# SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

#### Data S1.

### **Supplemental Methods**

#### Non-laboratory Framingham risk score

The following criteria have been used for the calculation of non-laboratory Framingham risk score: current and past smoking status was assessed based on questions "Do you smoke tobacco now?" and "In the past, how often have you smoked tobacco?". For this analysis, smoking was grouped into a binary variable for current smokers (yes) and non-smokers (no and previously). Medication use for blood pressure was based on the question "Do you regularly take any of the following medications? (you can select more than one answer)". They could answer with the following: I) Cholesterol-lowering medication, II) Blood pressure medication, III) Insulin, IV) None of the above, V) Do not know or prefer not to answer. Participants who selected "do not know" or "prefer not to answer" were excluded from this study. Participants were divided into those who used blood pressure medication or those who didn't. Diabetes status was based on the question: "Has a doctor ever told you that you have diabetes?" and could answer with either "yes", "no", "do not know" or "prefer not to answer". For the purpose of this study participants who selected "do not know" or "prefer not to answer" were excluded.

Table S1. Food groups used in dietary patterns.

	Food group	Food items included
Cereals	1. Pasta, rice and cereals	White rice, couscous, white pasta
(6 items)	2. Whole meal pasta, rice and cereals	Brown rice and whole meal pasta
	3. White bread	Sliced bread, baguette, bap, bread roll and other bread
	4. Whole meal bread	Whole meal sliced bread, whole meal baguette, whole meal bap, whole meal bread roll, mixed sliced bread, seeded sliced bread, mixed baguette, seeded baguette, mixed bap, seeded bap, mixed roll, seeded roll
	cereals	Whole wheat cereal, bran cereal, porridge, muesli, oat crunch, oatcakes  Other cereal, plain cereal and sweet cereal
Dairy	<ul><li>6. Other breakfast cereals</li><li>7. Whole milk</li></ul>	Other cereal, plain cereal and sweet cereal Whole milk >3.6g fat per 100g
products (8 items)	8. Skimmed milk	Skimmed milk and semi skimmed milk >1g fat per 100g
	<ul><li>9. Other milk</li><li>10. Cheese</li></ul>	Rice milk, oat milk and soy milk  Goat cheese, hard cheese, soft cheese, blue cheese, cheese spread, feta, mozzarella, other cheese

	11. Low fat cheese	Low fat hard cheese, low fat cheese spread and cottage cheese						
	12. Yoghurt low fat	Low fat yogurt						
	13. Yoghurt full fat	Full fat yogurt						
	14. Ice cream, cream and	Cream, ice-cream, milk-based pudding, other milk						
	dairy desserts	based pudding, cheesecake						
Fat spreads	15. Butter	Animal fat spread lower and normal fat						
(5 items)	16. Margarine	Plant-based spread lower and normal fat						
	17. Olive oil	Olive oil (drizzling/dunking)						
	18. High-fat sauces	Cheese sauce, white sauce and gravy						
	19. Low-fat sauces	Chutney, ketchup, brown sauce, tomato sauce						
Meat and	20. Bacon and ham	Bacon, ham, sausages						
alternatives	21. Beef and veal	Beef and veal						
(10 items)	22. Non fried chicken,	Poultry and pork						
	turkey pork and dishes							
	23. Fried poultry	Breaded poultry, battered poultry						
	24. Other meats	Other meat, offal						
	25. White fish	White fish and tinned tuna						
	26. Battered and fish	Battered fish, breaded fish, sushi						
	products							
	27. Oily fish	Oily fish						

	28. Other seafood	Prawns, lobster, crab and shellfish
	29. Eggs and eggs dishes	Whole egg, omelet, scotch egg, other egg and egg sandwiches
	30. Meat alternatives	Vegetarian sausages/burger, other vegetarian alternatives, tofu and quorn
Fruit and	31. Vegetables raw and	Side salad, beetroot, cabbage, kale, carrot, celery,
Vegetables (6 items)	boiled	courgette, cucumber, lettuce, fresh tomato, turnip, swede, watercress, vegetable in pieces, broccoli, butter squash, cauliflower, garlic, leek, onion, parsnip, sweet pepper, spinach, sprouts, tinned tomato, other vegetables, sweet potato, mushroom, sweet corn, olives
	32. Vegetables (mixed dishes)	Vegetable salad with mayo, hummus, guacamole,
	33. Legumes	Green bean, broad bean, pea, baked beans, pulses, corn
	34. Fruits	Apple, avocado, mixed fruit, banana, berry, cherry, grapefruit, grape, mango, melon, orange, satsuma, peach nectarine, pear, pineapple, plum, other fruit, prune and dried fruit
	<ul><li>35. Boiled and baked potato</li><li>36. Soups</li></ul>	Boiled baked potato and mashed potato  Homemade pulse soup, homemade meat soup, homemade fish soup, homemade vegetables soup,

homemade pasta soup, homemade other soup, canned pulse soup, canned meat soup, canned fish soup, canned vegetables soup, canned pasta soup, canned other soup

