Item S1. Search String

1. (Renal Dialysis or Dialysis, Extracorporeal or Dialysis, Renal or Extracorporeal Dialysis or Hemodialysis or Dialysis).kf.

2. (Dialysis Solutions or Dialysates or Dialyzates).af.

3. 1 or 2

4. (Adrenergic beta-Antagonists or Adrenergic beta-Receptor Blockaders or beta-Adrenergic Antagonists or beta-Adrenergic Blockers or beta-Adrenergic Blocking Agents or

beta-Adrenergic Receptor Blockaders or beta-Adrenoceptor Antagonists or beta-Blockers, Adrenergic or beta-Blockers or b-Blockers or beta-Blocker or b-Blocker).af.

5. (Metoprolol or Beloc-Duriles or Betaloc or Betaloc-Astra or Betalok or CGP-2175 or H

93-26 or Lopressor or Metoprolol CR-XL or Metoprolol Succinate or Metoprolol Tartrate or Seloken or Spesicor or Spesikor or Toprol or Toprol-XL).tw.

6. (Carvedilol or BM 14190 or BM-14190 or Carvedilol Hydrochloride or Carvedilol,

14C-labeled or Coreg or Coropres or Dilatrend or Eucardic or Kredex or Querto).tw.

- 7. (Atenolol or ICI-66082 or Tenormin or Tenormine).tw.
- 8. (Bisoprolol or Bisoprolol Fumarate or Bisoprolol Hydrochloride or Bisoprolol

Methanesulfonate Salt or CL-297939 or Concor or EMD-33512).tw.

9. (Propranolol or AY-20694 or Anaprilin or Anapriline or Avlocardyl or Betadren or Dexpropranolol or Dociton or Inderal or Obsidan or Obsidan or Propanolol or Propranolol Hydrochloride or Rexigen).tw.

10. (Acebutolol or Acebutolol Hydrochloride or Acetobutolol or Apo-Acebutolol or Monitan or Neptal or Novo-Acebutolol or Prent or Rhotral or Sectral).tw.

11. (Nadolol or Corgard or SQ-11725 or Solgol).tw.

12. (Nebivolol or Bystolic or Lobivon or Nebilet or Nebivolol Hydrochloride or R 67555 or R-67555 or Silostar).tw.

13. (Labetalol or AH-5158 or Albetol or Apo-Labetalol or Dilevalol or Labetalol

Hydrochloride or Labetolol or Normodyne or Presolol or SCH-19927 or Trandate).tw.

14. (Pindolol or LB-46 or Prindolol or Visken).tw.

15. (Timolol or Blocadren or L-714,465 or MK-950 or Optimol or Timacar or Timolol Hamibydrate or Timolol Malasta or Timontol) tw

Hemihydrate or Timolol Maleate or Timoptic or Timoptol).tw.

16. (Carteolol or Carteolol Hydrochloride or Carteolol Monohydrochloride or OPC- 1085).tw.

17. (Penbutolol or Betapressin or Hoe-893d or Penbutolol Sulfate).tw.

18. (Betaxolol or ALO-1401-02 or Betaxolol Alcon or Betaxolol Hydrochloride or Betoptic or Betoptima or Kerlon or Kerlone or Oxodal or SL-75212).tw.

19. (esmolol or ASL 8052 or ASL-8052 or Brevibloc or esmolol hydrochloride).tw.

- 20. (Practolol or Dalzic or Eralzdin Practolol or ICI-50172).tw.
- 21. (Alprenolol or Alfeprol or Alpheprol or Alprenolol Hydrochloride or Aptin or
- Aptin-Duriles or Aptina or Aptine or H-56-28).tw.
- 22. (Oxprenolol or Coretal or Koretal or Oxprenolol Hydrochloride or Slow Trasicor or
- Tevacor or Trasicor).tw.
- 23. 5 and 6
- 24. 5 and 7
- 25. 5 and 8
- 26. 5 and 9
- 27. 5 and 10
- 28. 5 and 11
- 29. 5 and 12
- 30. 5 and 13
- 31. 5 and 14
- 32. 5 and 15
- 33. 5 and 16
- 34. 5 and 17
- 35. 5 and 18
- 36. 5 and 19
- 37. 5 and 20
- 38. 5 and 21
- 39. 5 and 21
- 40. 6 and 7
- 41. 6 and 8
- 42. 6 and 9
- 42. 6 and 9 43. 6 and 10
- 45. 6 and 10
- 44. 6 and 11
- 45. 6 and 12
- 46. 6 and 13
- 47. 6 and 14
- 48. 6 and 15
- 49. 6 and 16
- 50. 6 and 17
- 51. 6 and 18
- 52. 6 and 19
- 53. 6 and 20

