

## Supporting Information for

### Original article

## Whole-body PET tracking of a D-dodecapeptide and its radiotheranostic potential for PD-L1 overexpressing tumors

Kuan Hu<sup>a,†</sup>, Wenyu Wu<sup>b,†</sup>, Lin Xie<sup>a</sup>, Hao Geng<sup>c</sup>, Yiding Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Masayuki Hanyu<sup>a</sup>, Lulu Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Yinghuan Liu<sup>c</sup>, Kotaro Nagatsu<sup>a</sup>, Hisashi Suzuki<sup>a</sup>, Jialin Guo<sup>f</sup>, Yundong Wu<sup>c,e,\*</sup>, Zigang Li<sup>c,d,\*</sup>, Feng Wang<sup>b,\*</sup>, Mingrong Zhang<sup>a,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>*Department of Advanced Nuclear Medicine Sciences, National Institute of Radiological Sciences, National Institutes for Quantum and Radiological Science and Technology, Chiba 263-8555, Japan*

<sup>b</sup>*Department of Nuclear Medicine, Nanjing First Hospital, Nanjing Medical University, Nanjing 210006, China*

<sup>c</sup>*State Key Laboratory of Chemical Oncogenomics, the School of Chemical Biology and Biotechnology, Peking University, Shenzhen Graduate School, Shenzhen 518055, China*

<sup>d</sup>*Pingshan Translational Medicine Center, Shenzhen Bay Laboratory, Shenzhen 518118, China*

<sup>e</sup>*Institute of Chemical Biology, Shenzhen Bay Laboratory, Shenzhen 518038, China*

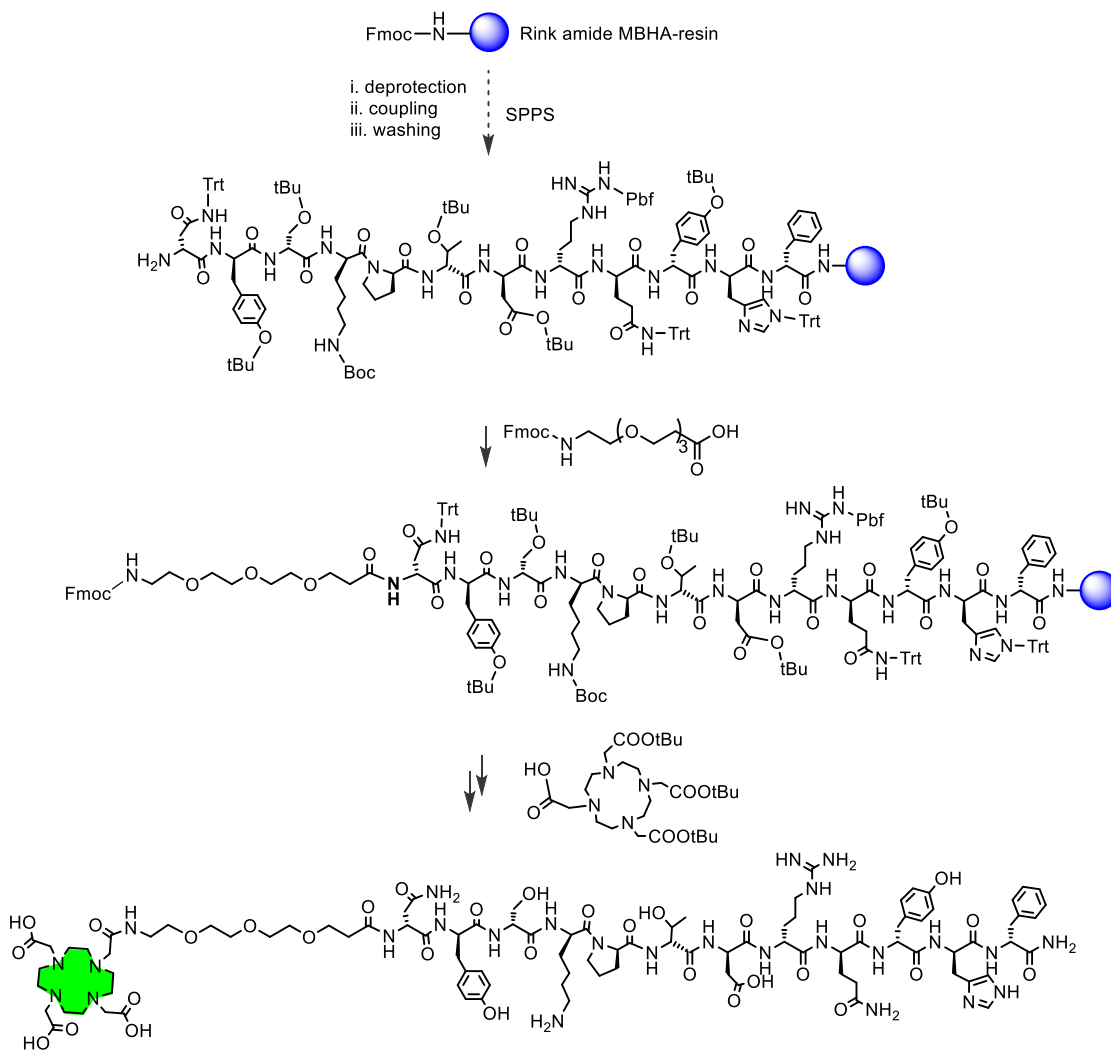
<sup>f</sup>*Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, NY 12180, USA*

