

Supplemental information

The *Plasmodium falciparum* ABC transporter

ABCI3 confers parasite strain-dependent

pleiotropic antimalarial drug resistance

James M. Murithi, Ioanna Deni, Charisse Flerida A. Pasaje, John Okombo, Jessica L. Bridgford, Nina F. Gnädig, Rachel L. Edwards, Tomas Yeo, Sachel Mok, Anna Y. Burkhard, Olivia Coburn-Flynn, Eva S. Istvan, Tomoyo Sakata-Kato, Maria G. Gomez-Lorenzo, Annie N. Cowell, Kathryn J. Wicht, Claire Le Manach, Gavreel F. Kalantarov, Sumanta Dey, Maëlle Duffey, Benoît Laleu, Amanda K. Lukens, Sabine Otilie, Manu Vanaerschot, Ilya N. Trakht, Francisco-Javier Gamo, Dyann F. Wirth, Daniel E. Goldberg, Audrey R. Odom John, Kelly Chibale, Elizabeth A. Winzeler, Jacquín C. Niles, and David A. Fidock

Supplementary Materials for

The *Plasmodium falciparum* ABC Transporter ABCI3 Confers Parasite Strain-Dependent Pleiotropic Antimalarial Resistance

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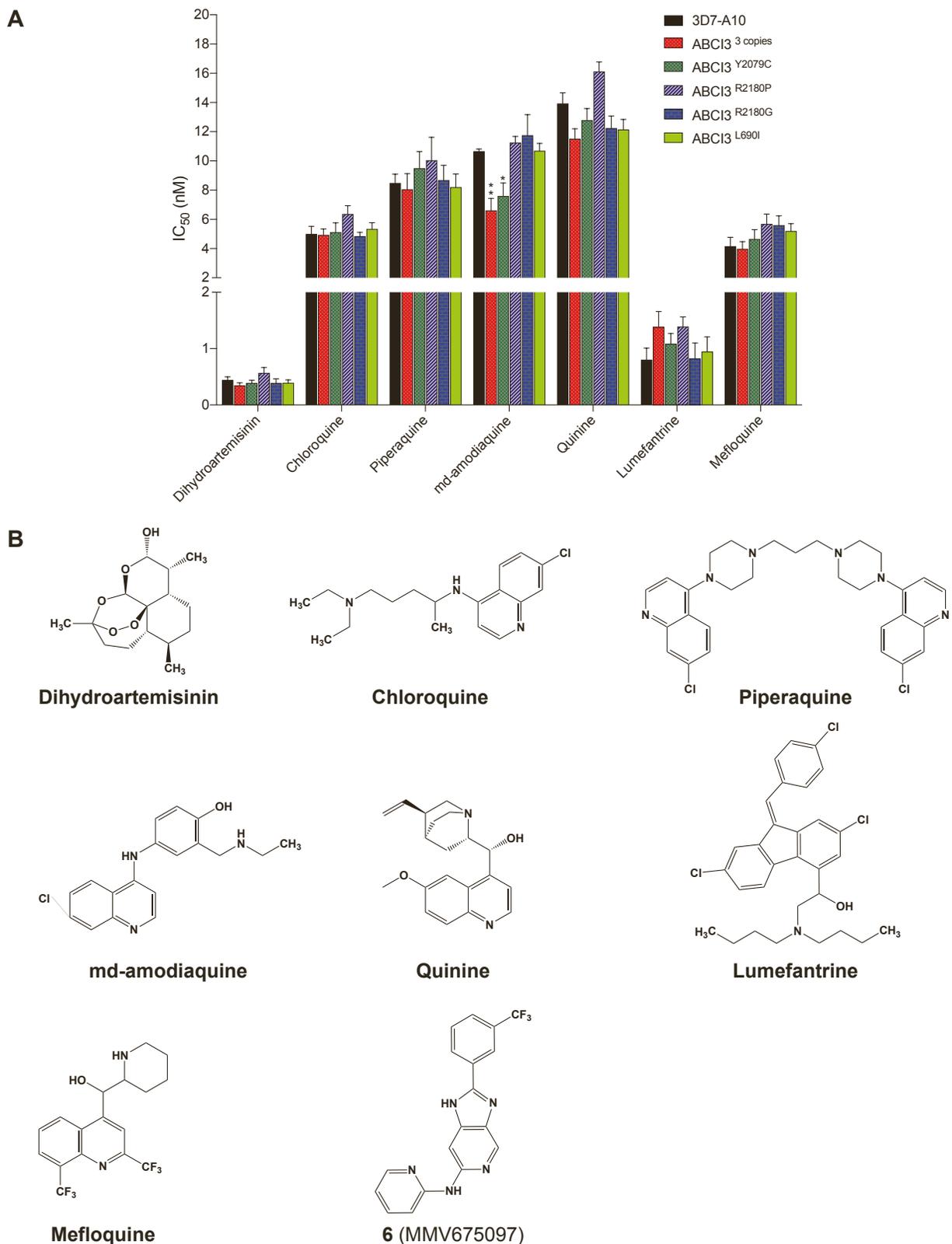


Figure S1 (related to Fig. 1, Table S1). Genetic modifications of ABC13 do not confer cross resistance to first-line antimalarials. (A) Dose-response assays of ABC13 CNV and SNP lines showed no cross-resistance against a panel of clinical antimalarials. Mean \pm SEM; $N \geq 4$, $n = 2$. Mann-Whitney U tests vs. 3D7-A10. **(B)** Chemical structure of first-line antimalarials and MMV compound **6**, which is identical to compound **1** apart from the absence of a $-\text{CF}_3$ group in the pyridyl ring.