54. 6 and 21 55. 6 and 22 56. 7 and 8 57.7 and 9 58.7 and 10 59. 7 and 11 60. 7 and 12 61.7 and 13 62.7 and 14 63.7 and 15 64.7 and 16 65.7 and 17 66.7 and 18 67.7 and 19 68.7 and 20 69. 7 and 21 70. 7 and 22 71. 8 and 9 72. 8 and 10 73. 8 and 11 74. 8 and 12 75. 8 and 13 76.8 and 14 77.8 and 15 78.8 and 16 79.8 and 17 80.8 and 18 81.8 and 19 82. 8 and 20 83. 8 and 21 84. 8 and 22 85.9 and 10 86. 9 and 11 87.9 and 12 88. 9 and 13 89. 9 and 14 90. 9 and 15 91.9 and 16 92. 9 and 17 93.9 and 18 94.9 and 19 95.9 and 20 96. 9 and 21 97. 9 and 22 98. 10 and 11 99. 10 and 12 100. 10 and 13 101. 10 and 14 102. 10 and 15 103. 10 and 16 104. 10 and 17 105. 10 and 18 106. 10 and 19 107. 10 and 20 108. 10 and 21 109. 10 and 22 110. 11 and 12 111. 11 and 13 112. 11 and 14 113. 11 and 15 114. 11 and 16 115. 11 and 17 116. 11 and 18 117. 11 and 19 118. 11 and 20 119. 11 and 21 120. 11 and 22 121. 12 and 13 122. 12 and 14 123. 12 and 15 124. 12 and 16 125. 12 and 17

126. 12 and 18 127. 12 and 19 128. 12 and 20 129. 12 and 21 130. 12 and 22 131. 13 and 14 132. 13 and 15 133. 13 and 16 134. 13 and 17 135. 13 and 18 136. 13 and 19 137. 13 and 20 138. 13 and 21 139. 13 and 22 140. 14 and 15 141. 14 and 16 142. 14 and 17 143. 14 and 18 144. 14 and 19 145. 14 and 20 146. 14 and 21 147. 14 and 22 148. 15 and 16 149.15 and 17 150. 15 and 18 151. 15 and 19 152. 15 and 20 153. 15 and 21 154. 15 and 22 155.16 and 17 156. 16 and 18 157.16 and 19 158. 16 and 20 159. 16 and 21 160. 16 and 22 161. 17 and 18

162. 17 and 19 163. 17 and 20 164.17 and 21 165. 17 and 22 166. 18 and 19 167. 18 and 20 168. 18 and 21 169. 18 and 22 170. 19 and 20 171. 19 and 21 172. 19 and 22 173. 20 and 21 174. 20 and 22 175. 21 and 22 176. 4 or 23 or 24 or 25 or 26 or 27 or 28 or 29 or 30 or 31 or 32 or 33 or 34 or 35 or 36 or 37

or 38 or 39 or 40 or 41 or 42 or 43 or 44 or 45 or 46 or 47 or 48 or 49 or 50 or 51 or 52 or 53 or 54 or 55 or 56 or 57 or 58 or 59 or 60 or 61 or 62 or 63 or 64 or 65 or 66 or 67 or 68 or 69 or 70 or 71 or 72 or 73 or 74 or 75 or 76 or 77 or 78 or 79 or 80 or 81 or 82 or 83 or 84 or 85 or 86 or 87 or 88 or 89 or 90 or 91 or 92 or 93 or 94 or 95 or 96 or 97 or 98 or 99 or 100 or 101 or 102 or 103 or 104 or 105 or 106 or 107 or 108 or 109 or 110 or 111 or 112 or 113 or 114 or 115 or 116 or 117 or 118 or 119 or 120 or 121 or 122 or 123 or 124 or 125 or 126 or 127 or 128 or 129 or 130 or 131 or 132 or 133 or 134 or 135 or 136 or 137 or 138 or 139 or 140 or 141 or 142 or 143 or 144 or 145 or 146 or 147 or 148 or 149 or 150 or 151 or 152 or 153 or 154 or 155 or 156 or 157 or 158 or 159 or 160 or 161 or 162 or 163 or 164 or 165 or 166 or 167 or 168 or 169 or 170 or 171 or 172 or 173 or 174 or 175

177. 3 and 176

178. limit 177 to (systematic reviews or case reports or clinical study or clinical trial, all or clinical trial or comparative study or journal article or meta analysis or observational study or randomized controlled trial or "systematic review")

179. limit 178 to yr="1990 -Current"

180. limit 179 to english language

181. remove duplicates from 180

Table S1._ROBINS I bias assessment tool questions and reviewer responses for each paper used in this systematic review.