<sup>†</sup>These authors made equal contributions to this work.

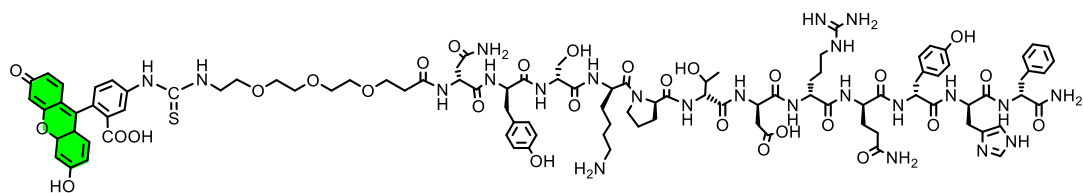
Received 13 July 2021; received in revised form 2 September 2021; accepted 14 September 2021

\*Corresponding authors. Tel./fax: +81 43 3823709 (Mingrong Zhang), +86 25 52271455 (Feng Wang), +86 755 26033616 (Zigang Li), +86 755 26611113 (Yundong Wu).

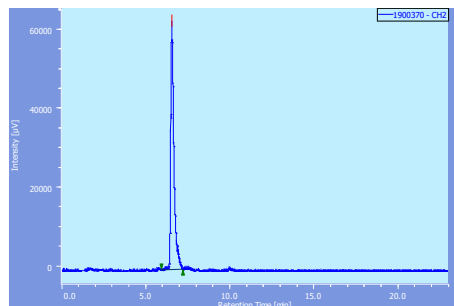
E-mail addresses: [wuyd@pkusz.edu.cn](mailto:wuyd@pkusz.edu.cn) (Yundong Wu), [lizg@pkusz.edu.cn](mailto:lizg@pkusz.edu.cn) (Zigang Li), [fengwangcn@hotmail.com](mailto:fengwangcn@hotmail.com) (Feng Wang), [zhang.ming-rong@qst.go.jp](mailto:zhang.ming-rong@qst.go.jp) (Mingrong Zhang).



