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Solar Cells Reporting Summary

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Experimental design

Ple	ase check: are the following details reported in t	he manu	script?
1.	Dimensions		
	Area of the tested solar cells	∑Yes No	2 x 2 mm.
	Method used to determine the device area	Yes No	Area of the tested solar cells is 0.04 mm ² defined by optical microscope.
2.	Current-voltage characterization		
	Current density-voltage (J-V) plots in both forward and backward direction	Yes No	We only scan the device in forward direction. Generally no difference between these two direction for organic solar cells.
	Voltage scan conditions For instance: scan direction, speed, dwell times	Yes No	Forward direction, the scan voltage from -1 to 1 V with a voltage step of 10 mV and delay time of 1ms. And all of these information has been included in method section.
	Test environment For instance: characterization temperature, in air or in glove box	Yes No	Our devices were characterized at room temperature (ca. 25 Celsius degree) in glove box.
	Protocol for preconditioning of the device before its characterization	Yes No	No preconditioning protocol.
	Stability of the J-V characteristic Verified with time evolution of the maximum power point or with the photocurrent at maximum power point; see ref. 7 for details.	Yes No	Organic photovoltaic devices show no decay or instability during the test of J-V characteristics.
3.	Hysteresis or any other unusual behaviour		
	Description of the unusual behaviour observed during the characterization	Yes No	No hysteresis or other unusual behaviour was observed during the characterization of the solar cells. In general, organic solar cells do not have hysteresis problems.
	Related experimental data	☐ Yes ☑ No	No hysteresis or other unusual behaviour was observed during the characterization of the solar cells.
4.	Efficiency		
	External quantum efficiency (EQE) or incident photons to current efficiency (IPCE)	Yes No	EQE is provided using Oriel Newport system (Model 66902) equipped with a standard Si diode in air condition.
	A comparison between the integrated response under the standard reference spectrum and the response measure under the simulator	Yes No	The difference between the integrated current from EQE and the short-circuit current from J-V curve measured under AM 1.5G solar simulator is within 5% difference which is within the accuracy confidence of the measurements.
	For tandem solar cells, the bias illumination and bias voltage used for each subcell	Yes No	We did not fabricate the tandem solar cells in this work.
5.	Calibration		
	Light source and reference cell or sensor used for the characterization	X Yes	J–V curves measurements were conducted under AM 1.5 G (100mWcm–2) by Newport Thermal Oriel 91159A solar simulator, with Newport Oriel PN 91150 V Sibased solar cell as light intensity calibration reference.
	Confirmation that the reference cell was calibrated and certified	Yes No	The reference cell was calibrated and certified.

	Calculation of spectral mismatch between the	X Yes	Less than 3%.
	reference cell and the devices under test	☐ No	
6.	Mask/aperture		
	Size of the mask/aperture used during testing	Yes No	No, we didn't use mask in this measurement. According to our previous experience, when we use mask, the Voc and Jsc are a little lower, the FF is higher, the power conversion efficiency is equivalent compared with no mask, the variation is within 0.5%.
	Variation of the measured short-circuit current density with the mask/aperture area	Yes No	No, we didn't use mask in this measurement.
7.	Performance certification		
	Identity of the independent certification laboratory that confirmed the photovoltaic performance	X Yes No	We have given Certification report by National Institute of Metrology (NIM), China. in Supplementary Figure 11 .
	A copy of any certificate(s) Provide in Supplementary Information	Yes No	We have given Certification report by National Institute of Metrology (NIM), China. in Supplementary Figure 11 .
8.	Statistics		
	Number of solar cells tested	X Yes No	The average PCE of the OSCs is obtained from 30 independent devices.
	Statistical analysis of the device performance	Yes No	We have given statistical data of device performance in Table 1.
9.	Long-term stability analysis		
	Type of analysis, bias conditions and environmental conditions For instance: illumination type, temperature, atmosphere humidity, encapsulation method, preconditioning temperature	X Yes No	The stability of these devices were evaluated in glove box by repeating to test the J-V curves during the about 1000 storage hours at room temperature under unencapsulated condition, and the results can be seen in Supplementary Figure 13 .