SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

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Table S1. Several causes of crossover.

	Number of Causes (n)
Early Rhythm Control to Usual Care	15
Follow-up loss	4
Infection (pneumonia, urinary tract infection)	5
Gastrointestinal bleeding	2
Chest pain (angina), coronary stent insertion	2
History of sick sinus syndrome	1
Interstitial lung disease	1

Table S2. Primary/secondary outcomes (per-protocol analysis: exclusion of 25 crossover patients)

	Early Rhythm Control (n=166)	Usual Care (n=85)	HR	95% CI	P-Value
Primary Outcome*					
Recurrent stroke in 3 months (n, %)	2 (1.2%)	4 (4.7%)	0.244	0.045~1.334	0.104
Recurrent stroke in 12 months (n, %)	3 (1.8%)	6 (7.1%)	0.236	0.059~0.943	0.041
Secondary Outcome#					
Composite outcome in 3 months (n, %)	16 (9.6%)	10 (11.8%)	0.794	0.360~1.749	0.566
Composite outcome in 12 months (n, %)	22 (13.3%)	16 (18.8%)	0.665	0.349~1.267	0.215
Arrhythmia-related events in 3 months (n, %)	2 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	NA	NA	NA
Arrhythmia-related events in 12 months (n, %)	4 (2.4%)	1 (1.2%)	1.919	0.214~17.176	0.560

^{*}Primary; recurrent ischemic stroke (IS), recurrent IS in 3 and 12 months, respectively

^{*}Secondary; a composite of death from any cause or hospitalization for any cause, recurrent stroke, arrhythmia-related events

Table S3. Primary/Secondary outcomes (on-treated analysis)

	Early Rhythm Control (n=176)	Usual Care (n=97)	HR	95% CI	P-value
Primary Outcome*					
Recurrent stroke in 3 months (n, %)	2 (1.1%)	4 (4.1%)	0.262	0.048~1.433	0.122
Recurrent stroke in 12 months (n, %)	3 (1.7%)	6 (6.2%)	0.253	0.063~1.013	0.052
Secondary Outcome#					
Composite outcome in 3 months (n, %)	16 (9.1%)	13 (13.4%)	0.653	0.314~1.357	0.254
Composite outcome in 12 months (n, %)	22 (12.5%)	19 (19.6%)	0.597	0.323~1.103	0.100
Arrhythmia-related events in 3 months (n, %)	2 (1.1%)	1 (1.0%)	1.066	0.097~11.76	0.958
Arrhythmia-related events in 12 months (n, %)	4 (2.3%)	2 (2.1%)	1.027	0.188~5.612	0.975

^{*}Primary; recurrent ischemic stroke (IS), recurrent IS in 3 and 12 months, respectively

^{*}Secondary; a composite of death from any cause or hospitalization for any cause, recurrent stroke, arrhythmia-related events

Table S4. Multivariate Cox regression analysis of secondary outcomes (12-month followup)

Composite Outcome		Univariate		Multivariate			
Post-stroke 12 Months	HR	95% CI	P-Value	HR	95% CI	P-Value	
Age	1.082	1.031~1.135	0.001	1.062	1.012~1.114	0.014	
Male	1.049	0.556~1.981	0.882				
Paroxysmal AF	0.764	0.414~1.412	0.391				
Body mass index	0.920	0.829~1.020	0.114				
The use of NOAC	0.302	0.147~0.617	0.001	0.361	0.174~0.748	0.006	
Creatinine	0.922	0.545~1.558	0.761				
NIH stroke scale	1.102	1.057~1.149	<0.001	1.08	1.034~1.129	0.001	
CHA ₂ DS ₂ VASc Score	1.296	1.045~1.607	0.018				
Congestive heart failure	1.456	0.518~4.090	0.476				
Hypertension	1.236	0.617~2.474	0.550				
Diabetes	1.112	0.581~2.129	0.749				
Vascular disease	2.141	0.839~5.465	0.111				
Early rhythm Control	0.808	0.431~1.513	0.505	0.855	0.448~1.632	0.635	

AF; atrial fibrillation, NOAC; non-vitamin K antagonist, NIH; National Institute of Health

Table S5. The effect of early rhythm control on primary and secondary outcomes by AF type and sex

Outcome	Type of AF	HR	95% CI	P-value	P for interaction between intervention (early rhythm control vs. Usual control) and type of AF
Recurrent stroke in	Persistent AF	0.266	0.024~2.931	0.279	0.938
12 months	Paroxysmal AF	0.235	0.043~1.287	0.095	
Composite outcome	Persistent AF	0.971	0.407~2.315	0.948	0.545
in 12 months	Paroxysmal AF	0.651	0.262~1.620	0.356	
Outcome	Sex	HR	95% CI	P-value	P for interaction between intervention (early rhythm control vs. Usual control) and sex
Recurrent stroke in 12 months	Female	0.474	0.030~7.578	0.598	0.624
22	Male	0.208	0.040~1.073	0.061	
Composite outcome in 12 months	Female	0.994	0.340~2.908	0.991	0.631
in 12 months	Male	0.722	0.332~1.572	0.412	

