

Enzymatic Synthesis and Self-Assembly of Glycolipids: Robust Self-healing and Wound Closure Performance of Assembled Soft Materials

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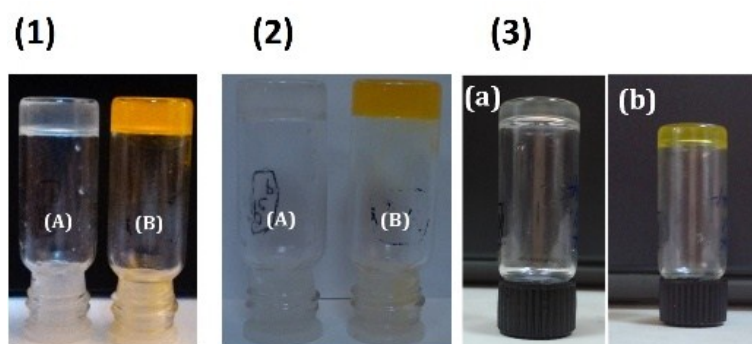
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Contents		
S.#	Title	Page No.
1	Table S1. Solvents/ oils used for gelation studies.	3
2	Figure S1. Images of oleogel and composite gel formed in paraffin oil and DMSO+Water (1:4).	3
3	Figure S2 Images of oleogel formed by compound 2d & 2e in Eucalyptus oil	4
4	Figure S3 SAXD patterns of xerogel derived from compound 3d.	4
5	Figure S4 FTIR spectra of xerogel derived from compound 3d.	4
6	Figure S5 Optical microscopy images of oleogel and composite gel.	5
7	Figure S6 Effect of oleogel and composite gel on wound healing in experimental rats.	5
8	Figure S7 Pictures displaying wound closure at day1, 11, 17 and 21 respectively.	6
9	Figure S8 Biochemical profile of granulation tissue obtained from the skin-excised wound of different experimental groups	6
10	Figure S9 ¹ H NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3a in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	7
11	Figure S10 ¹³ C NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3a in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	7
12	Figure S11 ¹ H NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3b in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	8
1	Figure S12 ¹³ C NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3b in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	8
3	Figure S13 ¹ H NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3c in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	9
14	Figure S14 ¹³ C NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3c in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	9
15	Figure S15 ¹ H NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3d in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	10
16	Figure S16 ¹³ C NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3d in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	10
17	Figure S17 ESI-MS spectra of glycolipid 3d in CDCl ₃ +MeOH	11
18	Figure S18 ¹ H NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3e in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	12
19	Figure S19 ¹³ C NMR spectrum of glycolipid 3e in CDCl ₃ +DMSO-d ₆	12
20	Figure S20 ESI-MS spectra of glycolipid 3e in CDCl ₃ +MeOH	13

Table S1. Solvents/ oils used for gelation studies.

Entry	Oil/solvent	Gelation of glycolipids				
		3a	3b	3c	3d	3e
1	Olive oil	S	S	S	S	S
2	Eucalyptus oil	S	S	S	G (2%)	G (2%)
3	Hazelnut oil	S	S	S	S	S
4	Jojoba oil	S	S	S	S	S
5	Sesame oil	S	S	S	S	S
6	Soya bean oil	S	S	S	S	S
7	Linseed oil	S	S	S	PG	PG
8	Paraffin oil	-	-	PG	G (1% w/v)	G (1.2% w/v)
9	Neem oil	S	S	S	S	S
10	Castor oil	S	S	S	S	S
11	Dichlorobenzene	S	P	P	P	P
12	Benzene	P	P	P	P	P
13	Cyclohexane	I	I	I	P	P
14	N-Heptane	I	I	I	I	I
15	1,4- dioxane	I	I	I	I	I
16	1-Butanol	P	P	P	P	P
17	Toluene	P	P	P	P	P
18	Xylene	P	P	P	P	P
19	Dimethylformamide	S	S	S	P	P
20	DMSO+Water (1:4)	P	P	P	G (2.5% w/v)	G (2.5% w/v)

S = solution; P = precipitate; I = insoluble; G = gel; PG = partial gel. Critical gelation concentration (CGC) is presented in parentheses [% (w/v)]

**Figure S1.** (1,2) Image of oleogel (A) and composite gel (B) formed in paraffin oil and (3) images of gel (a) and composite gel (b) formed in DMSO+Water (1:4).

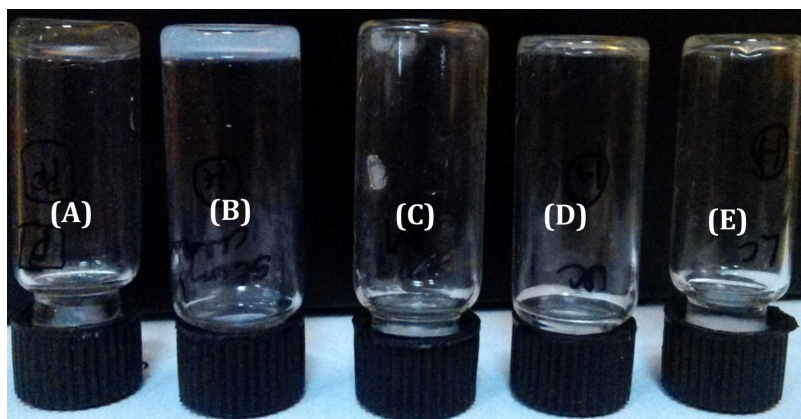


Figure S2. (A & B) Image of oleogel formed by compound **3d** & **3e** in Eucalyptus oil (C, D & E) Gel not formed by compounds **3a**, **3b** and **3c**.

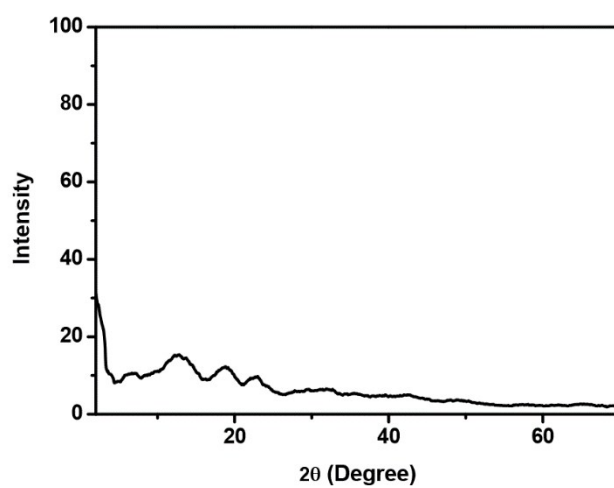


Figure S3. SAXD patterns of xerogel derived from compound **3d**.