Nuts and seeds	37. Nuts and seeds	Unsalted peanuts, unsalted nuts, seeds,
(1 item)		
Discretionary	38. Crisps, chips and savory	Pizza, crisp, fried potato, cheesy biscuits, salted nuts,
snack foods	snacks	salted peanuts, crisp bread, Indian snacks
(3 items)	39. Buns, cakes, pastries	Fruit cake, scone, sponge pudding, crumble, danish,
	and fruit pies, puddings,	doughnut, pancake, cereal bar, chocolate covered
	biscuits	biscuit and sweet biscuit
	40. Sugar, preserves and	Spreads like jam and honey, stewed fruit, dark
	confectionery	chocolate, milk chocolate, other chocolate, chocolate
		covered raisins, white chocolate
Non-alcoholic	41. Fruit juice	Orange juice, grapefruit juice, pure fruit and
beverages		vegetable juice, fruit smoothie
(5 items)	42. High sugar beverages	Fizzy drink, hot chocolate and dairy smoothie
	43. Soft drinks, diet	Low calorie drink and low-calorie hot chocolate
	44. Tea and Coffee	Cappuccino, green tea, herbal tea, other tea,
		espresso, other coffee, instant coffee, filtered coffee,
		latte, standard tea, rooibos tea

	45. Water	Water
Alcoholic	46. Spirits and liqueurs	Spirits and other alcohol
beverages	47. Wine	Red wine, rose wine, white wine and fortified wine
(3 items)	48. Beer and cider	Beer and cider

<sup>\*</sup>Food groups were selected based on food groupings used the National Diet and Nutrition Survey (NDNS) from the UK and adapted according to their fat type of content. (39)

Table S2. Characteristics at baseline overall and according to tertiles of dietary patterns (n = 12,706).

Characteristics	All		Tertiles of DP1			Tertiles of DP2				
	(n=12,706)	T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3			
Age (years), mean (± SD)	55.0 (7.4)	55.1 (7.2)	55.0 (7.4)	54.9 (7.5)	54.9 (7.4)	54.9 (7.4)	55.3 (7.4)			
Female, n (%)	6,753 (53.1)	2,069 (48.8)	2,386 (56.3)	2,298 (54.2)	2,271 (53.5)	2,392 (56.4)	2,090 (49.3)			
Townsend deprivation index, n (%)										
Low	5,169 (40.6)	1,746 (41.2)	1,755 (41.4)	1,668 (39.3)	1,729 (40.7)	1,743 (41.1)	1,697 (40.0)			
Medium	4,402 (34.6)	1,472 (34.7)	1,456 (34.3)	1,474 (34.8)	1,424 (33.6)	1,491 (35.1)	1,487 (35.1)			
High	3,155 (24.8)	1,024 (24.1)	1,031 (24.3)	1,100 (25.9)	1,089 (25.7)	1,008 (23.8)	1,058 (24.9)			
Ethnicity, n (%)										
White	12,407 (97.8)	4,122 (97.4)	4,122 (97.9)	4,141 (98.0)	4,081 (96.6)	4,156 (98.2)	4,170 (98.6)			
Mixed	239 (1.9)	92 (2.2)	72 (1.7)	75 (1.8)	122 (2.9)	64 (1.5)	53 (1.2)			
Other	44 (0.3)	17 (0.4)	18 (0.4)	9 (0.2)	23 (0.5)	14 (0.3)	7 (0.2)			

## Smoking, n (%)

Yes	693 (94.6)	234 (5.5)	220 (5.2)	239 (5.6)	189 (4.5)	200 (4.7)	304 (7.2)
No	12,033 (5.4)	4,008 (94.5)	4,022 (94.8)	4,003 (94.4)	4,053 (95.5)	4,042 (95.3)	3,938 (92.8)
Physical Activity <sup>†</sup> , n (%)							
Light	2,666 (21.0)	817 (19.2)	895 (21.1)	954 (22.5)	750 (17.7)	934 (22.0)	982 (23.1)
Moderate	6,878 (54.0)	2,267 (53.4)	2,343 (55.2)	2,268 (53.5)	2,349 (55.4)	2,277 (53.7)	2,252 (53.1)
Vigorous	3,182 (25.0)	1,158 (27.3)	1,004 (23.7)	1,020 (24.0)	1,143 (26.9)	1,031 (24.3)	1,008 (23.8)
BMI category <sup>‡</sup> , n (%)							
Underweight/normal weight	5,481 (43.1)	1,757 (41.4)	1,861 (43.9)	1,863 (43.9)	1,902 (44.8)	1,809 (42.6)	1,770 (41.7)
Overweight	5,311 (41.7)	1,851 (43.6)	1,755 (41.4)	1,705 (40.2)	1,746 (41.2)	1,770 (41.7)	1,795 (42.3)
Obesity	1,934 (15.2)	634 (14.9)	626 (14.8)	674 (15.9)	594 (14.0)	663 (15.6)	677 (16.0)

<sup>\*</sup> SD, standard deviation; BMI, Body Mass Index.

<sup>†</sup> Physical activity: light (total MET-hour a week < 10), moderate (total MET-hour a week ≥10 and <50) and vigorous (total MET-hour a week >50)

<sup>‡</sup> Underweight/normal weight (BMI <25 kg/m²), Overweight (BMI ≥25 kg/m² and <30 kg/m²), Obesity (BMI ≥30 kg/m²)

Table S3. Baseline characteristics of the participants included in the analysis (n = 12,706) vs excluded (n = 489,799).

