template, DNase I was added and the mixture was incubated for another 1 h at 37°C. The transcribed RNA was purified using a column (GENECLEAN Turbo Kit; MP Biomedicals). The purified RNA was concentrated through lyophilization (2,000 rpm) at -55°C for 1 h.

In vitro DNA cleavage assay

On-/off-target site PCR amplicons of each gene (*DNMT1*, *CCR5*, *IL2A-AS1*, and *AAVS1*) were obtained from purified human genomic DNA using DNA primers (Table S3). The purified target PCR amplicon was incubated with purified recombinant wt- or en-Cas12a protein and crRNA (RNA guides or chimeric DNA-RNA guides) in 10× buffer (NEBuffer3.1; New England Biolabs) for 1 h. After adding a stop buffer (100 mM EDTA, 1.2% SDS) to stop the reaction, the cleaved fragment was separated using 2% agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA cleavage efficiency (cleaved fragment intensity [%]/total fragment intensity [%]) was measured using ImageJ software (NIH).

Cell culture and transfection

The HEK293FT (ATCC) cell line was cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (DMEM; Gibco) with 10% fetal bovine serum (Gibco) at 37°C and in 5% CO₂. To ensure efficient chimeric DNA-RNA guide delivery, we performed sequential transfection with wt- or en-Cas12a expression vectors and crRNAs. For the primary transfection, 10⁵ cells were mixed with a plasmid vector (AsCas12a, n-SpCas9 (D10A, H840A)) and 20 μL of electroporation buffer (Lonza, V4XC-2032) and were nucleofected according to the manufacturer's instructions (program: CM-137). The transfected cells were transferred to a 24-well plate with 500 μL of medium and incubated at 37°C in 5% CO₂. Twenty-four hours after primary transfection, for secondary transfection crRNA (200 pmol), single guide RNA (30 pmol), 1 μL of P3000, and 1.5 μL of Lipofectamine 3000 reagent (Thermo Fisher Scientific) were mixed in 50 μL of Opti-MEM (Gibco), incubated for 10 min, and added to DMEM medium. Forty-eight hours after the second transfection, cells were harvested and genomic DNA was extracted using a genomic DNA purification kit (DNeasy Blood & Tissue Kit; Qiagen).

Targeted amplicon sequencing and data analysis

To analyze the indel frequency of the on-/off-target locus of each gene, we performed targeted deep sequencing using PCR amplicons. The Cas-OFFinder (<http://www.rgenome.net/cas-offinder/>) web tool was used to select potential off-target sites corresponding to each on-target site. For the preparation of PCR amplicons, PCR amplification was performed using DNA primers corresponding to each endogenous locus (Table S3). To add adapter and index sequences to each 5' and 3' end, we performed nested PCR using Phusion High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (Thermo Fisher). After

index tagging, the PCR amplicon mixture was analyzed using a Mini-Seq (Illumina, SY-420-1001) according to the manufacturer's guidelines. Sequencing read fastq files were analyzed using Cas-Analyzer (<http://www.rgenome.net/cas-analyzer/>), and the indel ratio (mutant DNA read number/total DNA read number) was calculated from the read number.

DATA AND CODE AVAILABILITY

CRISPR RGEN Tools is an open-source collaborative initiative available in the repository (<http://www.rgenome.net/>). Targeted deep-sequencing data are available at the NCBI Sequence Read Archive under accession number SRP334002.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental information can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.omtn.2022.03.021>.

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AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Conceptualization, H.K., W.L., and S.H.L.; methodology, H.K., W.L., and S.H.L.; software, H.K., W.L., and S.H.L.; validation and formal analysis, H.K., W.L., C.H.K., Y.O., L.W.G., H.L., W.J.S., and J.K.H.; investigation, H.K., W.L., and S.H.L.; resources, K.-S.L., K.J.J., K.-H.N., Y.-S.W., K.-R.L., Y.L., Y.-H.K., J.-W.H., B.-H.J., and S.H.L.; data curation, H.K., W.L., and S.H.L.; writing –original draft, H.K., W.L., B.-H.J., D.-S.L., and S.H.L.; writing – review and editing, H.K., W.L., B.-H.J., D.-S.L., and S.H.L.; visualization, H.K., W.L., and S.H.L.; supervision, D.-S.L. and S.H.L.; project administration, B.-H.J., D.-S.L., and S.H.L.; funding acquisition, Y.-H.K., Y.L., J.-W.H., and S.H.L.

DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

The authors declare no competing interests.

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Supplemental information

Highly specific chimeric DNA-RNA-guided genome editing with enhanced CRISPR-Cas12a system

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Supplemental Material

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Sequence information of the synthesized wt- and chimeric crRNAs for AsCas12a.

Target gene guide ID	Target sequence (5'-3')	crRNA sequence for AsCas12a (5'-3')
hDNMT1_site1 WT	TTTC CTGATGGTCATGTCTGTTACTCG	5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUCUGAUGGUC CAUGUCGUUACUCG 3'
hDNMT1_site1 8DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUCUGAUGGUC CAUGUC GTTACTCG 3'
hDNMT1_site1 12DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUCUGAUGGUC CAU GTCTGTTACTCG 3'
hDNMT1_site1 16DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUCUGAUGGUC CATGTCGTTACTCG 3'
hDNMT1_site1 20DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUCUGA TGGCC ATGTCGTTACTCG 3'
hDNMT1_site1 24DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGA UCTGATGGTC ATGTCGTTACTCG 3'
hDNMT1_site1 44DNA		5' TAATTCTACTCTTAGATCTGATGGCCAT GTCTGTTACTCG 3'
hDNMT1_site2 WT	TTTG GCTCAGCAGGCACCTGCCTCAGCT	5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGCUCAGCAG GCACCUGCCUCAGCU 3'
hDNMT1_site2 8DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGCUCAGCAG GCACCUG CCTCAGCT 3'
hCCR5_site1 WT	TTTA TGCACAGGGTGGAACAAAGATGGAT	5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUUGCACAGGG UGGAACAAGAUGGAU 3'
hCCR5_site1 8DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUUGCACAGGG UGGAACA AGATGGAT 3'
hCCR5_site1 12DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUUGCACAGGG UGG AACAAGATGGAT 3'
hCCR5_site1 16DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUUGCACAGGG TGGAACAAGATGGAT 3'
hCCR5_site1 20DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUUGCAC AGGG TGGAACAAGATGGAT 3'
hCCR5_site1 24DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAU TGCACAGGG TGGAACAAGATGGAT 3'
hCCR5_site1 44DNA		5' TAATTCTACTCTTAGATTGCACAGGGTG GAACAAGATGGAT 3'
hCCR5_site2 WT	TTTT GTCGGCAACATGCTGGTCATCCTC	5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC AUGCUGGUCAUCCUC 3'
hCCR5_site2 8DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC AUGCUG TCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 9DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC AUGCUG GTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 10DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC AUGCU GTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 11DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC AUG TGGTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 12DNA		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC AUG CTGGTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2		5'UAUUUCUACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGGCAAC C

16DNA		ATGCTGGTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 20DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGUGGG GCAAC ATGCTGGTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 24DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAU GTGGGCAAC ATGCTGGTCATCCTC 3'
hCCR5_site2 44DNA		5' TAATTCTACTCTTGTAGATGTGGCAACATG CTGGTCATCCTC 3'
hIL12A-AS1 WT	TTTAGGATGCCACTAAAAGGGAAAGGGG	5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGAUGCCAC AAAAAGGGAAAGGGG 3'
hIL12A-AS1 8DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGAUGCCAC AAAAAGGG AAGGGG 3'
hIL12A-AS1 12DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGAUGCCAC UAA AAGGGAAAGGGG 3'
hIL12A-AS1 16DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGAUGCCAC TAAAAGGGAAAGGGG 3'
hIL12A-AS1 20DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGAUG GCCAC TAAAAGGGAAAGGGG 3'
hIL12A-AS1 24DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGAUG GGATGCCACT AAAAGGGAAAGGGG 3'
hIL12A-AS1 44DNA		5' TAATTCTACTCTTGTAGATGGATGCCACTAA AAGGGAAAGGGG 3'
hAAVS1 WT		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUCUUACGAUG GAGCCAGAGAGGAUC 3'
hAAVS1 8DNA	TTTG CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATC	5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUCUUACGAUG GAGCCAG AGAGGATC 3'
hFANCF WT	TTTG GGCGGGGTCCAGTCCGGGATTAG	5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGCGGGUC CAGUCCGGGAUUAG 3'
hFANCF 8DNA		5'UAUUUUCACUCUUGUAGAUGGCGGGUC CAGUCC GGGATTAG 3'

†PAM sequences (TTTN) for AsCpf1 in the target DNA are shown in blue and substituted DNA sequences in (cr)RNA are shown in red, respectively.

Table S2. Sequence information of the sgRNA for nickase SpCas9(D10A) used in this study.

Target gene	CRISPR-Cas9 target sequence (5'-3')	sgRNA sequence for dead or nickase SpCas9 (5'-3')
hDNMT1_site1 sgRNA	GAGTGCTAACGGAACGTTCA CGG	5' GGAGUGCUAAGGGAACGUUCAGUUUUAGAGCU AGAAAAGCAAGUAAAAAUAGGCUAGUCCGUUA UCAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'
hDNMT1_site2 sgRNA	CCAGCAGCCAACCTGACCAA AGG	5' GCCAGCAGCCAACCUAGACCAAGUUUUAGAGCUA GAAAAGCAAGUAAAAAUAGGCUAGUCCGUUA CAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'
hCCR5_site1 sgRNA	TAATAATTGATGTACAGAT TGG	5' GUAAAUAUUGAUGCUAUGAGAUUUUAGAGCUA GAAAAGCAAGUAAAAAUAGGCUAGUCCGUUA CAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'
hCCR5_site2 sgRNA	AACACCAGTAGTAGAGCGG AGG	5' GAACACCAGUGAGUAGAGCGGGUUUUAGAGCU AGAAAAGCAAGUAAAAAUAGGCUAGUCCGUUA UCAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'
AAVS1 sgRNA	GCAAGGAGAGAGATGGCTCC AGG	5' GCAGGAGAGAGAUGGCUCCGUUUUAGAGCU AGAAAAGCAAGUAAAAAUAGGCUAGUCCGUUA UCAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'
IL12A-AS1 sgRNA	TTCTGGGGTCAACATCTTGG TGG	5' GUUCUGGGGUCAACAUUUGGGUUUUAGAGCUA GAAAAGCAAGUAAAAAUAGGCUAGUCCGUUA CAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'

FANCF sgRNA	<u>CCGCTCCAGAGCCGTGCGAATGG</u>	5'GCCGUCCAGAGCCGUGCGAAGUUUUAGAGCUA GAAAUAGCAAGUAAAAAAAGGCUAGUCGUUAU CAACUUGAAAAAGUGGCACCGAGUCGGUGC 3'
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†PAM sequence (NGG) in the target DNA for the SpCas9 nickase (D10A) is shown in blue.

Underlined sequence in sgRNA indicates the target sequence.

Table S3. Sequence information for DNA primers used in this study.

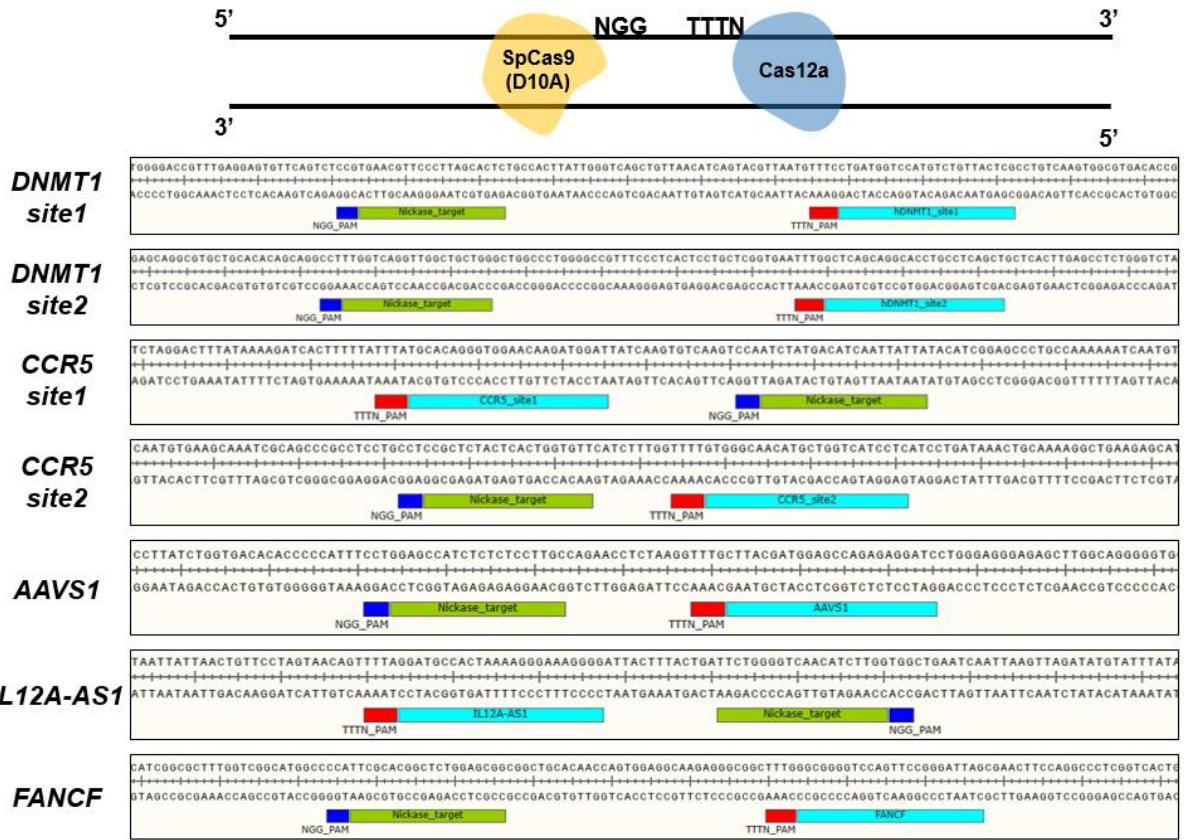
Target gene (primer direction)	DNA sequence (5' to 3')	
hDNMT1_site1_On_F	GGAGATCAAGCTTGTATGTTG	
hDNMT1_site1_On_R	CCAGAATGCACAAAGTACTGC	
hDNMT1_site1_On_F2	CTGTGAGGATTGAGTGAGTTG	
hDNMT1_site1_On_R2	CACACATGTGAACGGACAGA	
hDNMT1_site1_On_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTGGAGTG</u> TTCAGTCTCCGTGA	
hDNMT1_site1_On_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTCCTTA</u> GCAGCTTCCTCCTC	
hDNMT1_site1_OT1_F	CAGGGTATTTCCCTCAAGA	
hDNMT1_site1_OT1_R	TCAGGAATACCAACATGGAAAA	
hDNMT1_site1_OT1_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTGTGTG</u> TCTGCTGGAAGCTC	
hDNMT1_site1_OT1_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTCAGCA</u> GATAAGGTCTGTGCTC	
hDNMT1_site2_On_F	ACACAACAGCTTCATGTCAG	
hDNMT1_site2_On_R	TTGGCTTGGAGATCAAGCTT	
hDNMT1_site2_On_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTGCAGAG</u> TGCTAAGGGAACGT	
hDNMT1_site2_On_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTAAGTG</u> CTTAGAGCAGGCGTG	
hDNMT1_site2_OT1_F	CTGAGCTGGTATCCAAGATGC	
hDNMT1_site2_OT1_R	GCATTGTCATTAGAACCAACAAATC	
hDNMT1_site2_OT1_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTGCAGAA</u> GTGAGTCTTGCTGAG	
hDNMT1_site2_OT1_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTCAGAA</u> TCTGTGCACTCGGAG	
hDNMT1_site2_OT2_F	GTTGCAGTGAGCCAAGATCA	
hDNMT1_site2_OT2_R	TCTTGGAACCAATCCTCTGC	
hDNMT1_site2_OT2_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTAAGCAG</u> TGCTTCTCATTGAG	
hDNMT1_site2_OT2_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTTACG</u> CCATGGGTGATAGTG	
hDNMT1_site2_OT3_F	GCAACCAGATTTCCCTCCA	
hDNMT1_site2_OT3_R	CCAAGCCGTTACAGATGGTT	
hDNMT1_site2_OT3_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTGGCAAT</u> GGACTCTGGGATAG	
hDNMT1_site2_OT3_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTCGGG</u> TTGTGAACAGGAAACT	
hCCR5_site1_On_F	ACCATGCTTGACCCAGTTTC	
hCCR5_site1_On_R	AAACACAGCATGGACGACAG	
hCCR5_site1_On_Adapter_F	<u>ACACTCTTCCTACACGACGCTTCCGATCTCAATGTA</u> GACATCTATGTAGGCAA	
hCCR5_site1_On_Adapter_R	<u>GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTCTGCG</u> ATTTGCTTCACATTG	
hCCR5_site1_OT1_F	CAAGCAATTCTGTGCCTCA	

