Cell Stem Cell, Volume 29

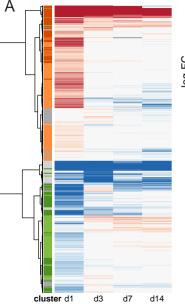
Supplemental Information

p57^{Kip2} imposes the reserve stem cell

state of gastric chief cells

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Figure S1



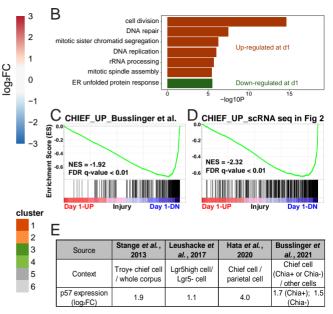


Figure S2

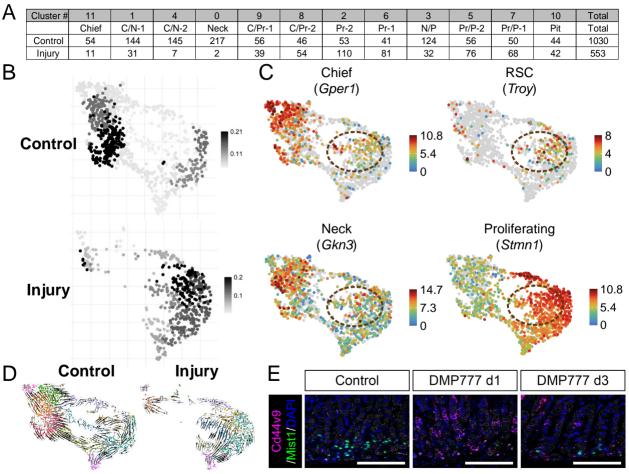
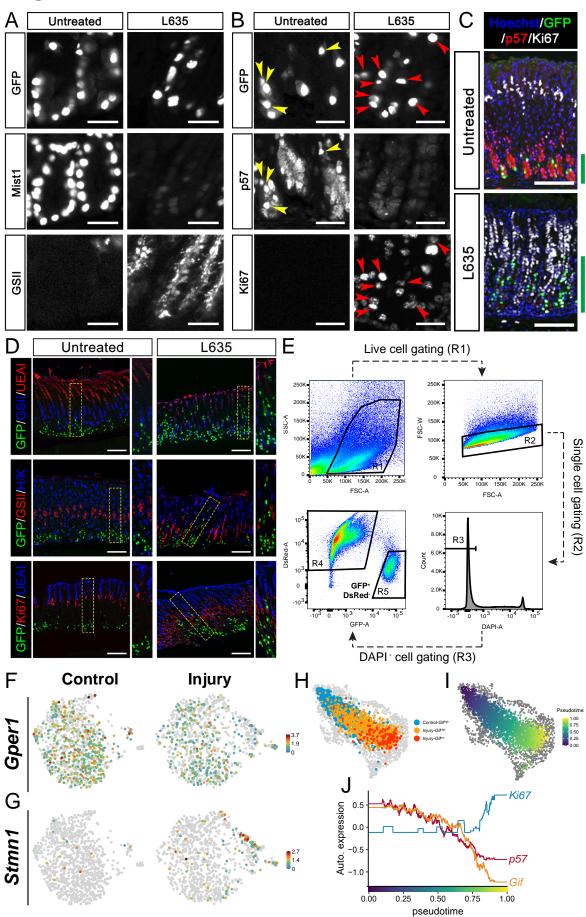
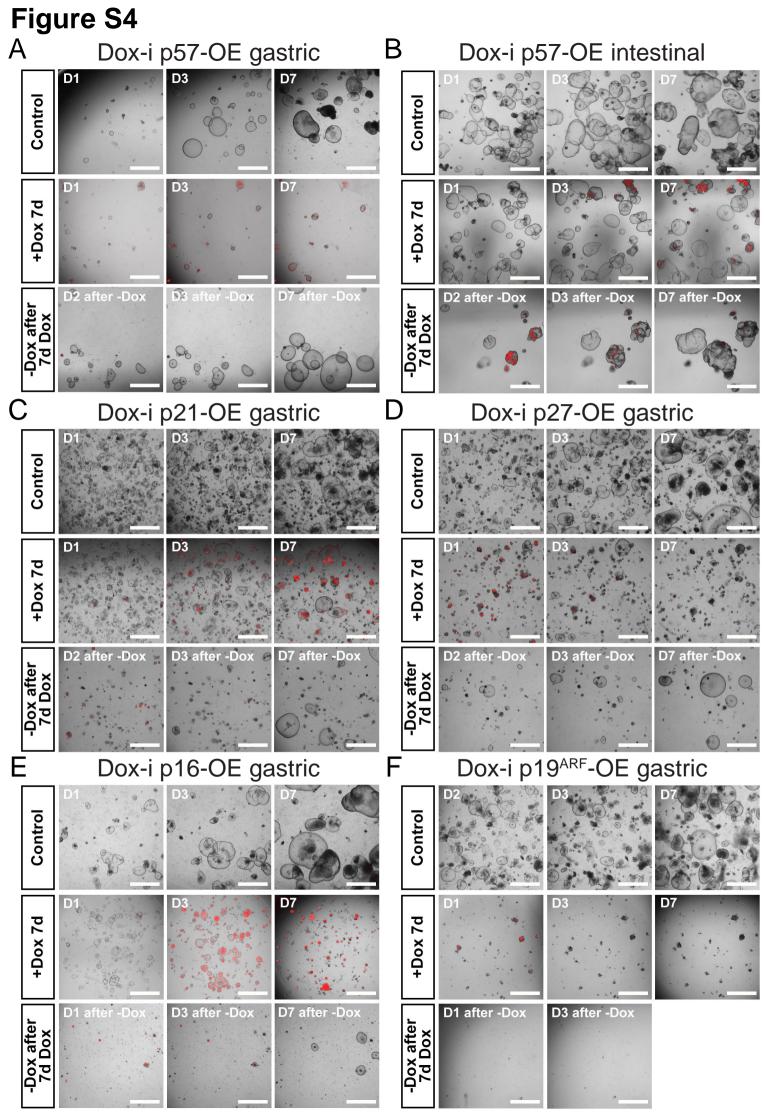
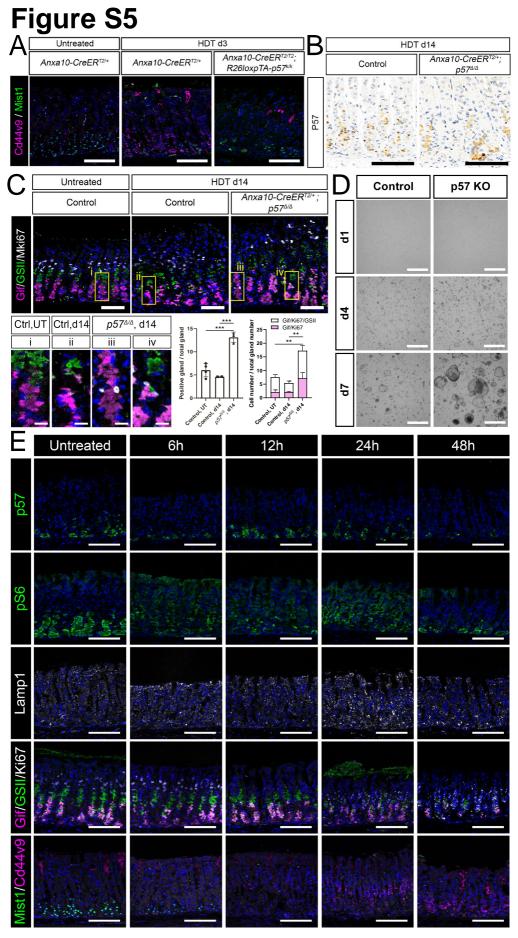