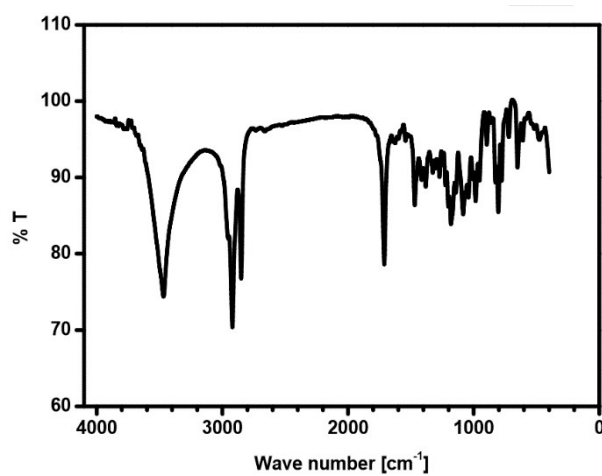


Figure S4. FTIR spectra of xerogel derived from compound **3d**.

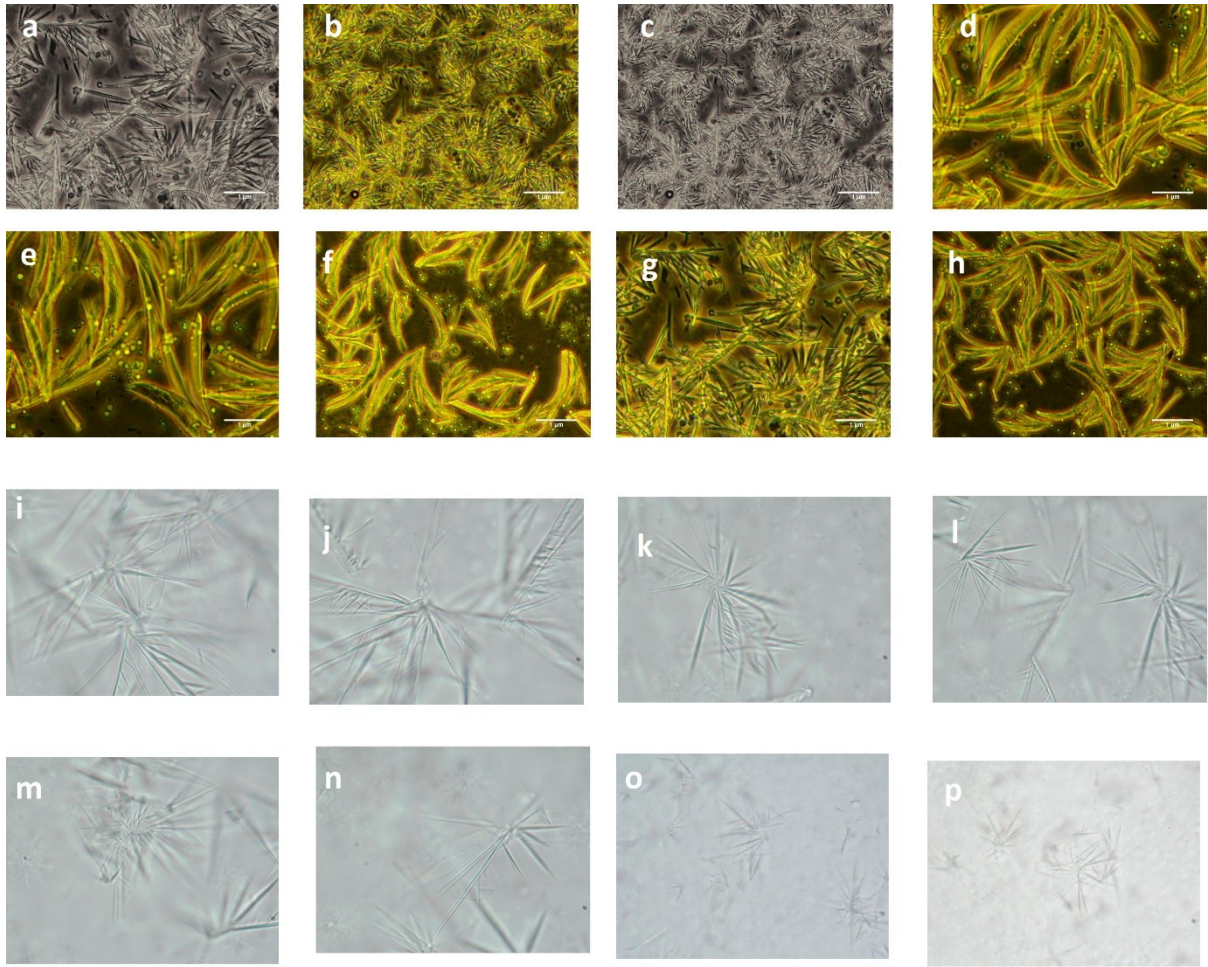


Figure S5. Optical microscopy images of (a-h) oleogel and (i-p) composite gel.

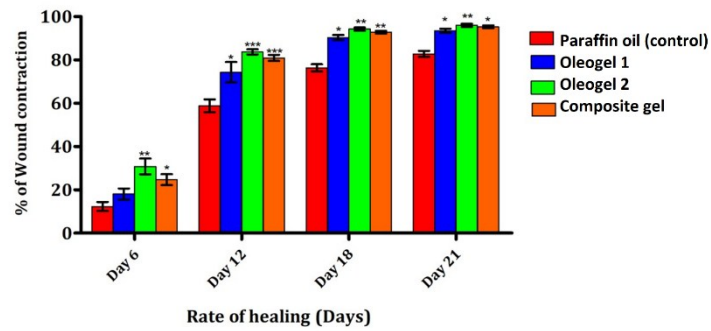


Figure S6. Effect of oleogel and composite gel on wound healing in experimental rats.