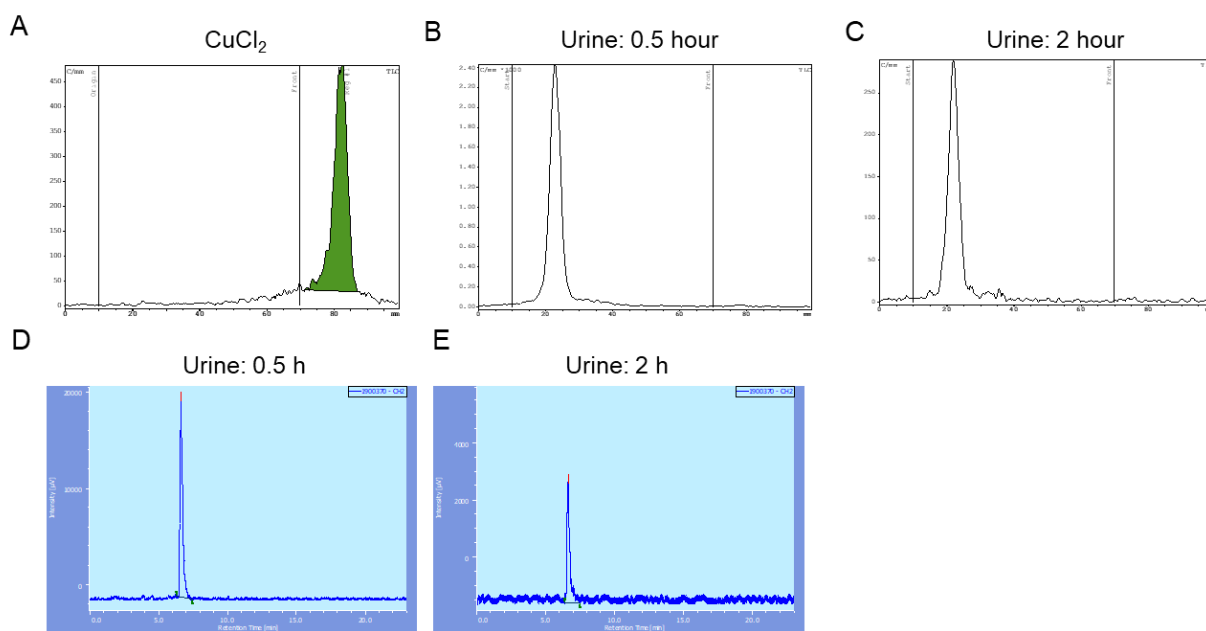
**Scheme S1** Fmoc-based solid-phase peptide synthesis of DPA-DOTA.



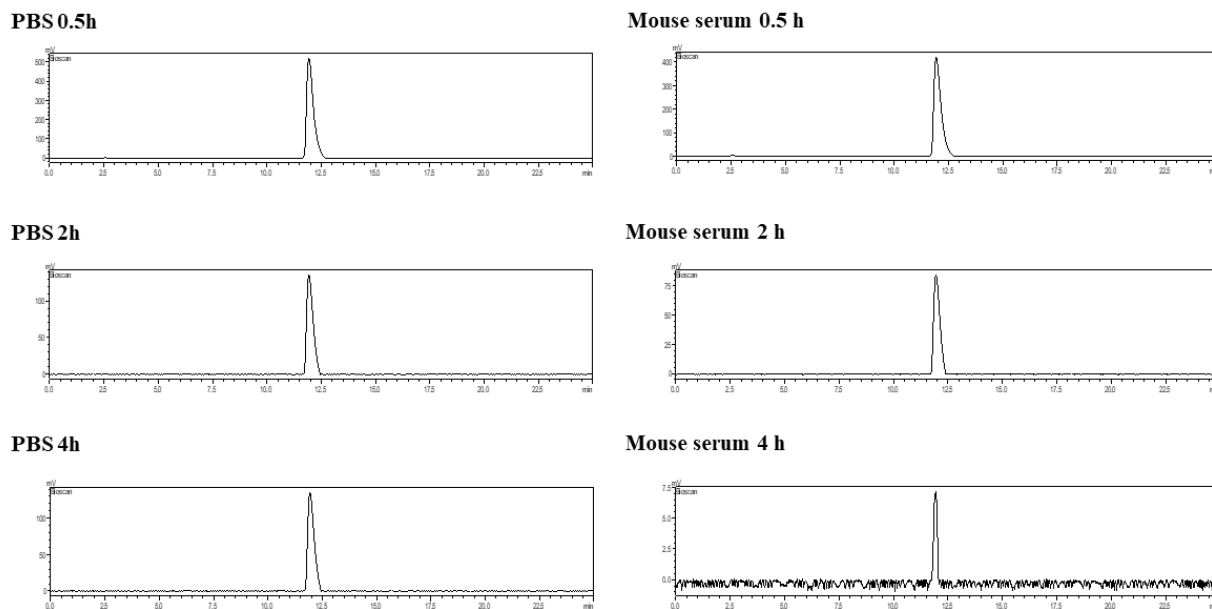
**Scheme S2** Chemical structure of FITC-DPA.



