

## Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

### Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

- | n/a                                 | Confirmed  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided<br><i>Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.</i>   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> A description of all covariates tested  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals) |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. $F$ , $t$ , $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and $P$ value noted<br><i>Give <math>P</math> values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>                            |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated  |

*Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.*

### Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection

Data analysis

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

### Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

with this paper. The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA, PanCancer Atlas) and Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia (Broad, 2019) datasets were accessed via CBioPortal (<https://www.cbioportal.org/>). Uniprot human database (<https://www.uniprot.org/>) was used for identification of proteins by mass spectrometry. GSEA experiments were performed using GSEA 2.0.9 software with the hallmark gene sets database (<https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/collections.jsp>). The RNA-seq data for this study have been deposited to the GEO public data set under the series GSE179464 (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE179464>).

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences  Behavioural & social sciences  Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	We did not perform sample size calculations and sample sizes were chosen according to accepted standards in the field. Individual data points are shown in each figure or described in the figure legend. Organoid experiments were performed using all available materials. RNA-sequencing was performed with 3 independent replicates as is typical for transcriptomic analysis of cell lines.
Data exclusions	No data was excluded from this study.
Replication	All experiments were repeated three times, unless indicated in the figure legend or methods. Small molecule library screening was performed in duplicate, all other experiments were performed in at least triplicate.
Randomization	All mice were randomly assigned to groups.
Blinding	As most experiments involved comparisons between isogenic cell lines, blinding is unlikely to introduce significant bias and co-authors were not blinded. However, many of the experiments were independently conducted by the authors.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

### Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antibodies
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology and archaeology
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Human research participants
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Clinical data
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual use research of concern

### Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging

## Antibodies

### Antibodies used

β-Actin (8H10D10), 1:1000, Cell Signaling Technology #3700  
 GAPDH (mAbcam 9484), 1:2000, Abcam # ab9484  
 p-AKT (Ser473) (D9E), 1:500, Cell Signaling Technologies #4060T  
 AKT (11E7), 1:1000, Cell Signaling Technologies #4685S  
 4EBP1 (236B4), 1:1000, Cell Signaling Technologies #2855S  
 p-4EBP1(Ser65) (174A9), 1:1000, Cell Signaling Technology #9456  
 S6 Ribosomal Protein (5G10), 1:1000, Cell Signaling Technology #2217S  
 p-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235/236) (D57.2.2E), 1:1000, Cell Signaling Technology #4858  
 p85 (19H8), 1:500, Cell Signaling Technology # 4257S  
 LRP6 (C5C7), 1:500, Cell Signaling Technology #2560S  
 p-LRP6 (Ser1490) (2568), 1:500, Cell Signaling Technology #2568S  
 β-Catenin (14/Beta-Catenin), 1:3000, BD Biosciences #610153  
 GSK3β (D5C5Z), 1:2000, Cell Signaling Technology #12456S  
 p-GSK3β (Ser9) (9336), 1:500, Cell Signaling Technology #9336S  
 CK1 (2655), 1:2000, Cell Signaling Technology #2655S  
 Anti-Ubiquitinated proteins (FK2), 1:1000, Sigma Aldrich #04263

V5-tag, 1:1000, Thermo-Fisher Scientific # R960-25

#### Validation

All antibodies are validated by the manufacturer as suitable for western blotting. All antibodies were validated in the lab by band specificity and product size in western blot experiments.  $\beta$ -Actin, GAPDH, p-AKT (Ser473), AKT, 4EBP1, S6, p85, LRP6,  $\beta$ -Catenin, GSK3 $\beta$ , CK1 were validated by use of positive control cell lines known to express the target protein based on manufacturer product reference data, previous literature, or CCLE expression data. p85, AKT and V5 antibodies were further validated by showing decreased signal upon RNAi or Crispr knockout of target genes (p85, AKT, RNF43-V5). FK2 antibody was validated by increased signal upon proteasome inhibition across multiple cell lines.

## Eukaryotic cell lines

### Policy information about [cell lines](#)

#### Cell line source(s)

HT29, HCT116, LS513, HEK293T, L-Wnt3a cell lines were obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), 293T-HA-Rspol-Fc was obtained from Trevigen (# 3710-001-K) and C10 cell line (ECACC Cat# 12022901) was obtained from the European Collection of Authenticated Cell Cultures (ECACC).

#### Authentication

Cell lines authenticated by STR profiling.

#### Mycoplasma contamination

All cell lines tested negative for Mycoplasma contamination.

#### Commonly misidentified lines (See [ICLAC](#) register)

No cell lines used are commonly misidentified.

## Animals and other organisms

### Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); [ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research

#### Laboratory animals

Taconic NCr-Nude (CrTac:NCr-Foxlnnu) female mice at 7 weeks of age were used for cell line xenograft experiments.

#### Wild animals

No wild animals were used in this study.

#### Field-collected samples

No field collected samples were used in this study.

#### Ethics oversight

All animal experiments and study protocols were reviewed and approved by the Dana-Farber Cancer Institute's Animal Care and Usage Committee (IACUC; protocol 20-013), in compliance with the Animal Welfare Act and the Office of Laboratory Welfare (OLAW) of the National Institutes of Health (NIH).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Human research participants

### Policy information about [studies involving human research participants](#)

#### Population characteristics

Tumor organoid:  
Patient Sex: F  
Patient Age: 51  
Tumor Location: Right Colon  
MMR status: Deficient  
Tier 1/2 Mutations: KRAS (p.G13D); MSH2 (p.S473\*); RNF43 (p.G659V\*41)

Normal Organoid  
Patient Sex: M  
Patient Age: 57  
Tumor Location: Left Colon  
MMR status: Proficient  
Tier 1/2 Mutations: None

#### Recruitment

Participants were enrolled from the Dana-Farber Cancer Institute Gastrointestinal Cancer Center. All new patients to the center were approached for enrollment in the study.

#### Ethics oversight

The study was approved by the Dana-Farber/Harvard Cancer Center Institutional Review Board. The Dana-Farber Cancer Institute (DFCI) has an approved Federal Wide Assurance (FWA -FWA00001121) on file with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP) expiring January 21, 2026. The DFCI IRB Organization number is IORG0000035 and expires on September 1, 2023.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.