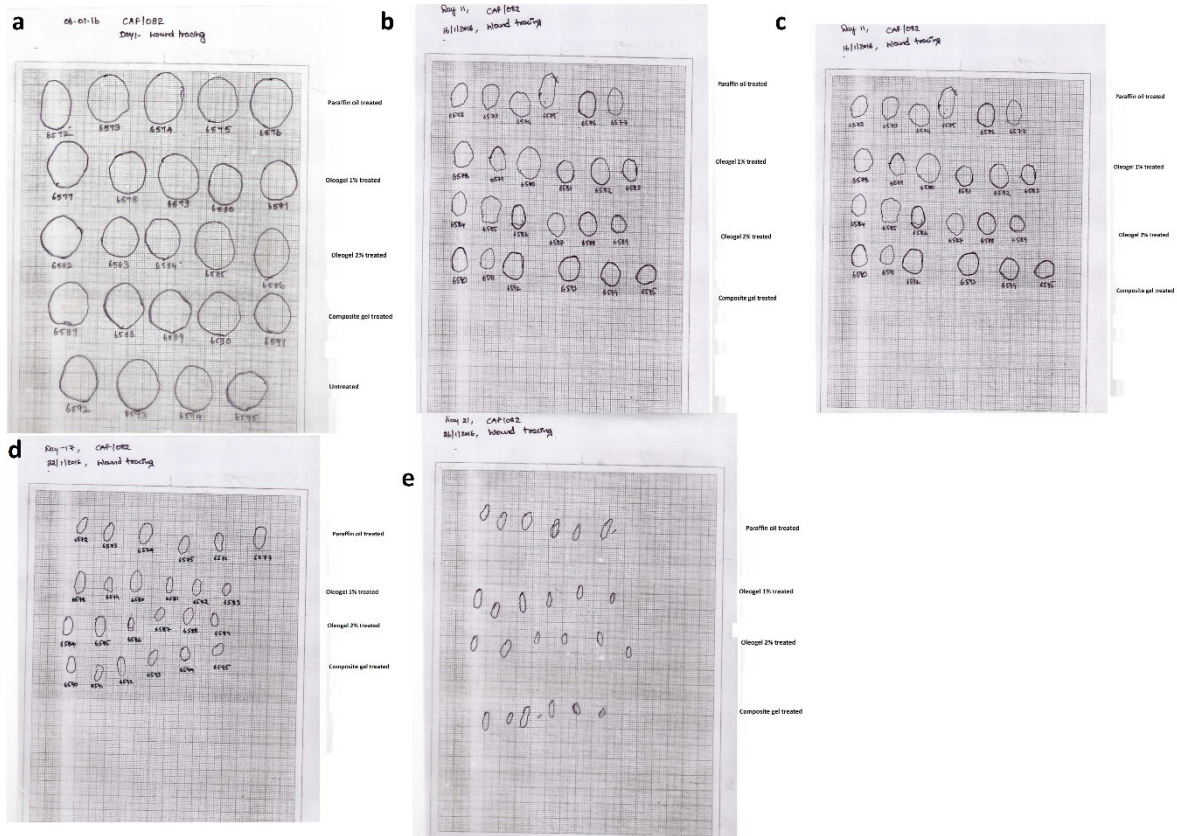


Figure S7: (a-e) Pictures displaying wound closure at day1, 11, 17 and 21 respectively.

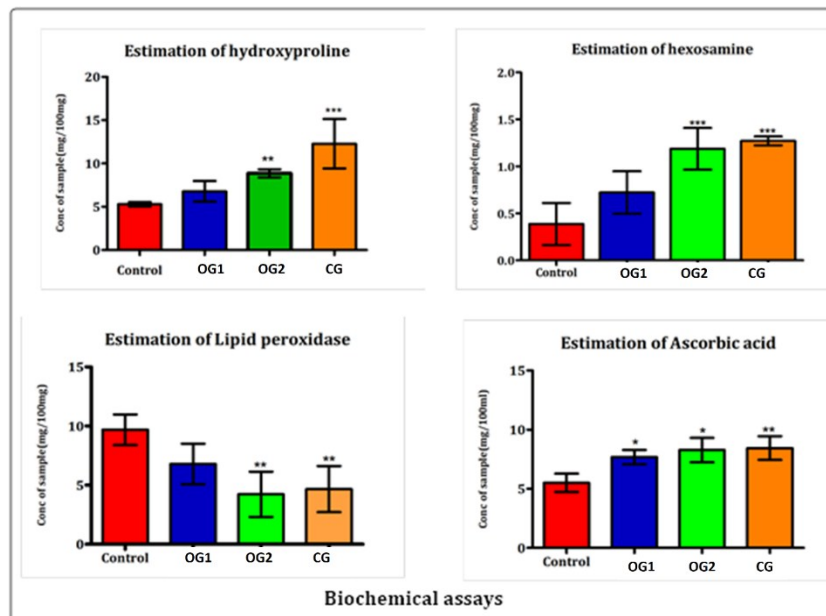


Figure S8. Biochemical profile of granulation tissue obtained from the skin-excised wound of different experimental groups. Values of mean \pm SE of each group. $P < 0.05$ (*), $P < 0.01$ (**), $P < 0.001$ (***). Comparison of treated groups with control groups. The results were analysed statistically using one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) followed by Dunnett's test for multiple comparisons. OG1-Organogel 1; OG2-Organogel 2 and CG-Composite gel

Figure S9. ^1H NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3a** in $\text{CDCl}_3+\text{DMSO-d}_6$

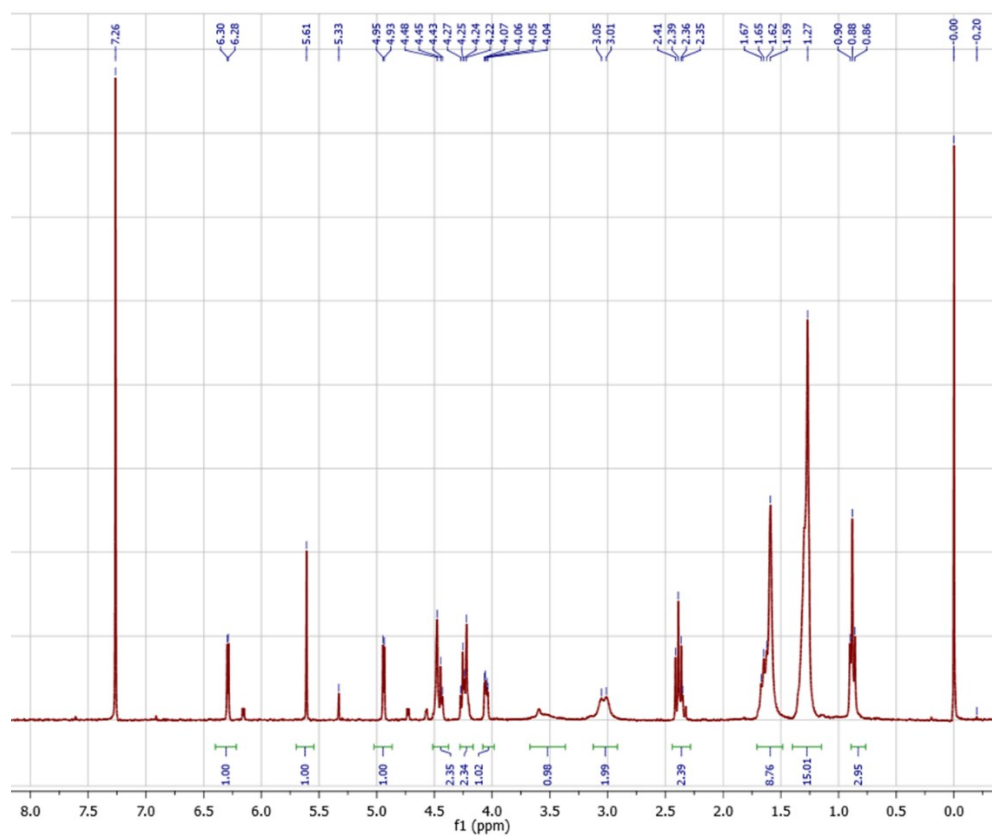


Figure S10. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3a** in $\text{CDCl}_3+\text{DMSO-d}_6$

