Supplemental Online Content

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This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

Table 1: Patient characteristics		
Characteristic	N = 384	
Gender, n (%)		
Μ	215 (56)	
W	169 (44)	
Age, Median (IQR)	64 (57 – 72)	
anatomical localization, n (%)		
frontal	121 (32)	
parietal	75 (20)	
temporal	40 (10)	
occipital	42 (11)	
cerebellar	99 (26)	
other	6 (1.6)	
Unknown	1	
hydrocephalus at baseline, n (%)	47 (12)	
Unknown	8	
hemorrhage at baseline, n (%)	71 (19)	
Unknown	8	
LMM at baseline, n (%)	8 (2.1)	
Unknown	8	

eTable 1. Demographic, clinical and radiologic characteristics at baseline

Table 1: Patient characteristics		
Characteristic	N = 384	
no_of_BrM_Rxs, n (%)		
1	344 (90)	
2	34 (8.9)	
3	3 (0.8)	
4	3 (0.8)	
Number of brain metastases at baseline, n (%)		
one	144 (38)	
two	127 (33)	
more than two	113 (29)	
Brain region affected of brain metastasis, n (%)		
supratentorial	234 (61)	
infratentorial	60 (16)	
both	90 (23)	
volume of dominant (resected) brain metastasis (mL), Median (IQR)	8 (4 – 16)	
Unknown	12	
Extracranial metastasis at baseline, n (%)		
UICC stage IV	318 (86)	
UICC stage I-III	52 (14)	
Unknown	14	
UICC stage, n (%)	52 (14)	

Table 1: Patient characteristics	
Characteristic	N = 384
Unknown	14
KPS after operation, n (%)	
< 70%	160 (42)
>/= 70%	224 (58)
GPA after operation , n (%)	
>/=2	231 (60)
<2	151 (40)
Unknown	2

eTable 1A: Demographic, clinical and radiologic characteristics at baseline

Baseline characteristics were selected based on previous reports and literature within the field¹⁻⁴. The *gtsummary* package and windows word were used to describe tabular data of our patient cohort, including continuous, categorical or numerical as well as dichotomized variables.

Table 2: Treatment-related patient characteristics	
Characteristic	N = 384
Number of brain metastasis resections, n (%)	
1	344 (90)
2	34 (8.9)
3	3 (0.8)
4	3 (0.8)

resection of independent lesions, n (%)	12 (30)
resection due to local recurrence, n (%)	28 (70)
time to local re-resection, Median (IQR)	234 (72 – 503)
primary tumor resection in context of brain metastasis resection, n (%)	
no primary tumor resection	262 (68)
primary tumor resection before brain metastasis resection	87 (23)
primary tumor resection after brain metastasis resection	35 (9.1)
primary tumor resection, n (%)	
no primary tumor resection	262 (68)
primary tumor resection	122 (32)
pre-treatment at baseline, n (%)	
no neoadjuvant treatment	270 (70)
RTx + CTx	94 (24)
RTx + ICI	12 (3.1)
RTx + SMI	8 (2.1)
mode of cranial radiation after first brain metastasis resection, n (%)	
WBRT	120 (36)
local irradation of resection cavity	88 (26)
SRS	0 (0)
not known	129 (38)

fraction of stereotactically irradiated patients, n (%)	
other than SRS	340 (89)
SRS	44 (11)
dose of cranial radiation after first brain metastasis resection, Median (IQR)	31 (30 – 42)
adjuvant treatment groups of interest: RTx + CTx vs. RTx + ICI, n (%)	
RTx + CTx	108 (63)
RTx + ICI	63 (37)
main adjuvant treatment groups, n (%)	
RTx + CTx	108 (57)
RTx + ICI	63 (33)
RTx + SMIs	19 (10)
adjuvant treatment modalities, n (%)	
best supportive care (bsc)	43 (11)
chemotherapy (CTx)	6 (1.6)
not known	34 (8.9)
radiation (RTx)	103 (27)
radiation and chemotherapy(RTx + CTx)	108 (28)
radiation and immune therapy (RTx + ICI)	63 (16)
radiation and targeted therapy (RTx + SMI)	27 (7.0)

eTable 1B: Treatment-related patient characteristics at baseline.

Table 3: Histopathological and biomarker-related patient characteristics	
Characteristic	N = 384
neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio, n (%)	
< 5	105 (35)
>/= 5	195 (65)
Unknown	84
tumor subtype, n (%)	
NSCLC	384 (100)
histologic subtype, n (%)	
adenocarcinoma	329 (86)
adenosquamous	4 (1.0)
neuroendocrine differentiation	13 (3.4)
pulmonary sarcomatoid carcinoma	2 (0.5)
squamous cell cancer	36 (9.4)
PDL1 status brain metastasis tissue, n (%)	
< 1	90 (56)
>/= 1	72 (44)
Unknown	222
Ki67 brain metastasis tissue, n (%)	
< 30	123 (38)
>/= 30	205 (62)
Unknown	56
PDL1 extracranial tissue, n (%)	

< 1	30 (32)
>/= 1	63 (68)
Unknown	291
Ki67 extracranial tissue, n (%)	
< 30	36 (40)
>/= 30	53 (60)
Unknown	295
EGFR status of brain metastasis tissue, n (%)	
wildtype	231 (94)
mutated	15 (6.1)
Unknown	138
ALK status of brain metastasis tissue, n (%)	
wildtype	213 (97)
mutated	7 (3.2)
Unknown	164
TTF1 status of brain metastasis tissue, n (%)	
negative	126 (33)
positive	251 (67)
Unknown	7

eTable 1C: Histopathological and biomarker-related characteristics of brain metastasis tissue at baseline. *Information on molecular characteristics (i.e. driver mutations) of primary tumor tissue was not included into tabular data - only results from brain metastasis tissue were listed.