Figure S3







Supplementary figure legends

Supplementary figure 1. Rapid transcriptome changes after injury shown in timecourse bulk RNA-seq of Troy+ chief cells and enrichment of p57 expression in chief cells in homeostasis. (A) Heatmap of 1667 DEGs clustered by 6 patterns. 2-6 mice per time point were analyzed. Cluster 1 and 2 show peak expression at 1 dpi and gradual reduction during recovery. Cluster 3 and 4 show the biggest decrease in gene expression at 1 dpi. (B) Selected GO-terms enriched in upregulated (red) or downregulated (green) genes at 1 dpi (P-value < 10^{-5}). (C and D) GSEA of gene signatures associated with the chief cell signature from the scRNA-seq dataset from Busslinger et al., 2021 (C) and from the Pgc+ scRNA-seq dataset in Figure 2 (D). NES, Normalized Enrichment Score. (E) Enrichment of *p57* expression in chief cells in homeostasis from other datasets. Related to Figure 1, Tables S1 and S2.

Supplementary figure 2. Rapid switch of p57+ gastric chief cells to Ki67+ injuryresponsive chief cells upon injury. (A) Cell numbers of each cluster in control and injury analyzed in Pgc+ scRNA-seq. (B) The proportion of the cell number of each cluster in control and injury samples. (C) UMAP plots of further markers for chief cells (*Gper1*), RSCs (*Troy*), neck cells (*Gkn3*), and proliferating cell markers (*Stmn1*). Brown dotted circles show injuryresponsive chief cells. (D) RNA velocity inferred by scVelo projected on the UMAP plots in control and injury. (E) Double labelling of markers for SPEM (Cd44v9, magenta) and chief cells (Mist1, green) in control, at 1 dpi, and at 3 dpi. Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue). Scale bars, 100 µm. Related to Figure 2.

Supplementary figure 3. Gif+ lineage tracing shows that Gif+ chief cells generate other cell types and acquire injury-responsive chief cell characteristics upon injury. (A and B) Single-channel images of Figure 3C and 3D, respectively. Scale bars, 20 μ m. (C) Enlarged images of Fig 3D to show lineage tracing of Gif+ chief cells in control and injury. Green lines at the right show vertical expansion of the lineage tracing of Gif+ cells. Scale bars, 100 μ m. (D) Examples of full gland lineage tracing of Gif+ chief cells (GFP). GSII, neck cell marker; UEAI, pit cell marker; H/K, H/K-ATPase, parietal cell marker. Scale bars, 100 μ m. (E) Sorting strategy of Gif lineage cells (GFP⁺ DsRed⁻) from *Gif-Cre-nTnG* mice. (F) UMAP plots of a further marker for chief cells (*Gper1*) in control (left) and injury (right). (G) UMAP plots of a further marker for proliferating cells (*Stmn1*) in control (left) and injury (right). (H) Projection of *Gif*^{high} cells in control and *Gif*^{high} and *Gif*^{ow} cells in injury on the UMAP plot for Pgc+ scRNA-seq. (I) Pseudotime analysis of the Gif lineage cells in the projected UMAP of Pgc+ scRNA-seq data. (J) Gene expression trajectories along the pseudotime trajectory. The represented expression values are log2-transformed normalized read counts followed by the z transform. The pseudotime is denoted in the bar on the x axis. The expression of *Ki67* gets increased while the expression of *p57* and *Gif* gets decreased along the pseudotime trajectory. Related to Figure 3.

Supplementary figure 4. Regrowth assay after expressing cell cycle inhibitors in gastric organoids and p57 in intestinal organoids by Dox-inducible system. (A and B) 7d of Dox treatment and Dox withdrawal experiments in Dox-i p57-OE gastric organoids (A) and in Dox-i p57-OE intestinal organoids (B). (C and D) 7d of Dox treatment and Dox withdrawal experiments in Dox-inducible CIP/KIP family CKI expression. (C) Dox-i p21-OE gastric organoids. (D) Dox-i p27-OE gastric organoids. (E) 7d of Dox treatment and Dox withdrawal experiments in Dox-inducible expression of INK4 family of CKI, p16 in gastric organoids. (F) 7d of Dox treatment and Dox withdrawal experiments in Dox-inducible expression of p19^{ARF} in gastric organoids. Scale bars, 1 mm. Related to Figure 4.

Supplementary figure 5. Injury response is inhibited in p57 OE and prolonged in p57 KO *in vivo*. (A) Double staining of markers for SPEM (Cd44v9, magenta) and chief cells (Mist1, green) in the conditions as outlined above. Scale bars, 100 μ m. (B) p57 staining in control and p57 knockout epithelium after 14 d of HDT treatment. Scale bars, 100 μ m. (C) Triple staining with markers for chief cells (Gif, magenta), neck cells (GSII, green), and proliferating cells (Ki67, white) and quantification of injury responsive chief cells. 2-4 mice per condition were analyzed. Scale bars, 100 μ m for the upper figure sets, 20 μ m for the insets. Data in the graphs are represented as mean ± SD. **P<0.01 and ***P< 0.001 calculated by one-way ANOVA. (D) Growth difference between control and p57 knockout organoids. Scale bars, 1 mm. (E) Labelling with several markers for the metabolic and molecular changes of chief cell transition upon injury. Scale bars, 100 μ m. Related to Figure 5.