**Figure S1** HPLC spectrum of [ $^{64}\text{Cu}$ ]DPA after 24 h incubation in mouse serum.



**Figure S2** Metabolite study of [ $^{64}\text{Cu}$ ]DPA. (A) Radio TLC curve of  $^{64}\text{CuCl}_2$ . (B and C) Radio TLC curves of mouse urine samples that were collected at 0.5 and 2 h after intravenous injection of [ $^{64}\text{Cu}$ ]DPA. (D and E) HPLC spectra of mouse urine samples that were collected at 0.5 and 2 h after intravenous injection of [ $^{64}\text{Cu}$ ]DPA.



**Figure S3** HPLC curves of [<sup>68</sup>Ga]DPA after incubation for 0.5, 2, and 4 h in PBS or mouse serum.

**Table S1.** Radiolabeling and quality control of [<sup>64</sup>Cu]DPA and [<sup>68</sup>Ga]DPA. Radiochemical yield (RCY), molar activity, and radiochemical purity of the as-prepared tracers. Data represent mean SD (*n* = 7).

Tracers	[ <sup>64</sup> Cu]DPA	[ <sup>68</sup> Ga]DPA
Radiochemical yield (%)	>99	>95
Molar activity (GBq μmol <sup>-1</sup> )	74 ± 5	37 ± 8
Radiochemical purity <sup>a</sup> (%) <sup>a</sup>	>95	>95

<sup>a</sup>The radiochemical purity was determined by HPLC under conditions as follows: YMC-Triat-C18 column (4.6 mm i.d. 150 mm, 5 mm); solvent gradient of 10%–90% acetonitrile (0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)), 20 min; flow rate of 1 mL/min.

**Table S2** Biodistribution of [<sup>64</sup>Cu]DPA at 20, 40, 60, and 80 min after i.v. injection (*n* = 3 per time point) in C57BL/6J mice.

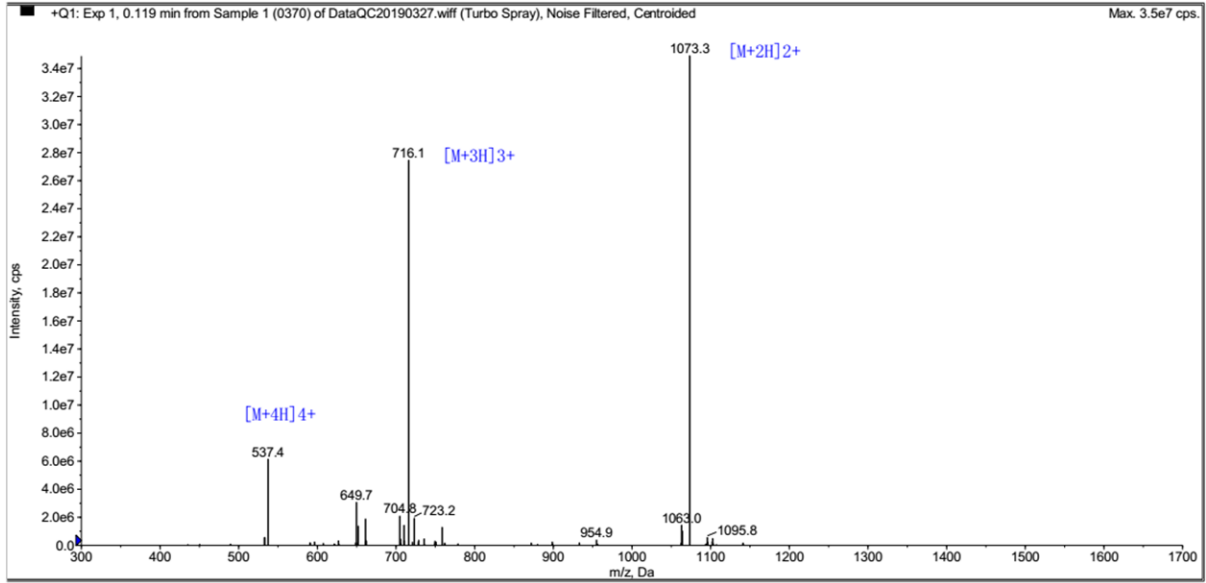
	[ <sup>64</sup> Cu]DPA			
	20 min	40 min	60 min	80 min
Blood	2.34 ± 0.38	0.97 ± 0.13	0.20 ± 0.01	0.14 ± 0.03
Heart	0.81 ± 0.15	0.56 ± 0.14	0.21 ± 0.02	0.18 ± 0.01
Lung	1.78 ± 0.29	1.31 ± 0.07	0.78 ± 0.06	0.75 ± 0.02