	Assimon et al.	Shireman et al.	Weir et al.	Wu et al.
Bias due to confounding	-			-
1.1 Is there potential for confounding of the effect of the intervention of				
the study? (If N/PN to 1.1: the study can be considered to be at low risk				
of bias due to confounding and no further signalling questions need be				
considered)	Y	PY	PY	PY
1.2 Determine if there is a need to assess time varying confounding. (If				
N/PN, answer questions relating to baseline confounding (1.4 to 1.6). If				
Y/PY, proceed to question 1.3)	N	N	No	N
1.3 Were intervention discontinuations or switches likely to be related to				
factors that are prognostic for the outcome (If N/PN, answer questions				
relating to baseline confounding (1.4 to 1.6). If Y/PY, answer questions				
relating to both baseline and time-varying confounding (1.7 and 1.8)	skip	skip	skip	skip
1.4 Did authors use an appropriate analysis method that controlled for all	DV			DV
the important confounding domains?	PY	PN	PY	PY
1.5 (If Y/PY to 1.4) Were confounding domains that were controlled for				
measured validly and reliably by variables available in the study?	PY	PN/skip	PY	PY
1.6 Did authors control for any post-intervention variables that could have				
been affected by the intervention?	NI	PN	NI	PN
1.7 Did the author use an appropriate analysis method that adjusted for				
all the important time confounding domains and for time varying				
confounding?	skip	Ν	PY	skip
1.8 (If Y/PY to 1.7) Were confounding domains that were adjusted for				
measured validly and reliably by the variables available in the study?	skip	skip	PY	skip
			Moder	Moder
Risk of Bias judgement (Table 1)	Serious	Serious	ate	ate
Optional: what is the predicted direction of bias due to confounding?				

Bias in Selection of Participants

2.1 Was selection of participants into the study based on participant				
characteristics observed after the start of intervention? (If N/PN to 2.1: go				
to 2.4)	PN	Υ	Y	Ν

2.2 (If YPY to 2.1) Were post intervention variables that influenced		ĺ		
selection likely to be associated with intervention?	skip	Ν	Y	skip
2.3 (If YPY to 2.2) Were post intervention variables that influenced				
selection likely to be influenced by the outcome or a cause of the				
outcome?	skip	N/skip	PY	skip
2.4 Do start of follow up and start of intervention coincide for most				
participants?	Y	Y	Y	Y
2.5.(If Y/PY to 2.2 and 2.3, or N/PN to 2.4) Were adjustment techniques				
used that are likely to correct for the presence of selection biases?	skip	N/skip	Ν	skip
			Seriou	
Risk of Bias judgement (Table 1)	Moderate	Moderate	S	Low
Optional: what is the predicted direction of bias due to selection of				
participants into the study?				
Bias in Classification of Interventions	r	1	1	
3.1 Were intervention groups clearly defined?	Y	Y	Y	Y
3.2 Was the information used to define intervention groups recorded at				
the start of the intervention?	Y	Y	PY	Y
3.3 Could classification of the intervention status have been affected by				
the outcome or risk of the outcome?	N	Ν	N	Ν
Risk of Bias Judgement (Table 1)	Low	Low	Low	Low
Optional: what is the predicted direction of bias due to measurement of				
outcomes or interventions?				
Bias Due to Deviations from Intended Interventions?	- 1	-		
4.1. Were there deviations from the intended intervention beyond what				
would be expected in usual practice?	N	PN	PN	PN
4.2. If Y/PY to 4.1: Were these deviations from intended intervention				
unbalanced between groups and likely to have affected the outcome?	skip	skip	skip	skip
4.3. Were important co-interventions balanced across intervention				
groups?	skip	skip	PY	skip
4.4. Was the intervention implemented successfully for most				
participants?	skip	skip	PY	skip
4.5. Did study participants adhere to the assigned intervention regimen?	skip	skip	PY	skip
4.6. If N/PN to 4.3, 4.4 or 4.5: Was an appropriate analysis used to				
estimate the effect of starting and adhering to the intervention?	skip	skip	skip	skip
			Moder	
Risk of Bias judgement (Table 2)	Low	Low	ate	Low
Optional: What is the predicted direction of bias due to deviations from				
the intended interventions?	1			

