

**“BeStSel: webserver for secondary structure and fold prediction for protein CD spectroscopy” Micsonai et al., Supplementary information**

Table S1. Performance indices for the eight structural components of BeStSel on SP175<sup>a</sup>

Re-optimized BeStSel												
	175-250 nm		180-250 nm		185-250 nm		190-250 nm		195-250 nm		200-250 nm	
	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr
Helix1	0.027	0.98	0.031	0.98	0.031	0.98	0.028	0.98	0.030	0.98	0.030	0.98
Helix2	0.025	0.93	0.024	0.93	0.024	0.93	0.026	0.92	0.029	0.90	0.029	0.90
Anti1	0.016	0.87	0.016	0.87	0.016	0.87	0.018	0.83	0.022	0.74	0.026	0.62
Anti2	0.034	0.92	0.034	0.92	0.034	0.92	0.035	0.92	0.035	0.92	0.035	0.92
Anti3	0.041	0.88	0.040	0.89	0.040	0.89	0.040	0.88	0.043	0.87	0.046	0.85
Parallel	0.041	0.91	0.041	0.91	0.041	0.91	0.041	0.91	0.041	0.91	0.039	0.91
Turn	0.033	0.74	0.033	0.74	0.033	0.73	0.032	0.73	0.033	0.70	0.032	0.72
Others	0.052	0.83	0.054	0.82	0.054	0.82	0.058	0.78	0.059	0.77	0.063	0.74
Helix	0.041	0.98	0.041	0.98	0.041	0.98	0.042	0.98	0.046	0.98	0.045	0.98
Antiparallel	0.064	0.94	0.063	0.94	0.062	0.94	0.064	0.94	0.064	0.94	0.072	0.92
Beta	0.056	0.94	0.055	0.94	0.054	0.95	0.057	0.94	0.061	0.93	0.065	0.92
Turn+Others	0.053	0.88	0.054	0.87	0.054	0.87	0.056	0.84	0.062	0.81	0.061	0.82
Previous BeStSel												
	175-250 nm		180-250 nm		190-250 nm		200-250 nm					
	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr				
Helix1	0.028	0.98	0.037	0.97	0.037	0.97	0.029	0.98				
Helix2	0.026	0.92	0.025	0.93	0.027	0.91	0.028	0.91				
Anti1	0.017	0.85	0.017	0.85	0.019	0.80	0.023	0.69				
Anti2	0.038	0.90	0.035	0.92	0.038	0.91	0.036	0.92				
Anti3	0.043	0.87	0.045	0.85	0.038	0.89	0.048	0.84				
Parallel	0.039	0.92	0.044	0.90	0.044	0.89	0.045	0.91				
Turn	0.036	0.63	0.038	0.60	0.037	0.59	0.034	0.65				
Others	0.057	0.81	0.059	0.80	0.058	0.80	0.065	0.75				
Helix	0.042	0.98	0.051	0.97	0.052	0.97	0.044	0.98				
Antiparallel	0.067	0.93	0.068	0.93	0.068	0.93	0.075	0.91				
Beta	0.060	0.93	0.060	0.93	0.056	0.94	0.071	0.91				
Turn+Others	0.060	0.83	0.063	0.81	0.058	0.84	0.067	0.79				

<sup>a</sup> Root-mean-square-deviation and Pearson correlation for different wavelength ranges are provided. <sup>b</sup>The original performance of the previous BeStSel is from Micsonai et al. (1).

Table S2. Comparison of the reliability of different methods for secondary structure estimation from the CD spectra. Test on  $\beta$ -sheet-rich or rare structures.<sup>a</sup>

Method	Failures <sup>a</sup>	Helix		Antiparallel		Parallel		$\beta$ -sheet		Turn+Others	
		RMSD <sup>b</sup>	Corr <sup>c</sup>	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr	RMSD	Corr
Re-optimized BeStSel	-	0.034	0.99	0.049	0.97	0.037	0.97	0.035	0.99	0.038	0.91
Previous BeStSel	-	0.038	0.99	0.050	0.98	0.032	0.97	0.039	0.99	0.033	0.95
VARSLC	5	0.089	0.97	0.155	0.62	0.860	-0.08	0.133	0.73	0.130	0.74
LINCOMB	-	0.119	0.91	0.214	0.45	0.198	0.59	0.230	0.51	0.232	0.59
CDNN	-	0.083	0.97	0.122	0.83	0.076	0.91	0.102	0.89	0.115	0.81
SELCON	-	0.147	0.86					0.122	0.82	0.077	0.73
CONTIN	2	0.095	0.95					0.068	0.96	0.074	0.73
CDSSTR	-	0.201	0.76					0.139	0.75	0.099	0.71
K2D	-	0.198	0.84					0.152	0.79	0.153	0.55
K2D2	-	0.222	0.70					0.162	0.71	0.088	0.68
K2D3	-	0.136	0.87					0.184	0.64	0.143	0.65
CAPITO	-	0.260	0.57					0.161	0.85	0.147	0.70

Performance of different algorithms on a set of 25 external CD spectra of proteins that are either rich in  $\beta$ -sheets or have high  $\alpha$ -helical content, or rare structural composition. For each spectrum, the widest available wavelength range depending on the protein was used. The performance of the previous BeStSel and other algorithms are from Micsonai et al. (1). The list of the proteins is presented in Table S2 of (1). The results for SELCON, CONTIN, CDSSTR (2), LINCOMB (3) are cross-validated, but for CDNN (4), CAPITO (5), VARSLC (6), and K2Ds(7,8)) are not cross-validated. <sup>a</sup>In the case of some spectra, the algorithms could not accomplish the procedure and hung up or gave error messages. <sup>b</sup>Root-mean-square-deviation, <sup>c</sup>Pearson-correlation coefficient.

**Table S3.** Performance of different searches for fold recognition on CATH 4.2 and CATH 4.3 single domain datasets.<sup>a</sup>

CATH 4.2					CATH 4.3				
	<i>n</i>	Closest	Box	WKNN		<i>n</i>	Closest	Box	WKNN
Class (4)	1	90	91	93	Class (5)	1	89	91	92
Architecture (41)	1	59	62	73	Architecture (43)	1	59	63	72
	5	86	94	97		5	86	96	97
Topology (1310)	1	38	37	56	Topology (1467)	1	39	39	54
	5	61	64	79		5	62	69	79
	10	69	74	85		10	70	80	85
Homology (5398)	1	27	23	44	Homology (6540)	1	30	28	45
	5	46	45	66		5	50	54	68
	10	54	55	73		10	59	66	76
	15	59	61	77		15	63	73	79

<sup>a</sup>The theoretical reliability of fold prediction on the CATH 4.2 and CATH 4.3 single domain dataset (<95% sequential homology) comparing the 5-fold cross-validated performance of “Closest”, “Box” and WKNN methods. In parentheses, the total numbers of classes, architectures, topologies, and homologies in the CATH 4.2 and 4.3 are shown. Values show the percentage when the correct CATH category is ranked within the top “*n*” upon the prediction. The “Closest” method decides based on the order of Euclidean distance of reference data in the eight-dimensional secondary structure space of BeStSel. Box method takes into account the expected error of BeStSel as an “RMSD box” in which it searches for the most frequent folds. WKNN method predicts the categories based on the sum of the weighted distance (reverse square city block distance) of every reference structures which belong to the same category among the K-nearest neighbors from the query point. Data for CATH 4.2 was presented earlier {Micsonai, 2018 #149}.

## SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCES

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