



FIG S3 (A to C) Blocking the extrinsic apoptotic pathways by CopC during *C. violaceum* infection. HeLa cells were infected with *C. violaceum* WT, $\Delta copC$, or $\Delta copC$ complemented with CopC; 1 h post-infection, cells were stimulated with 200 ng/mL TRAIL plus 100 μ g/mL CHX (A and C), 1 μ g/mL FasL (B), or 30 ng/mL TNF α plus 100 μ g/mL CHX (C). The immunoblotting in (A and B) was performed similarly as that in Fig. 2B. To examine apoptotic morphology, nuclei of fixed cells were stained with 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole (DAPI). Representative fluorescent and bright field (DIC) cell images are shown (scale bar, 10 μ m). (D) Blocking the intrinsic apoptotic pathway by CopC during *C. violaceum* infection. HeLa cells stably expressing truncated Bid (tBid) under a doxycycline (Dox)-inducible promoter were infected as in (A). 1 h post-infection, cells were treated with 1 μ g/mL Dox and analyzed by immunoblotting as shown.