## **Supplemental Online Content**

Lin PJ, Zhu Y, Olchanski N, et al. Racial and ethnic differences in hospice use and hospitalizations at end-of-life among Medicare beneficiaries with dementia. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2022;5(6):e2216260. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2022.16260

eFigure. CONSORT Diagram

**eTable 1.** Odds Ratios of Hospice Use in the Last 180 Days of Life Among Medicare Decedents With Dementia

**eTable 2.** Proportions of End-of-Life Hospitalizations for Potentially Avoidable Conditions

This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

## eFigure. CONSORT Diagram

1. Health and Retirement Study participants, 1992-2016	N = 42,719			
2. With linked Medicare fee-for-service and/or Medicaid claims	N = 26,044			
•				
3. Deceased in 2000-2016	N = 11,285			
4. $\geq$ 6 months of continuous enrollment in Medicare prior to death	N = 10,953			
5. Aged 65 and older at death	N = 10,564			
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6. Dementia diagnosis in claims <sup>1</sup>	N = 5,164			
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7. With known race and ethnicity	N = 5,058			

<sup>1</sup>We identified dementia diagnoses using the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification codes (331.0, 331.11, 331.19, 331.2, 331.7, 290.0, 290.10, 290.11, 290.12, 290.13, 290.20, 290.21, 290.3, 290.40, 290.41, 290.42, 290.43, 294.0, 294.10, 294.11, 294.20, 294.21, 294.8, 797, 331.82, 331.89, 331.9, 290.8, 290.9, and 294.9) and the Tenth Revision codes (G30.0, G30.1, G30.8, G30.9, F01.50, F01.51, F02.80, F02.81, F03.90, F03.91, F04, G13.8, F05, F06.1, F06.8, G31.1, G31.2, G31.01, G31.09, G94, R41.81, R54, G31.83, G31.89, and G31.9).

	Odds ratio	95% CI
Race/Ethnicity		
Non-Hispanic white (reference)	-	-
Non-Hispanic Black	0.65	0.55-0.78
Hispanic	0.84	0.66-1.08
Age, years		
65-74 (reference)	-	-
75-84	1.39	1.12-1.72
85+	1.39	1.13-1.71
Female vs. Male	1.19	1.05-1.35
Education		
Less than high school	-	-
High school	1.17	1.01-1.36
More than high school	1.32	1.13-1.54
Cognitive score <sup>1</sup>	1.51	1.02-2.23
ADL limitations	1.02	0.98-1.06
IADL limitations	1.07	1.01-1.12
Comorbidities	0.98	0.94-1.02
Medicare-Medicaid dual eligibility	0.87	0.74-1.01
Nursing home resident	0.81	0.71-0.93
Proxy respondent	0.84	0.71-0.99
Constant	0.42	0.29-0.61

**eTable 1.** Odds Ratios of Hospice Use in the Last 180 Days of Life Among Medicare Decedents With Dementia

ADL: activities of daily living, ranging from 0-6, with higher numbers indicating more limitations; IADL: instrumental activities of daily living, ranging from 0-5, with higher numbers indicating more limitations.

<sup>1</sup>Cognitive impairment was measured on a 0-1 scale by combining normalized Telephone Interview for Cognitive Status (TICS) scores and Informant Questionnaire on Cognitive Decline in the Elderly (IQCODE) scores, with higher scores representing more severe impairment.

eTable 2. Proportions of End-of-Life Hospitalizations for Potentially Avoidable
Conditions

	Non-Hispanic whites (n=5,270 hospitalizations)	Non-Hispanic Blacks (n=1,541 hospitalizations)	Hispanics (n=650 hospitalizations)	p-value
Circulatory	1,242 (23.6)	330 (21.4)	117 (18.0)	<0.01
Hypertension <sup>1</sup> and heart failure <sup>2</sup>	441 (8.4)	122 (7.9)	52 (8.0)	0.83
Respiratory	986 (18.7)	223 (14.5)	128 (19.7)	<0.01
Asthma/COPD <sup>3</sup> and bacterial pneumonia <sup>4</sup>	212 (4.0)	37 (2.4)	24 (3.7)	0.01
Genitourinary	407 (7.7)	158 (10.3)	59 (9.1)	<0.01
Urinary tract infection <sup>5</sup>	219 (4.2)	81 (5.3)	22 (3.4)	0.08
Endocrine	215 (4.1)	96 (6.2)	36 (5.5)	<0.01
Diabetes <sup>6</sup>	47 (0.9)	42 (2.7)	13 (2.0)	< 0.01

We measured hospitalizations for potentially avoidable conditions as defined by the AHRQ Prevention Quality Indicators (PQI) Version 2021:

https://www.qualityindicators.ahrq.gov/Modules/PQI\_TechSpec\_ICD10\_v2021.aspx

<sup>1</sup>PQI 07: Hypertension <sup>2</sup>PQI 08: Heart failure

<sup>3</sup>PQI 05: Asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

<sup>4</sup>PQI 11: Bacterial pneumonia

<sup>5</sup>PQI 12: Urinary tract infection

<sup>6</sup>PQI 01: Diabetes short-term complications; PQI 03: diabetes long-term complications; PQI 14: uncontrolled diabetes