hCCR5_site1_OT1_R	TCCAGGCCCTGTATACTTGC
hCCR5_site1_OT1_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTAGGGTC AACATTGCAAGGAG
hCCR5_site1_OT1_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTCAAA GCCATTCTGGAAAAGA
hCCR5_site1_OT2_F	CATGGTGAAACCCCACTCT
hCCR5_site1_OT2_R	CCAAATCCCACACTTGCTT
hCCR5_site1_OT2_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTGCTCAA CTGTATTGAGAGGAAGC
hCCR5_site1_OT2_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTTTCTG GTGGATAAGAAGGAATT
hCCR5_site2_On_F	TGAGATGGTGCCTTCATGAAT
hCCR5_site2_On_R	GAAAATGAGAGCTGCAGGTG
hCCR5_site2_On_F2	AAACTTCATTGCTTGGCCAA
hCCR5_site2_On_R2	GAAGATTCCAGAGAAGAAGCC
hCCR5_site2_On_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTCCTGCC AAAAAAATCAATGTGAAG
hCCR5_site2_On_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTGAAG GGGACAGTAAGAAGGAA
hCCR5_site2_OT1_F	GAAAATGGCTTGGGTAATC
hCCR5_site2_OT1_R	TAAGGGCCACAGACATAAAC
hCCR5_site2_OT1_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTTCCCTG TCATAAATTGACGTG
hCCR5_site2_OT1_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTGAAA AGCAGATCAGAGATGGC
hAAVS1_On_F	CCTGGTGAAACACCTAGGACG
hAAVS1_On_R	CTATGTCCACTTCAGGACAGC
hAAVS1_On_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTTCCCT CCCCCCCCCTG
hAAVS1_On_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTCCCCA TCCTTAGGCCTCC
hAAVS1_OT1_F	AGCAGGTTGGGTATCCTGTG
hAAVS1_OT1_R	AGGCTGTTCTGCCTCCATA
hAAVS1_OT1_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTCCATCTC CTGGTCTGCACAA
hAAVS1_OT1_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTCAAAG GGGCTATTCAAGATGT
hAAVS1_OT2_F	ATCCAGGGGGTTGAATATC
hAAVS1_OT2_R	TGCCTGAGAGCAGGTCTTT
hAAVS1_OT2_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTGGTTATC TGTAAATGATAGCCTG
hAAVS1_OT2_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTCACAA GCCCATGAAGACTGG
hIL12A-AS1_On_F	GCTTGCTGTATACACAAGGC
hIL12A-AS1_On_R	CTGATCTTGAGAACAGAACAGACC
hIL12A-AS1_On_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTGAAAAG GTGTTGCTTATTGCC
hIL12A-AS1_On_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTCAGCT CCTTCCATCTGGGTTTC
hIL12A-AS1_OT1_F	ATTCTGCCTCCCTCTCCACT
hIL12A-AS1_OT1_R	CAGGAGGAGCAAATTCCAGA
hIL12A-AS1_OT1_Adapter_F	ACACTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCGATCTGGTCCT AACAGAGATTACTTCTC
hIL12A-AS1_OT1_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCGATCTCTCCC TCTCCCTCCTCTC

hIL12A-AS1_OT2_F	GCATCAACAAACTGGCTCATT
hIL12A-AS1_OT2_R	CCTTGGGATGGTGTACATCT
hIL12A-AS1_OT2_Adapter_F	ACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTCCGATCTGCCACT GCTAATGTTAAAATTC
hIL12A-AS1_OT2_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTCCGATCTCTTA GGGCAGCATTGTAG
hFANCF_On_F	CACGGATAAAGACGCTGGGA
hFANCF_On_R	CACAGGCTGCTGAGAACCT
hFANCF_On_Adapter_F	ACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTCCGATCTCACATC CATCGCGCTTTG
hFANCF_On_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTCCGATCTGGTG GTAACGAGCTGCATCC
hFANCF_OT1_F	TGGGAGGAAACCCTAAAGAG
hFANCF_OT1_R	TGCAGGCCAAGTATTTGA
hFANCF_OT1_Adapter_F	ACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTCCGATCTCAGCTG ACTCAGCTGAAGT
hFANCF_OT1_Adapter_R	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTCCGATCTGTCTG GTGTGTTATGCCGT
IVT_AsCas12a_hDNMT1_site1_sense	CGAGTAACAGACATGGACCATCAGATCTACAAGAGTAGA AATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_hDNMT1_site2_sense	AGCTGAGGCAGGTGCCTGCTGAGCATCTACAAGAGTAGA AAATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_hCCR5_site1_sense	ATCCATCTTGTCCACCCGTGCAATCTACAAGAGTAGAA ATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_hCCR5_site2_sense	GAGGATGACCAGCATGGTGCACATCTACAAGAGTAGA AATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_hAAVS1_sense	GATCCTCTCTGGCTCCATCGTAAGATCTACAAGAGTAGAA ATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_hIL12A-AS1_sense	CCCCTTCCCTTTAGTGGCATCCATCTACAAGAGTAGAA ATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_hFANCF_sense	CTAATCCCAGAACTGGACCCCGCCATCTACAAGAGTAGA AATTACCCATAGTGAGTCGTATTAATTTC
IVT_AsCas12a_universal_antisense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGGG
IVT_SpCas9_hDNMT1_site1_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGGAGTGCTAAGGGAACGT TCAGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_hDNMT1_site2_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGCCAGCAGCCAACCTGAC CAAGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_hCCR5_site1_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGTAATAATTGATGTCATAG ATGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_hCCR5_site2_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGAACACCAGTGAGTAGAG CGGGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_hAAVS1_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGGCAAGGAGAGATGG CTCCGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_hIL12A-AS1_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGTTCTGGGTCAACATCT TGGGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_hFANCF_sgRNA_sense	GAAATTAATACGACTCACTATAGCCGCTCCAGAGCCGTG CGAAGTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
IVT_SpCas9_universal_antisense	AAAAAGCACCAGCTCGGTGCCACTTTCAAGTTGATA ACGGACTAGCCTTATTTAACTTGCTATTTCTAGCTCTAAA AC

† Sequence information of the forward and reverse adapter primers used in targeted amplicon sequencing is shown in green and blue, respectively.

Supplementary Figures



[Figure S1] Schematics of the target sequence for each gene locus which is targeted by Cas12a or SpCas9 nickase in this study. Within each locus (*DNMT1* site1-2, *CCR5* site1-2, *AAVS1*, *IL12A-AS1*, *FANCF*), the targeted sequences either alone or simultaneously by the AsCas12a and SpCas9 (D10A) nickases are displayed in different colors. The protospacer and PAM (TTTN) sequence of the Cas12a is highlighted in cyan and red, respectively. The protospacer and PAM (NGG) sequence of the SpCas9 (D10A) nickase is highlighted in green and blue, respectively.

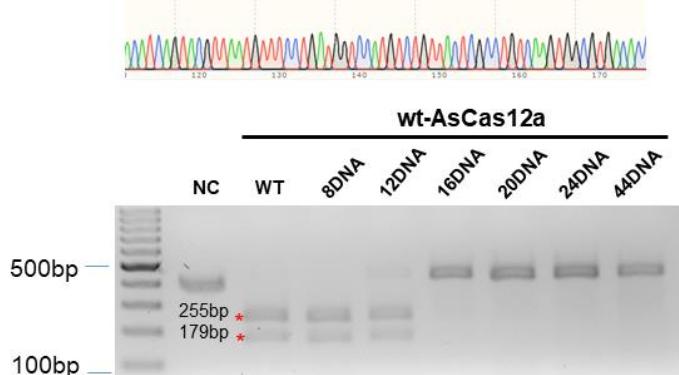
A

DNMT1 site1

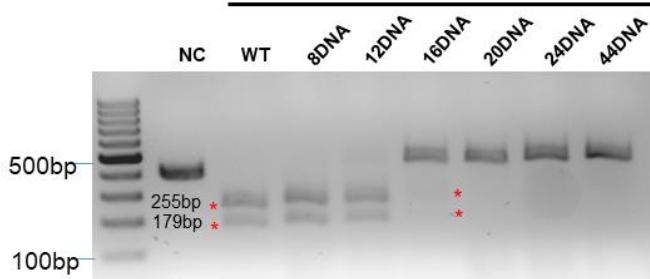
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ACATCACTAGCTTAAATGTTCTGATGTCGCCATGTCGTACTCCGCTGTCAAGTGCGCTGACACG
TGTAGTCATGCAATTACAAAGGACTACDNMTG1aaATTAGGCGCAAGTGTCCACCGCAGCTGTG
          PAM          DNMTG1
ACATCACTAGCTTAAATGTTCTGATGTCGCCATGTCGTACTCCGCTGTCAAGTGCGCTGACACG

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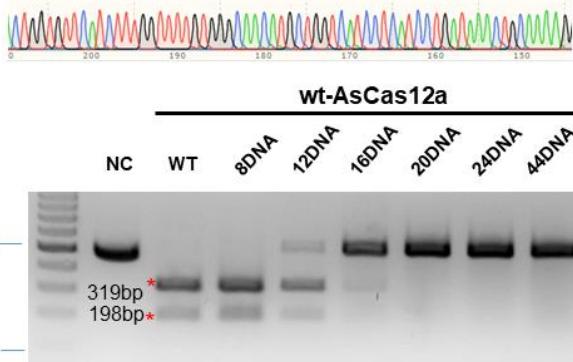
en-AsCas12a



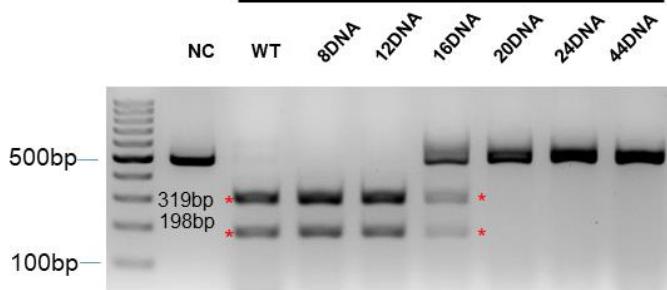
B

CCR5 site2

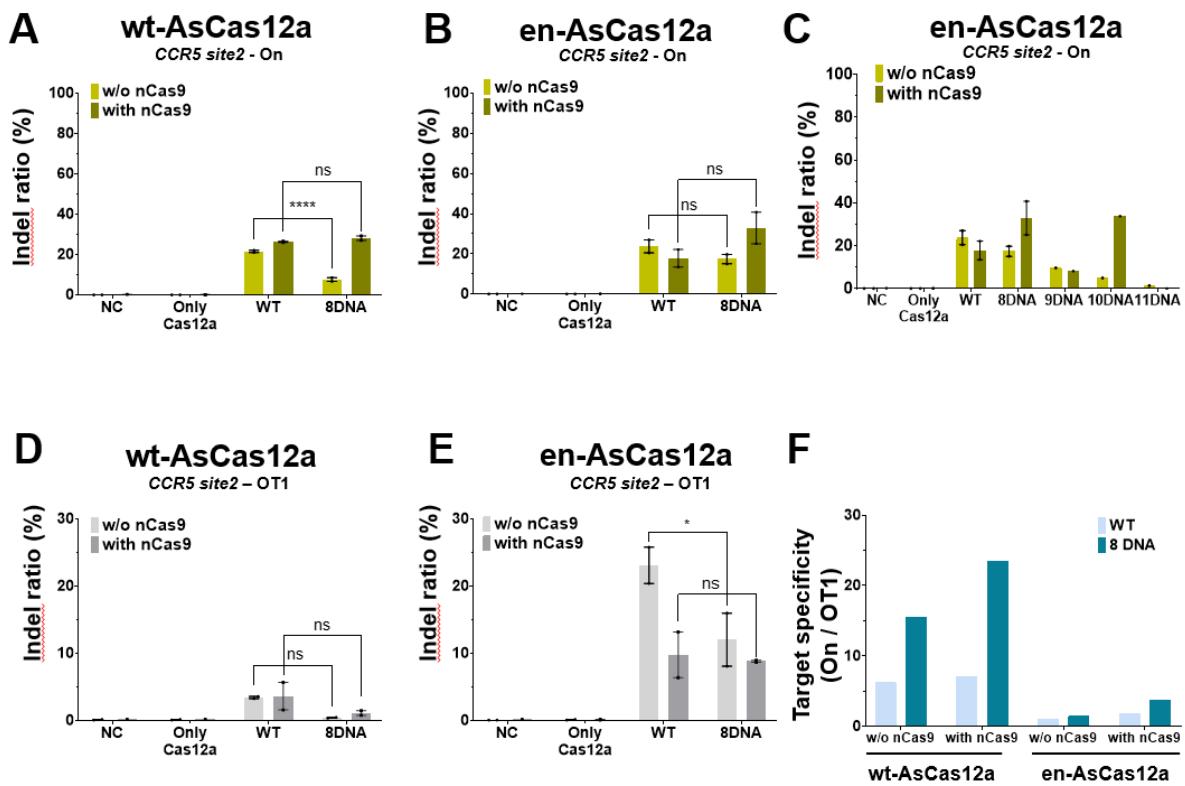
CTGGTGTTCATCTTGGTTGTGGCAACATGCTGGTCATCCTCATCCGTATAAACTGCAAAG
GACCACAAAGTAGAACCAAAACCCGTTGTAGCACCGAGTAGGGACTTTGACGTTTC
PAM CCR5_target



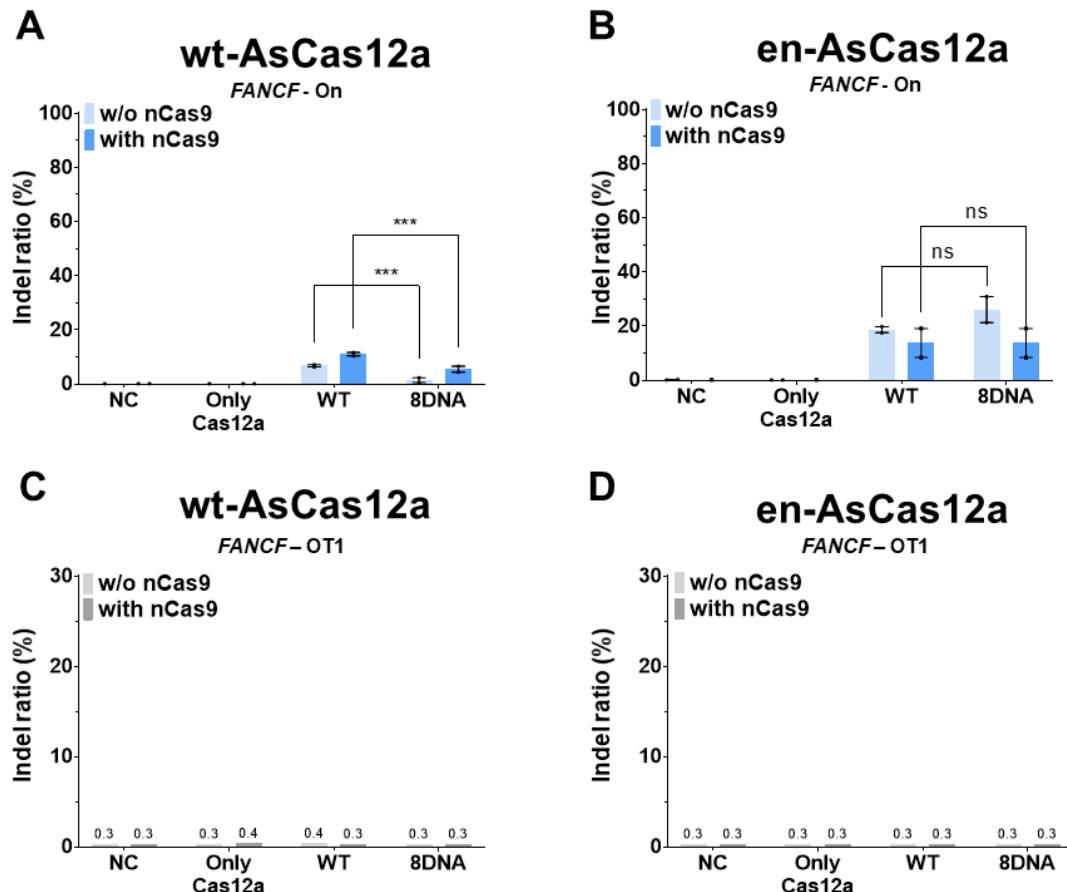
en-AsCas12a



[Figure S2] Results of the *in-vitro* DNA amplicon cleavage assay to compare the activity of wt- and en-AsCas12a based on a chimeric DNA-RNA guide. (A, B) Results of the Sanger sequencing (upper) and target DNA amplicon cleavage assay (bottom) of *DNMT1*-site1 (A) and *CCR5*-site2 (B) sequences. DNA amplicons for each gene were obtained by PCR using the corresponding DNA primers (Table S3). (NC: negative control, WT: wild-type crRNA, 8-44DNA: chimeric crRNA which has sequential 8 to 44 nt DNA substitution from 3'-end of crRNA). The cleaved amplicons were separated on 2% agarose gel. The protospacer and PAM (TTTN) sequences in a sequencing data are indicated by dark blue and light blue, respectively. Red asterisks on the gel picture indicates a cleaved DNA fragments.



