YMTHE, Volume 30

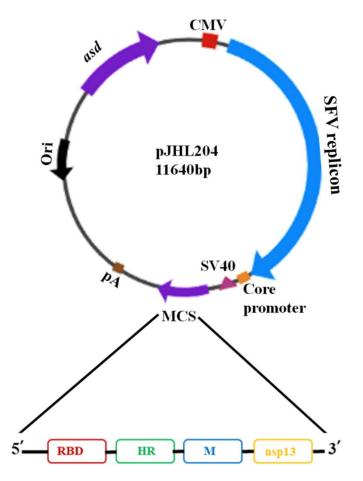
# **Supplemental Information**

## Bacteria-enabled oral delivery of a replicon-based

#### mRNA vaccine candidate protects against

### ancestral and delta variant SARS-CoV-2

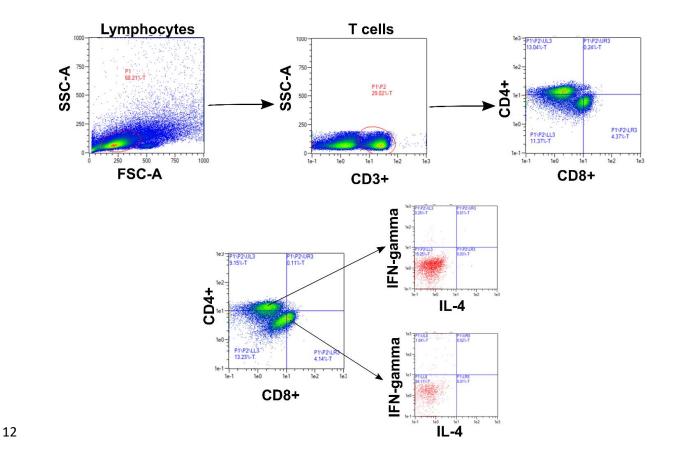
Vijayakumar Jawalagatti, Perumalraja Kirthika, Chamith Hewawaduge, Myeon-sik Yang, Ji-Young Park, Byungkwan Oh, and John Hwa Lee



2 Supplementary Figure 1. pJHL204, a SFV replicon-based vector design

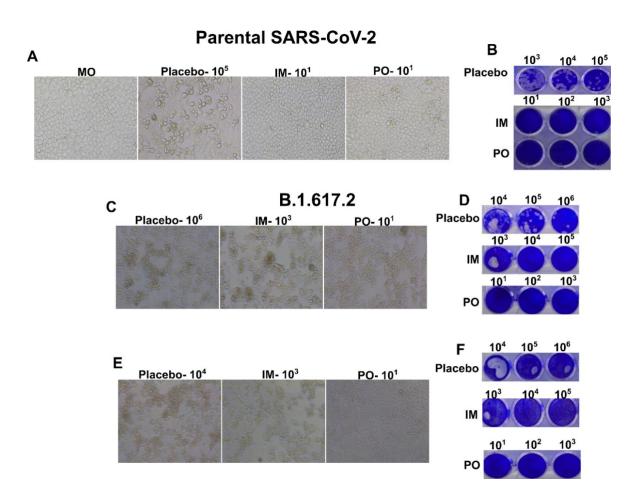
The CMV promoter, SFV replicon (nsp1-4), SFV sub-genomic core promoter, SV40 promoter, 3 4 MCS region, polyadenylation signal (pA), asd marker and pBR origin are described. The SFV 5 non-structural proteins (nsp1-4) form a replicase complex to drive transgene expression as a self-replicating and self-transcribing mRNA. MCS comprises the ApaI, AscI, PacI, AsiSI and 6 7 PsiI restriction sites for gene cloning. The asd serves as an auxotrophic selection marker for antibiotic-free gene delivery. SFV MCS region has been enlarged to show the multicistronic 8 vaccine construct containing RBD, HR, M and nsp13 epitopes of SARS-CoV-2, each target 9 sequence is separated by viral self-cleaving peptide, P2A. SFV- Semliki Forest Virus. 10

1



#### 13 Supplementary Figure 2. Gating strategy and analysis of CD4 and CD8 T cells

14 Firstly, lymphocytes were gated by side and forward scatter properties. CD3+ T cells were 15 stratified into CD4 and CD8 T cells. Finally, population of cells expressing IFN- $\gamma$  and IL-4 16 intracellular markers were profiled for CD4 and CD8 T cells.



18 Supplementary Figure 3 (Related to Figure 5). Assessment of live viral load in vaccinated
19 and placebo hamsters.

17

Hamsters were immunized via intramuscular and oral routes. The intramuscular injection 20 consisted of a single dose of  $2 \times 10^7$  colony-forming units (CFU). Whereas, the oral route of 21 administration consisted of two doses of 2×10<sup>8</sup> CFU at a 2-week interval. Hamsters were 22 challenged three weeks after the final immunization with  $1 \times 10^4$  PFU of either parental strain or 23 delta variant. Representative CPE (A, C and E) and plaque (B, D and F) images are shown. (A-B) 24 and (C-D), respectively, lung sample data from hamsters challenged with parental and delta 25 variant SARS-CoV-2. (E-F) Nasal wash data from hamsters challenged with delta variant SARS-26 CoV-2. IM- Intramuscular; PO- Per os; B.1.617.2- Delta variant SARS-CoV-2. 27