Characteristics	Included	Excluded
	(n=12,706)	(n =489,799)
Age (years), mean (±SD)	55.0 (7.4)	56.6 (8.1)
Female, n (%)	6,741 (53.1)	266,617 (54.4)
Townsend deprivation index, n (%)		
Low	5,160 (40.6)	162,204 (33.2)
Medium	4,392 (34.6)	162,799 (33.3)
High	3,154 (24.8)	164,132 (33.5)
Ethnicity, n (%)		
White	12,287 (97.8)	460,269 (94.5)
Mixed	238 (1.9)	22,235 (4.6)
Other	45 (0.3)	4,514 (0.9)
Smoking, n (%)		
Yes	698 (5.5)	52,283 (10.7)
No	12,008 (94.5)	437,496 (89.3)
Physical Activity <sup>†</sup> , n (%)		
Light	2,659 (20.9)	112,537 (23.0)
Moderate	6,873 (54.1)	245,798 (50.2)
Vigorous	3,174 (25.0)	131,444 (26.8)
BMI category <sup>‡</sup> , n (%)		
Underweight/normal weight	5,484 (43.1)	159,547 (32.8)
Overweight	5,303 (41.7)	206,799 (42.5)
Obesity	1,919 (15.2)	120,308 (24.7)

Framingham risk score	13.1 (8.73)	15.3 (9.31)
Systolic blood pressure	135.0 (17.9)	137.9 (18.7)
Diastolic blood pressure	81.3 (10.0)	82.2 (10.2)

<sup>\*</sup>SD, standard deviation; BMI, Body Mass Index.

<sup>†</sup> Physical activity: light (total MET-hour a week < 10), moderate (total MET-hour a week  $\ge$ 10 and <50) and vigorous (total MET-hour a week >50)

Table S4. Intakes of response variables and five highest loading direct and inverse food groups across tertiles of dietary patterns (n =12,706).

Food groups	Factor	Consum	n Tertiles of dietary pattern											
	loading	ers (%)	Tertile	1			Tertile 2	2			Tertile 3			
			Mean	SD	Median	IQR	Mean	SD	Median	IQR	Mean	SD	Median	IQR
Dietary pattern 1														
Response variables														
SFA (%E/day)	-	-	9.55	2.25	9.50	8.01, 11.1	11.6	2.30	11.5	10.0, 13.1	13.2	2.71	13.0	11.3, 14.9
PUFA (%E/day)	-	-	4.61	1.06	4.52	3.89, 5.25	5.48	1.11	5.40	4.70, 6.20	6.56	1.59	6.37	5.44, 7.47
MUFA (%E/day)	-	-	9.32	1.74	9.30	8.18, 10.4	11.2	1.57	11.1	10.2, 12.2	13.1	1.9	12.9	11.8, 14.2
Direct associations														
(g/day)														
Nuts and seeds	0.36	46.5	2.05	4.53	0	0, 2.25	3.47	6.36	0	0, 4.5	8.38	13.9	2.00	0, 11.0
Vegetables and	0.29	23.6	2.27	6.74	0	0, 0	4.08	10.3	0	0, 0	10.6	20.6	0	0, 13.0
mixed dishes														
Butter	0.28	50.3	3.30	5.74	0	0, 5.00	5.50	7.52	1.67	0, 9.33	9.25	10.6	6.0	0, 15.5
Eggs and egg dishes	0.27	46.1	12.07	21.6	0	0, 16.7	18.6	27.9	0	0, 30.0	31.4	41.6	16.7	0, 50.0

Buns, cakes and	0.24	88.7	40.1	34.5	32.5	14.0, 60.0	53.6	40.9	45	24.0, 76.5	66.5	49.9	58.3	30, 90.2
pastries														
Inverse associations														
(g/d/day)														
Fruits	-0.25	93.5	294	166	223	135, 334	192	128	175	100, 266	163	125	143	70.4, 230
Legumes	-0.25	61.0	24.4	32.1	16.3	0, 35.0	21.0	26.2	13	0, 33.3	21.1	27.2	11.7	0, 33.7
Beer and cider	-0.22	33.1	240	268	0	0, 287	123	268	0	0, 143	89.7	219	0	0, 71.7
Wine	-0.21	58.2	151	178	87.5	0, 250	103	134	58.3	0, 175	79.1	115	21.9	0, 125
Yoghurt low fat	-0.21	47.1	46.4	55.8	31.3	0, 78.1	31.9	43.9	0	0, 62.5	22.1	37.2	0	0, 31.2
Dietary pattern 2														
Response variables														
SFA (%E/day)	-		9.53	2.23	9.51	7.98, 11.0	11.1	2.17	11.1	9.65, 12.5	13.7	2.42	13.5	12.0, 15.2
PUFA (%E/day)	-		6.53	1.62	6.42	5.38, 7.49	5.30	1.20	5.24	4.49, 6.05	4.82	1.08	4.74	4.08, 5.47
MUFA (%E/day)	-		11.3	2.58	11.20	9.58, 12.9	10.9	2.30	10.9	9.46, 12.4	11.4	2.11	11.4	10.0, 12.8
Direct associations														
(g/day)														
Butter	0.37	50.3	2.42	4.92	0	0, 3.20	4.76	6.78	0	0, 7.5	10.9	10.6	8.75	0, 17.5
High-fat cheese	0.34	67.1	8.54	11.2	5.00	0, 13.3	12.2	12.5	10.0	0, 20.0	22.7	19.2	20.0	10, 33.3