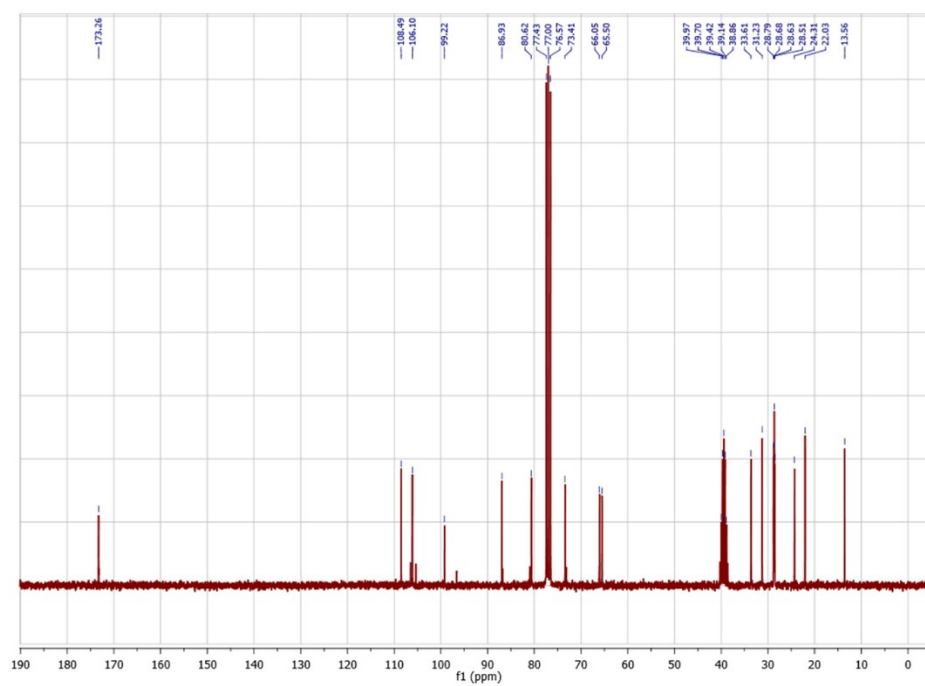


Figure S11. ^1H NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3b** in $\text{CDCl}_3+\text{DMSO-d}_6$

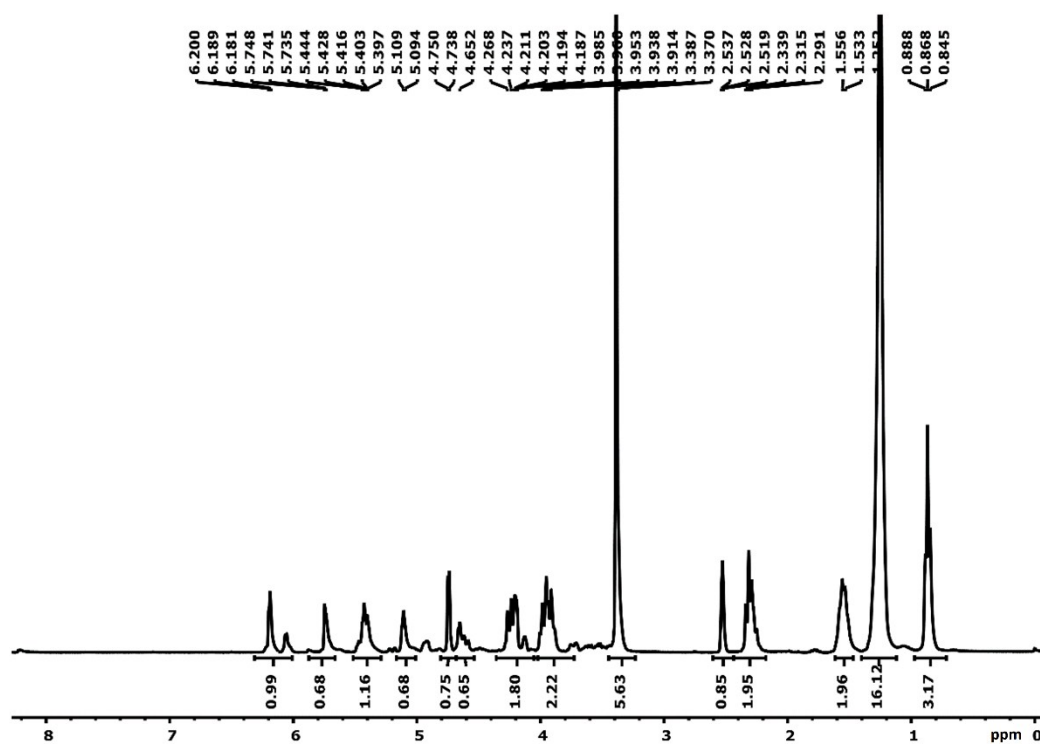


Figure S12. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3b** in $\text{CDCl}_3+\text{DMSO-d}_6$

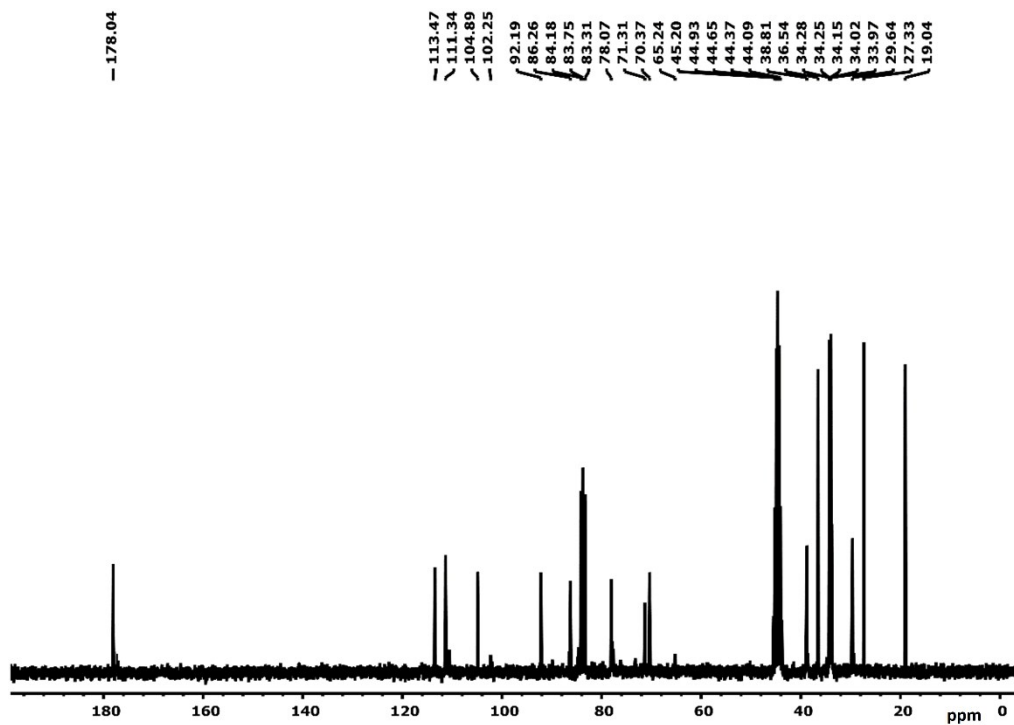


Figure S13. ^1H NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3c** in $\text{CDCl}_3+\text{DMSO}-d_6$

