

Supplementary Fig. 1 Generation of trophoblast-like cells during BiPNT. a Targeting strategy of generating *Gata2*-tdTomato knock-in reporter EpiSCs. **b** FACS analysis of ΔPE-*Oct4*-GFP or *Gata2*-tdTomato positive cells during BiPNT. Data shown are from 1 of 3 independent experiments. **c** Sankey plot comparing the trophoblast-like cells with the reference mouse gastrulation single-cell dataset from Pijuan-Sala, et al., Nature, 2019. **d** Plots showing the expression patterns of amnion markers *IsI1*, *Igfbp3* and trophoblast marker *Elf5* during BiPNT. *Elf5* positive trophoblast-like cells were highlighted by black dotted line.



Supplementary Fig. 2 Cell surface marker *c-Kit* **indicates the early naïve branch. a** Candidates of cell surface markers for naïve branch. **b** Representative loci for ATAC-seq peaks in *c-Kit* positive and negative cell samples at Day 3 of BiPNT.



0 10² 10³

10⁴ 10⁵ 0 10²

10³ 10⁴ 10⁵

Stage 1: iCD1+BMP4+EPZ5676+EPZ6438 Stage 2: GK15 or GK15+cytokines (BMP4/SCF/EGF/LIF)

ΒV

 $0 \ 10^2 \ 10^3 \ 10^4 \ 10^5$

 $0 \ 10^2 \ 10^3 \ 10^4 \ 10^5$

а

Supplementary Fig. 3 Activation of PGC program during the naïve branch. a Immunofluorescence analysis of KLF4 in ΔPE-*Oct4*-GFP positive cells at Day 6 and 8 of BiPNT. Scale bars, 50 µm. b Percentage of indicated cells at Day 6 and 8 of BiPNT. c FACS analysis for surface markers SSEA1 and CD61 in Day 6 cells of BiPNT. d Representative images of BV or SC cells during BiPNT. Scale bars, 50 µm. The experiments were repeated independently three times with similar results. e Left: schematic of experimental approach. Right: FACS analysis of BVSC induction at Day 6 when stage 2 medium was changed to GK15 (GMEM+15% KSR) medium with or without cytokines (BMP4, EGF, SCF and LIF). EpiSC cultured in GK15 medium with or without cytokines for 3 days was as control. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

b





Injected cells	Transfered embryos	Live pups	Chimeras (%)	
BV+SC+	30	8	1 (12.5)	
BV+SC+ in 2iL (P1)	40	9	6 (66.7)	



BV+SC+ cells in 2iL (P1)



d

Control

BV⁺SC⁺

DDX4	PLZF	Hoechst	Merged	DDX4	PLZF	Hoechst	Merged
SYCP3	γH2AX	Hoechst	Merged	SYCP3	γH2AX	Hoechst	Merged
DDX4	PNA	Hoechst	Merged	DDX4	PNA >	Hoechst	Merged

Supplementary Fig. 4 Characterization of BV*SC* cells. a Expression of *Dnmt3a*, *Dnmt3b* and *Uhrf1* in EpiSC, BV*SC* cells and ESC. Data are mean \pm s.d., n=3 independent experiments. **b** BV is expressed in sorted BV*SC* cells but not in formed colonies after incubation with 2iL medium for 1 passage (P1). Scale bars, 250 µm. **c** Capacity of BV*SC+ cells or BV*SC+ cells cultured with 2iL medium for 1 passage (P1) to contribute to chimeras. **d** Representative images showing the spermatogonia (DDX4 and PLZF double-positive cells), spermatocytes (SYCP3 and γH2AX double-positive cells) and spermatids (DDX4 and PNA double-positive cells) in testis sections from *W/W*^v mice that was transplanted with BV*SC+ cells, but not from control *W/W*^v mice. Scale bars, 10 µm. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 5 *Prdm1* deficient cells fail to enter PGCLC and naïve pluripotent state.