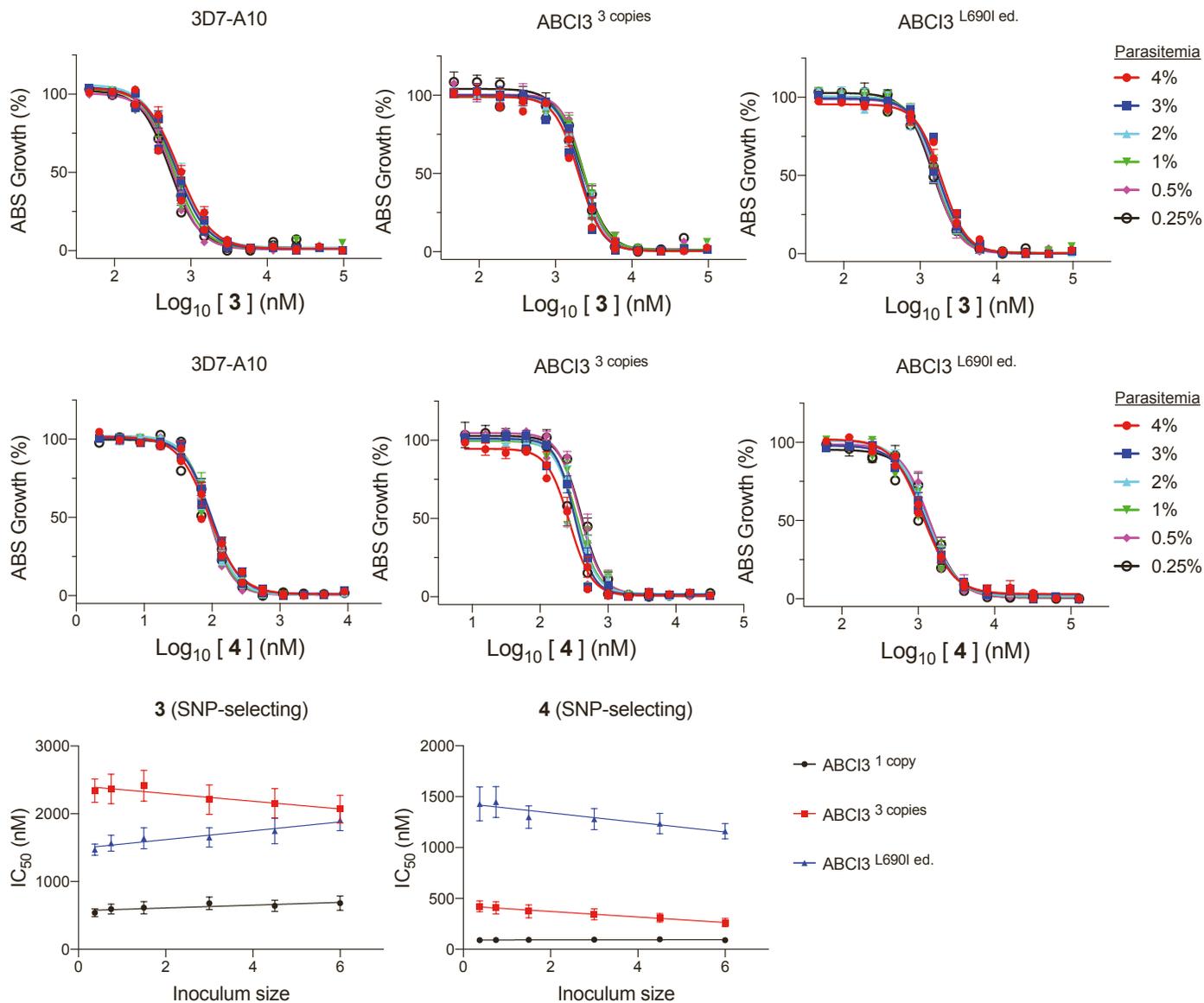


Figure S2 (related to Fig. 5). ABCI3 mutations and amplifications do not show parasitemia-dependent dose responses against SNP-selecting compounds. Compounds 3 and 4 had similar dose-response across all the three tested lines regardless of the starting parasite inoculum size. The absolute IC₅₀ could therefore not be calculated from extrapolating the linear relationship between starting inoculum size and the measured IC₅₀. Mean ± SEM; N, n = 5, 2.

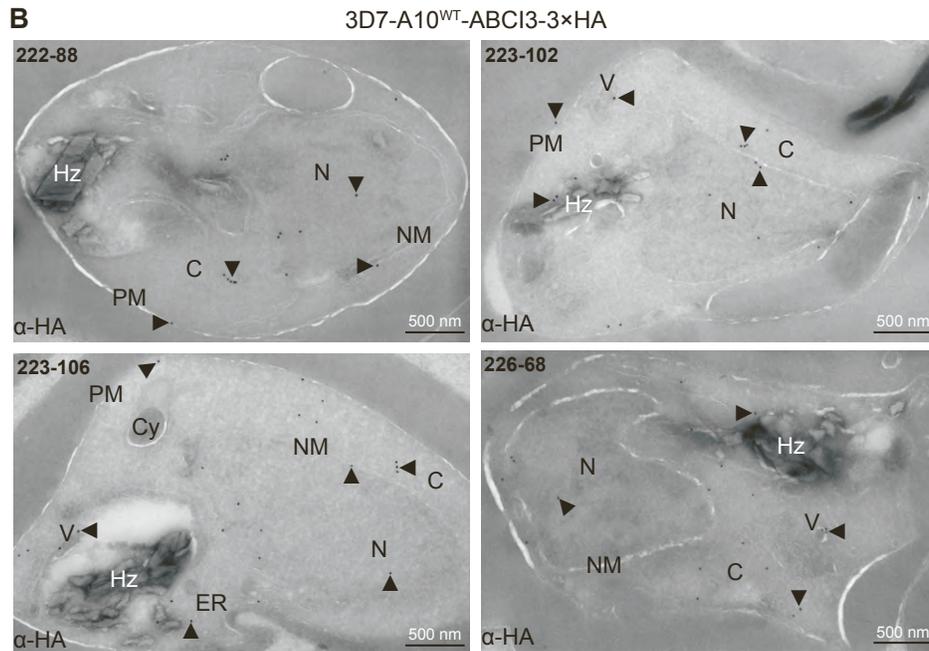
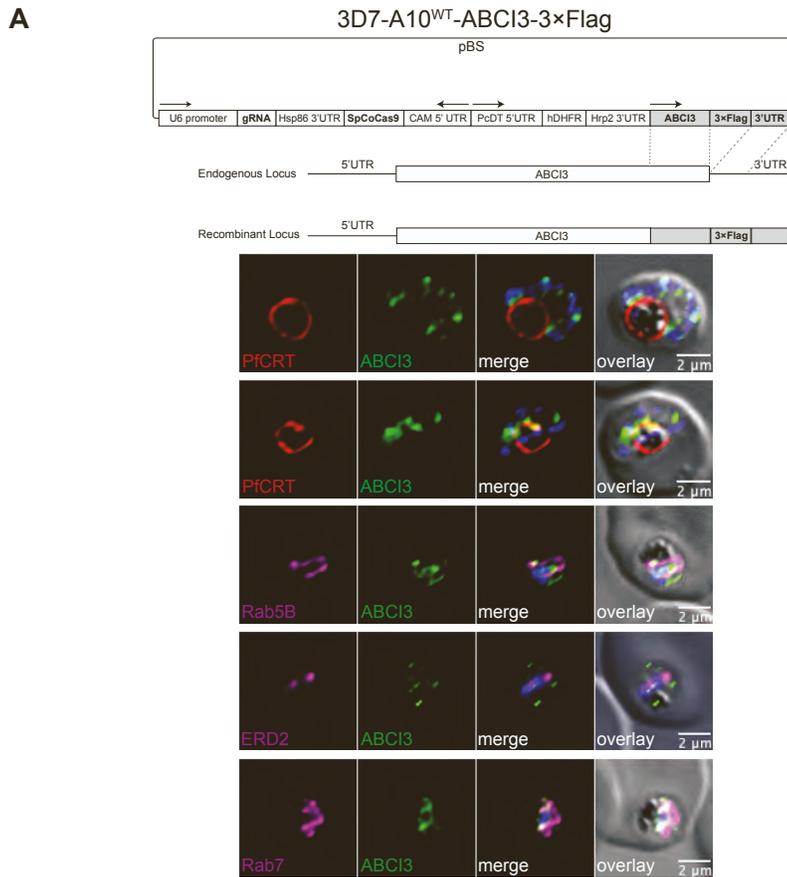