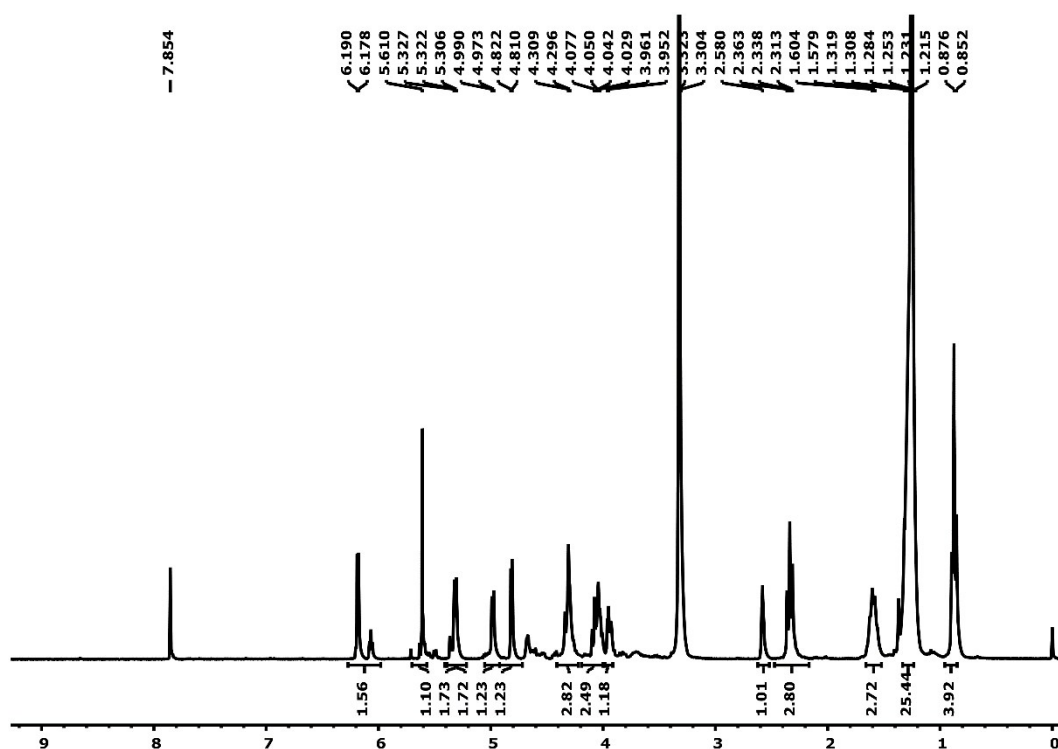


Figure S14. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3c** in $\text{CDCl}_3+\text{DMSO}-d_6$

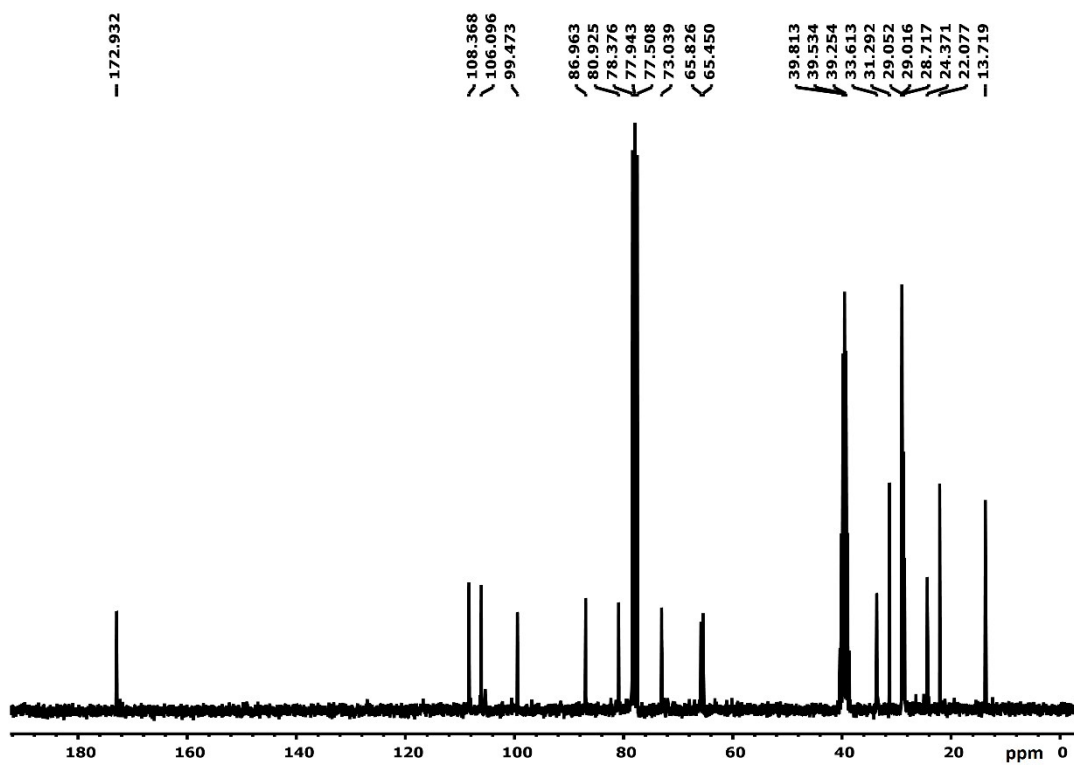


Figure S15. ^1H NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3d** in CDCl_3