Ice cream and dairy	0.27	47.1	13.6	25.5	0	0, 20.0	21.7	31.1	0	0, 37.5	39.1	47.3	25.0	0, 60.0
desert														
Beef and veal	0.24	50.7	16.8	27.3	0	0, 30.0	27.6	32.8	20.0	0, 48.0	40.8	40.4	40.0	0, 60.0
Buns, cakes and	0.21	88.7	41.9	37.7	34	14.0, 60.7	51.6	39.8	44.0	23.3, 72.2	66.7	48.9	59.6	30.1, 91.3
pastries														
Inverse associations														
(g/day)														
Nuts and seeds	-0.36	46.5	9.21	14.1	3.00	0, 13.3	2.76	5.33	0	0, 3.00	1.94	4.29	0	0, 2.00
Vegetables and	-0.26	23.6	10.8	20.4	0	0, 13.0	4.07	10.1	0	0, 0	2.09	7.19	0	0, 0
mixed dishes														
Vegetables raw and	-0.20	95.3	213	145	185	111, 288	167	112	150	85.5, 228	148	105	130	72.0, 204
boiled														
Margarine	-0.19	51.6	7.34	8.47	5	0, 12.0	5.07	6.65	2.45	0, 8.50	3.39	5.77	0	0, 5.00
Meat alternatives	-0.18	8.70	8.87	26.5	0	0, 0	2.72	12.0	0	0, 0	1.51	8.72	0	0, 0

<sup>\* %</sup>E, percentage of total energy; SFA, saturated fatty acids; PUFA, polyunsaturated fatty acids; MUFA, monounsaturated fatty acids.

Table S5. Intakes of response variables and five highest loading direct and inverse food groups by sex (n = 12,706).

Food groups	Consume	All (n=12,706)		Males (n=5,96	55)	Females (n=6,	,741)	B (95% CI) †	P value <sup>†</sup>	
rs (%) ‡										
		Mean ± SD	Median (IQR)	Mean ± SD	Median (IQR)	Mean ± SD	Median (IQR)	_		
Response variables										
SFA (%E/day)	-	$11.4 \pm 2.84$	11.3 (9.45, 13.3)	$11.4 \pm 2.84$	11.3 (9.42, 13.2)	$11.5 \pm 2.85$	11.4 (9.51, 13.3)	-0.11 (-0.21, -0.01)	0.027	
PUFA (%E/day)	-	$5.56 \pm 1.51$	5.36 (4.50, 6.40)	$5.42 \pm 1.46$	5.22 (4.41, 6.24)	$5.67 \pm 1.54$	5.47 (4.59, 6.54)	-0.23 (-0.29, -0.18)	< 0.001	
MUFA (%E/day)	-	$11.2 \pm 2.35$	11.2 (9.68, 12.7)	$11.2 \pm 2.32$	11.1 (9.61, 12.6)	$11.3 \pm 2.37$	11.2 (9.76, 12.7)	-0.13 (-0.21, -0.04)	0.003	
Dietary pattern 1										
Direct associations										
(g/day)										
Nuts and seeds	46.5	$0 \pm 9.64$	0 (0, 4.84)	$4.57 \pm 10.1$	0 (0, 4.50)	$4.73 \pm 9.22$	0.50 (0, 5.00)	0.11 (0.05, 0.17)	< 0.001	
Vegetables and	23.6	$5.68 \pm 14.3$	0 (0, 0)	$5.08 \pm 13.7$	0 (0, 0)	$6.20 \pm 14.8$	0 (0, 6.5)	0.06 (0.01, 0.11)	0.049	
mixed dishes										
Butter	50.3	$6.02 \pm 8.56$	1.50 (0, 10.0)	$6.80 \pm 9.60$	0 (0, 11.0)	$5.33 \pm 7.48$	1.75 (0, 8.52)	0.28 (0.24, 0.32)	< 0.001	
Eggs and egg dishes	46.1	$20.7 \pm 32.5$	0 (0, 33.3)	$21.5 \pm 33.6$	0 (0, 33.3)	$19.9 \pm 31.4$	0 (0, 30.0)	0.04 (0.01, 0.08)	0.017	
Buns, cakes and	88.7	$53.3 \pm 43.5$	44.5 (21.7, 76.0)	$58.0 \pm 46.9$	49.1 (23.7, 82.7)	$49.2 \pm 39.9$	41.7 (20.0, 69.6)	0.16 (0.13, 0.19)	< 0.001	
pastries										