Figure S3 (related to Fig. 5D, E). ABCI3 foci localize to vesicles and various cellular organelles. (A) In the fluorescent image, ABCI3 Flag-tagged parasites were stained with anti-Flag (green), DAPI (nuclear, blue), anti-PfCRT (DV membrane, red), anti-ERD2 (cis-Golgi), or anti-Rab5B or anti-Rab7 (markers of vesicular transport) antibodies. The plasmid used to generate the tagged lines is illustrated. Scale bars: 2 μm. (B) Immuno-EM images of HA-tagged ABCI3 parasites stained with anti-HA antibodies. ER, endoplasmic reticulum; N, nucleus; NM, nuclear membrane; Hz, hemozoin crystals (digestive vacuole); V, vacuole; PM, plasma membrane and C, cytosol. Cy, cystostome. Scale bar: 500 nm.

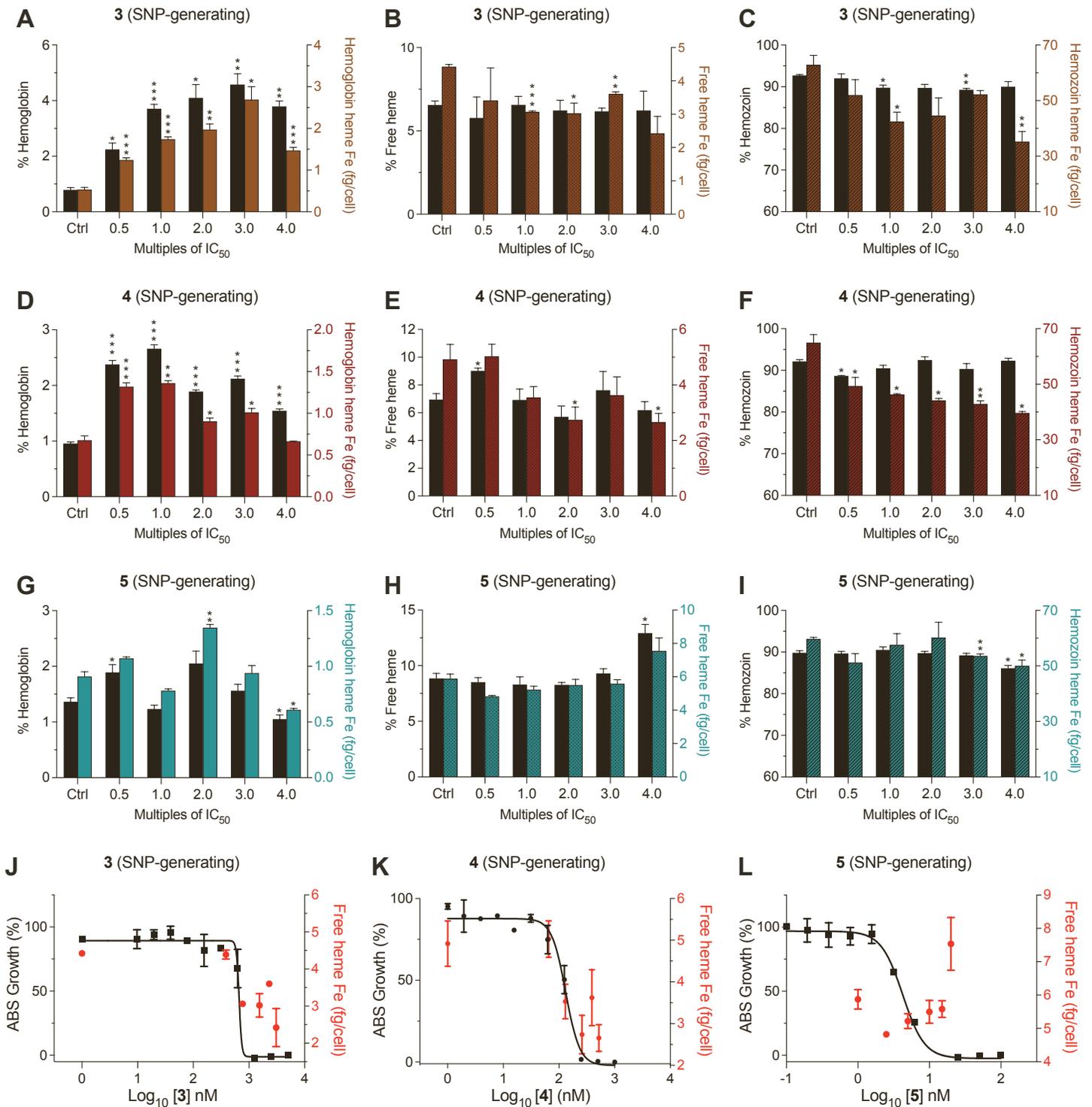


Figure S4 (related to Fig. 6). Parasites treated with compounds 3-5 do not display a heme fractionation profile similar to CQ. (A-I) Treatment of parasites with compounds 3-5 did not interfere with heme or Hz accumulation. **(J-L)** Concentration-dependent inhibition of parasite growth obtained with compounds 3-5 was independent of free heme levels. Statistical comparisons of the drug-treated lines to their untreated controls were performed using two-tailed Student's tests (with Welch's correction). N, n = 3, 2. *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001.

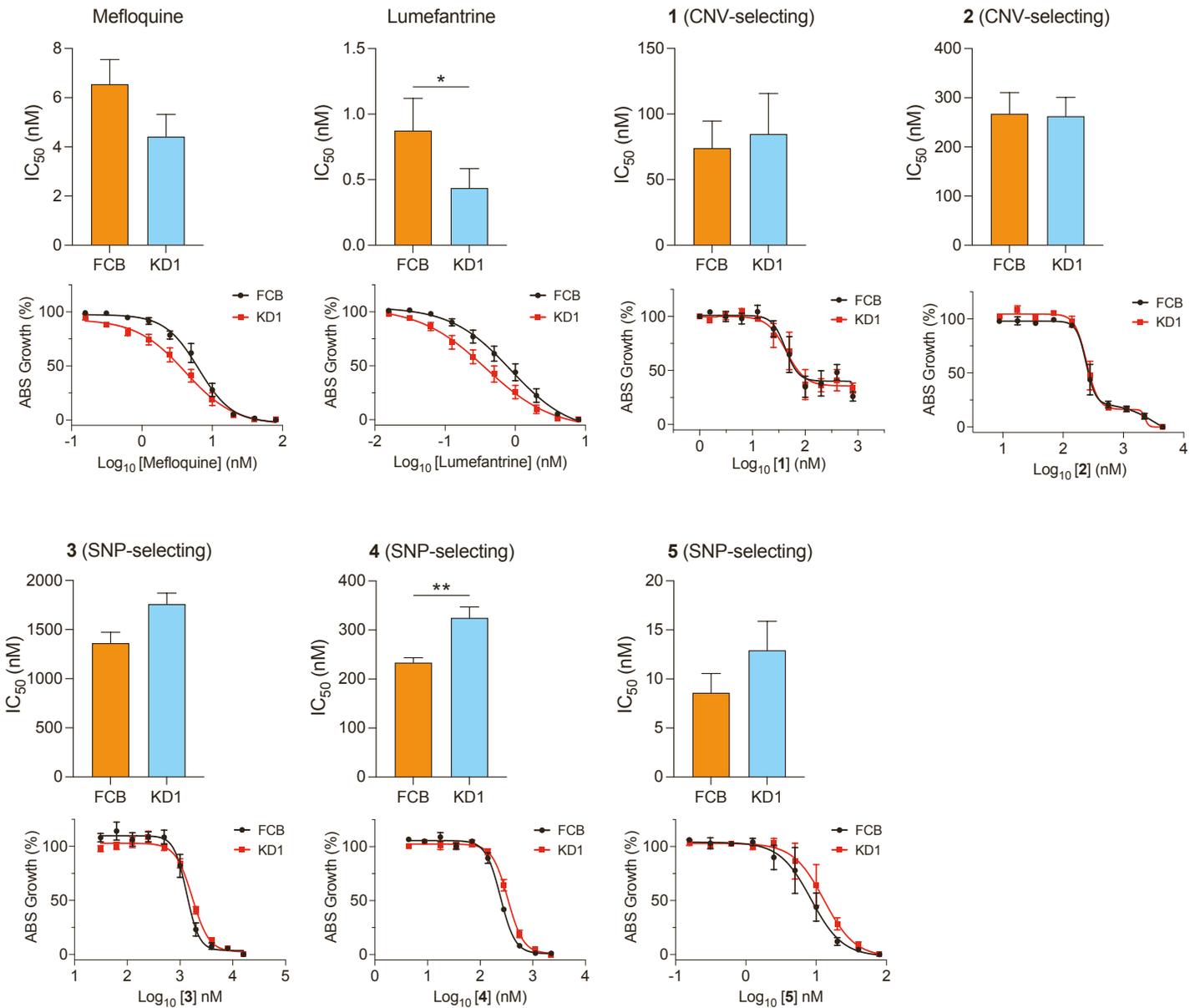


Figure S5 (related to Fig. 7, Table S7). PfMDR1 amplifications do not affect parasite susceptibility to ABCI3-associated compounds. Isogenic parasite lines expressing 1 (KD1) or 2 (FCB) copies of *pfmdr1* were equally susceptible to all five ABCI3-associated inhibitors. Mefloquine and lumefantrine were used as positive controls. *P* values were determined by comparison between the KD and parental FCB lines using Mann-Whitney *U* tests. N, n = 3-5, 2; *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01.

Table S1 (related to Fig. 3, S1). *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage IC₅₀ data in nM for the tested antimalarials.