Bias Due to Missing Data

5.1 Were outcome data available for all, or nearly all, participants?	Y	PY	Y	Ν
5.2 Were participants excluded due to missing data on intervention				
status?	N	N	Ν	PY
5.3 Were participants excluded due to missing data on other variables				
needed for the analysis?	PN	Υ	Ν	PY
5.4 (If PN/N to 5.1, or Y/PY to 5.2 or 5.3) Are the proportion of				
participants and reasons for missing data similar across interventions?	skip	Ν	skip	Ν
5.5 (If PN/N to 5.1, or Y/PY to 5.2 or 5.3) Is there evidence that results				
were robust to the presence of missing data?	skip	Υ	skip	PY
				Seriou
Risk of Bias judgement (Table 2)	Low	Low	Low	S
Optional: What is the predicted direction of bias due to missing data?				
Bias in Measurement of Outcomes	_			
6.1 Could the outcome measure have been influenced by knowledge of				
the intervention received?	PY	PY	PY	PN
6.2 Were outcome assessors aware of the intervention received by study				
participants?	NI	Y	Υ	PY
6.3 Were the methods of outcome assessment comparable across				
intervention groups?	Y	PY	Y	Y
6.4 Were any systematic errors in measurement of the outcome related				
to intervention received?	NI	PN	PN	PN
			Moder	
Risk of Bias judgement (Table 2)	Serious	Serious	ate	Low
Optional: What is the predicted direction of bias due to measurement of				
outcomes?				
Bias in Selection of the Reported Result		1		1
Is the reported effect estimate likely to be selected, on the basis of the				
results, from 7.1 multiple outcome measurements within the				
outcome domain?	N	PY	PN	PY
7.2 multiple analyses of the intervention-outcome relationship?	N	PN	PN	PN
7.3 different subgroups?	N	PN	PN	PN
			Moder	Moder
Risk of Bias judgement (Table 2)	Low	Moderate	ate	ate

For full details on the ROBINS I bias evaluation tool, refer to Sterne et al. in references.

Paper	Outcome	Definition/Source	Outcome	Definition/Source	Other Major	Definition/Source
					Outcomes	
Assimon et	1-year All-cause	Death due to any	1-year Cardiovascular	Death with any	Intradialytic	A systolic blood
al.	mortality	cause.	Mortality	cardiovascular death	Hypotension	pressure decrease ≥
				code 23, 25, 26, 27,		20 mm Hg during
				28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35,		hemodialysis AND
				36) listed as the		intradialytic saline
				cause of death on the		solution
				ESRD death		administration, OR
				notification form.		intradialytic nadir
				(these codes		systolic blood
				correspond to acute		pressure < 90 mm Hg.
				MI, pericarditis (incl		Source: (Assimon et
				cardiac tamponade),		al. 2018)
				atherosclerotic heart		
				disease,		
				cardiomyopathy,		
				cardiac arrhythmia,		
				cardiac arrest (cause		
				unknown), valvular		
				heart disease,		
				pulmonary edema		
				due to exogenous		
				fluid, CHF, pulmonary		
				embolus and		
				cerebrovascular		
				accident (including		

				intercranial hemorrhage).	
Shireman et al.	All-cause mortality	USRDS Core CD	Cardiovascular Mortality and Morbidity	Cardiovascular morbidity: Inpatient hospitalization (medicare part A claims) for myocardial infarction, ischemic heart disease, revascularization, CHF, cerebrovascular accident, or peripheral vascular disease. Cardiovascular mortality: USRDS listed cause of death (MI, atherosclerotic heart disease, cardiomyophathy,	N/A

				cardiac arrhythmia, cardiac arrest, cerebrovascular accidents). Source: (Shireman et al. 2016)	
Weir et al.	All-cause mortality	Ontario Health Insurance Plan (OHIP) Registered Persons Database	Ventricular Arrhythmia (proxy for the risk of sudden cardiac death)	ICD-10 code 490	The composite of death, myocardial infarction, or heart failure. Source: (Weir et al. 2015)
Wu et al.	All-cause mortality	N/A	Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events (MACE)	•	N/A

Wu et al. did not include an official definition for their outcome of all-cause mortality.

Table S3. I2 values

		I ² percentages		
		ACM CVE		
	All 4 Included	84%	35%	
	Weir et al removed	59%	0%	
Papers	Assimon et al removed	88%	48%	
	Shireman et al removed	89%	55%	
	Wu et al removed	86%	52%	

The statistical heterogeneity of the selected studies was explored by removing each of the four studies separately from Review Manager. The table summarizes the resulting I² values. Higher values indicate a greater degree of heterogeneity.