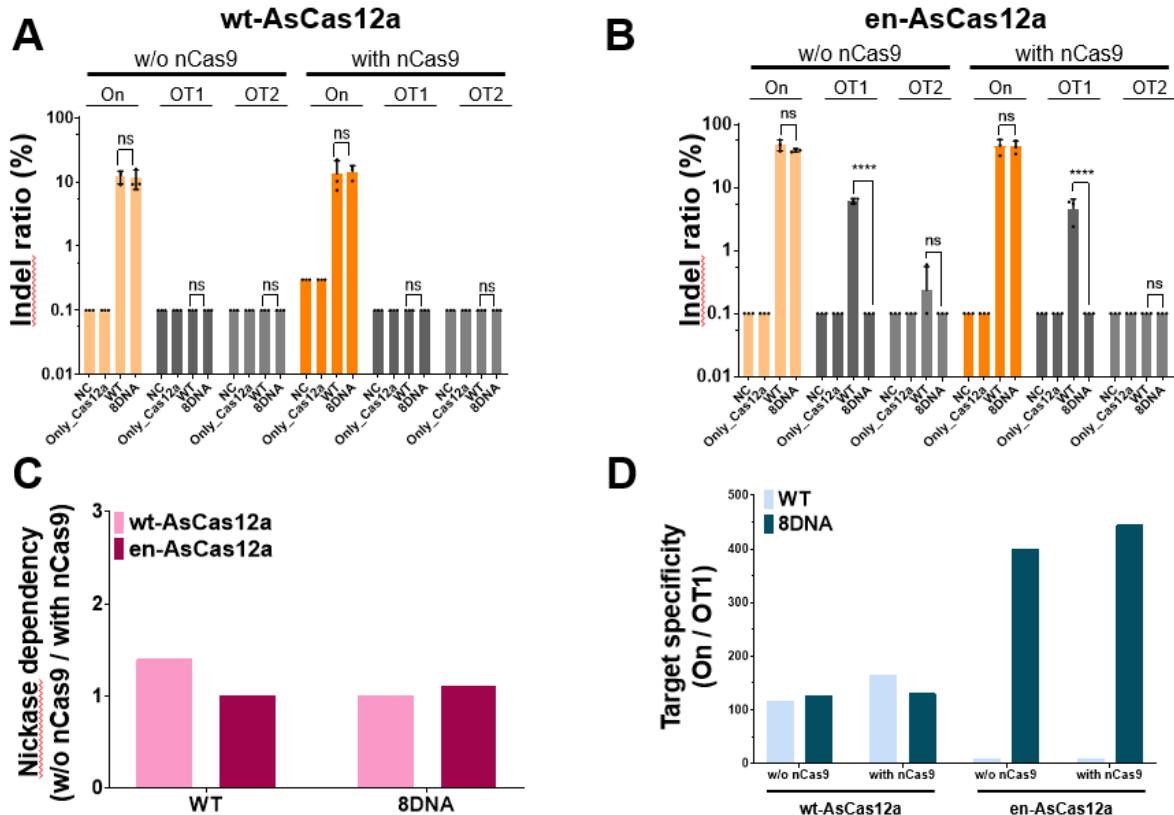
[Figure S3] Comparison of chimeric DNA-RNA guide-based genome editing efficiency and specificity between wt-Cas12a and en-Cas12a for CCR5 target sequence. (A, B) Comparison of indel ratio (%) for the target nucleotide sequence (On, *CCR5*-site2) using wt-Cas12a (A) and en-Cas12a (B) based on a wt- and chimeric guide, respectively. Indel ratio (%) according to the presence (dark green) / absence (pale green) of simultaneous treatment of nCas9 was also compared. **(C)** Analysis of the indel ratio (%) of en-Cas12a according to the increase in the number of DNA substitutions at the 3'-end of the chimeric guide. **(D, E)** Comparison of indel ratio (%) for off-target sequence (OT1) using wt- and chimeric guide-based wt-Cas12a (D) and en-Cas12a (E). **(F)** Comparison of target specificity between wt- and chimeric guide (8DNA) based on wt-Cas12a and en-Cas12a. Histograms are shown as means \pm s.e.m. from two independent experiments. P-values are calculated using a two-way anova with sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns: not significant, P*: <0.0332, P**: <0.0021, P***: <0.0002, P****: <0.0001). NC: negative control, only Cas12a: only protein treated, WT: wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a, 8DNA: chimeric crRNA (sequential 8DNA substitution at 3'-end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a. nCas9: nickase Cas9 (D10A)).



[Figure S4] Comparison of chimeric DNA-RNA guide-based genome editing efficiency and specificity between wt-Cas12a and en-Cas12a for *FANCF* target sequence. **(A, B)** Comparison of indel ratio (%) for the target nucleotide sequence (On, *FANCF*) using wt-Cas12a (A) and en-Cas12a (B) based on a wt- and chimeric guide, respectively. Indel ratio (%) according to the presence (blue) / absence (light blue) of simultaneous treatment of nCas9 was also compared. **(C, D)** Comparison of indel ratio (%) for the off-target sequence (OT1) using wt- and chimeric guide-based wt-Cas12a (C) and en-Cas12a (D). Histograms are shown as means \pm s.e.m. from two independent experiments. P-values are calculated using a two-way anova with sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns: not significant, P*: <0.0332, P**: <0.0021, P***: <0.0002, P****: <0.0001). NC: negative control, only Cas12a: only protein treated, WT: wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a, 8DNA: chimeric crRNA (sequential 8DNA substitution at 3'-end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a. nCas9: nickase Cas9 (D10A)).

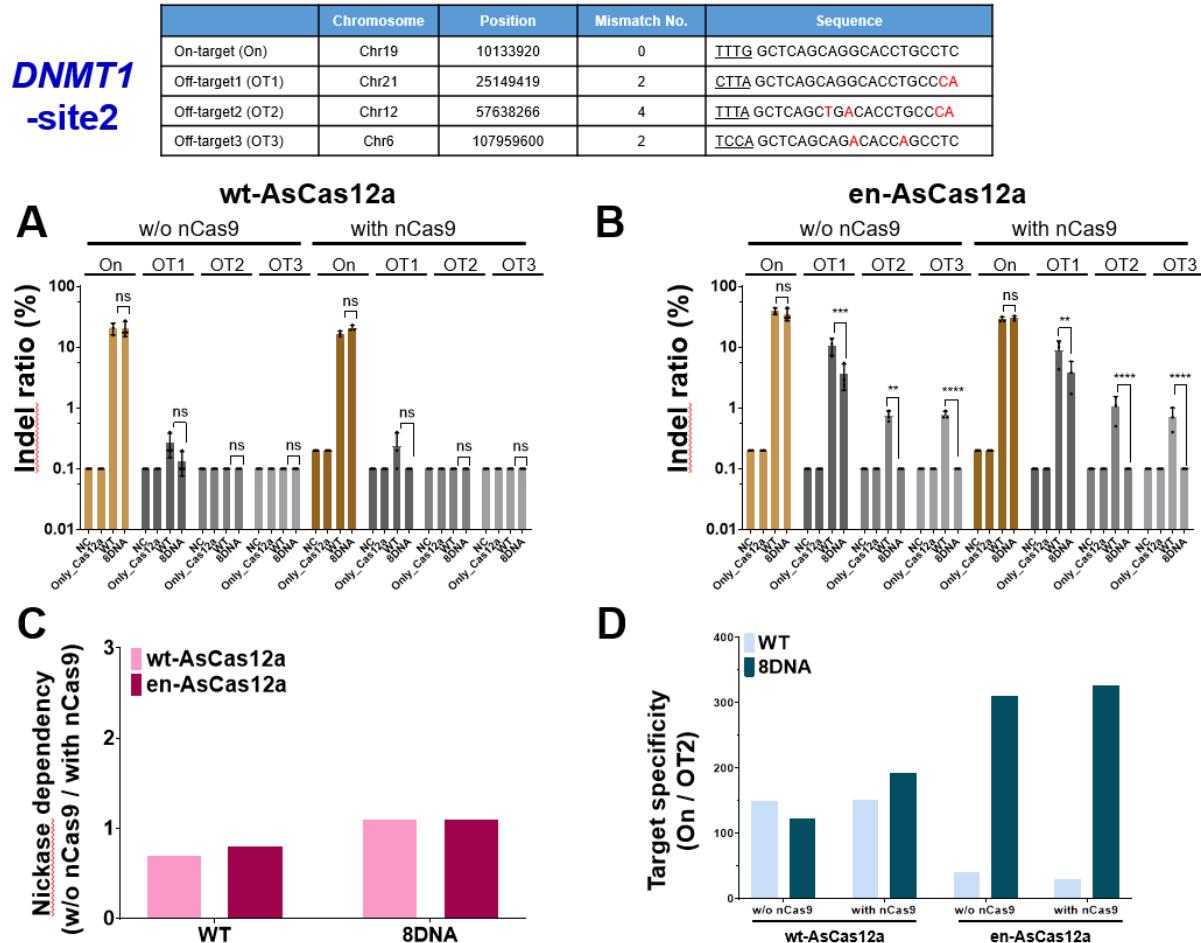
	Chromosome	Position	Bulge	Mismatch No.	Sequence
On-target (On)	Chr19	55115578	0	0	TTTG CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAG
Off-target1 (OT1)	Chr4	95395972	0	3	TTTC CTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAA
Off-target1 (OT2)	Chr1	182157128	RNA - 1	2	TTTA CTTA-GATGAAGCCACAGAG

AAVS1



[Figure S5] Comparison of genome editing target specificity (on-target editing (%)/ off-target editing (%)) of wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a on endogenous target (*AAVS1*) in human cell line (HEK293FT) using an wt- (WT) or optimized chimeric DNA-RNA guide (8 DNA). Upper table shows the on-target nucleotide sequence (On) for target gene (*AAVS1*) and the corresponding off-target nucleotide sequence (OT1-2) predicted from *in-silico* analysis.¹ The underline indicates the PAM (TTTN) nucleotide sequence, and the nucleotides mismatched with the target sequence in the off-target is indicated in red. (A, B) Indel ratio (%) of the wt-AsCas12a (A) or en-AsCas12a (B) based editing on the endogenous target sequences (on/off-target sites for *AAVS1*) using wt-crRNA (WT) and 3'-end 8-nt DNA substituted crRNA (8 DNA). NC: negative control, only Cas12a: only protein treated, nCas9: nickase Cas9 (D10A). (C, D) Nickase dependency (C) and target specificity (D) were calculated from NGS results, respectively. Nickase dependency = (without (w/o) nCas9 editing (%)/ with (w/) nCas9 editing (%)), Target specificity = (on-target editing (%)/ off-target editing (%)). Each histogram is shown as means ± s.e.m. from three independent experimental values. *P*-values are calculated using a two-way ANOVA with sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns: not significant).

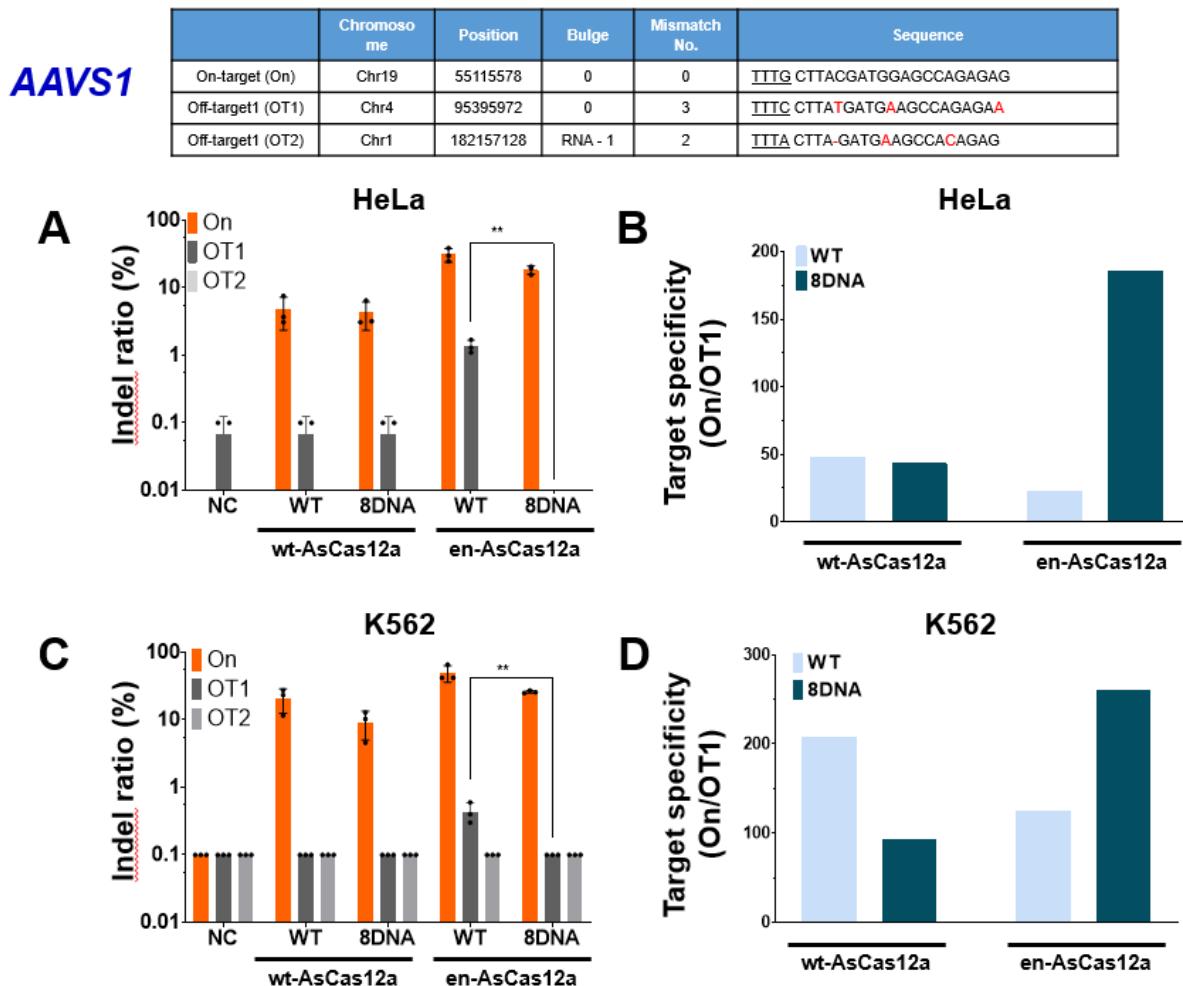
significant, P*: <0.0332, P**: <0.0021, P***: <0.0002, P****: <0.0001).