Antimalarials	3D7-A10			ABC13 ^{3 copies}				ABC13 ^{Y2079C}				ABC13 ^{R2180P}				ABC13 ^{R2180G}				ABC13 ^{L690I}			
	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	P value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	P value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	P value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	P value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	P value
1	47.0	0.8	8	106 (1249)	8.0 (79.0)	15	<0.001 (<0.0001)	48.0	0.8	14	ns	58.0	2.0	14	<0.001	56.0	2.0	5	<0.01	45.0	1.0	7	ns
2	281	19.0	6	265 (4054)	34.0 (69.0)	4	ns (0.0095)	252	13.0	6	ns	275	12.0	6	ns	260	14.0	6	ns	208	11.0	6	<0.01
3	1012	64.0	11	2890	246	5	<0.001	2746	89.0	15	<0.0001	3029	141	15	<0.0001	2784	196	8	<0.0001	2511	225	8	<0.0001
4	140	14.0	10	500	47.0	15	<0.0001	1241	34.0	8	<0.0001	1918	61.0	7	<0.001	1268	55.0	4	<0.01	2300	217	5	<0.001
5*	2.0	0.1	10	25.0	0.9	11	<0.0001	8.0	0.7	6	<0.001	29.0	1.7	6	<0.001	21.0	1.0	6	<0.001	2.0	0.3	9	ns
6	16.0	2.0	11	32.0	3.0	15	<0.001	20.0	1.0	10	ns	25.0	1.0	10	<0.01	23.0	1.0	8	<0.05	17.0	0.7	8	ns
Dihydroartemisinin	0.4	0.1	6	0.3	0.0	6	ns	0.4	0.1	6	ns	0.6	0.1	6	ns	0.4	0.1	6	ns	0.4	0.1	6	ns
Chloroquine	5.0	0.5	4	4.9	0.4	5	ns	5.1	0.6	5	ns	6.4	0.6	6	ns	4.8	0.3	5	ns	5.3	0.4	5	ns
Piperaquine	8.5	0.6	5	8.0	1.1	5	ns	9.5	1.2	5	ns	10.0	1.6	5	ns	8.7	1.0	5	ns	8.2	0.9	5	ns
md-amodiaquine	10.6	0.2	6	6.6	0.8	6	<0.01	7.6	0.9	6	<0.05	11.3	0.4	5	ns	11.7	1.4	4	ns	10.7	0.5	5	ns
Quinine	13.9	0.7	6	11.5	0.7	4	ns	12.8	0.8	5	ns	16.1	0.7	6	ns	12.2	0.8	4	ns	12.1	0.7	4	ns
Lumefantrine	0.8	0.2	4	1.4	0.3	4	ns	1.1	0.2	4	ns	1.4	0.2	5	ns	0.8	0.3	5	ns	0.9	0.3	5	ns
Mefloquine	4.2	0.6	5	4.0	0.5	5	ns	4.6	0.6	6	ns	5.7	0.7	6	ns	5.6	0.7	5	ns	5.2	0.5	5	ns

SEM: standard error of the mean; N: number of biological repeats (with technical duplicates); () refers to the IC₅₀ and SEM of the second shift of the biphasic curve. * Selections with compound **5** were run on a Dd2-B2 parental background (IC₅₀ = 8 nM). P values were determined by comparison between the variant lines and parental 3D7-A10 using Mann-Whitney U tests. ns: not significant (p>0.05).

Table S2 (related to Fig. 3). *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage IC₅₀ data in nM for the antiplasmodial compounds assayed against the Dd2-B2 parent as well as the selected and edited ABCI3 F689C and S696Y parasite lines.

Antimalarials	Dd2-B2			ABCI3 ^{F689C ed.}				ABCI3 ^{S696Y ed.}			
	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value
1	27.0 (1404)	3.0 (343)	4	30.0	3.0	6	--	34.0	2.0	6	--
2	265 (3542)	14.0 (465)	5	257	26.0	7	--	279	26.0	7	--
3	1546	95.0	7	956	112	7	<0.01	>5 mM		4	<0.01
4	246	20.0	7	36.0	4.0	7	<0.001	>10 mM		4	<0.01
5*	8.0	0.9	6	94.0 (89.0)	10.0 (4.0)	6	<0.01	1626 (1433)	56.0 (24.0)	7	<0.01

SEM: standard error of the mean; N: number of biological repeats (with technical duplicates); For compounds **1** and **2**, the brackets denote the mean IC₅₀ and SEM of the second shift of the biphasic curve. For compound **5** where selections were run on a Dd2-B2 parental background, the brackets denote the mean IC₅₀ and SEM values of the selected clones. ABCI3^{F689C ed.}/ ABCI3^{S696Y ed.}: *P. falciparum* lines generated by introducing ABCI3 F689C and S696Y mutations into parental Dd2-B2 using CRISPR/Cas9. *p* values were determined by comparison between the variant lines and parental Dd2-B2 using Mann-Whitney *U* tests. -- not determined.

Table S3 (related to Fig. 2C). *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage IC₅₀ data in nM for compounds 1, 3 and 4 against 3D7-A10 parent, drug-selected, and gene-edited L690I parasite lines.

Compounds	3D7-A10			ABC13 ^{L690I}				ABC13 ^{L690I ed.}			
	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value
1	23.0	2.6	6	16.0	2.4	4	ns	16.0	0.8	4	ns
3	1548	161	4	3616	299	4	<0.05	3327	436	4	<0.05
4	188	30.0	4	4168	286	4	<0.05	3805	585	4	<0.05

SEM: standard error of the mean; N: number of biological repeats (with technical duplicates). ABC13^{L690I}: *P. falciparum* line generated from selections with compound **4**. ABC13^{L690I ed.}: *P. falciparum* line generated by introducing the ABC13 L690I mutation into parental 3D7-A10 using CRISPR/Cas9. *P* values were determined by comparison between the variant lines and parental 3D7-A10 using Mann-Whitney *U* tests. ns: $p > 0.05$.

Table S4 (related to Fig. 4). *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage IC₅₀ data in nM for ABCI3-linked antiparasmodial inhibitors tested in the presence or absence of aTc in an ABCI3 conditional knockdown parasite line.