Inverse associations									
(g/d/day)									
Fruits	93.5	$201 \pm 145$	177 (100, 275)	$192 \pm 145$	166 (88.5, 268)	$210 \pm 145$	187 (108, 281)	-0.10 (-0.13, -0.07)	< 0.001
Legumes	61.0	$22.3 \pm 28.7$	13.5 (0, 33.7)	$24.1 \pm 30.7$	16.2 (0, 35.0)	$20.7 \pm 26.7$	11.7 (0, 32.0)	0.11 (0.07, 0.15)	< 0.001
Beer and cider	33.1	$150 \pm 335$	0 (0, 143)	$277 \pm 438$	71.7 (0, 382)	$39.8 \pm 129$	0 (0, 0)	0.78 (0.73, 0.84)	< 0.001
Wine	58.2	$111 \pm 148$	58.3 (0, 175)	$158 \pm 158$	43.7 (0, 175)	$107 \pm 138$	60.0 (0, 175)	0.13 (0.09, 0.17)	< 0.001
Yoghurt low fat	47.1	$33.4 \pm 47.3$	0 (0, 62.5)	$42.3 \pm 42.3$	0 (0, 41.7)	$39.0 \pm 50.6$	20.8 (0, 62.5)	-0.07 (-0.10, -0.03)	< 0.001
Dietary pattern 2									
Direct associations									
(g/day)									
Butter	50.3	$6.02 \pm 8.56$	1.50 (0, 10.0)	$6.80 \pm 9.60$	0 (0, 11.0)	$5.33 \pm 7.48$	1.75 (0, 8.52)	0.28 (0.24, 0.32)	< 0.001
High-fat cheese	67.1	$14.5 \pm 15.9$	10.0 (0, 20.0)	$15.3 \pm 17.0$	10.0 (0, 21.2)	$13.8 \pm 14.8$	10.0 (0, 20.0)	0.11 (0.08, 0.14)	< 0.001
Ice cream and dairy	47.1	$24.7 \pm 37.2$	0 (0, 40.0)	$26.4 \pm 39.6$	0 (0, 40.0)	$23.1 \pm 35.0$	0 (0, 40.0)	0.16 (0.12, 0.20)	< 0.001
desert									
Beef and veal	50.7	$28.5 \pm 35.4$	15.0 (0, 60.0)	$32.1 \pm 37.6$	30 (0, 60.0)	$25.3 \pm 33.0$	0 (0, 40.0)	0.07 (0.05, 0.10)	< 0.001
Buns, cakes and	88.7	$53.3 \pm 43.5$	44.5 (21.7, 76.0)	$58.0 \pm 46.9$	49.1 (23.7, 82.7)	$49.2 \pm 39.9$	41.7 (20.0, 69.6)	0.16 (0.13, 0.19)	< 0.001
pastries									

Inverse associations									
(g/day)									
Nuts and seeds	46.5	$0 \pm 9.64$	0 (0, 4.84)	$4.57 \pm 10.1$	0 (0, 4.50)	$4.73 \pm 9.22$	0.50 (0, 5.00)	0.11 (0.05, 0.17)	< 0.001
Vegetables and	23.6	$5.68 \pm 14.3$	0 (0, 0)	$5.08 \pm 13.7$	0 (0, 0)	$6.20 \pm 14.8$	0 (0, 6.5)	0.06 (0.01, 0.11)	0.049
mixed dishes									
Vegetables raw and	95.3	$176 \pm 125$	153 (87.9, 238)	$153 \pm 117$	131 (71.5, 206)	$196 \pm 128$	175	-0.27 (-0.29, -0.24)	< 0.001
boiled							(105, 263)		
Margarine	51.6	$5.28 \pm 7.24$	1.75 (0, 8.75)	$7.1 \pm 8.5$	4.39 (0, 12.0)	$3.68 \pm 5.41$	0 (0, 6.20)	0.42 (0.39, 0.46)	< 0.001
Meat alternatives	8.70	$4.38 \pm 17.8$	0 (0, 0)	$3.96 \pm 17.7$	0 (0, 0)	$4.76 \pm 17.9$	0 (0, 0)	0.10 (0.02, 0.18)	0.011

<sup>\*%</sup>E, percentage of total energy; SFA, saturated fatty acids; PUFA, polyunsaturated fatty acids; MUFA, monounsaturated fatty acids.

<sup>†</sup> P value, beta coefficient and 95% confidence interval for linear regression analysis for dietary components differences between males and females adjusted for age, smoking status and BMI.

Table S6. Energy and nutrient intake across tertiles of dietary patterns (n = 12,706).

	Tertiles of dietary pattern									
	Te	ertile 1	Te	ertile 2	Te	ertile 3				
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD				
Dietary pattern 1										
Total energy (kj/day)	8,400	1,900	8,379	1,861	9,098	1,968				
Carbohydrate (%E/day)	52.9	7.64	50.4	6.39	47.1	6.48				
Protein (%E/day)	16.1	3.02	16.2	2.95	15.9	2.96				
Total fat (%E/day)	25.9	3.96	31.1	3.23	36.1	4.12				
Animal fat (%E/day)	14.1	3.89	17.5	4.26	20.5	5.56				
Vegetable fat (%E/day)	11.8	3.52	13.6	3.84	15.6	4.91				
Trans fat (%E/day)	0.43	0.16	0.51	0.18	0.58	0.20				
Omega-3 (g/day)	1.67	0.68	1.93	0.71	2.39	0.83				
Omega-6 (g/day)	8.85	3.16	10.4	3.23	13.6	4.47				
Energy density (kj/g/day)	5.83	1.23	6.45	1.31	7.07	1.41				
Fiber (g/day)	18.2	5.86	17.5	5.28	18.2	5.58				
Dietary pattern 2										
Total energy (kj/day)	8,563	1,943	8,272	1,848	9,042	1,947				
Carbohydrate (%E/day)	50.9	7.48	50.6	7.28	48.9	6.87				
Protein (%E/day)	16.4	3.11	16.2	2.99	15.6	2.76				
Total fat (%E/day)	30.0	5.91	30.1	5.39	32.9	5.01				
Animal fat (%E/day)	14.3	4.62	17.1	4.36	20.8	4.73				
Vegetable fat (%E/day)	15.8	4.90	13.1	3.80	12.2	3.61				
Trans fat (%E/day)	0.40	0.16	0.49	0.16	0.63	0.18				
Omega-3 (g/day)	2.28	0.90	1.87	0.72	1.84	0.69				
Omega-6 (g/day)	12.8	4.71	10.1	3.61	10.0	3.44				
Energy density (kj/g/day)	6.01	1.31	6.36	1.35	6.99	1.44				

