SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

- **Supplemental Table 1:** Comparison of AASK and VA NEPHRON-D participants who were included vs. excluded from primary analyses.
- **Supplemental Table 2:** Number of ESKD events and participants by subgroups of GFR slope and biomarker slope in AASK.
- Supplemental Table 3: Comparison of models by Harrell's C Statistic and Brier Score in AASK and VA NEPHRON-D.
- **Supplemental Table 4:** Number of kidney function decline events and participants by subgroups of eGFR change and biomarker change in VA NEPHRON-D.
- **Supplemental Figure 1:** Flowchart of study population for primary analyses in a) AASK and b) VA NEPHRON-D.
- Supplemental Figure 2: Pearson's correlation coefficients of TNFR1 and TNFR2 slopes with biomarker levels and kidney function measures in AASK.
- **Supplemental Figure 3:** Distributions of baseline TNFR1 and TNFR2 in AASK and VA NEPHRON-D, by outcome.
- **Supplemental Figure 4:** Calibration plots of observed vs. predicted 5-year risk for ESKD in AASK and 2-year risk for kidney function decline in VA NEPHRON-D.
- Supplemental Figure 5: Pearson's correlation coefficients of TNFR1 and TNFR2 change with biomarker levels and kidney function measures in VA NEPHRON-D.

CKD Biomarkers Consortium Collaborators: Phase II: Group Members and Affiliations

Supplemental Table 1: Comparison of AASK and VA NEPHRON-D participants who were included vs. excluded from primary analyses.

AASK					
Characteristic		All	Excluded	Included	p-value
		(n=1094)	(n=676)	(n=418)	-
Age, years		54.6 ± 10.7	54.9 ± 10.7	54.2 ± 10.7	0.28
Female		425 (39%)	265 (39%)	160 (38%)	0.76
European ancestr	y, %**	16.7 ± 13.3	16.9 ± 13.7	16.4 ± 12.8	0.63
APOL1**	Low-risk	533 (77%)	302 (78%)	231 (75%)	0.25
	High-risk	160 (23%)	84 (22%)	76 (25%)	0.35
Systolic blood pre	ssure, mm Hg	150 ± 24	150 ± 23	151 ± 25	0.39
Body mass index,	kg/ m²	30.6 ± 6.6	30.3 ± 6.6	31.0 ± 6.5	0.08
Smoking		321 (29%)	215 (32%)	106 (25%)	0.02
GFR, ml/min/1.73	m ²	45.6 ±13.0	45.7 ± 13.5	45.5 ± 12.3	0.85
UPCR, g/g Cr		0.08 (0.03, 0.36)	0.08 (0.03, 0.41)	0.08 (0.03, 0.32)	0.27
Blood pressure	MAP ≤92	540 (49%)	329 (49%)	211 (50%)	0.56
goal	MAP 102-107	554 (51%)	347 (51%)	207 (50%)	
Blood pressure	Ramipril	436 (40.0%)	273 (40%)	163 (39%)	0.78
drug	Metoprolol	441 (40%)	267 (39%)	174 (42%)	
Amlodipine		217 (20%)	136 (20%)	81 (19%)	
VA NEPHRON-D					
Characteristic		All	Excluded	Included	p-value
		(n=1448)	(n=694)	(n=754)	
Age, years		64.6 ± 7.8	64.4 ± 8.1	64.8 ± 7.6	0.40
Male		1436 (99%)	688 (99%)	748 (99%)	0.89
Race	Black	345 (24%)	183 (26%)	162 (21%)	0.06
	White	1051 (73%)	490 (71%)	561 (74%)	
	Other***	52 (4%)	21 (3%)	31 (4%)	
Systolic blood pre	ssure, mm Hg	137 ± 16	138 ± 17	136 ± 16	0.01
Body mass index,	kg/m ²	34.6 ± 6.9	34.6 ± 7.1	34.6 ± 6.7	0.94
Smoking		284 (20%)	132 (19%)	152 (20%)	0.04
Hemoglobin A1c, %		7.8 ± 1.3	7.8 ± 1.2	7.8 ± 1.3	0.35
eGFR, ml/min/1.7	3 m ²	56.1 ± 18.7	55.6 ± 18.6	56.6 ± 18.8	0.27
UACR, g/g Cr		0.84 (0.42, 0.17)	0.93 (0.44, 0.20)	0.80 (0.42, 0.16)	0.05
Randomized	Losartan	724 (50%)	346 (50%)	378 (50%)	0.92
aroun	1		0.40.(-0.0)	070 (500()	1

*p-values comparing included vs. excluded (missing biomarker specimen or had event prior to 12 months) and determined using ANOVA, Wilcoxon rank-sum, and Pearson's chi-squared tests in AASK and Wilcoxon rank-sum and chi-squared tests in VA NEPHRON-D.