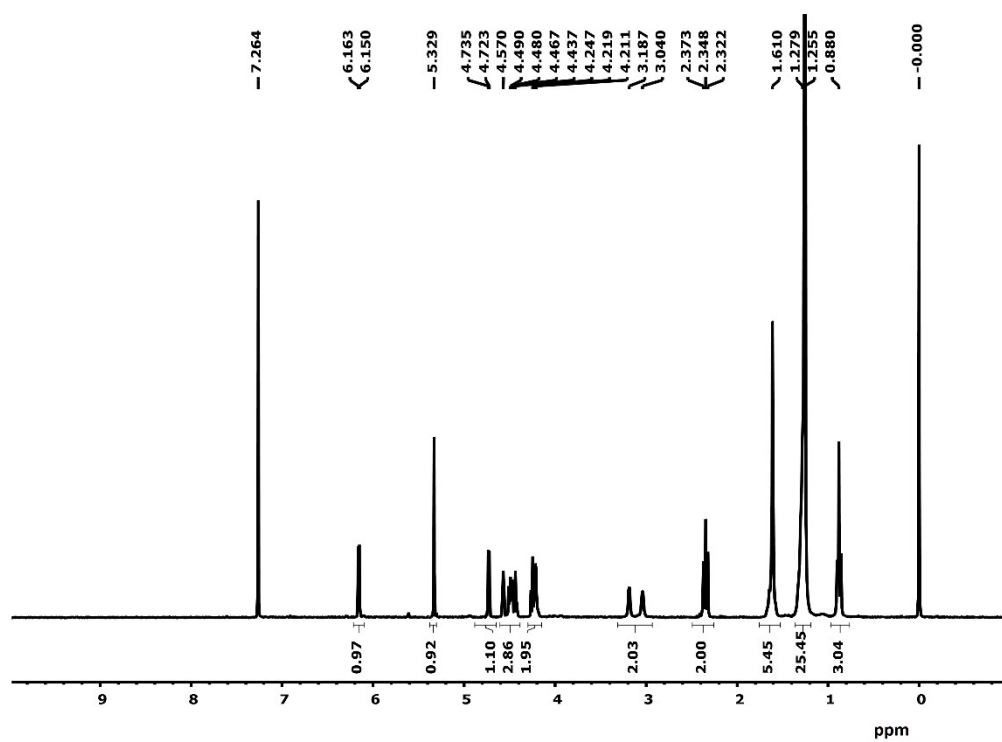


Figure S16. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3d** in CDCl_3

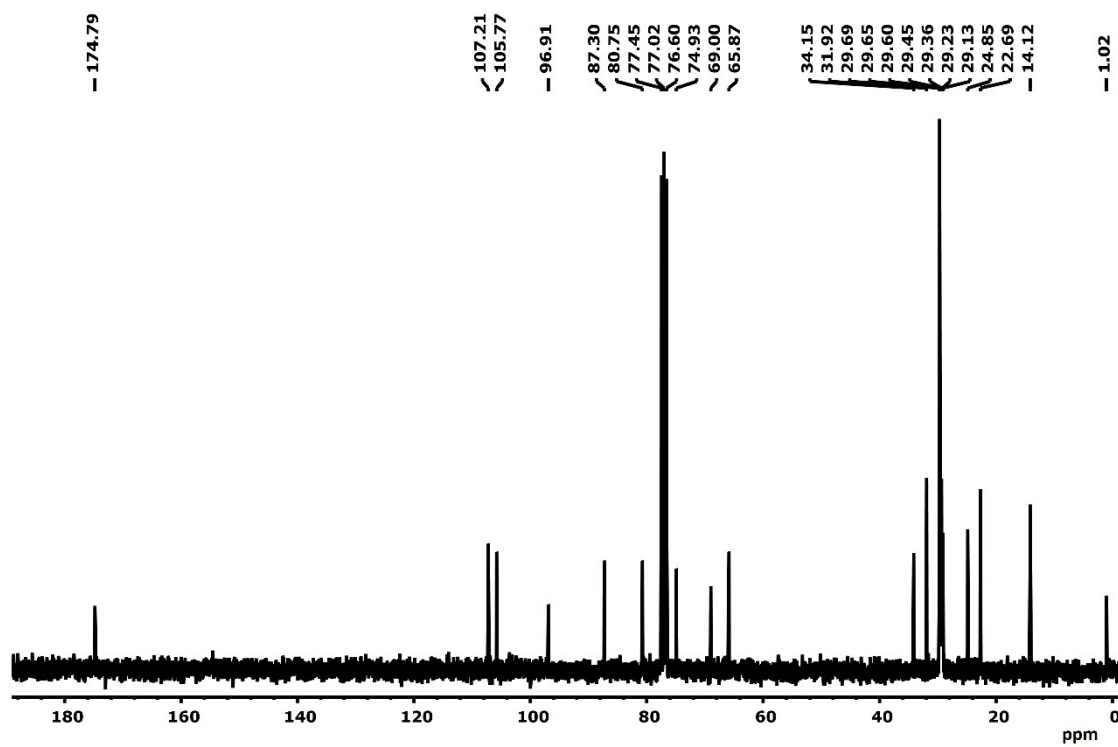


Figure S17. ESI-MS spectra of glycolipid **3d** in CDCl₃+MeOH