Fiber (g/day) 20.1 6.03 17.1 5.05 16.8 5.03

<sup>\*%</sup>E, percentage of total energy intake, kj, kilojoules, g, grams; SD, standard deviation.

Table S7. Energy and nutrient intake by sex (n = 12,706).

	All (n=	12,706)	M	ales	Fer	nales	P value <sup>†</sup>	
			(n=5,965)		(n=6,741)			
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	_	
Total energy (kj/day)	8626	1937	9365	1988	7980	1638	<0.001	
Carbohydrate (%E/day)	50.1	7.27	49.7	7.27	50.5	7.24	< 0.001	
Protein (%E/day)	16.1	2.98	15.7	2.80	16.4	3.09	< 0.001	
Total fat (%E/day)	31.0	5.62	30.7	5.58	31.3	5.64	< 0.001	
Animal fat (%E/day)	17.4	5.30	17.3	5.32	17.4	5.29	0.017	
Vegetable fat (%E/day)	16.7	4.43	13.4	4.40	13.9	4.44	< 0.001	
Trans fat (%E/day)	0.51	0.19	0.50	0.19	0.51	0.20	0.001	
Omega-3 (g/day)	2.00	0.80	2.09	0.83	1.93	0.77	< 0.001	
Omega-6 (g/day)	11.0	4.18	11.7	4.41	10.4	3.87	< 0.001	
Energy density (kj/g/day)	6.45	1.43	6.82	1.41	6.13	1.35	< 0.001	
Fiber (g/day)	18.0	5.58	18.5	5.86	17.6	5.29	< 0.001	

<sup>\* %</sup>E, percentage of total energy intake, kj, kilojoules, g, grams; SD, standard deviation.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  P value for linear regression analysis for dietary components differences between males and females adjusted for age, smoking status and BMI.

Table S8. Changes in markers of CVD risk overall and stratified by sex per 1 unit increase in dietary patterns score after excluding energy misreporters from the analysis (n = 8,470).

	All (n=8,470)					Males (	n=3,769)		Females (n=4,701)			
	Dieta	ary Pattern 1	Dietary Pattern 2		Dietary Pattern 1		Dietary Pattern 2		Dietary Pattern 1		Dieta	ry Pattern 2
	β-coef	95% CI	β-coef	95% CI	β-coef	95% CI	β-coef	95% CI	β-coef	95% CI	β-coef	95% CI
Framingham risk												
score§												
Model 1	0.07	-0.11, 0.25	0.02	-0.13, 0.18	0.16	-0.15, 0.47	-0.08	-0.33, 0.17	-0.03	-0.23, 0.18	0.14	-0.04, 0.32
Model 2	-0.03	-0.21, 0.15	0.05	-0.10, 0.20	-0.05	-0.34, 0.24	-0.01	-0.24, 0.23	-0.03	-0.23, 0.18	0.15	-0.02, 0.32
Systolic blood												
pressure§												
Model 1	0.22	-0.16, 0.60	0.33	0.01, 0.65	0.43	-0.09, 0.95	0.47	0.05, 0.90	-0.01	-0.56, 0.55	0.15	-0.33, 0.63
Model 3	-0.34	-0.68, -0.01	-0.02	-0.29, 0.26	-0.30	-0.76, 0.16	0.05	-0.32, 0.41	-0.39	-0.88, 0.10	-0.05	-0.48, 0.37
Diastolic blood												
pressure§												
Model 1	0.19	-0.02, 0.41	0.16	-0.02, 0.34	0.38	0.07, 0.69	0.18	-0.07, 0.43	0.01	-0.30, 0.30	0.14	-0.12, 0.40
Model 3	-0.09	-0.28, 0.10	0.11	-0.04, 0.27	-0.05	-0.32, 0.22	0.14	-0.07, 0.40	-0.15	-0.43, 0.11	0.10	-0.13, 0.33