a Scheme showing the strategy used to generate *Prdm1* knockout EpiSCs. **b** *Prdm1*-KO EpiSCs were genotyped using primers indicated in **a**. **c** Immunofluorescence analysis confirms the deficiency of PRDM1 protein at Day 1 *Prdm1*-KO cells of BiPNT. Scale bar, 50 µm. **d** RT-qPCR analysis for expression of primed pluripotency genes in WT and *Prdm1*-KO EpiSCs. Data are mean \pm s.d., n=3 independent experiments. **e** Western blot analysis of PRDM1 protein in WT, *Prdm1*-KO and rescue cells at Day 1 of BiPNT. **f** *Prdm1* knockout failed to induce Δ PE-*Oct4*-GFP⁺ cells. Scale bars, 250 µm. The experiments were repeated independently three times with similar results. **g** Bisulfite sequencing of *Peg1*, *Peg3* and *Snrpn* imprinted loci in EpiSC, ESC and two naïve colonies derived from BiPNT. **h** FACS analysis of Δ PE-*Oct4*-GFP⁺ cells at Day 8 of BiPNT under 2i+LIF or 2i+JAKi (Jak inhibitor I, 5 µM) condition. **i** Left: Immunofluorescence analysis of KLF4 in Δ PE-*Oct4*-GFP⁺ cells derived from the conditions as **h**. Scale bars, 100 µm. Right: Percentage of KLF4⁺ cells in Δ PE-*Oct4*-GFP⁺ cells. Data are mean \pm s.d., n=6 microscope fields. The experiments in **b-c**, **e-f** were performed twice with similar results. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 6 DOT1L inhibition promotes the generation of PGCLCs. a RT-qPCR analysis for expression of indicated genes at Day 6 of BiPNT with or without treatment of DOT1Li (EPZ5676 and SGC0946). Data are mean ± s.d., two-tailed, unpaired student's t-test, n=3 independent experiments. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. **b** GO analysis of the genes that are down-regulated or up-regulated by DOT1Li (SGC0946). c Upper: schematic of experimental approach. Lower: percentage of BVSC positive cells at Day 6 induced in DsRed, Nanog, Tfap2c or Nanog+Tfap2c over-expressed cells with or without DOT1Li (SGC0946) treatment. Data are mean \pm s.d., two-tailed, unpaired student's *t*-test, n=3 independent experiments. **p* < 0.05, ***p* < 0.01, ****p* < 0.001. d Percentage of BVSC positive cells at Day 6 induced in DsRed, Gata3 or Gata6 overexpressed cells with DOT1Li (SGC0946) treatment. Data are mean ± s.d., two-tailed, unpaired student's *t*-test, n=3 independent experiments. **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. **e** RT-qPCR analysis for expression of PGC related genes at Day 3 of DOT1Li (SGC0946) mediated BiPNT after overexpression of Gata3 or Gata6. Data are mean ± s.d., two-tailed, unpaired student's t-test, n=3 independent experiments. **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. **f** DOT1Li (EPZ5676 and SGC0946) resulted in the reduction of H3K79me2 level as measured by western blot. g Scheme showing the strategy used to generate Gata3-KO EpiSC. h Gata3-KO EpiSC was genotyped using primers indicated in g. i Scheme showing the strategy used to generate Gata6-KO EpiSC. j Gata6-KO EpiSC was genotyped using primers indicated in i. k RT-qPCR analysis for expression of PGC related genes at Day 6 of BiPNT in Gata3-KO or Gata6-KO cells. Data are mean ± s.d., two-tailed, unpaired student's *t*-test, n=3 independent experiments. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01. The experiments in **f**, **h**, **j** were performed twice with similar results. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.





е



Supplementary Fig. 7 Deficiency of Gata2 arrests trophoblast fate, but promotes PGCLCs.

a Regulon activity analyzed by pySCENIC during first three days, Day 0, Day 1 and Day 2. **b** Scheme showing the strategy used to generate *Gata2* knockout EpiSCs. **c** *Gata2* knockout cells were genotyped using primers indicated in **b**. The experiments were performed twice with similar results. **d** RT-qPCR analysis for expression of primed pluripotency related genes in WT and *Gata2*-KO EpiSCs. Data are mean \pm s.d., n=2 independent experiments. **e** *Gata2*-KO cells were sorted for *c*-*Kit* with FACS. **f** RT-qPCR analysis for expression of indicated genes in *c*-*Kit* or c-*Kit* cells sorted from WT and *Gata2* knockout samples. Data are mean \pm s.d., n=2 independent experiment genes in *c*-*Kit* or c-*Kit* cells sorted for data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 8 The sequential gating strategy for FACS analysis in Supplementary Fig. 1b. FACS analysis of ΔPE-*Oct4*-GFP or *Gata2*-tdTomato positive cells during BiPNT.

Original uncropped western blots



Supplementary Fig. 9 Uncropped western blot images