**APOL1 risk status and European ancestry were available in 693 of 1094 AASK participants.

***Other defined as American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

Supplemental Table 2: Number of ESKD events and participants by subgroups of GFR slope and biomarker slope in AASK.

		TNFR1 slope				
		Negative	Positive	Total		
	Positive	1/55	2/30	3/85		
		(1.8%)	(6.7%)	(3.5%)		
GFR	Stable	6/46	8/43	14/89		
slope		(13.0%)	(18.6%)	(15.7%)		
	Negative	2/29	110/215	112/244		
		(6.9%)	(51.2%)	(45.9%)		
	Total	9/130	120/288	129/418		
		(6.9%)	(41.7%)	(30.9%)		

		TNFR2 slope				
		Negative	Positive	Total		
	Positive	2/58	1/27	3/85		
		(3.4%)	(3.7%)	(3.5%)		
GFR	Stable	5/44	9/45	14/89		
slope		(11.4%)	(20.0%)	(15.7%)		
	Negative	9/48	103/196	112/244		
		(18.8%)	(52.6%)	(45.9%)		
	Total	16/150	113/268	129/418		
		(10.7%)	(42.2%)	(30.9%)		

Data in each cell presented as # of ESKD events/# of participants (% with event). For GFR slope, positive, stable, and negative are defined as GFR changes of >1 ml/min/1.73 m²/year, -1 to 1 ml/min/1.73 m²/year, and <-1 ml/min/1.73 m²/year, respectively.

Supplemental Table 3: Comparison of models by Harrell's C Statistic and Brier Score in AASK and VA NEPHRON-D.						
Model	Harrell's C Statistic (95% Cl)	Difference in C Statistics (95% CI)	Brier Score*			
AASK						
Clinical Model: Adjusted for age, sex, SBP, BMI,	0.836	Ref	0.105			
current smoking, GFR, In(UPCR)	(0.804 to 0.868)					
Clinical Model + t ₀ In(TNFR1)	0.844	0.008	0.106			
	(0.813 to 0.875)	(-0.002 to 0.018)				
Clinical Model + t ₀ In(TNFR1) + In(TNFR1) slope	0.891	0.055	0.085			
	(0.866 to 0.916)	(0.034 to 0.076)				
Clinical Model + t ₀ In(TNFR2)	0.844	0.008	0.106			
	(0.814 to 0.874)	(-0.003 to 0.018)				
Clinical Model + t ₀ In(TNFR2) + In(TNFR2) slope	0.878	0.042	0.091			
	(0.853 to 0.903)	(0.025 to 0.059)				
VA NEPHRON-D						
Clinical Model: Adjusted for age, sex, race, SBP,	0.749	Ref	0.101			
BMI, HgbA1c, smoking, eGFR, and In(UACR) at 0	(0.699 to 0.799)					
months.						
Clinical Model + to In(TNFR1)	0.777	0.028	0.100			
	(0.733 to 0.820)	(-0.002 to 0.057)				
Clinical Model + t ₀ ln(TNFR1) + ln(TNFR1) change	0.819	0.070	0.101			
	(0.780 to 0.858)	(0.032 to 0.108)				
Clinical Model + to In(TNFR2)	0.765	0.015	0.100			
	(0.719 to 0.811)	(0.001 to 0.030)				
Clinical Model + to In(TNFR2) + In(TNFR2) change	0.804	0.055	0.101			
	(0.766 to 0.843)	(0.024 to 0.086)				

Abbreviations: SBP=systolic blood pressure; BMI=body mass index; HgbA1c=hemoglobin A1c; GFR=measured glomerular filtration rate; eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate; UPCR=urine protein-to-creatinine ratio; UACR=urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio; TNFR1=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 1; TNFR2=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 2; to=measurement at 0 months.

*5-year risk for ESKD in AASK and 2-year risk for kidney function decline in VA NEPHRON-D.

Supplemental Table 4: Number of kidney function decline events and participants by subgroups of eGFR change and biomarker change in VA NEPHRON-D.