Cardiac index												
Model 1	-0.03	-0.05, -0.01	-0.01	-0.03, 0.01	-0.02	-0.04, -0.01	-0.02	-0.03, -0.01	-0.03	-0.07, 0.01	-0.01	-0.03, 0.03
Model 3	-0.03	-0.04, -0.01	-0.01	-0.03, 0.01	-0.02	-0.04, -0.01	-0.02	-0.03, -0.01	-0.03	-0.06,-0.01	0.01	-0.01, 0.02
LV ejection												
$\mathbf{fraction}^{\parallel}$												
Model 1	0.06	-0.10, 0.21	-0.16	-0.29, -0.03	-0.02	-0.23, 0.20	-0.19	-0.37, -0.01	0.13	-0.08, 0.35	-0.12	-0.30, 0.07
Model 3	0.01	-0.12, 0.13	-0.15	-0.27, -0.02	-0.02	-0.20, 0.16	-0.13	-0.27, -0.02	0.06	-0.11, 0.23	-0.12	-0.27, 0.03
Carotid IMT												
Model 1	-1.26	-3.89, 1.44	2.68	0.51, 4.84	-2.49	-6.36, 1.87	3.95	0.74, 7.16	-0.53	-3.87, 2.81	1.23	-1.58, 4.05
Model 3	-1.52	-4.19, 1.14	1.92	-0.23, 4.08	-1.81	-5.95, 2.32	3.03	-0.17, 6.23	-1.03	-4.36, 2.29	0.59	-2.20, 3.38
Augmentation												
index												
Model 1	0.12	-0.08, 0.31	0.01	-0.15, 0.18	0.12	-0.13, 0.36	0.04	-0.17, 0.25	0.12	-0.18, 0.42	-0.03	-0.29, 0.23
Model 3	0.06	-0.13, 0.25	-0.10	-0.26, 0.07	0.11	-0.14, 0.35	-0.07	-0.28, 0.14	0.02	-0.28, 0.31	-0.15	-0.41, 0.11

<sup>\*</sup>SD, standard deviation; LV, left ventricular; IMT, intima medial thickness. Values in bold represent statistically significant associations.

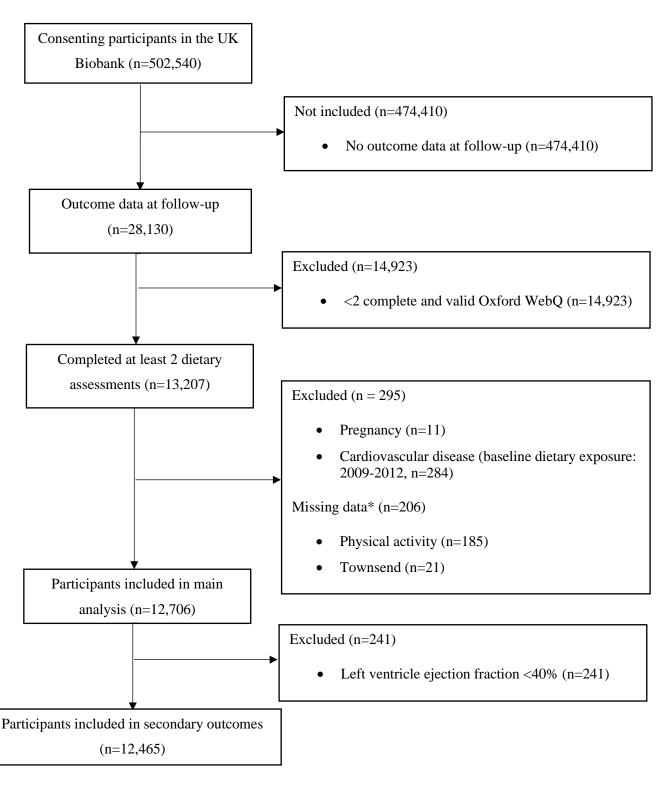
<sup>†</sup> Secondary outcome analyses included 12,486 individuals.

<sup>‡</sup> Model 1: analysis adjusted for age and sex (except when used to stratify). Model 2: analysis adjusted for Model 1 plus Townsend deprivation index, physical activity, follow-up time and energy misreporting. Model 3: analysis adjusted for Model 2 plus BMI, smoking status and blood pressure medication use.

§ Regression coefficients from linear regression analyses represent change in outcome from baseline (2006-2010) to follow-up (2014-2020) per 1 unit increase in dietary pattern scores. Dietary pattern 1 scores ranged from -3.41 to 6.68 and dietary pattern 2 scores ranged from -5.89 to 5.03.

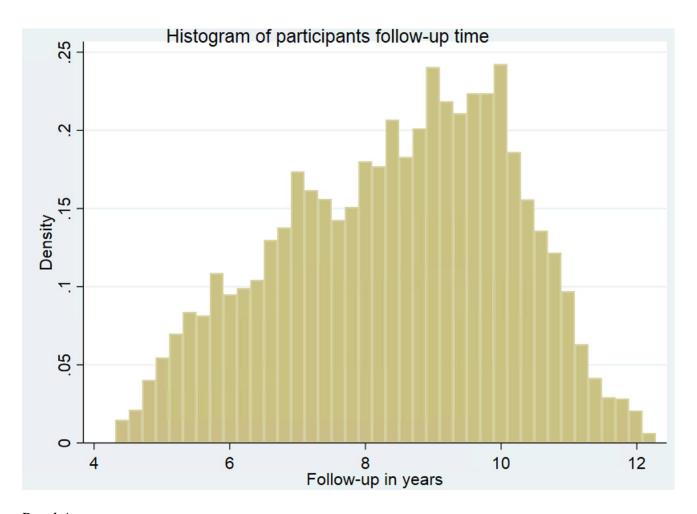
|| Regression coefficients from linear regression analyses represent values for the outcome at follow-up (2014-2020) per 1 unit increase in dietary pattern scores. Dietary pattern 1 scores ranged from -3.41 to 6.68 and dietary pattern 2 scores ranged from -5.89 to 5.03.