[Figure S6] Comparison of genome editing target specificity (on-target editing (%) / off-target editing (%)) of wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a on endogenous target (*DNMT1-site2*) in human cell line (HEK293FT) using an wt- (WT) or optimized chimeric DNA-RNA guide (8 DNA). Upper table shows the on-target nucleotide sequence (On) for target gene (*DNMT1-site2*) and the corresponding off-target nucleotide sequence (OT1-2) predicted from *in-silico* analysis.¹ The underline indicates the PAM (TTTN) nucleotide sequence, and the nucleotides mismatched with the target sequence in the off-target is indicated in red. (A, B) Indel ratio (%) of the wt-AsCas12a (A) or en-AsCas12a (B) based editing on the endogenous target sequences (on-/off-target sites for *DNMT1-site2*) using wt-crRNA (WT) and 3'-end 8-nt DNA substituted crRNA (8 DNA). NC: negative control, only Cas12a: only protein treated, nCas9: nickase Cas9 (D10A). (C, D) Nickase dependency (C) and target specificity (D) were calculated from NGS results, respectively. Nickase dependency = (without (w/o) nCas9 editing (%)) / with (w/) nCas9 editing (%)), Target specificity = (on-target editing (%)) / off-target

editing (%)). Each histogram is shown as means \pm s.e.m. from three independent experimental values. *P*-values are calculated using a two-way ANOVA with sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns: not significant, P*: <0.0332,

P**: <0.0021, P***: <0.0002, P****: <0.0001).

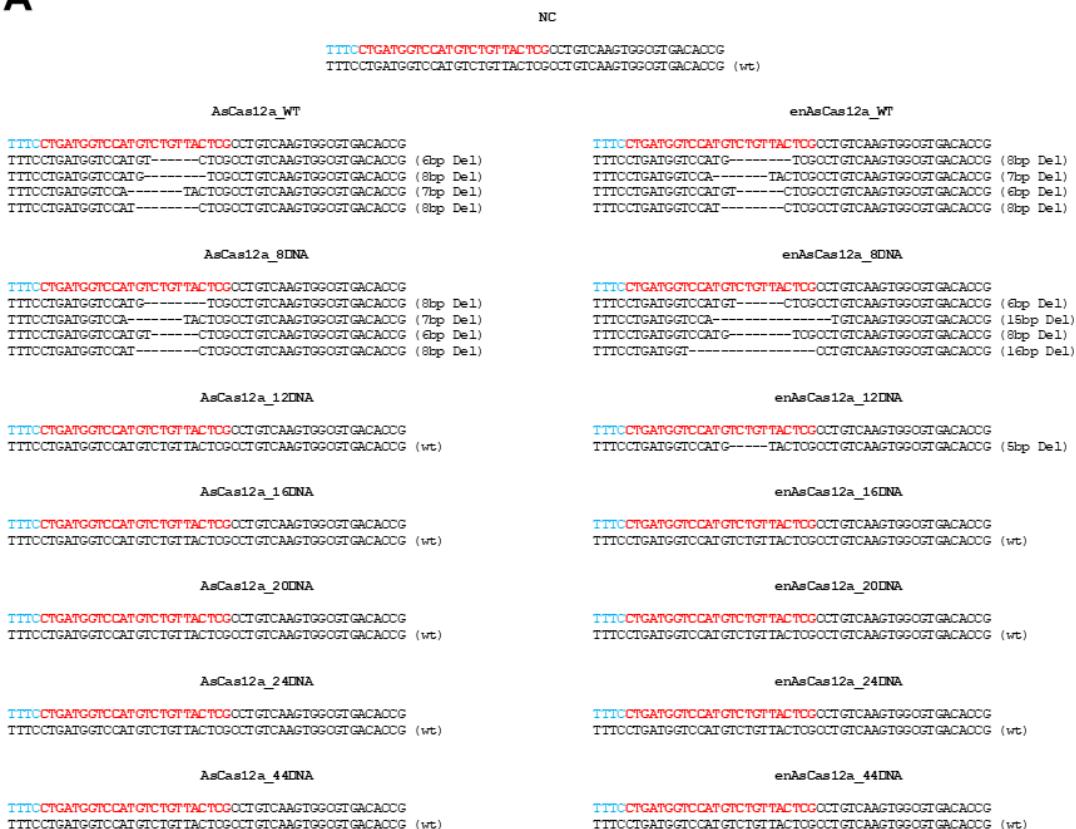


[Figure S7] Comparison of genome editing target specificity (on-target editing (%)) / off-target editing (%)) of wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a on endogenous target (*AAVS1*) in human cell lines (HeLa, K562) using an wt- (WT) or optimized chimeric DNA-RNA guide (8 DNA). Upper table shows the on-target nucleotide sequence (On) for target gene (*AAVS1*) and the corresponding off-target nucleotide sequence (OT1-2) predicted from *in-silico* analysis.¹ The underline indicates the PAM (TTTN) nucleotide sequence, and the nucleotides mismatched with the target sequence in the off-target is indicated in red. **(A, B)** Indel ratio (A) and target specificity (B) of the wt- or en-AsCas12a based editing on target sequences (on/off-target sites for *AAVS1*) in HeLa cell using wt-crRNA (WT) and 3'-end 8-nt DNA substituted crRNA (8 DNA). **(C, D)** Indel ratio (C) and target specificity (D) of the wt- or en-AsCas12a

based editing on target sequences (on-/off-target sites for *AAVS1*) in K562 cell using wt-crRNA (WT) and 3'-end 8-nt DNA substituted crRNA (8 DNA). NC: negative control. Target specificity = (on-target editing (%)) / off-target editing (%)). Each histogram is shown as means ± s.e.m. from three independent experimental values. *P*-values are calculated using a two-way ANOVA with sidak's multiple comparisons test (ns: not significant, P*: <0.0332, P**: <0.0021, P***: <0.0002, P****: <0.0001).

A

Endogenous indel patterns from DNMT1-site1



B

Endogenous indel patterns from CCR5-site2

NC	
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATG--- TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)	
AsCas12a_WT	enAsCas12a_WT
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATG--- TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (3bp Del)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATG--- A---TTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (7bp Del) TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATG--- G---TTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (22bp Del) TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATG--- ATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (6bp Del) TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATG--- G---TTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (12bp Del)
AsCas12a_8DNA	enAsCas12a_8DNA
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGG---TTTTTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (8bp Del)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)
AsCas12a_12DNA	enAsCas12a_12DNA
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)
AsCas12a_16DNA	enAsCas12a_16DNA
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)
AsCas12a_20DNA	enAsCas12a_20DNA
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)
AsCas12a_24DNA	enAsCas12a_24DNA
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)
AsCas12a_44DNA	enAsCas12a_44DNA
TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)	TTCACACGGTGAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT TTTATGCACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCAATCT (wt)

Endogenous indel patterns from *IL12A-AS1*

C

NC	
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>
AsCas12a_WT	enAsCas12a_WT
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----GAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (8bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----ATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (1bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----TTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (7bp Del) TTAGGAT-----TACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (22bp Del)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----GAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (8bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----GGATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (5bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACT-----TTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (15bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACT-----CTTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (17bp Del)</pre>
AsCas12a_8DNA	enAsCas12a_8DNA
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----GAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (8bp Del) TTAGGAT-----TACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (27bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (2bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACT-----TACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (20bp Del)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGG-----GAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (8bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACT-----TIACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (20bp Del) TTAGGAT-----TACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (22bp Del) TTAGGATGCCACT-----GAITCTGGGGT (25bp Del)</pre>
AsCas12a_12DNA	enAsCas12a_12DNA
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>
AsCas12a_16DNA	enAsCas12a_16DNA
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>
AsCas12a_20DNA	enAsCas12a_20DNA
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>
AsCas12a_24DNA	enAsCas12a_24DNA
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>
AsCas12a_44DNA	enAsCas12a_44DNA
<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>	<pre>TTTAGGATCCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT TTAGGATGCCACTAAAACCGGAAACGGGAATTACTTACTGAITCTGGGGT (wt)</pre>

[Figure S8] Representative indel pattern from NGS analysis of endogenous genomic locus edited by wt-Cas12a or en-Cas12a using various chimeric guides. (A-C) List of indel patterns induced by wt-Cas12a, en-Cas12a using various chimeric guides on *DNMT1*-site1 (A), *CCR5*-site2 (B), and *IL12A-AS1* (C) locus in HEK293FT cell line. PAM sequence (TTTN) for AsCas12a is shown in blue and protospacer is shown in red, respectively. The dashed line indicates deleted sequence relative to the wild-type reference sequence. NC: negative control, WT: wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a, 8-44DNA: chimeric crRNA (sequential 8-44DNA substitution at 3'-end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a.

A AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns from CCR5-site1 on-target

AsCas12a w/o nCas9 NC

GGACTTATAAAAGATCATTITA~~TTA~~**TCCACAGGTGGAACAAGATGGAT**TATCAAGTGTCAAGTC~~A~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTAACATCGGA
GGACTTATAAAAGATCATTITA~~TTA~~**TGACAGGTGGAACAAGATGGAT**TATCAAGTGTCAAGTC~~A~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTAACATCGGA (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

GGACTTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATTTGACACGGGTGGAACAAAGTGATTAATCAAGTGTCAAGTOCATATGACATCAATTATTAACATCGGA
GGACTTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATTTGACACGGGTGGAACAAAGTGATTAATCAAGTGTCAAGTOCATATGACATCAATTATTAACATCGGA (wt)

AsLasiZA_w/o_nLas9_WI

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GGATTTATAAAAAGT CACTTTTITA ITTA CCAAGGCG GAAACAAAGT GGTATTAAGAATGCTGAACTATCATACTGATTAATGACATGGAA
GGACTTATATAAAAAGT CACTTTTITA CTCACAGGTTGCA --- TATCAAGTCGTCAGTCATCTGATCATTAATTTATACATCGGGA (11bp Del)
GGACTTATATAAAAAGT CACTTTTITA CTCACAGGTTGCA GCAAC --- ATTATCAAGTCGTCAGTCATCTGATCATTAATTTATACATCGGGA (6bp Del)
GGACTTATATAAAAAGT CACTTTTITA CTCACAGGTTGCA GCAAC --- GATTATCAAGTCGTCAGTCATCTGATCATTAATTTATACATCGGGA (4bp Del)
GGACTTATATAAAAAGT CACTTTTITA CTCACAGGTTGCA GCAAC --- GTCTCAAGTCGTCAGTCATCTGATCATTAATTTATACATCGGGA (22bp Del)

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AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

```

GGCATTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATAITATTCACAGGTGAACATGATTAACTGCTAACATCTATGACATTTAATTATACATCGGA  

GGCATTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATAITAGACAGGTGAACATGATTAACTGCTAACATCTATGACATTTAATTATACATCGGA (7bp Del)  

GGCATTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATAITAGACAGGTGAACATGATTAACTGCTAACATCTATGACATTTAATTATACATCGGA (15bp Del)  

GGCATTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATAITAGACAGGTGAACATGATTAACTGCTAACATCTATGACATTTAATTATACATCGGA (22bp Del)  

GGCATTTATAAAAGTCACTTTATAITAGACAGGTGAACATGATTAACTGCTAACATCTATGACATTTAATTATACATCGGA (16bp Del)

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AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

GGACTTTATAAAAGATCACTTTTATAATGCCAACGGTGCACAGAATGCGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCATCTATGACATCAATTATTAATACATCGGA
GGACTTTATAAAAGATCACTTTTATAATGCCAACGGTGCACAGAATGCGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCATCTATGACATCAATTATTAATACATCGGA (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTAACTTATGCGACAGGTGGAACAAGATGGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCATACTATGACATCAATTATTAACATCGGA
GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTAACTTATGCGACAGGTGGAACAAGATGGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCATACTATGACATCAATTATTAACATCGGA (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

GGACTTTATAAAAAGATCACTTT

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GGACTTATAAAAGTCACTTTTATTATGCAAGGGGAA-----TCAAGTCAACTATGACATCAATTATTAATACATCGGA (20bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAAGTCACTTTTATTATGCAAGGGGAA-----CAAGTCAACTATGACATCAATTATTAATACATCGGA (20bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAAGTCACTTTTATTATGCAAGGGGAAACAAGA-----TATGACATCAATTATTAATACATCGGA (26bp Del)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

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GGACTTTATAAAAAGATCACTTTTAA

GCAC TTTATAAAA GAT CACTTTTATTTATGACAGCGGCA - CAAAGTCACCCACCTAATGACGCA
 GCAC TTTATAAAA GAT CACTTTTATTTATGACAGCGGCA - TATTTATACATCGGA (43bp Del)
 GCAC TTTATAAAA GAT CACTTTTATTTATGACAGCGGCA - TATTTATACATCGGA (38bp Del)
 GCAC TTTATAAAA GAT CACTTTTATTTATGACAGCGGCA - TATTTATACATCGGA (41bp Del)

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on CCR5 site1 on

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GGACTTTATAAAAGATCCTTTTATTGACAGGGTGGAACAGATGGATATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCTATCTAGCATCAATTATACATCGGA
enAsCas12a_w_o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

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GGACITTTAAAAGATCACTTTTATTGCAAGGGTGAACAAGATGGAT~~T~~ATCAAGTGTCAGT~~CCA~~~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTA~~ACATCGGA
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTATTGCAAGGGTGAACAAGATGGAT~~T~~ATCAAGTGTCAGT~~CCA~~~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTA~~ACATCGGA
GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTATTGCAAGCAGG-----GTTGTCAGT~~CCA~~~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTA~~ACATCGGA (22bp Del)
GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTATTGCAAGGGTGG-----AGTC~~CCA~~~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTA~~ACATCGGA (24bp Del)
GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTATTGCAAGGGTGG-----AGTGTCAAGT~~CCA~~~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTA~~ACATCGGA (17bp Del)
GGACTTTAAAAGATCACTTTTATTGCAAGGGTGG-----AGTGTCAAGT~~CCA~~~~ATCTATGACATCAATTATTA~~ACATCGGA (18bp Del)

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GGACTTATAAAGATCACTTTTATTGACAGGGTGGAAACAAGATGGAT TATCAAGTGTCAGG CCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTATACATCGGA
GGACTTATAAAGATCACTTTTATTGACACAGG-----GTGTCAGG CCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTATACATCGGA (22bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAGATCACTTTTATTGACAGGGTGGAA-----CAAGTGTCACTGGCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTATACATCGGA (13bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAGATCACTTTTATTGACAGGGTGGAA-----CAAGTCCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTATACATCGGA (20bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAGATCACTTTTATTGACAGGGTGG-----AAAGTCCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTATACATCGGA (23bp Del)

```

enAsCas12a with nCas9 NC

GGACTTTATAAAAGATCACTTTTATTAA**TGACAGGGTGAACAAAGATGGAT**TATCAAGTGTCAAGT**CCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTA**TACATCGGA
GGACTTTATAAAAGATCACTTTTATTAA**TGACAGGGTGAACAAAGATGGAT**TATCAAGTGTCAAGT**CCAATCTATGACATCAATTATTA**TACATCGGA (wt)

enAsCas12a with nCas9 only Cas12a

GGACTTTATANAGATGACTTTTA

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GGACTTATAAAAGACTTTTATTATGACAGGGTGAACAAGATGGATATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCATCTATGACATCAATTATACATCGGA (wt)
enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

GGACTTATAAAAGACTTTTATTATGACAGGGTGAACAAGATGGATATCAAGTGTCAAGTCCATCTATGACATCAATTATACATCGGA
GGACTTATAAAAGACT-----AGTGTCAAGTCCATCTATGACATCAATTATACATCGGA (39bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAAGACTTTTATTATGACAGGGTGA-----ATCAATTATACATCGGA (39bp Del)
GGACTTATAAAAGACTTTTATTATGACAGGGTGAAC-----TATGACATCAATTATACATCGGA (42bp Del)

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AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on CCR5 site1 OT1

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on CCR5 site1 OT1

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAA-----GACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (5bp Del)
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTG----AAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (4bp Del)
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAA----AAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (5bp Del)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)
enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)
enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAA-----ACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (8bp Del)
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAA-----ACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (7bp Del)
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAG---GACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (4bp Del)
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAA-----GACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (5bp Del)
enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