eFigure 2: Correlation matrices of radiological and biomarker-related characteristics on survival

Correlation plots using non-parametric Spearman's correlation test to measure the degree of associatation between different clinically linked covariates, with correlation coefficients depicted in case a significant correlation was present (A). The right correlation plot shows the respective significance levels (B).

eTable 2: Univariable and multivariable Cox proportional regression in the who	e
patient cohort	

Dependent:			HR (CPH	
Surv(survival,			univar.	HR (CPH
censoring)		all	analysis)	multivar.analysis)
		234		
localization_of_BrMs	supratentorial	(60.9)	-	-
		60	1.10 (0.80-	
	infratentorial	(15.6)	1.51, p=0.550)	
		90	1.48 (1.12-	1.62 (0.95-2.77,
	both	(23.4)	1.95, p=0.005)	p=0.077)
GPA2 (lung mol		246		
GPA score)	GPA below 2,5	(64.4)	-	-
		136	0.45 (0.35-	0.98 (0.60-1.58,
	GPA at least 2,5	(35.6)	0.57, p<0.001)	p=0.924)

no_of_BrMs				
(number of brain		144		
metastases)	one	(37.5)	-	-
		127	1.39 (1.05-	0.89 (0.56-1.41,
	two	(33.1)	1.84, p=0.021)	p=0.610)
		113	1.96 (1.47-	1.16 (0.66-2.06,
	more than two	(29.4)	2.60, p<0.001)	p=0.604)
extracran.met				
(extracranial		257		
metastasis)	No	(66.9)	-	-
		127	1.81 (1.42-	2.17 (1.34-3.51,
	Yes	(33.1)	2.31, p<0.001)	p=0.002)
primary_tumor.Rx2				
(primary tumor	no primary tumor	262		
resection)	resection	(68.2)	-	-
	primary tumor	122	0.47 (0.36-	0.51 (0.32-0.82,
	resection	(31.8)	0.61, p<0.001)	p=0.006)
adj.RTx3 (modality		340		
of adjuvant RTx)	other than SRS	(88.5)	-	-
		44	0.56 (0.39-	
	SRS	(11.5)	0.82, p=0.002)	
adj.tx2 (adjuvant				
theray after		108		
neurosurgery)	RTx + CTx	(63.2)	-	-
		63	0.45 (0.30-	0.32 (0.20-0.51,
	RTx + ICI	(36.8)	0.68, p<0.001)	p<0.001)

Cox regression analysis of potential prognostic covariates and overall survival for the whole patient cohort (N=384).



eFigure 3: Testing for the proportional hazards (PH) assumption with Schoenfeld residuals

Statistical testing including graphical diagnostics based on scaled Schoenfeld residuals for each covariate of interest (prognostic covariates): GPA score, number of brain metastases, localization of brain metastases, primary tumor resection, extracranial metastases, modality of adjuvant radiation therapy, adjuvant therapy; only adj.TTx3 (juvant radiation therapy) reached a nearly significance, hence global Schoenfeld test was not significant, therefore proportional hazards assumption was assumed.



eFigure 4: Stratified Kaplan-Meier curves in matched patients for overall survival Kaplan Meier analysis stratified according to the following characteristics: **A**) presence of extracranial metastases; **B**) localization of brain metastatic lesions at baseline (i.e. before first brain metastasis resection); **C**) graded prognostics assessment (GPA) score; **D**) status of primary tumor resection; **E**) number of brain metastasis resections; **F**) **UICC stage.**



eFigure 5: Distribution of propensity scores and standardized mean differences Distribution map after propensity score matching (PSM) (**A**). Plot displaying the standardized mean difference (SMD) of each covariate considered for PSM between treatment groups standardized (**B**). R code can be accessed upon request via Github: <u>https://github.com/dasilew/clinicalNSCLC_1</u>.

eTable 3: Univariable and multivariable Cox proportional regression in the ma	tched
cohort	

		HR (CPH univar.	HR (CPH
explanatory		analysis)	multivar.analysis)
	Male	1.00 (0.65-1.54,	
gender	Female	p=0.996)	
		1.02 (1.00-1.05,	
age		p=0.077)	
	Bad GPA (2		
	or less)		
	Good GPA	0.48 (0.31-0.74,	0.46 (0.22-0.99,
GPA2 (GPA score)	(>/= 2)	p=0.001)	p=0.047)
	No	1.88 (1.22-2.91,	1.02 (0.49-2.12,
extracranial metastases	Yes	p=0.004)	p=0.961)
	< 15	0.98 (0.64-1.51,	
volume	>/= 15	p=0.932)	
	One	1.84 (1.11-3.06,	1.30 (0.64-2.65,
Number of_brain metastases	>/= 1	p=0.019)	p=0.471)

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Localization of brain		1.35 (0.75-2.44,	
metastasis	infratentorial	p=0.322)	
Localization of brain	Both (supra-	1.71 (1.00-2.93,	
metastasis	/infratentorial)	p=0.052)	
		0.79 (0.32-1.95,	
UICC stage	Stage IV	p=0.610)	
	No		
		0.40 (0.20-0.78,	0.26 (0.12-0.53,
Primary tumor resection	Yes	p=0.007)	p<0.001)
Adjuvant RTx (SRS vs. other		0.64 (0.36-1.11,	
modalities)	SRS	p=0.113)	
Adjuvant RTx + ICIs vs. RTx		0.44 (0.28-0.69,	0.27 (0.16-0.45,
+ CTx		p<0.001)	p<0.001)

Univariable and multivariable Cox proportional regression analysis for matched data

(N=124).