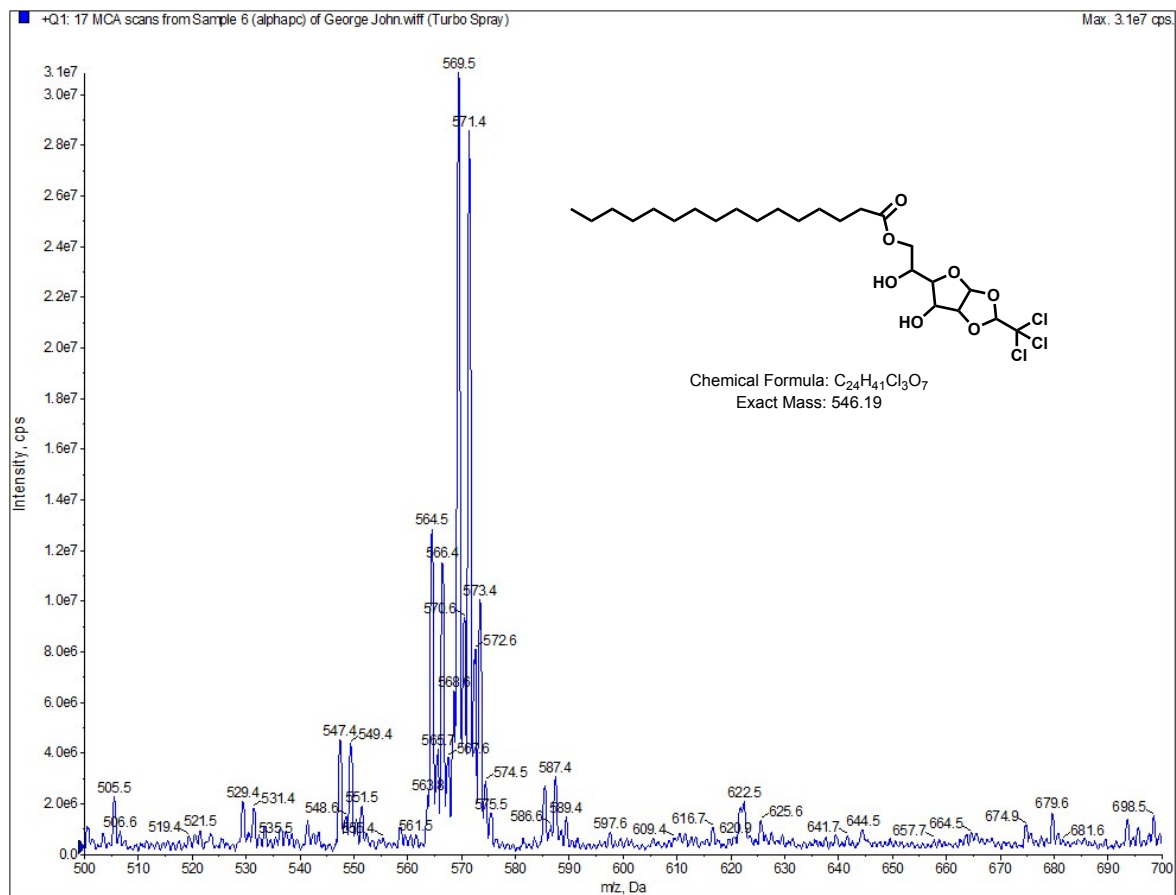


Figure S18. ^1H NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3e** in CDCl_3

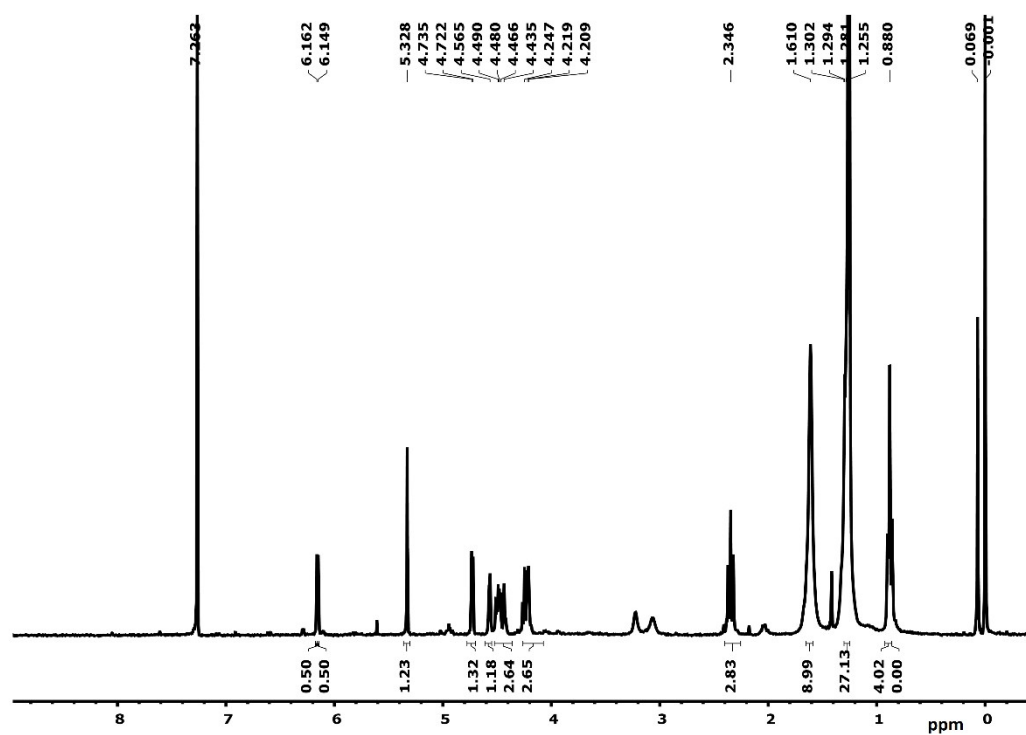


Figure S19. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of glycolipid **3e** in CDCl_3