Thymus	0.72 ± 0.17	0.78 ± 0.47	0.17 ± 0.01	0.15 ± 0.01
Liver	1.40 ± 0.19	1.44 ± 0.06	1.29 ± 0.11	1.29 ± 0.08
Pancreas	0.51 ± 0.08	0.33 ± 0.01	0.22 ± 0.05	0.19 ± 0.04
Spleen	0.63 ± 0.16	1.27 ± 1.32	0.17 ± 0.01	0.17 ± 0.03
Kidney	28.64 ± 3.04	29.31 ± 1.05	24.42 ± 0.50	28.52 ± 3.22
Stomach	1.15 ± 0.71	1.07 ± 0.44	0.49 ± 0.10	0.62 ± 0.24
S. intestine	1.36 ± 0.36	1.32 ± 0.23	0.89 ± 0.08	0.82 ± 0.10
Int. lym. node	3.90 ± 0.23	0.87 ± 0.05	0.59 ± 0.46	0.39 ± 0.15
Muscle	0.90 ± 0.30	0.32 ± 0.02	0.23 ± 0.16	0.15 ± 0.11
Bone	1.08 ± 0.57	0.36 ± 0.08	0.41 ± 0.18	0.19 ± 0.02
Testis	0.66 ± 0.05	0.30 ± 0.01	0.12 ± 0.01	0.14 ± 0.05
Brain	0.11 ± 0.02	0.05 ± 0.01	0.04 ± 0.01	0.02 ± 0.00

**Table S3** Biodistribution of [<sup>68</sup>Ga]DPA at 5, 30, 60, and 120 min after i.v. injection (*n* = 3 per time point) in BALB/c nude mice bearing U87MG tumors.

	[ <sup>68</sup> Ga]DPA			
	5 min	30 min	60 min	120 min
blood	3.89 ± 0.43	1.55 ± 1.07	0.11 ± 0.02	0.05 ± 0.01
heart	1.19 ± 0.39	0.52 ± 0.33	0.06 ± 0.02	0.05 ± 0.02
liver	1.06 ± 0.26	0.59 ± 0.43	0.19 ± 0.02	0.16 ± 0.04
spleen	0.98 ± 0.14	0.68 ± 0.67	0.14 ± 0.06	0.09 ± 0.03
lung	1.64 ± 0.42	1.03 ± 0.90	0.13 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.02
kidney	19.23 ± 1.95	16.13 ± 1.51	11.50 ± 0.44	5.20 ± 0.31
stomach	1.54 ± 0.10	0.61 ± 0.35	0.08 ± 0.01	0.08 ± 0.03
intestinal	0.72 ± 0.27	0.47 ± 0.35	0.08 ± 0.02	0.06 ± 0.03
pancreas	1.88 ± 0.28	0.77 ± 0.75	0.16 ± 0.03	0.13 ± 0.03
muscle	2.21 ± 0.27	0.71 ± 0.37	0.18 ± 0.02	0.14 ± 0.04
bone	2.18 ± 0.11	0.85 ± 0.51	0.26 ± 0.09	0.14 ± 0.06
brain	0.19 ± 0.04	0.11 ± 0.08	0.03 ± 0.01	0.02 ± 0.01
tumor	4.50 ± 0.32	3.77 ± 0.27	2.99 ± 0.03	0.89 ± 0.19
fat	2.09 ± 0.49	0.81 ± 0.12	0.27 ± 0.07	0.10 ± 0.07

### Mass spectrum of DOTA-DPA.



### HPLC curve of DOTA-DPA.