TGTTAACTCTTTC **TGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGA** CACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT
TGTTAACTCTTCTGCACAGGGTGAAAAAAGAAATGACACTCCCTGCTCCAGAATCAGATCATAGTTAT (wt)

AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on CCR5 site1 OT2

AsCas12a w/o nCas9 NC

CACAGTGTGTTTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAAGATGAGAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAACAA
CACAGTGTGTTTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAAGATGAGAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAACAA (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

CACAGTGTGTTTA**TG**CACAGGGACAAAAAAGAT**GAGA**GGCCCACTGGTATCAGATGATA**GAGG**TAAACA
CACAGTGTGTTTATGCACAGGGACAAAAAAGAT**GAGA**GGCCCACTGGTATCAGATGATA**GAGG**TAAACA (*wt*)
AsCas12a w/o nCas9 WT

measured_w, c_heads_w

AsCas12a w/o nCas9 8DNA

- - -

CACAGTGTGTTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAGATGAGAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAACA (wt)
AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

— — —

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

[SCHÉMA DE LA FAMILLE](#)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

CACAGTGTGTTTTA**TGGCACAGGGA**

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on CCR5 site1 QT2

$\alpha = 12^\circ$, $\mu = 1$, $n_{\text{G}} = 2$, NS

Unfeasible_wt_0_Heads_R

CACAGTGTGTTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAGATGAGAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAAACA (wt)
enAsCas12a w/o nCas9 only Cas12a

— — — —

CACAGTGTGTTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAAGATGAGAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAACA (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

CACAGTGTCTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAAGAT--GAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAACA (2bp Del)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

CACAGTGTCTTTATGCACAGGGAGAAAAAGATGAGAGGCCACTGGCTATCAGATGATAGAGGTAACA (wt)
enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

...GAGCTATCTTCCAGCGCCAGAAG

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

CACAGTGTGT TTTA TGGCACAGGGAGA AAAAAAAGA

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

CACAGTGTGT**TTTATGCACAGGGAA**

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

CACAGTGTGT**TTT****TGCACAGGGAGAA**

B AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns from AAVS1 on-target

AsCas12a w/o nCas9 NC

CTCCCTTGCAAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTTCCTTACATGGAGCCAGAGGGATCTGGGAGGGAGGCCTTGGCAGG
 CTCCCTTGCAAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTTCCTTACATGGAGCCAGAGGGATCTGGGAGGGAGGCCTTGGCAGG (wt)
 AsCas12a_w/o_ncas9_only_Cas12a

```

CTCCGCGAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTTCTGGCAACCTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (wt)
AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9 WT

```

```

CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCCTTAGCAGATGGAGCCAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGAGCAGAG--GATCTGGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGAGCAGAG---TCTGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG (5bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGAGCAGAG---GGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG (3bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGAGCAGAG-----TTGCAGG (25bp Del)
AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

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CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTAGCAGATGGCTGGAGGGAGACTGGCAGG
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTAGCAGATGG-----GGAGACTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTAGCAGATGG-----GGAGACTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTAGCAGATGG-----GGAGACTGGCAGG (25bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTAGCAGATGG-----GGAGGAGAGCTTCAGG (18bp Del)
AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

```

CTCCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTTCCTTACGTGAGGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGGCTTGGCAGG
 CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTTCCTTACGTGAGGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGGCTTGGCAGG (wt)
 AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

CTCCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGGCTTGGCAGG (wt)
AsCas12a_with_ncas9_WT

```

CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCCTTAGCATGGAGCCAGAGGGATCTGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGACCAAGA-----TCTGGAGGGAGCTTGGCAGG (5bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCGTCATGATGGACCAAGA-----GATCTGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGACCAAG-----GATCTGGAGGGAGACTTGGCAGG (4bp Del)
CTCCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTCTGTCTACGATGGACCAAG-----GGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (15bp Del)
AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

```

CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTG **CTTAGATGGAGGCCAGAGGGAT** CTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
 CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGTGGAGCCAGAG---GATCTCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
 CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGTGGAGCCAGA---TCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (5bp Del)
 CTCTT-----GGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (47bp Del)
 CTCCTTGCC-----TGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (42bp Del)

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on AAVS1 on

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

CTCCTTGCCGAAACCTCTAACGGTTGCTTACATGGAGCCAGAGGAGTCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
 CTCTTGCCGAAACCTCTAACGGTTGCTTACATGGAGCCAGAGGAGTCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (wt)
 enAsCas12a w/o nCas9 only Cas12a

**CTCCTTGGCCAGAACCTTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGGCCAGAGAGGATCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGGCCAGAACCTTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGGCCAGAGAGGATCCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT**

CTCCTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG-----GAGAGAGCTTGCCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG-----AGCTTGCCAGG (23bp Del)
CTCCTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGC-----TTGGCAGG (26bp Del)
CTCCTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGGCCAGA----TCCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGCCAGG (5bp Del)

enAsCas12a w/o nCas9 8DNA

```

CTCCCTGGCCAACACTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAGGCCAGAGGAGTCCTGGGGAGGGAGGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCCTGGCCAACACTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAG-----GGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (18bp Del)
CTCCCTGGCCAACACTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAG-----TTGGCAGG (25bp Del)
CTCCCTGGCCAACACTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAG-----GAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (16bp Del)
CTCCCTGGCCAACACTCTAAGGTTTCCTTACGATGGAG-----GAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (18bp Del)

enAsCas12a with nCas9 NC

```

CTCTTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTC **CTTAGCATGGAGCCAGAGGAGTC** CTGGAGGGAGACTGGCAGG (wt)
 CTCTTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTTC **CTTAGCATGGAGCCAGAGGATCTGGAGGGAGAGCTGGCAGG** (wt)
 espCas12a with pCas9 only Cas12a

CTCCTTGGCAAACCTCTAAGGTTG C^TTACGATGGGCCAGAGGGATC CTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGGCAAACCTCTAAGGTTG C^TTACGATGGGCCAGAGGGATC CTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (wt)

```

CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGGCCAGAGGAGATCCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGGCCAG-----GAGCTTGGCAGG (18bp Del)
CTC-----TCTCTGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (45bp Del)
CTCCTTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGC-----GAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTTGCCAGAACCT-----GGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (36bp Del)

```

CTCCTTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
 CTCTTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTCTTACGATGGAGC-----TTGGCAGG (25bp Del)
 CTCTTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTCTTACGATGGAG-----GGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (15bp Del)
 CTCTTGGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTCTTACGATGGAGCCAG-----GATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (4bp Del)

AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on AAVS1 OT1

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on AAVS1 OT1

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCC----AGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (5bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCC--AGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (2bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCA-----GTGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (8bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGAT-----GAAGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (9bp Del)

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAG---AGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (3bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGA-----CCCCATCTGTGTACTC (21bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCC----AGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (5bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAG-----TGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (6bp Del)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

C AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns from *DNMT1*-site2 on-target

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

TGGGCTGGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCTCACTCTGCTCGTGAATTGCTCACGACGCCACCTGGCTCACGTGTCACTTGAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCTCACTCTGCTCGTGAATTGCTCACGACGCCACCTGGCTCACGTGTCACTTGAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TGGGCTGGGCCTGGGGCGTTTCACTCTGCTGGTGAATTGGCTCAGCAGGCCAOTGCTCAGCTGCTCACTTGAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt)

AsLas12a_w/o_nLas9_WI

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TGGGCTGCGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCTAATCCTCTCGCTGGTAACTTC-----CTCTCAACGCCACTGGCTCTACGTCGCTGCGGACTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGCGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCTAATCCTCTCGCTGGTAACTTC-----AGCTCTGCTACTGACCTGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6 bp Del)
TGGGCTGCGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCTAATCCTCTCGCTGGTAACTTC-----TGCCTGCTACTGACCTGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6 bp Del)
TGGGCTGCGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCTAATCCTCTCGCTGGTAACTTC-----CAGCTCTGCTACTGACCTGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6 bp Del)
TGGGCTGCGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCTAATCCTCTCGCTGGTAACTTC-----TCACTTGTAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (5 bp Del)

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AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNAs

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TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGGTCTTCCCTAATCCTGCTGGTAATTCTCTGGACGCCACTGGCTCTGAGAC
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGGTCTTCCCTAATCCTGCTGGCTGGCTGGACAC—AGCTGCTCACTGAGCTCCTGGGGCTCTAGGAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGGTCTTCCCTAATCCTGCTGGTAATTCTCTGGACGCCACTGGCTCTGAGAC—TGCTGCTCACTGAGCTCCTGGGGCTCTAGGAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGGTCTTCCCTAATCCTGCTGGTAATTCTCTGGACGCCACTGGCTCTGAGAC—AGCTGCTCACTGAGCTCCTGGGGCTCTAGGAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGGTCTTCCCTAATCCTGCTGGTAATTCTCTGGACGCCACTGGCTCTGAGAC (4bp Del)

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AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCTCTCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTCCTCACCGAGCAGCTGGCTCACTGCTACTTGAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCTCTCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTGGCTCACCGAGCAGCTGGCTCACTGCTACTTGAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TGGGTGCGGCCCTGGGGGGTTTCCCTCACTCCTGCTCGGTGAATTGGCTAGCAGGCACCTGCCTCACTGCTCACTTGAGGCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt).

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AsCas12a_with_mCas9_WT

TGGGCTCTGGGCCCTTTCCCTACTCTCTGGTGATTCGCTCAACAGGCCACCTGCCTCACTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTCTGGGCCCTTTCCCTACTCTCTGGTGATTCGCTCAACAGGCCACCTGCCTCACTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6bp)
TGGGCTCTGGGCCCTTTCCCTACTCTCTGGTGATTCGCTCAACAGGCCACCTGCCTCACTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6bp)

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TGGGCTGGGCCCTGGGGCGGTTC

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AsCas12a_with_mCas9_8DNA

TGGGCTGGGCGCTGGGCGGTTCCTACTCTGCTGGTGAATTTGCCACAGGCCACCTCCCTCACGCTCTCACITGAGCCTCTGGGCTGAGAC
TGGGCTGGGCGCTGGGCGGTTCCTACTCTGCTGGTGAATTTGCCACAGGCCACCTCCCTCACGCTCTCACITGAGCCTCTGGGCTGAGAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGGCGCTGGGCGGTTCCTACTCTGCTGGTGAATTTGCCACAGGCCACCTCCCTCACGCTCTCACITGAGCCTCTGGGCTGAGAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGGCGCTGGGCGGTTCCTACTCTGCTGGTGAATTTGCCACAGGCCACCTCCCTCACGCTCTCACITGAGCCTCTGGGCTGAGAC (2bp Del)
TGGGCTGGGCGCTGGGCGGTTCCTACTCTGCTGGTGAATTTGCCACAGGCCACCTCCCTCACGCTCTCACITGAGCCTCTGGGCTGAGAC (4bp Del)

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enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on *DNMT1* site2 on

enAsCas12a w/o nCas9 NC

GGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGCTTCCCTCACTCTGCTGGTGAA **TTTGCTCAGCAGGCACCTGCTCAGCT** GCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
GGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGCTTCCCTCACTCTGCTGGTGAA **TTTGCTCAGCAGGCACCTGCTCAGCT** GCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt)

enAsCas12a w/o nCas9 only Cas12a

GGGCTGGCCCTGGGCCCTTCCCTCACTCTCGTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCACCTGCGCTCAGCTGTCACCTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
GGGCTGGCCCTGGGCCCTTCCCTCACTCTCGTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCACCTGCGCTCAGCTGTCACCTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (WT)

en λ sCas12a w/o pCas9 WT

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TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCCACCTGCCTCAGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----AGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGCTAGAAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCCACCTGCCTCAGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGCTAGAAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----AGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGCTAGAAC (4bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTCCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----AGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGCTAGAAC (7bp Del)

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enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

TGGGCTGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCACTCCTCTGCGGAATTGCTCAGCAGGACCCGTCCACTGCTCACTGAGGCCCTTGGGTCAGAAC
TGGGCTGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCACTCCTCTGCGGAATTGCTCAGCAGGACCC-----TGCCTACTGAGGCCCTTGGGTCAGAAC (6 bp Del)
TGGGCTGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCACTCCTCTGCGGAATTGCTCAGCAGGACCC-----TGCCTACTGAGGCCCTTGGGTCAGAAC (6 bp Del)
TGGGCTGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCACTCCTCTGCGGAATTGCTCAGCAGGACCC-----TGCCTACTGAGGCCCTTGGGTCAGAAC (4 bp Del)
TGGGCTGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCACTCCTCTGCGGAATTGCTCAGCAGGACCC-----AGCTGCTCACTGAGGCCCTTGGGTCAGAAC (2 bp Del)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGCTTCCCTCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTTCAGCAGGCCACCTGCTCAGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGCTTCCCTCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTTCAGCAGGCCACCTGCTCAGCTGCTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt)

enAsCas12a with nCas9 only Cas12a

TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGCTTCCCTCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTTCAGCAGGACCTGCTCAGCTGCTACTTGACCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGCTTCCCTCACTCTGCTCGGTGAATTTCAGCAGGACCTGCTCAGCTGCTACTTGACCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (wt)

enAsCas12a with nCas9 WT

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TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCACCTCTGCGGTGATTTGCTCACAGGAGCACCTGCCTCACTGTGTCACTTGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCACCTCTGCGGTGATTTGCTCACAGGAGCACCTGCCTCACTG--AGCTGCTCACTGGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCACCTCTGCGGTGATTTGCTCACAGGAGCACCTGCCTCACTG--TGCTGCTCACTGGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (6bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCACCTCTGCGGTGATTTGCTCACAGGAGCACCTGCCTCACTG--CAGCTGCTCACTGGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (4bp Del)
TGGGCTGGCCCTGGGGCGTTTCCCACCTCTGCGGTGATTTGCTCACAGGAGCACCTGCCTCACTG--AGCTGCTCACTGGAGCCTCTGGGTCTAGAAC (7bp Del)

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enVsCas13a with *pCas9* 8DNA

AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on *DNMT1* site2 OT1

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTGCTTA~~GCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC~~
ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTGCTTA~~GCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC~~ (wt)
AsCas12a w/o nCas9 only_Cas12a

ACAGTCAGAGCAAAGTGTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCATGGAAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (**wt**)
AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

ACAGTCAAGAGCAAAGTTGTGC

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

ACAGTCAAGAGCAAAGTTGTGCTTA~~GCTCAGCAGGCAC~~TGGCAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC

ACAGTCAAGAGCAAAGTTGTGCTTAGCTCAG
AGACTGAGACGGTAACTTCCTCCCTAACCTGAC

AsCas12a_with_ncas9_only_Cas12a

ACAGCTAAGAGCAAAGTTGCTTA**GCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC**

ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCACCTGCCATGGAGAAAACACTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (wt)

AsCas12a with nCas9 WT

ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTA**GTC**CAGCAGGCCATGGGCTGGCC (wt)
 ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCACGCAGGCCATGGGCTGGCC (Δgag)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

ACAGTCAGGAAAGTGTGCTTACCTGCAGCAGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC
ACAGTCAGGAAAGTGTGCTTACCTGCAGCAGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (wt)

enASCs12a - Endogenous lncer patterns on *DNM11* site2 OTT

Chascaniza _ w/o meas - No

ACAGTCAGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

ACAGCTTCAAGAGAAAGTGTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCATGGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

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ACAGTCAGGAGAACTGGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCC----ATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (5bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGAGAACTGGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCC----ATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGAGAACTGGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCCTG----GAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGAGAACTGGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCC----CATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (4bp Del)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