Antimalarials	50 nM aTc			3 nM aTc				0 nM aTc			
	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value
Chloroquine	6.4	0.2	4	6.4	0.1	3	ns	6.0	0.4	4	ns
1	60.2	12.0	7	28.7	4.6	8	<0.05	19.4	3.4	7	<0.01
2	236	13.5	8	160	6.2	7	<0.001	128	8.7	8	<0.001
3	804	35.2	7	153	4.2	8	<0.001	74.9	9.6	7	<0.001
4	117	5.5	8	24.5	0.9	7	<0.001	14.1	0.3	8	<0.001
5	10.0	2.1	7	2.4	0.6	7	<0.01	1.4	0.4	8	<0.001
6	28.3	5.4	7	18.0	2.6	8	ns	12.9	2.7	7	<0.05

SEM: standard error of the mean; N: number of biological repeats (with technical duplicates). *P* values were determined by comparing the IC₅₀ values of parasites cultured with 3 or 0 nM aTc with those cultured at 50 nM, using Mann-Whitney *U* tests. ns: *p*>0.05.

Table S5 (related to Fig. 5C). Cellular accumulation ratio of chloroquine and compound 1 in *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage parasites.

Antimalarials	3D7-A10			ABC13 ^{3 copies}				ABC13 ^{L690I ed.}			
	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value
Chloroquine	36553	2385	6	17658	414	6	<0.01	28916	729	6	<0.01
1	59915	2678	6	2082	426	6	<0.01	25744	1288	6	<0.01

SEM: standard error of the mean; N: number of biological repeats (with technical duplicates). *P* values were determined by comparing accumulation levels between the variant lines and parental 3D7-A10, using Mann-Whitney *U* tests.

Table S6 (related to Fig. 6, S4): Mean ± SEM amount of hemoglobin, free heme and hemozoin in drug-treated parasites represented percent proportion or absolute amount of heme iron per cell in fg/cell and the *in vitro* β-hematin inhibition assay IC₅₀ data in μM for the tested antimalarials.

Compound	Drug concentration	% Heme species			Heme Fe (fg/cell)			β-hematin inhibition assay		
		Hemoglobin	Free heme	Hemozoin	Hemoglobin	Free heme	Hemozoin	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N
Chloroquine	No drug control	1.08 ± 0.11	6.12 ± 0.34	92.79 ± 0.31	0.80 ± 0.09	4.49 ± 0.14	68.30 ± 1.79	20.0	1.2	3
	0.5×IC ₅₀ (6 nM)	0.65 ± 0.14	6.72 ± 0.40	92.62 ± 0.32	0.47 ± 0.10	4.78 ± 0.19	66.04 ± 2.95			
	1.0×IC ₅₀ (12 nM)	0.65 ± 0.08*	7.63 ± 0.42	91.71 ± 0.38	0.47 ± 0.05*	5.48 ± 0.24*	65.91 ± 2.22			
	2.0×IC ₅₀ (24 nM)	1.12 ± 0.02	11.09 ± 0.35***	87.79 ± 0.35**	0.70 ± 0.01	6.92 ± 0.14**	54.83 ± 1.45*			
	3.0×IC ₅₀ (36 nM)	1.82 ± 0.03*	10.23 ± 0.28***	87.95 ± 0.24***	1.20 ± 0.06*	6.78 ± 0.31**	58.30 ± 2.51*			
	4.0×IC ₅₀ (48 nM)	0.78 ± 0.10	12.23 ± 0.41***	86.99 ± 0.32***	0.46 ± 0.06*	7.17 ± 0.27**	51.05 ± 1.15**			
Pyrimethamine	No drug control	2.12 ± 0.11	5.85 ± 0.28	92.04 ± 0.48	1.43 ± 0.13	3.94 ± 0.18	62.11 ± 0.54	>500	>500	3
	0.5×IC ₅₀ (12.5 nM)	2.56 ± 0.14	5.53 ± 0.20	91.91 ± 0.29	1.61 ± 0.12	3.51 ± 0.21	58.13 ± 1.54			
	1.0×IC ₅₀ (25 nM)	2.61 ± 0.08	5.51 ± 0.21	91.88 ± 0.29	1.64 ± 0.16	3.58 ± 0.19	59.77 ± 3.21			