Figure S1. Type of anti-arrhythmic drug use according to the assigned groups

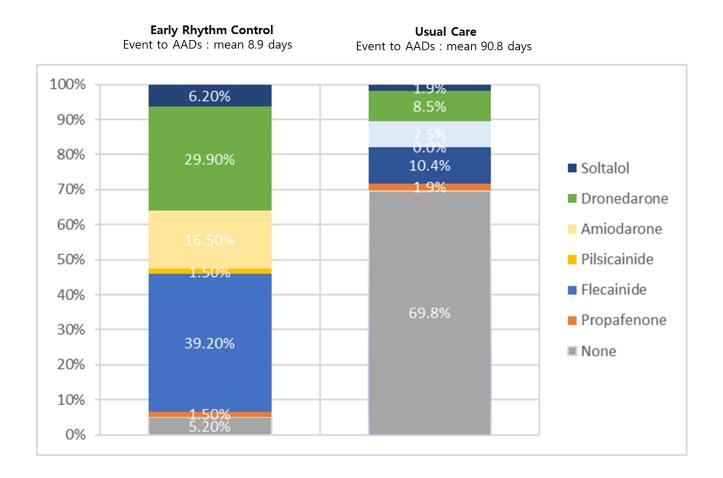


Figure S2. (A) Subgroup analysis of the primary endpoint (recurrent IS within 12 months)

P value for Subgroup Hazard Ratio 95% CI P value interaction Sex Male 0.208 (0.04-1.07)0.06 0.62 Female 0.474 (0.03-7.58)0.60 Paroxysmal AF 0.266 (0.02-2.93)0.28 0.94 No Yes 0.235 (0.04-1.29)0.10 DM 0.339 (0.06-2.03)0.24 0.60 No 0.158 Yes (0.02-1.52)0.11 Vascular disease 0.099 (0.01-0.85)0.03 0.13 No Yes 1.136 (0.10-12.57) 0.92 Age < 65 yrs 0.454 (0.03-7.25)0.58 0.65 ≥ 65 yrs 0.209 (0.04-1.08)0.06 BMI < 23.0 kg/m^2 0.347 (0.06-2.08)0.25 0.58 ≥ 23.0 kg/m² 0.163 (0.02-1.57)0.12 NIH Stroke Score < 15 0.302 (0.05-1.81)0.19 0.85 (0.02-2.23) ≥ 15 0.232 0.21

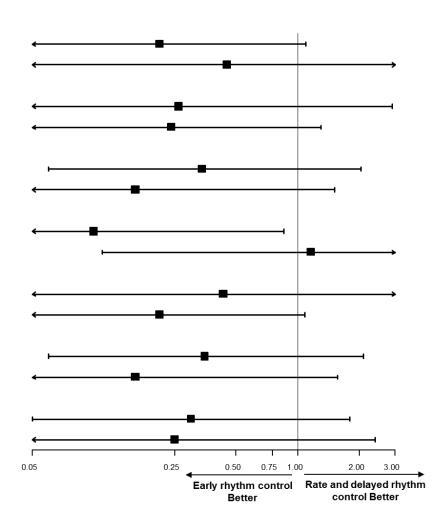


Figure S2 (continued) (B) Subgroup analysis of the secondary endpoints (within 12 months)

				P value for
Subgroup	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	P value	interaction
Sex				
Male	0.722	(0.33-1.57)	0.41	0.63
Female	0.994	(0.34-2.91)	0.99	
Paroxysmal AF				
No	0.971	(0.41-2.32)	0.95	0.54
Yes	0.651	(0.26-1.62)	0.36	
NOAC				
No	0.709	(0.20-2.52)	0.60	0.90
Yes	0.783	(0.38-1.63)	0.51	
HTN				
No	1.712	(0.37-7.93)	0.49	0.34
Yes	0.727	(0.35-1.51)	0.39	
DM				
No	1.196	(0.52-2.75)	0.67	0.18
Yes	0.474	(0.17-1.35)	0.16	
Vascular disease				
No	0.762	(0.39-1.50)	0.43	0.34
Yes	2.303	(0.26-20.63)	0.46	
Age				
< 65 yrs	1.165	(0.23-6.00)	0.86	0.64
≥ 65 yrs	0.768	(0.39-1.52)	0.45	
ВМІ				
< 23.0 kg/m^2	0.699	(0.28-1.77)	0.45	0.67
≥ 23.0 kg/m^2	0.929	(0.39-2.19)	0.87	
eGFR				
≥ 60 ml/min/1.73m^2	1.075	(0.49-2.36)	0.86	0.29
< 60 ml/min/1.73m^2	0.490	(0.15-1.61)	0.24	
NIH Stroke Score				
< 15	1.088	(0.42-2.83)	0.86	0.53
≥ 15	0.724	(0.30-1.74)	0.47	