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ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTCTTAGCTCACGAGGCCCTGGCCATGGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC
ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTCTTAGCTCACGAGGCCCTGGCCATGGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (5bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTCTTAGCTCACGAGGCCCTGGCCATGGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTCTTAGCTCACGAGGCCCTGGCCATGGAAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGACAAAGTTGTCTTAG-----AAAACACTTGGGCTGGCCCTCC (24bp Del)
enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

```

ACAGTCAAGACAAAGTTGTCTTA~~GCT~~**GGTC**AGCAGGCCACTGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC
ACAGTCAAGACAAAGTTGTCTTA~~GCT~~**GGTC**AGCAGGCCACTGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (wt)
enAsCas12a with nCas9 only Cas12a

ACAGTCAGAGCAAAGTGTCTTA**GCTCAGCAGGCCATGGGCTGGCC**TCC (wt)
ACAGTCAGAGCAAAGTGTCTTA**GCTCAGCAGGCCATGGGCTGGCC**TCC (wt)
enAsCas12a with nCas9 WT

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ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCTCC
ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----ATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCC TCC (5bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----GAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCC TCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----ATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCC TCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAGGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCAC----CATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCC TCC (4bp Del)
inAsCas12a with nCas9 8DNA

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ACAGTCAAGAGCAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGGAAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC
ACAGTCAAGGACAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGGAATGGGCTGGCCCTCC (5bp Del)
ACAGTCAAGGACAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAAGGACAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGATGGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAAGGACAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGAGAGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (6bp Del)
ACAGTCAAGGACAAAGTTGCTTAGCTCAGCAGGCCACTGGAAAACACTTGGCTGGCCCTCC (16bp Del)

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AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on *DNMT1* site2 OT2

AsCas12a w/o nCas9 NC

TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a w/o nCas9 only Cas12a

TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a w/o nCas9 WT

TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a w/o nCas9 8DNA

TCATAGGACAT~~TTA~~**GCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCA**CCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACAT~~TTA~~**GCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCA**ATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a with nCas9 NC

TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCAACAAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a with nCas9 only Cas12a

TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a with nCas9 WT

TCATAGGACAT~~TTA~~**GCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCA**CCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACAT~~TTA~~**GCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCA**CCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
AsCas12a with nCas9 8DNA

TCATAGGACATATTTA**GCTCAGCTGACACCTGCCCA**CCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGCCCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on *DNMT1* site2 OT2

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

TCATAGGACATTAAGCTCACGTGACACCTGGCCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCGACTGGCCCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (wt)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TCATAGGACATTTCGCTACGTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTTCGCTACGTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (*wt*)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCACTTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCACTTATGACAAC (4bp Del)
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGC-----CCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTTATGACAAC (3bp Del)
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGCTGACACCTGGCCCACTTATGACAAC (5bp Del)
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGCTCA-----GCTGGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTTATGACAAC (21bp Del)
enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

TCATAGGACATTTCCTCACGTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTGCTCACGTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (*wt*)
enAsCas12a_with_ncas9_NC

TCATAGGACATTAAGCTCACGTGACACCTGGCCCACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGTGACACCTGGCCCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (**wt**)
enAsCas12a with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

TCATAGGACATTTCGCTCAGTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC
TCATAGGACATTAGCTCAGTGACACCTGGCCCAACCAATTGCTGGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (*wt*)
enAsCas12a_with_ncas9_WT

TCATAGGACATTGCTCAGCTGACA --- CCCAACATTGCTGGCACTGGCCCCAGCTTATTGACAAC (4bp)
 TCATAGGACATTGCTCAGCTGACA --- CCCAACATTGCTGGCACTGGCCCCAGCTTATTGACAAC (3bp)

TCATAGGACATTAA-----GGCAGCTGGCCCAGCTATTATGACAAC (29bp Del)
enAsCas12a with nCas9 8DNA

AsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on DNMT1 site2 OT3

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

AsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

enAsCas12a - Endogenous indel patterns on DNMT1 site2 OT3

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_NC

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_WT

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACA-----CTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (7bp Del)
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGA-----CACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (18bp Del)
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACAC-----CTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (6bp Del)
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACA-----TCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (6bp Del)

enAsCas12a_w/o_nCas9_8DNA

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_NC

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_only_Cas12a

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_WT

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACA-----CTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (7bp Del)
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACA-----CTC---GGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (8bp Del)
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGC---CTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (2bp Del)
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACTA-----ACCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (10bp Del)

enAsCas12a_with_nCas9_8DNA

AAGTCCAGTT **TCCA GCTCAGCGGACACCAGCCTC** TAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA
AAGTCCAGTTCCAGCTCAGCAGACACCAGCCTCTAGGGTCCCACAGCCAGGGAAAGGAGAGGCTCCGA (wt)

[Figure S9] Representative indel patterns from NGS analysis of each on-/off-target sites on genomic DNA edited by single or co-transfection of chimeric crRNA guided Cas12a and SpCas9 nickase (D10A). (A-C) List of indel patterns induced by the combination of Cas12a and SpCas9 nickase (D10A) at each on-/off-target sites of *CCR5*-site1 (A), *AAVS1* (B), and *DNMT1*-site2 (C) locus in HEK293FT cell line. PAM sequences (NGG, TTTN) for SpCas9 and Cas12a effector are shown in orange and blue, and each protospacer region is shown in purple and red color, respectively. The dashed line indicates deleted sequence relative to the wild-type reference sequence. NC: negative control, only Cas12a: only protein treated, WT: wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a, 8DNA: chimeric crRNA (sequential 8DNA substitution at 3'-end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a. nCas9: nickase Cas9 (D10A)), w/o: without.

A**Endogenous indel patterns from AAVS1 on-target (HeLa)****HeLa_NC**

CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTG**CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGAT**CCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (wt)

AsCas12a_WT

CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTG**CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGAT**CCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTA-----GCTTGGCAGG (43bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATG-----AGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (20bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGG-----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGG-----GAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (18bp Del)

AsCas12a_8DNA

CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTG**CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGAT**CCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCAGA-----TCTCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (5bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTT-----GGCAGG (37bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGAG-----GATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATG-----AGCTTGGCAGG (26bp Del)

en-AsCas12a_WT

CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTG**CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGAT**CCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG-----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCAG-----GGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (11bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGAT-----TCCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (14bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG-----AGCTTGGCAGG (23bp Del)

en-AsCas12a_8DNA

CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTG**CTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGAT**CCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG-----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGC-----TTGGCAGG (25bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG-----AGCTTGGCAGG (23bp Del)
CTCCTTGCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGA-----CAGG (31bp Del)

Endogenous indel patterns from AAVS1 OT1 (HeLa)

HeLa_NC

AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_WT

AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

AsCas12a_8DNA

AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

en-AsCas12a_WT

AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGAT-----GAAGCTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (9bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCC---AGAACGCTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (2bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGAT-----AGCTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (11bp Del)
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGAT-----GCCCATCTGTGTACTC (33bp Del)

en-AsCas12a_8DNA

AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC
AACATAGAAGTTCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)

B

Endogenous indel patterns from AAVS1 on-target (K562)

K562_NC

CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (wt)

AsCas12a_WT

CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCAG----GATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (4bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCAG--GGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCAG--AGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)

AsCas12a_8DNA

CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGC----ITGGCAGG (25bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----AGCTTGGCAGG (23bp Del)

en-AsCas12a_WT

CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (25bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----AGCTTGGCAGG (23bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (18bp Del)

en-AsCas12a_8DNA

CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCCAGAGAGGATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (19bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----GGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (25bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAGCAG----GATCTGGGAGGGAGAGCTTGGCAGG (2bp Del)
CTCCTGCCAGAACCTCTAAGGTTGCTTACGATGGAG----AGCTTGGCAGG (23bp Del)

Endogenous indel patterns from AAVS1 OT1 (K562)

K562_NC

```
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)
```

AsCas12a_WT

```
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)
```

AsCas12a_8DNA

```
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)
```

en-AsCas12a_WT

```
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAA-----GCTGCTGCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (14bp Del)  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAA-----GCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (17bp Del)  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCC--AGAAGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (2bp Del)  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGA-----TGCTGCTGCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (17bp Del)
```

en-AsCas12a_8DNA

```
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC  
AACATAGAAGTTTCCTTATGATGAAGCCAGAGAACGCTGTGCTGCTCTGAAAGCTGCCCATCTGTGTACTC (wt)
```

[Figure S10] Representative indel pattern from NGS analysis of endogenous genomic locus in various cell lines edited by wt-Cas12a or en-Cas12a using chimeric DNA-RNA guide. (A, B) List of indel patterns induced by wt-AsCas12a and en-AsCas12a using wt- or 8 DNA chimeric guide on *AAVS1* locus in HeLa (A) or K562 (B) cell lines. PAM sequence (TTTN) for AsCas12a is shown in blue and protospacer is shown in red, respectively. The dashed line indicates deleted sequence relative to the wild-type reference sequence. NC: negative control, WT: wild-type crRNA was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a, 8 DNA: chimeric crRNA (sequential 8 DNA substitution at 3'-end of crRNA) was treated with wt- or en-AsCas12a.

Information of the nucleotide sequence for AsCas12a used in this study

1. CMV-wt-AsCas12a