	2.0×IC ₅₀ (50 nM)	2.48 ± 0.14	5.47 ± 0.13	92.05 ± 0.26	1.57 ± 0.09	3.47 ± 0.13	58.27 ± 1.26*			
	3.0×IC ₅₀ (75 nM)	3.15 ± 0.12**	5.76 ± 0.13	91.09 ± 0.11	1.89 ± 0.11*	3.46 ± 0.11	54.62 ± 1.02**			
	4.0×IC ₅₀ (100 nM)	2.76 ± 0.08	5.53 ± 0.22	91.71 ± 0.27	1.72 ± 0.14	3.40 ± 0.13	56.49 ± 1.56*			
1	No drug control	3.12 ± 0.36	4.76 ± 0.50	92.12 ± 0.72	1.80 ± 0.21	2.73 ± 0.29	53.09 ± 0.32	29.3	2.2	3
	0.5×IC ₅₀ (24 nM)	3.81 ± 0.67	4.98 ± 0.43	91.21 ± 0.81	1.87 ± 0.37	2.84 ± 0.33	51.65 ± 0.74			
	1.0×IC ₅₀ (48 nM)	3.73 ± 0.48	5.45 ± 0.21	90.82 ± 0.54	1.84 ± 0.07	3.02 ± 0.21	50.28 ± 3.01			
	2.0×IC ₅₀ (96 nM)	3.48 ± 0.46	8.24 ± 0.31**	88.28 ± 0.45*	1.98 ± 0.28	4.67 ± 0.11*	50.18 ± 1.81			
	3.0×IC ₅₀ (144 nM)	3.71 ± 0.52	10.41 ± 0.18**	85.87 ± 0.64**	1.97 ± 0.31	5.48 ± 0.18**	45.17 ± 0.76**			
	4.0×IC ₅₀ (192 nM)	4.97 ± 0.83	13.32 ± 0.29***	81.71 ± 0.62***	2.83 ± 0.33	6.40 ± 0.29***	39.28 ± 1.55**			
3	No drug control	0.78 ± 0.09	6.55 ± 0.25	92.67 ± 0.27	0.53 ± 0.05	4.42 ± 0.07	62.83 ± 3.52	>500	>500	3
	0.5×IC ₅₀ (385 nM)	2.24 ± 0.24*	5.77 ± 1.27	92.00 ± 1.13	1.24 ± 0.06***	3.41 ± 0.98	52.01 ± 5.63			
	1.0×IC ₅₀ (770 nM)	3.07 ± 0.17***	6.55 ± 0.52	89.75 ± 0.68*	1.74 ± 0.06***	3.06 ± 0.04***	42.47 ± 3.47*			
	2.0×IC ₅₀ (1540 nM)	4.09 ± 0.48*	6.22 ± 0.62	89.69 ± 0.88	1.97 ± 0.14**	3.02 ± 0.32*	44.52 ± 6.56			
	3.0×IC ₅₀ (2310 nM)	4.57 ± 0.40**	6.16 ± 0.21	89.27 ± 0.34**	2.69 ± 0.31*	3.60 ± 0.07**	52.27 ± 1.42			
	4.0×IC ₅₀ (3080 nM)	3.79 ± 0.20**	6.21 ± 1.17	90.0 ± 1.24	1.47 ± 0.08***	2.42 ± 0.51	35.27 ± 3.72**			
4	No drug control	0.95 ± 0.03	6.94 ± 0.44	92.11 ± 0.46	0.67 ± 0.05	4.92 ± 0.54	64.91 ± 2.97	>500	>500	3
	0.5×IC ₅₀ (65 nM)	2.38 ± 0.07***	9.00 ± 0.22*	88.62 ± 0.14*	1.32 ± 0.05***	5.03 ± 0.44	49.34 ± 3.13*			
	1.0×IC ₅₀ (130 nM)	2.66 ± 0.07***	6.91 ± 0.80	90.43 ± 0.78	1.36 ± 0.03**	3.53 ± 0.41	46.21 ± 0.37*			
	2.0×IC ₅₀ (260 nM)	1.89 ± 0.03***	5.70 ± 0.79	92.42 ± 0.82	0.90 ± 0.04*	2.74 ± 0.46*	44.10 ± 0.82*			
	3.0×IC ₅₀ (390 nM)	2.12 ± 0.05***	7.60 ± 1.37	90.28 ± 1.35	1.01 ± 0.05*	3.62 ± 0.67	42.89 ± 1.14**			
	4.0×IC ₅₀ (520 nM)	1.54 ± 0.04***	6.16 ± 0.63	92.29 ± 0.61	0.66 ± 0.01	2.65 ± 0.32*	39.60 ± 0.59*			
5	No drug control	1.36 ± 0.07	8.84 ± 0.47	89.80 ± 0.50	0.91 ± 0.04	5.87 ± 0.29	59.68 ± 0.57	>500	>500	3
	0.5×IC ₅₀ (2.5 nM)	1.89 ± 0.14*	8.50 ± 0.42	89.61 ± 0.56	1.07 ± 0.01	4.82 ± 0.06	51.16 ± 3.26			
	1.0×IC ₅₀ (5 nM)	1.23 ± 0.07	8.29 ± 0.71	90.48 ± 0.77	0.78 ± 0.02	5.22 ± 0.22	57.60 ± 4.04			
	2.0×IC ₅₀ (10 nM)	2.05 ± 0.22	8.26 ± 0.24	89.69 ± 0.46	1.35 ± 0.03**	5.50 ± 0.34	60.09 ± 5.64			
	3.0×IC ₅₀ (15 nM)	1.56 ± 0.12	9.29 ± 0.44	89.15 ± 0.55	0.94 ± 0.07	5.58 ± 0.25	53.59 ± 0.76**			
	4.0×IC ₅₀ (20 nM)	1.05 ± 0.07*	12.90 ± 0.81*	86.04 ± 0.75*	0.61 ± 0.01*	7.54 ± 0.79	50.00 ± 2.10*			