Figure S1. Flow diagram of subjects included in the analysis of the UK Biobank.

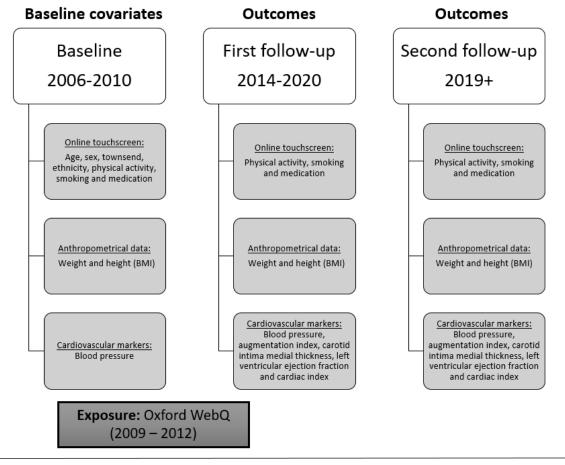


<sup>\*</sup>Excluded due to missing data or reported "don't know" or "prefer not to answer". The total number excluded represents being excluded for any combination of variables.

Figure S2. Panel A: Histogram of participants follow-up in years. Panel B: Diagram showing exposure, covariate and outcome timepoints used in this study.



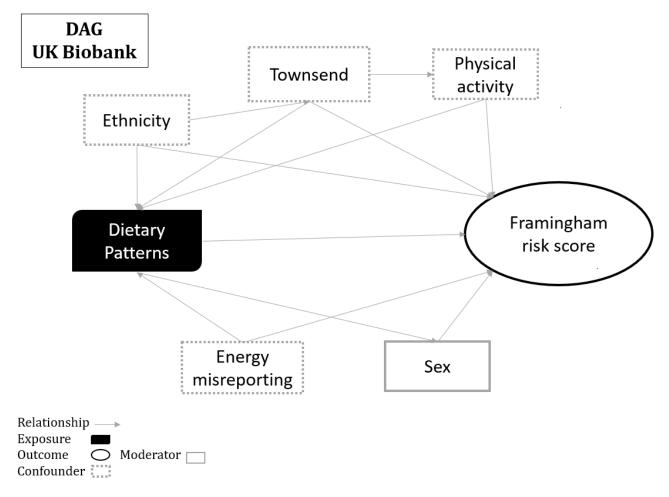
Panel A.



Timeline of UK Biobank data

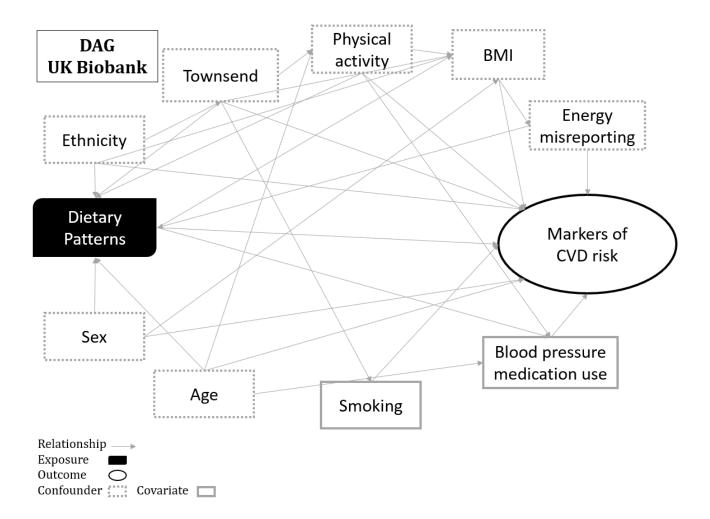
Panel B.

Figure S3. Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) of the relationship between dietary patterns and Framingham risk score.



This graph represents the relationship between the exposure, dietary patterns based on SFA, PUFA, MUFA and the primary outcome Framingham risk score. The graph includes the causal pathway as well as possible moderators, mediators, confounders and covariates. Energy misreporting, physical activity, ethnicity and Townsend deprivation index were considered as confounders as they can influence both exposure and outcome. Sex was considered a moderator as it can influence the strength of the associations between exposure and outcome.

Figure S4. Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) of the relationship between dietary patterns and markers of cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk.



This graph represents the relationship between the exposure, dietary patterns based on SFA, PUFA, MUFA and the secondary outcomes cardiovascular health markers. The graph includes the causal pathway as well as possible moderators, mediators, confounders and covariates. Body mass index (BMI), energy misreporting, physical activity, ethnicity, sex and age were considered as confounders as they can influence both exposure and outcome. Lastly, smoking and blood pressure medication use were considered to be covariates as they only influence the outcome

Figure S5. Factor loadings of the 48 food groups for dietary patterns 1 and 2.