```
ATGACACAGTCGAGGGCTTACCAACCTGTATCAGGTGAGCAAGACACTGCGGTTGAGCTGAT  
CCCACAGGGCAAGACCCCTGAAGCACATCCAGGAGCAGGGCTTCATCGAGGGAGGACAAGGCCCG  
CAATGATCACTACAAGGAGCTGAAGCCCATATCGATCGGATCTACAAGACCTATGCCGACCAGT  
GCCTGCAGCTGGTGCAGCTGGATTGGAGAACCTGAGCGCCGCCATCGACTCCTATAGAAAGGA  
GAAAACCGAGGAGACAAGGAACGCCCTGATCGAGGAGCAGGCCACATATCGCAATGCCATCCAC  
GACTACTTCATCGGCCGGACAGACAAACCTGACCGATGCCATCAATAAGAGACACGCCGAGATCTA  
CAAGGGCTGTTCAAGGCCAGCTGTTAATGGCAAGGTGCTGAAGCAGCTGGGCACCGTGAC
```

CACAACCGAGCACCGAGAACGCCCTGCTGCCGAGCTTCGACAAGTTACAACCTACTTCTCCGGC
TTTATGAGAACAGGAAGAACGTGTTAGCGCCGAGGATATCAGCACAGCCATCCCACACCGCAT
CGTCAGGACAACCTCCCCAAGTTAAGGAGATTGTCACATCTCACACGCCGATCACCGCCG
TGCCCAGCCTGCCGGAGCACTTGAGAACGTAAGAAGGCCATGGCATTCGAGCACCTC
CATCGAGGAGGTGTTCCCTTCTTATAACCAGCTGCTGACACAGACCCAGATCGACCTGTA
TAACCAGCTGCTGGAGGAATCTCTCGGGAGGCAGGCACCGAGAAGATCAAGGGCCTGAACGA
GGTGCCTGAATCTGCCATCCAGAAGAACGATGAGACAGCCCACATCATGCCCTCCGCCACACA
GATTCACTCCCCCTGTTAACGAGATCCTGTCGATAGAACACCCGATCTTCATCCTGGAGGAGT
TTAAGAGCGACGAGGAAGTGTCCAGTCTGCAAGTACAAGACACTGCTGAGAAACGAGAA
CGTGCTGGAGACAGCCGAGGCCCTGTTAACGAGCTGAAACAGCATCGACCTGACACACATCTC
ATCAGCCACAAGAACGCTGGAGACAATCAGCAGGCCCTGTCGACCCACTGGATAACTGAGGA
ATGCCCTGTATGAGCGGAGAACGATCTCCGAGCTGACAGGCAAGATACCAAGTCTGCCAAGGAGAA
GGTGCAGCGCAGCCTGAAGCACGAGGATATCAACCTGCAAGGAGATCATCTGCCGCAGGCAAG
GAGCTGAGCGAGGCCCTCAAGCAGAAAACCAGCGAGATCCTGTCGACCCACACGCCGCCCTG
GATCAGCCACTGCCATCACCCCTGAAGAACGAGGAGAGAGGAGATCCTGAGTCTCAGCTGG
ACAGCCTGCTGGCCTGTACCAACCTGCTGGACTGGTTGCCGGATGAGTCCAACGAGGTGGA
CCCCGAGTTCTCTGCCCGCTGACCGCATCAAGCTGGAGATGGAGCCTCTGAGCTTCTAC
AACAAAGGCCAGAAATTATGCCACCAAGAACGCCCTACTCCGTGGAGAACGTTCAAGCTGAACCTTCA
GATGCCTACACTGGCCTCTGGCTGGACGTGAATAAGGAGAACAAATGGGCCATCCTGTT
GTGAAGAACGGCCTGTACTATCTGGCATCATGCCAAGCAGAACGGCAGGTATAAGGCCCTGA
GCTTCGAGCCCACAGAGAAAACCAGCGAGGGCTTGATAAGATGTAATGACTACTTCCCTGAT
GCCGCCAAGATGATCCAAAGTGCAGCACCCAGCTGAAGGCCGTGACAGCCACTTCAGACCC
ACACAACCCCCATCCTGCTGTCACAAATTTCATCGAGCCTCTGGAGATCACAAAGGAGATCTAC
GACCTGAACAATCCTGAGAACGGAGCCAAGAACGTTCAAGACAGCCTACGCCAACAAAACCGCG
ACCAGAACGGCTACAGAGAGGCCCTGTCAAGTGGATCGACTTCACAAGGGATTTCTGTCAA
GTATACCAAGACAACCTCTATCGATCTGCTAGCCTGCCATCCTCTCAGTATAAGGACCTGGG
CGAGTACTATGCCGAGCTGAATCCCTGCTGTACCATCAGCTCCAGAGAACGCCGAGAACGG
AGATCATGGATGCCGTGGAGACAGGCAAGCTGTACCTGTTCCAGATCTATAAACAGGACTTGC
AAGGGCCACCACGGCAAGCCTAATCTGCACACACTGTATTGGACCGGCTGTTCTCCAGAGAA
CCTGGCCAAGACAAGCATCAAGCTGAATGGCCAGGCCAGCTGTTCTACCGCCCTAAGTCCAGG
ATGAAGAGGATGCCACACCGGCTGGAGAGAACGATGCTGAACAAGAACGCTGAAGGATCAGAAAA
CCCCAATCCCCGACACCCCTGTACCAAGGAGCTGTACGACTATGTGAATCACAGACTGTCCCACGAC
CTGCTGTAGAGGCCAGGGCCCTGCTGCCAACGTGATCACCAAGGAGGTGTCTACGAGATCA
TCAAGGATAGGCCTTACCAAGCGACAAGTTCTTTCCACGTGCTATCACACTGAACATCAGG
CCGCCAATTCCCCATCTAACGTTCAACCAGAGGGTGAATGCCACCTGAAAGGAGCACCCGAGAC
ACCTATCATCGGCATCGATCGGGCGAGAACCTGATCTATACAGTGTACTCCACCG
GCAAGATCCTGGAGCAGCGAGCTGAACACCATCCAGCAGTTGATTACCAAGAACGCTGGA
CAACAGGGAGAACGGAGAGGGTGGCAGCAAGGCAGGCCGGCTGGCTGTGGGGCACAATCAAGG
ATCTGAAGCAGGGCTATCTGAGCCAGGTATCCACGAGATCGTGGACCTGATGATCCACTACAGG
GCCGTGGTGGTGTGGAGAACCTGAATTGGCTTAAAGAGCAAGAGGACCGGCATGCCGAGA
AGGCCGTGTACCAAGCAGTTGAGAACGATGCTGATCGATAAGCTGAATTGCTGGTGTGAAGGA
CTATCCAGCAGAACGAGAACGAGGCGCTGCTGAACCCATACAGCTGACAGACCAGTTCACCTCC
TTTGCCAAGATGGCACCCAGTCTGCTTCTGTTACGTGCTGCCATATACATCTAACGATC
GATCCCCTGACCGGCTCGTGGACCCCTCGTGTGGAAAACCATCAAGAACATCACGAGAGGCC
AGCACTTCCCTGGAGGGCTTCGACTTCTGCACTACGACGTAAAACCGGCACCCATCCTGCA
CTTTAAGATGAACAGAAATCTGCTCTCCAGAGGGGCTGCCGGCTTATGCCATGGGATAT
CGTGTGAGAACGAGAACGACACAGTTGACGCCAGGGCACCCCTTCATGCCGGCAAGAGA
ATCGTGCCAGTGTGAGAACATCACAGATTACCCGGCAGATACCGGGACCTGATCCTGCCAACGA
GCTGATGCCCTGCTGGAGGAGAACGGCATCGTGTTCAGGGATGGCTCCAAACATCCTGCC
CTGCTGGAGAACATGACGATTCTCACGCCATCGACACCATTGGTGGCCCTGATCCGAGCGTGC
AGATGCGGAACCTCAATGCCGCCACAGCGAGGACTATATCAACAGCCCCGTGCGGATCTGAA
TGGCGTGTGCTCGACTCCGGTTCAAGAACCCAGAGTGGCCCATGGACGCCGATGCCATGGC
GCCTACCATGCCCTGAAGGGCCAGCTGCTGTAATCACCTGAAGGAGAGCAAGGATCTGA
AGCTGCAGAACGGCATCTCAATCAGGACTGGCTGGCCTACATCCAGGAGCTGCGCAACAAAAG
GCCGGCGGCCACGAAAAAGGCCAGGAAAAAGAAAAAGGGATCTACCCATACGATGTT

CCAGATTACGCTTATCCCTACGACGTGCCTGATTATGCATACCCATATGATGTCCCCGACTATGCC

Cyon: wt-AsCas12a (WT), Yellow: nucleoplasmin NLS, Green: linker, Gray: HA-tag

2. pET28-wt-AsCas12a

CATCATCATCATCATCATGTGTACCCCTACGACGTGCCCGACTACGCCGAATTGCCTCCAAAAAAAG
AAGAGAAAGGTAATGACACAGTTGAAGGCTTCACCAATCTTACCGAGTCAGCAAGACGCTACG
TTTGAGCTTATCCCGCAGGGAAAAACCCCTGAACACATTCAAGAACAGGGGTTCATAGAGGAAG
ATAAGGCCGTAACGACCATTATAAAGAACTGAAGCCTATAATCGACCGTATTATAAAACGTACGC
GGATCAGTGCCTGCAGCTGGTTAGCTGGATTGGAGAATCTGTCGCGGCTATTGATAGCTATC
GCAAAGAGAAGACCGAGGAAACCCGTAACGCACTGATTGAAGAGCAGGCCACCTATCGGAATGC
GATCCATGATTACTTCATCGGCCGCACCGACAACCTGACCGATGCAATTAAACAAACGTCACGCAG
AGATTACAAAGGCTGTTAAAGCAGAGTTATTCAATGGCAAGGTTCTGAAACAGCTGGTACGG
TCACCACCAACCGAACACGAAAACGCACTGCTGAGGAGCTTGATAAATTACACATATTCAGCG
GTTTCTATGAAAATCGTAAGAATGTATTAGCGCCGAAGATATTCCACCGCAATTCTCATCGTATT
GTGCAGGATAATTTCGAAGTTAAAGAAAATTGTCATATTTCACCGTCTGATCACCGCGGTAC
CGAGCCTCGAGAGCATTGAAAACGTTAAGAAAGCCATTGAAATTTCAGTACCGACGATTG
AAGAAGTGTTCGTTCCCGTTCTATAACCAACTGCTGACCCAGACCCAGATTGATCTGTACAATC
AGCTGCTGGGGGCATAAGCCGCGAGGCAGGTACCGAAAAGATAAAGGGACTCAATGAGGTGCT
GAATCTGGCAATTCAAGAAGAATGATGAGACGGCTCATATCATTGCTAGCCTGCCGATCGTTCTATT
CCCCTGTTAACGAAATCCTGAGCGATCGCAATACACTGAGCTTATCCTCGAAGAGTTAAATCG
GACGAAGAAGTTATCCAGAGCTTTGCAAATACAAAACCCCTGCTGCGGAACGAAAATGTGCTGGA
GACCGCTGAAGCACTGTTAATGAACTGAACCTCGATCGACCTCACCCATATTTCATATCCCACAA
AAACTGGAAACCATAAGCAGCGCTCTGTGTGACCATTGGGATACCCCTGCGCAACGCCCTGTATGA
ACGGCGTATCAGCGAGCTGACCGGGAAAATACCAAATCCGAAAGGAAAAGTTCACTGAGT
CTGAAACACGAGGACATCAACCTGCAAGAAATTATTAGCCGAGCAGGTAAAGAGCTGAGCGAAGC
ATTCAAACAGAAAACCAGCGAAATCCTGAGCCATGCCATGCTGACTGGATCAGCCGCTGCG
ACCACCCCTGAAAAAACAGGAGGAAAAGGAGATTCTGAAAAGCCAACCTGGACAGCCTGCTGGGCC
TGTATCACCTGCTGGACTGGTTGCAGTCGATGAGAGCAACGAGGTTGATCCTGAGTTCTCCGCT
CGTCTGACCGGAATCAAGCTGGAGATGGAACCGAGTCTGCTGTTACAATAAGCGCGTAATTA
CGCGACCAAGAACCGTATACTGAGGAAAATCAAACGAACTTCAAGATGCCGACCCCTGCAA
GCGGATGGACGTTAACAAAGAAAAAACATGGGCAATTCTGTTGTGAAAATGGCCTCTATT
ATCTGGGTATCATGCCGAAACAGAAAGGGCGCTACAAAGCCCTGTCATTGAGCCGACCGAGAAA
ACCTCAGAGGGTTCGACAAGATGTACTACGATTATTCCCGATGCCGAAAGGATACCCAAA
TGTAGCACCCAACTGAAGGCAGTTACAGCCCACCTTCAGACCCATACCACCCGATCCTGCTGTC
GAACAATTTCAGACGGCGTATGCAAAAAGACCGGGATCAGAAAGGTTATCGTAAGCGCT
CCCAAGAAATTTCAGACGGCGTATGCAAAAAGACCGGGATCAGAAAGGTTATCGTAAGCGCT
GTGCAAATGGATTGACTTACCGTGACTTCTGTCAAAATACCAAACGACGAGCATTGATCT
GAGCAGCCTACGTCGAGCAGCCAATATAAGGATCTGGCGAATATTACGCCGAACTGAATCCGC
TGCTCTACCATATTCCCTCAACGAATCGCTGAAAAGAAATAATGGACGCCGTTGAAACCGGCA
AACTGTATCTGTTCAATCTACAACAAAGATTGCGCAAAGGCCATCACGTTAAGCCGAAACCTGC
ATACCCCTGTATTGGACCGGTCTGTTAGCCGGAGAATCTGCCAAAACCGCATCAAGCTGAAC
GGACAGGCAGAACTGTTACCGCCCCAAAAGCCGTATGAAAAGGATGGCACACCCGCTGGCG
AAAAAATGCTGAATAAGAAACTCAAAGATCAGAAAACGCCGATACCGGATACCCATTACAGGAGC
TGTATGATTATGTTAACCAAGGGCTGAGCCATGACCTGAGCGACGAAGCGCGTGCAGTCTGCC
GAACGTGATTACCAAGGAAGTCTCGATGAAATTATTAAAGATCGCGCTTCACCAAGTGATAAATT
TTCTTCATGTACCGATCACCTGAATTATCAAGCCGAAATAGCCCTCCAAATTAAATCAACCGG
TGAATCGTACCTGAAAGAGCATCCGGAGACCCATTATTGGCATAGACCGAGGAGAACGCAAT
CTCATTATATCACCGTCATTGATAGCACCCTGAAGATCCTGGAACAGCGTAGCCTGAATACCATT
AGCAGTTGACTACCAAGAAAAGCTGGACAACAGAGAGAAAAGGAACGTTGAGCCGCCGGCAGGC
TTGGAGTGTGGTGGGTACTATCAAGGATCTGAAGCAGGGGTATCTCTCCCAAGTTATCCATGAAAT
TGTGATCTAATGATTCAACTATCAAGCAGTAGTGGTACTGGAAAATCTGAATTCTGGTTCAAAGC
AAACGTACAGGGATCGCTAAAAAGCCGTTATCAGCAGTTGAGAAAATGCTGATAGACAAGC

GAATTGCCTGGTTCTGAAAGATTATCCGGCAGAGAAGGTGGCGGTGTGCTGAACCCGTACCAAG
 CTGACTGATCAATTACGAGCTTGCAAAAATGGAACGCAGAGCGGTTCCCTGTTCTATGTTCCG
 GCGCCATATACCAGCAAGATAGACCCGCTGACAGGTTCTGAGATCCGTTGCTGGAAAACCATT
 AAAAATCATGAAAGTCGAAACATTTCGGAGGGCTTGATTTCTGCACTATGACGTGAAAACC
 GGCGACTTCATTCTGCATTAAAATGAACCGTAATCTGTCCTTCAGCGCGGCCCTGCGCTGGCTT
 ATGCCGGCGTGGACATTGTTTGTGAGGAGAACAGACAGTTGATGCCAAAGGTACCCCCCTT
 TATTGCGGGAAACGCATTGCCCCGTTAGAAAATCACCGCTCACCGGACGGTATAGGGACT
 TGTAACCGGCAAATGAATTGATAGCGCTGCTGGAGGAGAACAGTATTGCTTCCGGATGGATCA
 AACATCCTGCCGAAGCTGCTGGAGAACGATGACAGCCACGCAATAGACACCAGTAGCGCTGA
 TCCGAAGCGTGCTGCAGATGCGTAACAGTAATGCGGCTACGGGGAGACTACATTAATAGCCG
 GTCCGTGATCTGAAACGGCTTGTGATAGCAGATTCAAAATCCGAGTGGCCATGGATGC
 CGATGCCAATGGAGCTTACCATATCGCTCTCAAAGGTAGCTCCTACTGAACCATTGAAAGAAC
 AAAAGATCTGAAACTGCAGAACGGCATCTGAATCAGGACTGGCTGGCCTACATTCAAGAACTGA
 GAAACGACTACAAAGACCATGACGGTGATTATAAGATCATGACATCGATTACAAGGATGACGATG
 ACAAG

Green: 6His-tag, Magenta : HA-tag, Yellow: SV40 NLS, Cyan: enAsCas12a (WT), Gray: 3X FLAG

Information of the amino acid sequence for AsCas12a used in this study

3. CMV-wt-AsCas12a

MTQFEGFTNLYQVSKTLRFELIPQGKTLKHIQEQQFIEEDKARNDHYKELKPIIDRIYKTYADQCLQLVQ
 LDWENLSAAIDSYSRKEKTEETRNALIEEQATYRNAIHDYFIGRTDNLTDAINKRHAEIYKGLFKAELFNG
 KVLKQLGTVTTTEHENALLRSFDKFETYFSGFYENRKNVFSaedistaiphriVQDNFPFKKENCHIFTR
 LITAVPSLREHFENVKAIGIFVSTSIEEVFSFPFYNQLLTQTQIDLYNQLGGISREAGTEKIKGLNEVLN
 LAIQKNDETAHIIASLPHRFIPLFKQILSDRNTLSFILEEFKSDEEVIQSFCKYKTLRNENVLETAEALFN
 ELNSIDLTHIFISHKKLETISSALCDHWDTLRNALYERRISELTGKITSAKEVKQRSLKHEDINLQEIIASA
 GKELSEAFKQKTSEILSHAHAALDQPLPTTLKKQEEKEILKSQLDSSLGLYHLLDWFAVDESNEVDPEF
 SARLTGKLEMEPSLSFYNKARNYATKKPYSVEFKLNFQMPTLASGWDVNKEKNNGAILFVKNGLYY
 LGIMPKQKGRYKALSFEPTEKTEGFDKMYDYFPDAAKMIPKCSTQLKAVTAHFQTHTPILLSNNFI
 EPLEITKEIYDLNNPEKEPKKFQTAYAKKTGDQKGYREALCKWIDFRDFSKYTKTTSIDLSSLRPSSQ
 YKDLGEYYAELNPLLHYISFQRIAKEIMDAVETGKLYLFQIYNKDFAKGHGKPNLHTLYWTGLFSPE
 NLAKTSIKLNGQAELFYRPKSRMKRMAHRLGEKMLNKKLDQKTPIDTLYQELYDYVNHRSLHDLSD
 EARALLPNVITKEVSHEIIKDRRFTSDKFFFHVPITLNYQAANSPSKFNQRVNAYLKEHPETPIIGIDRGE
 RNLIYITVIDSTGKILEQRSLNTIQQFDYQKKLDNREKERVAARQAWSVVTIKDLKQGYLSQVIHEIVD
 LMIHYQAVV/LENLNFGFKSKRTGIAEKAVYQQFEKMLIDKLNCLVLKDYPAEKVGGVLNPYQLTDQFT
 SFAKMGQTSGFLFVVPAPYTSKIDPLTFVDPFWKTIKNHESRKHFLEGDFLHYDVKTGDFILHFK
 MNRNLNSFQRGLPGMPAWDIVFEKNETQFDAKGTPFIAGKRIVPVIEHHRFTGRYRDLYPANELIALLE
 EKGIVFRDGSNILPKLLENDDSHAIDTVALIRSVLQMRNSNAATGEDYINSPVRDLNGVCFDSRFQN
 PEWPMADANGAYHIALKGQLLLNHLKESKDLKLQNGISNQDWLAYIQELRNKRPAATKKAGQAKKK
 KGSYPYDVPDYAYPYDVPDYAYPYDVPDYA

4. pET28-wt-AsCas12a

HHHHHHVYPYDVPDYAELPPKKKRKVMTQFEGFTNLYQVSKTLRFELIPQGKTLKHIQEQQFIEEDKA
 RNDHYKELKPIIDRIYKTYADQCLQLVLDWENLSAAIDSYSRKEKTEETRNALIEEQATYRNAIHDYFIG
 RTDNLTDAINKRHAEIYKGLFKAELFNGKVLKQLGTVTTTEHENALLRSFDKFETYFSGFYENRKNVFS
 AedistaiphriVQDNFPFKKENCHIFTRITAVPSLREHFENVKAIGIFVSTSIEEVFSFPFYNQLLTQT