		TNFR1 change				
		Negative	Positive	Total		
	Positive	3/66	3/83	6/149		
		(4.5%)	(3.6%)	(4.0%)		
eGFR	Stable	5/39	7/52	12/91		
change		(12.8%)	(13.5%)	(13.2%)		
	Negative	21/149	72/336	93/485		
		(14.1%)	(21.4%)	(19.2%)		
	Total	29/254	82/471	111/725		
		(11.4%)	(17.4%)	(15.3%)		

		TNFR2 change				
		Negative	Positive	Total		
	Positive	4/78	2/71	6/149		
		(5.1%)	(2.8%)	(4.0%)		
eGFR	Stable	5/42	7/49	12/91		
change		(11.9%)	(14.3%)	(13.2%)		
	Negative	15/172	78/313	93/485		
		(8.7%)	(24.9%)	(19.2%)		
	Total	24/292	87/433	111/725		
		(8.2%)	(20.1%)	(15.3%)		

Data in each cell presented as # of kidney function decline events/# of participants (% with event). Abbreviations: eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate; TNFR1=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 1; TNFR2=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 2.

For eGFR change, positive, stable, and negative are defined as eGFR changes of >1 ml/min/1.73 m²/year, -1 to 1 ml/min/1.73 m²/year, and <-1 ml/min/1.73 m²/year, respectively.

Supplemental Figure 1: Flowchart of study population for primary analyses in a) AASK and b) VA NEPHRON-D.





Abbreviations: AASK=African American Study of Kidney Disease and Hypertension; ESKD=end-stage kidney disease; VA NEPHRON-D=Veterans Affairs Nephropathy in Diabetes.

Supplemental Figure 2: Pearson's correlation coefficients of TNFR1 and TNFR2 slopes with biomarker levels and kidney function measures in AASK.

				TNFR1				
	In(TNFR1) slope	t ₀ In(TNFR1)	t₀ GFR	t₀ In(UPCR)	Last In(TNFR1)	Last GFR	Last In(UPCR)	GFR slope
In(TNFR1) slope	1.00							
t ₀ In(TNFR1)	0.44	1.00						
t ₀ GFR	-0.44	-0.74	1.00					
t ₀ In(UPCR)	0.49	0.57	-0.45	1.00				
Last In(TNFR1)	0.85	0.85	-0.69	0.62	1.00			
Last GFR	-0.71	-0.74	0.75	-0.55	-0.85	1.00		
Last In(UPCR)	0.55	0.49	-0.39	0.70	0.61	-0.50	1.00	
GFR slope	-0.68	-0.51	0.39	-0.45	-0.70	0.85	-0.39	1.00

				TNFR2				
	In(TNFR2) slope	t ₀ In(TNFR2)	t₀ GFR	t ₀ In(UPCR)	Last In(TNFR2)	Last GFR	Last In(UPCR)	GFR slope
In(TNFR2) slope	1.00							
t ₀ In(TNFR2)	0.40	1.00						
t _o GFR	-0.42	-0.66	1.00					
t ₀ In(UPCR)	0.47	0.53	-0.45	1.00				
Last In(TNFR2)	0.81	0.86	-0.65	0.59	1.00			
Last GFR	-0.64	-0.65	0.75	-0.55	-0.77	1.00		
Last In(UPCR)	0.49	0.46	-0.39	0.70	0.57	-0.50	1.00	
GFR slope	-0.61	-0.45	0.39	-0.45	-0.62	0.85	-0.39	1.00

Abbreviation: t₀=measurement at 0 months; Last=measurement at 24 months or last available visit; TNFR1=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 2; GFR=glomerular filtration rate; UPCR=urine protein-to-creatinine ratio.

. Red denotes negative correlation; green denotes positive correlation; intensity of shading reflects degree of correlation.





b) VA NEPHRON-D



Supplemental Figure 4: Calibration plots of observed vs. predicted 5-year risk for ESKD in AASK and 2-year risk for kidney function decline in VA NEPHRON-D.



Supplemental Figure 5: Pearson's correlation coefficients of TNFR1 and TNFR2 change with biomarker levels and kidney function measures in VA NEPHRON-D.