Mean±SEM amount of hemoglobin, free heme and hemozoin represented as percent and fg/cell. The amounts of heme in different parasite lines were determined by the heme fractionation assay (see methods). Parasites were treated with increasing concentrations of chloroquine, pyrimethamine or compounds **1,3-5** at different multiples of their IC₅₀ values. Hemoglobin, free heme and hemozoin amounts were measured 30 h later. N, n = 1, >3. Statistical comparisons of the drug-treated lines to their untreated controls were performed using two-tailed Student's tests (with Welch's correction). *p<0.05; **p<0.01; ***p<0.001. Amodiaquine and doxycycline were also tested in biological triplicate in the *in vitro* β-hematin inhibition assays. The mean IC₅₀ in μM and SEM were 9.4 and 1.3, respectively for amodiaquine and >500 and >500, respectively for doxycycline. Compound 2 was not tested because of lack of material.

Table S7 (related to Fig. 7, S5). *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage IC₅₀ data in nM for the antiplasmodial compounds tested against PfCRT and PfMDR1 isoforms.

Antimalarials	PfCRT isoforms							PfMDR1 isoforms						
	Dd2 ^{3D7}			Dd2 ^{Dd2}				FCB			KD1			
	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	Mean IC ₅₀	SEM	N	<i>P</i> value
1	47.0	6.7	4	29.0(1234)	5.8(162)	4	ns (0.0286)	74.12	20.55	3	84.86	30.87	3	--
2	203	24.0	4	236(2780)	23.0(504)	4	ns (0.0286)	278.4	34.92	4	270	33.05	4	ns
3	563	18.0	4	1268	58.0	4	<0.05	1361	108.8	5	1760	111	5	ns
4	100	4.9	4	236	23.0	4	<0.05	233.5	10.05	5	324.8	22.4	5	<0.01
5	2.2	0.2	4	4.9	0.4	4	<0.05	8.59	1.96	4	12.93	2.94	4	ns
Chloroquine	11.0	2.2	4	101	12	4	<0.05	--			--			
Mefloquine	--			--				6.55	1.00	4	4.42	0.91	4	ns
Lumefantrine	--			--				0.64	0.10	4	0.29	0.04999	4	<0.05

SEM: standard error of the mean; N: number of biological repeats (with technical duplicates); () refers to the IC₅₀ and SEM of the second shift of the biphasic curve. *P* values were determined by comparing the IC₅₀ shift of the Dd2^{Dd2} parasite line with Dd2^{3D7} (PfCRT), or the FCB *pfmdr1* two-copy parasite line with its isogenic *pfmdr1* single-copy KD1 (PfMDR1) using Mann-Whitney *U* tests. ns: p>0.05. '--: not determined.