 QIDLYNQLGGISREAGTEKIKGLNEVNLAIQNDETAHIIASLPHRFIPLFKQILSDRNTLSFILEEFKS
 DEEVIQSFCKYKTLRNENVLETAEALFNELNSIDLTHIFISHKKLETISSALCDHWDTLRNALYERRISELT
 GKITSAKEVKQRSLKHEDINLQEIIASAAGKELSEAFKQKTSEILSHAHAALDQPLPTTLKKQEEKEILKS
 QLDSSLGLYHLLDWFAVDESNEVDPEFSARLTGKLEMEPSLSFYNKARNYATKKPYSVEFKLNFQM
 PTLASGWDVNKEKNNGAILFVKNGLYYLGIMPKQKGRYKALSFEPTEKTEGFDKMYDYFPDAAKM
 IPKCSTQLKAVTAHFQTHTPILLSNNFIEPLEITKEIYDLNNPEKEPKKFQTAYAKKTGDQKGYREALCK

WIDFTRDFLSKYTKTTSIDLSSLRPSSQYKDLGEYYAELNPLLYHISFQRIAEEKIMDAVETGKLYLFQIY
NKDFAKGHHGKPNLHTLYWTGLFSPENLAKTSIKLNGQAELFYRPKSRMKRMAHRLGEKMLNKKLD
QKTPIPDTLYQELYDYVNHLRLSHDLSDEARALLPNVITKEVSHEIIKDRRFTSDKFFFHVPTLNQAA
SPSKFNQRVNAYLKEHPETPIIGIDRGERNLIYITVIDSTGKILEQRSLNTIQQFDYQKKLDNREKERVA
RQAWSVVGTLKQGYLSQVIHEIVDLMIHYQAVVLENLNFGFKSKRTGIAEKAVYQQFEKMLIDKL
NCLVLKDYPAEKGVLNPYQLTDQFTSFAKMGTQSGFLFYVPAPYTSKIDPLTGFVDPFWKTICKH
ESRKHFLEGFDLHYDVKTGDFILHFKMNRNLSFQRGLPGMPAWDIVFEKNETQFDAKGTPFIAGKR
IVPVENHRFTGRYRDLYPANELIALLEEKGIVFRDGSNILPKLLENDASHAIDTMVALRSVLQMRNSNA
ATGEDYINSPVRDLNGVCFDSRFQNPEWPMADANGAYHIALKGQLLNHLKESKDLKLQNGISNQD
WLAYIQELRNDYKDHDGDYKDHDIDYKDDDDK

Information of the nucleotide sequence for en-AsCas12a used in this study

5. CMV-en-AsCas12a

ATGACACAGTCGAGGGCTTACCAACCTGTATCAGGTGAGCAAGACACTGCGTTGAGCTGAT
CCCACAGGGCAAGACCCCTGAAGCACATCCAGGAGCAGGGCTTCATCGAGGAGGACAAGGCCG
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GCCTGCAGCTGGTGCAGCTGGATTGGGAGAACCTGAGGCCGCATCGACTCCTATAGAAAGGA
GAAAACCGAGGAGACAAGGAACGCCCTGATCGAGGAGCAGGCCACATATCGCAATGCCATCCAC
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CAAGGGCCTGTTCAAGGCCGAGCTGTTAATGGCAAGGTGCTGAAGCAGCTGGCACCGTGAC
ACAACCGAGCAGCAGAGAACGCCCTGCTGCCAGCTGACAAGTTACAACCTACTTCTCCGGC
TTTATAGCAACAGGAAGAACGTGTTAGCGCCGAGGATATCAGCACAGCCATCCCACACCGCAT
CGTGCAGGACAACCTCCCCAAGTTAAGGAGAATTGTACATCTTACACGCCCTGATCACCGCCG
TGCCCAGCCTGCGGGAGCAGCTTGAGAACGTGAAGAACGCCATCGGCATCTCGTGAGCACCTC
CATCGAGGAGGTGTTCTCCCTTTATAACCAAGCTGCTGACACAGACCCAGATGACCTGTA
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GGTCTGAATCTGCCATCCAGAAGAATGATGAGACAGACCCACATCATGCCCTCCCTGCCACACA
GATTCACTCCCCCTGTTAACGAGATCCTGTCCGATAGGAACACCCCTGTTTACATCTGGAGGAGT
TTAAGAGCGACGAGGAAGTGTGATCCAGTCCTCTGCAAGTACAAGACACTGCTGAGAACAGAGAA
CGTCTGGAGACAGCCGAGGCCCTGTTAACGAGCTGAACAGCATCGACACTGACACACATCTC
ATCAGCCACAAGAACGCTGGAGACAATCAGCAGGCCCTGCGACCAACTGGATACACTGAGGA
ATGCCCTGATGAGCGGAGAACCTCCGAGCTGACAGGCAAGATACCAAGTCTGCCAAGGAGAA
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GAGCTGAGCGAGGCCCTCAAGCAGAAAACCAGCGAGATCCTGTCCCACGCCACACGCCGCC
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ACAGCCTGCTGGCCTGTACCAACCTGCTGGACTGGTTGCCGGATGAGTCCAACGAGGTGGA
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AACAAAGGCCAGAAATTATGCCACCAAGAACGCCCTACTCCGTGGAGAAGTCAAGCTGAACCTTCA
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GCTTCGAGCCCACAGAGAAAACCAGCGAGGCCCTGATAAGATGTACTATGACTACTTCCCTGAT
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CGAGTACTATGCCGAGCTGAATCCCCCTGCTGTACCATCAGCTTCCAGAGAACGGCAGAGAAG
AGATCATGGATGCCGTGGAGACAGGCAAGCTGTACCTGTTCCAGATCTATAACAAGGACTTGGC
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CCTGCCAAGACAAGCATCAAGCTGAATGCCAGGCCAGCTGTTCTACCGCCCTAAGTCCAGG
ATGAAGAGGATGGCACACCCGCTGGAGAGAACGATGCTGAACAAGAACGCTGAAGGATCAGAAAA
CCCCAATCCCCGACACCCCTGTACCAAGGGAGCTGTACGACTATGTGAATCACAGACTGTCCCACGAC
CTGTCTGATGAGGCCAGGCCCTGCTGCCAACGTGATCACCAAGGAGGTGTCACGAGATCA
TCAAGGATAGGCCCTTACCAAGCACAAGTTCTTTTCCACGTGCCATCACACTGAACTATCAGG
CCGCCAATTCCCCATCTAACGTTCAACCAAGAGGGTGAATGCCACTGAGGAGCACCCCGAGAC
ACCTATCATCGGCATCGATCGGGCGAGAGAACCTGATCTATACAGTGTACGACTCCACCG
GCAAGATCCTGGAGCAGCGGAGCCTGAACACCATCCAGCAGTTGATTACCAAGAACGCTGGA
CAACAGGGAGAACGGAGAGGGTGGCAGCAAGGCAGGCCCTGGTCTGTGGGGCACAAATCAAGG
ATCTGAAGCAGGGCTATCTGAGCCAGGTACCCACGAGATCGTGGACCTGATGATCCACTACCAAG
GCCGTGGTGGCTGGAGAACCTGAATTGGCTTAAAGAGCAAGAGGACCGGATCGCCGAGA
AGGCCGTGTACCAAGCAGTTGAGAACGATGCTGATCGATAAGCTGAATTGCCCTGGTGTGAAGGA
CTATCCAGCAGAGAACGGAGGGCTGCTGAACCCATACCAAGCTGACAGACCCAGTTCACCTCC
TTGCCAAGATGGCACCCAGTCTGGCTTCTGTTACGTGCCTGCCCATATACATCTAACGATC
GATCCCCCTGACCGGCTCGTGGACCCCTCGTGTGGAAAACCATCAAGAACATCACGAGAGCCGCA

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AGCACTTCTGGAGGGCTCGACTTCTGCACTACGACGTGAAAACCGGGACTTCATCCTGCA
CTTAAGATGAACAGAAATCTGCTCTCCAGAGGGCCTGCCCGCTTATGCCATGGATAT
CGTGGTCAGAAGAACGAGACACAGTTGACGCCAAGGGCACCCCTTCATGCCGGCAAGAGA
ATCGTGCCAGTGATCGAGAACATCACAGATTACCGGCAGATACCGGGACCTGTATCCTGCCAACGA
GCTGATGCCCTGCTGGAGGAGAACGGCATCGTGTTCAGGGATGGCTCCAACATCTGCCAACAG
CTGCTGGAGAACATGACGATTCTACGCCATCGACACCAGGTGGCCCTGATCCGAGCGTGCTGC
AGATGCGAACCTCAATGCCAACAGCGAGGACTATATCAACAGCCCCGTGCGCGATCTGAA
TGGCGTGTGCTCGACTCCCGTTTCAAACCCAGAGTGGCCATGGACGCCATGCCAACATGGC
GCCTACCACATGCCCTGAAGGCCAGCTGCTGTAATCACCTGAAGGAGAGCAAGGATCTGA
AGCTGCAGAACGGCATCTCCAATCAGGACTGGCTGGCCTACATCCAGGAGCTGCCAACAAAAG
GCCGCCAGAAAAAGGCCAGGCAAAAAGAAAAAGGGATCTACCCATACGATGTCGGACTATGCC
CCAGATTACGCTTATCCCTACGACGTGCTGATTATGCATACCCATATGATGTCGGACTATGCC

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Cyan: en-AsCas12a (WT), Yellow: nucleoplasmin NLS, Green: linker, Gray: HA-tag

6. pET28-en-AsCas12a

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CATCATCATCATCATGTGTACCCCTACGACGTGCCGACTACGCCGAATTGCCCTCAAAAAAAG
AAGAGAAAGGTAATGACACAGTTGAAGGCTTCACCAATCTTACCAAGGTAGCAAGACGCTACG
TTTGAGCTTATCCCGCAGGAAAAACCCCTGAAACACATTCAAGAACAGGGTTCATAGAGGAAG
ATAAGGCCTGCGTAACGACCAATTAAAGAACTGAAGCCTATAATCGACCGTATTATAAACGCTACG
GGATCAGTGCCTGCAGCTGGTTCAGCTGGATTGGAGAATCTGTCGCGCTATTGATAGCTATC
GCAAAGAGAACGAGGAAACCGTAACGCACTGATTGAAGAGCAGGCCACCTATCGGAATGC
GATCCATGATTACTTCATGCCCGCACCGACAACCTGACCGATGCAATTAAACAAACGTCACGCAG
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TCACCACCAACGAAACACGAAACGCACTGCTGAGGAGCTTGTATAATTACACATTTACGCG
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CGAGCCTGCGAGAGCATTGAAAACGTTAAGAAAGCCATTGAAATTGTCAGTACCGCATTG
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AACGGCTATCAGCGAGCTGACCGGGAAAATACCAAAATCGCAAAGGAAAAGTTGAGCGTAG
TCTGAAACACGAGGACATCAACCTGCAAGAAATTATTAGCGCAGCAGGTAAAGAGCTGAGCGAAG
CATTCAAACAGAAACAGCGAAATCCTGAGCCATGCCATGCTGCACTGGATCAGCCGCTGCC
GACCACCTGAAAAACAGGAGGAAAAGGAGATTCTGAAAAGCCAACGGACAGCCCTGCTGGC
CTGTATCACCTGCTGGACTGGTTGCAGTCGATGAGAGCAACGAGGTTGATCCTGAGTTCTCCGC
TCGTCGACCGGAATCAAGCTGGAGATGGAACCGAGTCTGTTTACAACAAAGCGCTAATT
ACGCGACCAAGAAACCGTATAGCGTGGAAAATTCAAACGTTCAAGATGCCGACCCATTGCA
CGTGGATGGACGTTAACCGTGAAGGAAACATGGGCAATTCTGTTGAAAAATGGCCTCAT
TATCTGGGATCATGCCAACAGAAAGGGCGTACAAAGCCCTGTCATTGAGCCGACCGAGAA
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GCCCAAGAAATTCAAGACGGCGTATGCCAACGGGATCAGAAAGGTTATGTCAGGTAAGCCGAA
CTGTGCAAATGGATTGACTTACCGTGAACCTGTCAAAATACCAAAACGACGAGCATTGATC
TGAGCAGCCTACGTCGAGCAGCCAATATAAGGATCTGGCGAATATTACGCCACTGAATCCG
CTGCTCTACCATATTCCCTCAACGAATCGCTGAAAAGAAATAATGGACGCCGTTGAAACCGG
AAACTGTATCTGTTCAAATCTACAACAAAGATTGCAAAAGGCCATACGGTAAGCCGAACTG
CATACCCCTGATTGGACCGGCTGTTAGCCGGAGAATCTGCCAAAACCAGCATCAAGCTGAA

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CGGACAGGCAGAACTGTTTACCGCCCCAAAGCCGTATGAAAAGGATGGCACACCGCCTGGC
 GAAAAAATGCTGAATAAGAAACTCAAAGATCAGAAAACGCCATACCGATACCCCTTATCAGGAG
 CTGTATGATTATGTTAACCAACCGCTGAGCCATGACCTGAGCGACGAAGCGCGTCAGCTGCC
 GAACGTGATTACCAAGGAAGTCTGCATGAAATTATAAAGATCGCGCTTACCAAGTGATAAATT
 TTCTTCCATGTACCGATCACCTGAATTATCAAGCCGAAATAGCCTTCCAATTAAATCAACCGC
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 TCCGAAGCGTGCTGCAGATGCGTAACAGTAATCGGCTACGGGGAAAGACTACATTAATAGCCG
 GTCCGTGATCTGAAACGGCTTGTGATAGCAGATTCAAATCCGGAGTGGCCATGGATGC
 CGATGCCAATGGAGCTTACCATATGCTCTCAAAGGTCAAGCTCTACTGAACCATTGAAAGAAC
 AAAAGATCTGAAACTGCAGAACGGCATCTGAATCAGGACTGGCTGGCCTACATTCAAGAACTGA
 GAAACGACTACAAAGACCATGACGGTGATTAAAGATCATGACATCGATTACAAGGATGACGATG
 ACAAG

Green: 6His-tag, Magenta : HA-tag, Yellow: SV40 NLS, Cyan: en-AsCas12a (WT), Gray: 3X FLAG

Information of the amino acid sequence for en-AsCas12a used in this study

7. CMV-en-AsCas12a

MTQFEGFTNLYQVSKTLRFELIPQGKTLKHIQEQQFIEEDKARNDHYKELKPIIDRIYKTYADQCLQLVQ
 LDWENLSAAIDSYRKEKTEETRNALIEEQATYRNAIHDYFIGRTDNLTDAINKRHAEIYKGLFKAELFNG
 KVLKQLGTVTTEHENALLRSFDKFPTYFSGFYNRKNVFSAEDISTAIPHRIVQDNFPFKKENCHIFTR
 LITAVPSLREHFENVVKKAIGIFVSTSIEEVFSFPFYQNQLTQTQIDLYNQLGGISREAGTEKIKGLNEVLN
 LAIQKNDETAHIIASLPHRFIPLFKQILSDRNTLSFILEEKSDEEVIQSFCKYKTLLRNENVLETAEALFN
 ELNSIDLTHIFISHKKLETISSALCDHWDTLRNALYERRISELTGKITSAKEVQRSLKHEDINLQEIISSA
 GKELSEAFKQKTSEILSHAHAALDQPLPTTLKKQEEKEILKSQQLDSLGLYHLLDWFAVDESNEVDPEF
 SARLTGKILEMEPSLSFYNKARNYATKKPYSVEFKLNFQMPTLARGWDVNREKNNGAILFVKNGLY
 LGIMPKQKGRYKALSFEPTEKTEGFDKMYDYFPDAAKMIPKCSTQLKAVTAHFQTHTPILLSNNFI
 EPLEITKEIYDLNNPEKEPKKFQTAYAKKTGDQKGYREALCKWIDFRDFLSKYTKTTSIDSSLRPPSQ
 YKDLGEYYAELNPLLHISFQRIAKEIMDAVETGKLYLFQIYNKDFAKGHGKPNLHTLYWTGLFSPE
 NLAKTSIKLNGQAELFYRPKSRMKRMAHRLGEKMLNKKLDQKTPIDPLTLYQELYDYVNHRLSHDLSD
 EARALLPNVITKEVSHEIIKDRRFTSDKFFFHVPITLNYQAANSPSKFNQRVNAYLKEHPETPIIGIDRGE
 RNLIYITVIDSTGKILEQRSLNTIQQFDYQKKLDNREKERVAARQAWSVVTIKDLKQGYLSQVIHEIVD
 LMIHYQAVVLENLNFGFKSKRTGIAEKAVYQQFEKMLIDKLNLCLVLDYPAEKVGGVLNPYQLTDQFT
 SFAKMGQTQSGFLFYVPAPYTSKIDPLTGFDPFWKTIKNHESRKHFLEGDFLHYDVKTGDFILHFK
 MNRNLSFQRGLPGMPAWDIVFEKNETQFDAKGTPFIAGKRIVPVIEHHRFTGRYRDLYPANELIALLE
 EKGIVFRDGSNILPKLENDDSHAIDTVALIRSVLQMRNSNAATGEDYINSPVRDLNGVCFDSRFQN
 PEWPMDADANGAYHIALKGQLLLNHLKESKDLKLQNGISNQDWLAYIQELRNKRPAATKKAGQAKKK
 KGSYPYDVPDYAYPYDVPDYAYPYDVPDY

8. pET28-en-AsCas12a

HHHHHHVYPYDVPDYAELPPKKRKVMTQFEGFTNLYQVSKTLRFELIPQGKTLKHQEQQFIEEDKA
RNDHYKELKPIIDRIYKTYADQCLQLVQLDWENLSAIDSYRKEKTEETRNALIEEQATYRNAIHDFIG
RTDNLTDAINKRHAEIYKGLFKAELFNGKVLKQLGTVTTHEHALLRSFDKFETYFSGFYRNRKNVFS
AEDISTAIPIHRIVQDNFPKFKENCHIFTRLITAVPSLREHFENVKKAIGIFVSTSIEEVFSFPYNQLLTQT
QIDLYNQLLGGISREAGTEKIKGLNEVLNLAIQKNDETAHIIASLPHRFIPLFKQILSDRNTLSFILEEFKSD
EEVIQSFCKYKTLLRNENVLETAEALFNELNNSIDLTHIFSHKKLETISSALCDHWDTLRNALYERRISELT
GKITKSAKEVKQRSLKHEDINLQEIIASAAGKELSEAFQKQTSEILSHAHAAALDQPLPTTLKKQEEKEILKS
QLDSLLGLYHLLDWFADVDESNEVDPEFSARLTGKLEMEPSLSFYNKARNYATKKPYSVEKFKNFQM
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IVPVENHRFTGRYRDLYPANELIALLEEKGIVFRDGSNILPKLLENDSSHADTMVALIRSVLQMRNSNA
ATGEDYINSPVRDLNGVCFDSRFQNPEWPMADANGAYHIALKGQLLLNHLKESKDLKLQNGISNQD
WLAYIQELRNDYKDHDGDKDHIDYKDDDDK

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