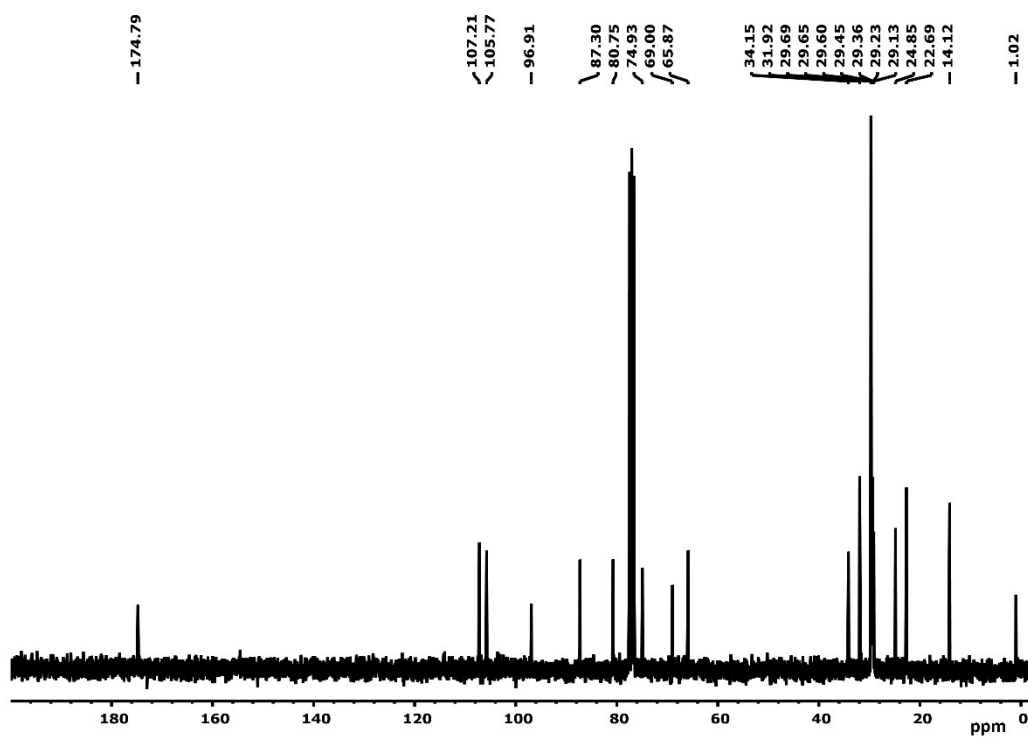
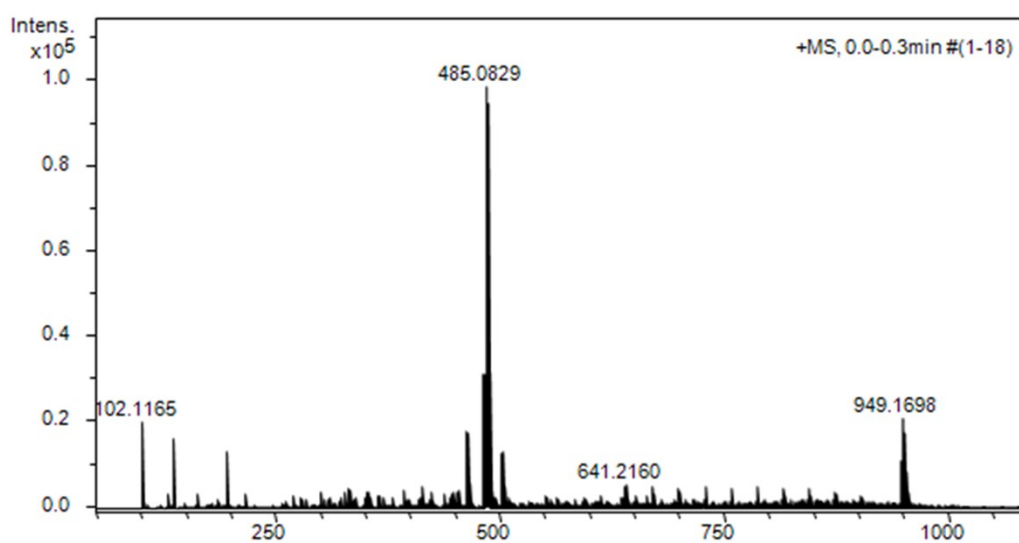
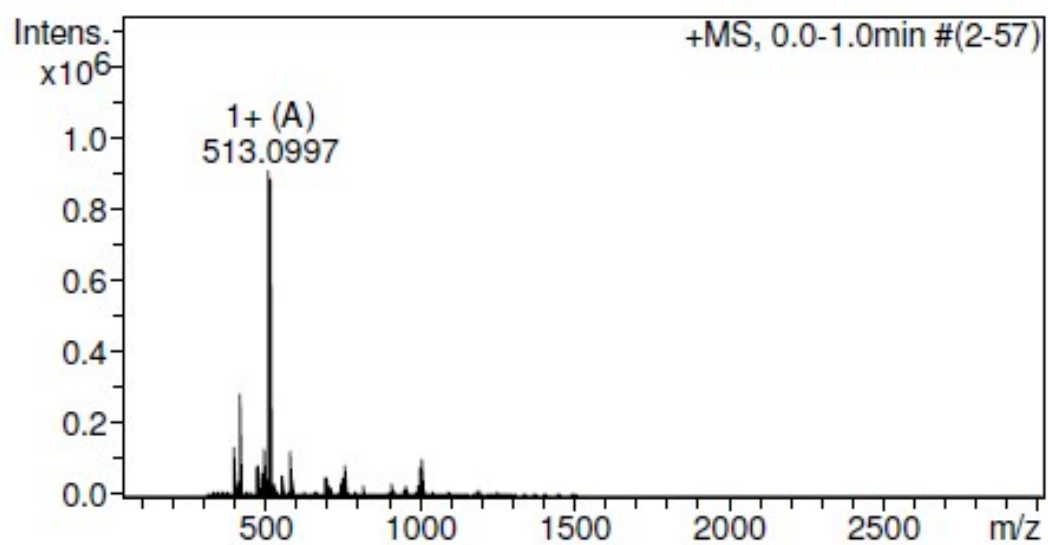


Figure S20. ESI-MS spectra of glycolipid **3a-e** in CDCl₃+MeOH

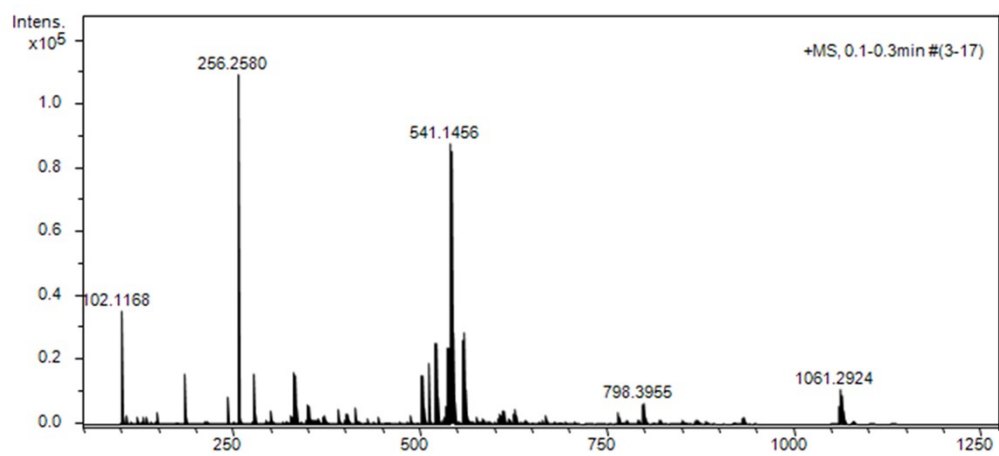
Glycolipid 3a



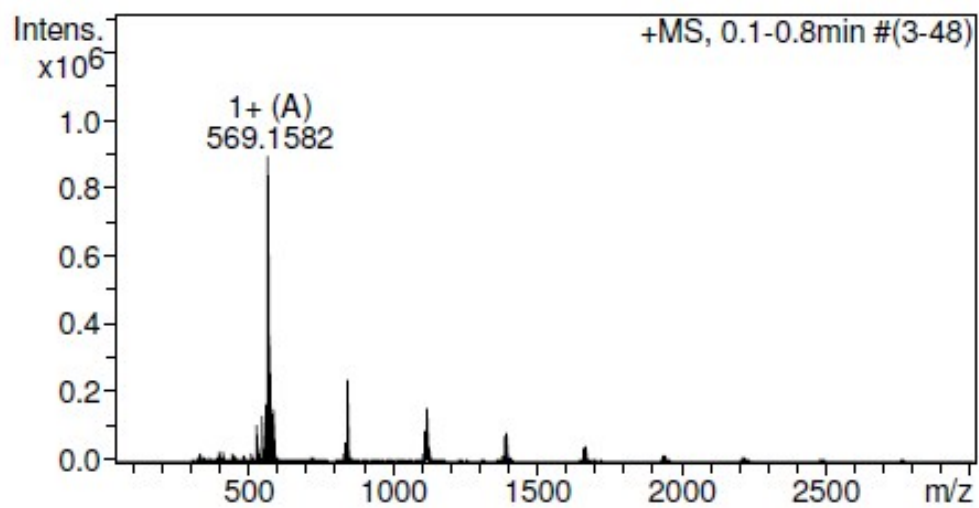
Glycolipid 3b



Glycolipid 3c



Glycolipid 3d



Sample 3e