Table S8 (related to Fig. 5, S3B). Transmission electron microscopy image scoring of *Plasmodium falciparum* asexual blood stage parasite subcellular localization of anti-HA stained ABCI3-3×HA.

Sample number	Image number	Plasma membrane	Edoplasmic reticulum	Digestive vacuole	Vesicles	Nucleus	Nuclear membrane	Cytosol	Total ABCI3-3×HA label per sample
222	79	2	0	4	1	1	0	5	13
222	81	2	ND	1	ND	2	1	6	12
222	82	0	ND	1	0	2	0	1	4
222	83	1	0	1	0	4	0	3	9
222	85	3	ND	0	5	2	0	15	26
222	86	0	0	1	2	0	1	10	15
222	88	1	ND	0	0	2	7	6	17
222	89	1	2	2	0	5	0	4	15
222	90	0	3	0	0	5	3	2	13
222	91	1	3	0	1	0	2	5	13
223	95	0	ND	0	ND	2	1	6	9
223	96	0	ND	2	ND	3	0	8	13
223	97	0	ND	0	ND	2	1	4	7
223	99	1	ND	0	1	2	0	8	12
223	100	0	ND	2	0	4	1	3	10
223	102	1	0	3	1	4	1	8	18
223	104	2	2	0	ND	2	0	5	11
223	106	3	1	1	2	5	2	9	23
226	64	0	ND	0	0	0	0	3	3
226	65	0	0	0	0	1	3	7	11
226	66	0	2	1	0	3	0	4	11
226	68	0	0	2	3	3	1	11	20
226	70	0	ND	5	0	2	0	16	23
226	72	1	1	0	0	1	0	14	18
226	73	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	5
226	74	0	1	1	0	3	1	2	8
226	75	0	ND	0	0	0	1	8	9
226	77	1	0	0	1	2	0	4	8
226	78	0	7	3	4	1	1	2	19
226	79	1	ND	0	0	1	1	10	13
226	80	2	0	2	0	1	4	6	15
Total ABCI3-3×HA label per organelle		25	22	33	21	65	32	196	403
% ABCI3-3×HA label per organelle		6	5	8	5	16	8	49	

Results were collated from parasites obtained on three separate occasions for electron microscopy processing and imaging. ND: not determined.

Table S9 (related to Fig. 6). Association constants with Fe(III)PPIX in 40% DMSO and either 0.02 M HEPES (pH 7.4) or MES (pH 5.6).

Compound	log <i>K</i>	
	pH 5.6	pH 7.4
Chloroquine	5.16 ± 0.03	5.32 ± 0.03
1	3.64 ± 0.03	4.00 ± 0.08
3	2.54 ± 0.02	2.82 ± 0.03
4	2.53 ± 0.11	2.59 ± 0.02
5	2.58 ± 0.02	2.42 ± 0.04

Higher log *K* values indicate higher heme-binding constants, with chloroquine showing strong binding, **1** being intermediate and **3-5** yielding low values. Mean±SEM.

Table S10 (Related to STAR Methods). Oligonucleotides used in this study.

Experiment	Nucleotide Sequence (5' to 3')	Description	Lab name
L690I validation in 3D7-A10 (related to Fig. 2C)	GGGAAATAACTATGGAATATAAAAAACAG	ABC13 L690I donor fragment fwd	p6417
	GTTGTGTCGAAGAGGTATCATGGG	ABC13 L690I donor fragment rev	p6418
	GTTTCGATATAAATAAAGAG	ABC13 L690I guide RNA	p6387/p6388
F689C and S696Y validation in Dd2-B2 (related to Fig. S1A)	GACAAACAAAATGACGAATG	ABC13 F689C guide RNA (1)	p8159/p8160
	GTTTCGATATAAATAAAGAG	ABC13 F689C guide RNA (2)	p8165/p8166
	GAGGTACCGAGCTCGaattc <u>CAGATGAAAAGGAGTATCAGG</u>	ABC13 F689C/S696Y donor fragment fwd (In-Fusion)	p8161
	GAAAAGTGCCACCTGacgtc <u>CAATCCTTAAACACATTTGAC</u>	ABC13 F689C/S696Y donor fragment rev (In-Fusion)	p8162
cKD in NF54 ^{pCRISPR} line (related to Fig. S3)	<u>GTACGGTACAAACCCGGAATTCGAGCTCGGAGAAATTGCTTTAAT</u>	ABC13 RHR forward	--
	GAGTTACATGGG GGGTATTAGACCTAGGGATAACAGGGTAAT <u>GGAAAAATATAAAAA</u>	ABC13 RHR reverse	--
	ATGAAACTACACC	sgRNA target site	--
	GTTTAACGACAAAGATATCG		
ABC13 3×Flag and 3×HA tagging in 3D7-A10 (related to Fig. S5)	ATTGCTTTAATGAGTTACAT	ABC13 3' tagging guide RNA	p7421/p7422
	AGAGGTACCGAGCTCGaattc <u>CTCATCTCACCAGAAGATATG</u>	ABC13 3' donor fragment fwd	p7423
	CGAAAAGTGCCACCTGacgtc <u>TCTACAACTATATAAGAACTCC</u>	ABC13 3' donor fragment rev	p7424
	GCAGAAAAIIIIAIAIIIICAAAGIGGAGAIIAIAAAGATCAIGAI GAGATTATAAAGATCATGATATAGATTATAAAGATGATGATGATAA	TEV + 3×Flag tag fragment	--
	^{Δtaa} TACCCATACGATGTTTCCTGACTATGCTGGTTATCCTTATGACGTGC CTGACTATGCAGGATCCTATCCATATGACGTTCCAGATTACGCT	3×HA tag fragment	--

--: No oligonucleotides