				TNFR1				
	In(TNFR1) change	t ₀ In(TNFR1)	t ₀ eGFR	t ₀ In(UACR)	t ₁₂ In(TNFR1)	t ₁₂ eGFR	t ₁₂ In(UACR)	eGFR change
In(TNFR1) change	1.00							
t ₀ In(TNFR1)	-0.35	1.00						
t ₀ eGFR	-0.03	-0.60	1.00					
t ₀ In(UACR)	0.12	0.31	-0.13	1.00				
t ₁₂ In(TNFR1)	0.45	0.68	-0.60	0.39	1.00			
t ₁₂ eGFR	-0.16	-0.57	0.82	-0.28	-0.67	1.00		
t ₁₂ In(UACR)	0.05	0.26	-0.17	0.59	0.29	-0.14	1.00	
eGFR change	-0.25	0.02	-0.22	-0.27	-0.18	0.38	0.03	1.00

				TNFR2				
	In(TNFR2) change	t ₀ In(TNFR2)	t ₀ eGFR	t ₀ In(UACR)	t ₁₂ In(TNFR2)	t ₁₂ eGFR	t ₁₂ In(UACR)	eGFR change
In(TNFR2) change	1.00							
t ₀ In(TNFR2)	-0.15	1.00						
t ₀ eGFR	0.01	-0.57	1.00					
t ₀ In(UACR)	0.19	0.33	-0.13	1.00				
t ₁₂ In(TNFR2)	0.45	0.82	-0.50	0.41	1.00			
t ₁₂ eGFR	-0.15	-0.56	0.82	-0.28	-0.60	1.00		
t ₁₂ In(UACR)	0.05	0.31	-0.17	0.59	0.31	-0.14	1.00	
eGFR change	-0.29	-0.02	-0.22	-0.27	-0.19	0.38	0.03	1.00

Abbreviation: t_0 =measurement at 0 months; t_{12} =measurement at 12 months; TNFR1=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 1; TNFR2=soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor 2; eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate; UACR=urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio.

Red denotes negative correlation; green denotes positive correlation; intensity of shading reflects degree of correlation.

CKD Biomarkers Consortium Collaborators: Phase II

Boston University School of Medicine	Vasan S. Ramachandran, M.D. (Chair, Steering Committee), Joseph Massara Bh D
Broad Institute	Clary Clish Ph.D.
Case Western Reserve University	Jeffrey Schelling, M.D. (PI),
The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia	Michelle Denburg, M.D., MSCE (PI), Susan Furth, M.D., Ph.D.(PI)
Children's Mercy Hospital	Bradley Warady, M.D.
Brigham and Women's Hospital, Harvard University	Joseph Bonventre, M.D., Ph.D. (PI), Sushrut Waikar, M.D., MPH. (PI), Gearoid McMahon M.B., BCH, Venkata Sabbisetti Ph.D.
Johns Hopkins University	Josef Coresh, M.D., Ph.D. (PI), Morgan Grams M.D., Casey Rebholz, Ph.D., Alison Abraham, Ph.D., Adrienne Tin Ph.D., Chirag Parikh, MD, PhD (PI)
University of Louisville	Jon Klein, M.D., Ph.D.
Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai	Steven Coca, DO, MS (PI), Bart S Ferket, M.D., PhD, Girish N. Nadkarni, MD, MPH, CPH,
Massachusetts General Hospital	Eugene Rhee M.D. (PI)
National Institutions of Health	Paul L. Kimmel, M.D. (NIDDK), Daniel Gossett, Ph.D. (NIDDK)
Ohio State University	Brad Rovin, M.D. (PI)
San Francisco VA Medical Center	Michael G. Shlipak, M.D. (PI)
Tufts Medical Center	M Sarnak, M.D. (PI), Andrew S. Levey, M.D., Lesley A. Inker, M.D., M.S., Meredith Foster, Ph.D.
University of Alabama at Birmingham	Orlando M. Gutiérrez, M.D. (PI)
University of California San Diego	Joachim Ix, M.D. (PI)
University of California San Francisco	Ruth Dubin, M.D. (PI)
University of Minnesota	Jesse Seegmiller, Ph.D.
University of North Carolina	Tom Hostetter, M.D. (PI),
University of Pennsylvania	Rajat Deo, M.D. (PI)
University of Pennsylvania Coordinating Center	Harold I. Feldman, M.D., MSCE (PI), Amanda Anderson, PhD, Theodore Mifflin, Ph.D., D.A.B.C.C., Dawei Xie, Ph.D., Haochang Shou Ph.D., Shawn Ballard, M.S., Krista Whitehead, M.S., Heather Collins, Ph.D.
Yale School of Medicine	Jason Greenberg, M.D.
Zuckerberg San Francisco General Hospital	Peter Ganz, M.D. (PI)

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