Supplementary Materials



Supplementary Figures

Figure S1: MVPD profiles of the seed regions computed by the **L2_LR** model. The proportion of variance explained varExpl obtained by PyMVPD using data from FFA (red) and PPA (blue) as predictors was averaged across all 14 participants and was thresholded at 5%.



Figure S2: MVPD profiles of the seed regions computed by the **PCA_LR** model. The proportion of variance explained varExpl obtained by PyMVPD using data from FFA (red) and PPA (blue) as predictors was averaged across all 14 participants and was thresholded at 5%.



Figure S3: MVPD profiles of the seed regions computed by the **NN_1layer** model. The proportion of variance explained varExpl obtained by PyMVPD using data from FFA (red) and PPA (blue) as predictors was averaged across all 14 participants and was thresholded at 5%.



Figure S4: MVPD profiles of the seed regions computed by the **NN_5layer** model. The proportion of variance explained varExpl obtained by PyMVPD using data from FFA (red) and PPA (blue) as predictors was averaged across all 14 participants and was thresholded at 5%.



Figure S5: MVPD profiles of the seed regions computed by the **NN_5layer_dense** model. The proportion of variance explained varExpl obtained by PyMVPD using data from FFA (red) and PPA (blue) as predictors was averaged across all 14 participants and was thresholded at 5%.



Figure S6: **Voxelwise optimal models.** For each voxel, the brain maps are colored according to the MVPD model that provides the highest predictive accuracy using seed regions as FFA (left panel) or PPA (right panel) in that voxel. Color saturation was set as the lowest t-value from all pairwise comparisons between the best-predicting model for that voxel and other models, reflecting the difference between the best model and the second best model. Distinct, contiguous portions of cortex are best predicted by different model types (green: L2_LR, blue: PCA_LR, red: NN_1layer, yellow: NN_5layer, purple: NN_5layer_dense).

| | NN model comparison | cluster size | voxel-level | | | MNI coordinates |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| FFA | | k | $P_{FWE-corr+Bonf}$ | P _{FWE-corr} | $P_{seudo-t}$ | (x, y, z mm) |
| | 1layer – 5layer | 18 | 0.0012 | 0.0002 | 7.00 | (-21,-30,-25) |
| | | 20 | 0.0240 | 0.0040 | 5.83 | (42,-48,-25) |
| | 1layer – 5layer_dense | 2 | 0.0108 | 0.0018 | 6.31 | (-9,-36,77) |
| | | 28 | 0.0120 | 0.0020 | 6.23 | (-12,-72,8) |
| | | 12 | 0.0120 | 0.0020 | 6.18 | (-3,57,34) |
| | | 20 | 0.0132 | 0.0022 | 6.16 | (-6,-3,11) |
| | | 11 | 0.0168 | 0.0028 | 6.04 | (45,-3,-9) |
| | | 32 | 0.0240 | 0.0040 | 5.90 | (3,-75,14) |
| | | 19 | 0.0276 | 0.0046 | 5.88 | (15,-33,11) |
| | | 12 | 0.0336 | 0.0056 | 5.79 | (3,-21,8) |
| | 5layer – 1layer | 22 | 0.0012 | 0.0002 | 6.87 | (-21,-33,57) |
| | | 5 | 0.0060 | 0.0010 | 6.29 | (48,-6,11) |
| | | 7 | 0.0072 | 0.0012 | 6.21 | (-57,-6,18) |
| | | 11 | 0.0336 | 0.0056 | 5.77 | (30,-6,-9) |
| | | 3 | 0.0372 | 0.0062 | 5.71 | (-12,-96,-2) |
| | | 5 | 0.0456 | 0.0076 | 5.65 | (-9,54,37) |
| | 5layer – 5layer_dense | 165 | 0.0048 | 0.0008 | 6.76 | (-39,-3,4) |
| | | 44 | 0.0048 | 0.0008 | 6.74 | (-6,3,1) |
| | | 42 | 0.0156 | 0.0026 | 6.29 | (-3,57,34) |
| | | 75 | 0.0156 | 0.0026 | 6.28 | (0,-72,14) |
| | | 61 | 0.0228 | 0.0038 | 6.02 | (24,-36,4) |
| | | 17 | 0.0252 | 0.0042 | 5.97 | (45,-3,-9) |
| | | 72 | 0.0264 | 0.0044 | 5.94 | (0,42,11) |
| | | 7 | 0.0288 | 0.0048 | 5.91 | (3,21,-12) |
| | 5layer_dense – 1layer | 39 | 0.0024 | 0.0004 | 6.94 | (42,-48,-22) |
| | 5layer_dense – 5layer | 39 | 0.0048 | 0.0008 | 6.91 | (42,-48,-22) |

Table S1: Comparison between MVPD neural network (NN) models with FFA as the predictor. SnPM statistical results computed across subjects from the pairwise difference between the variance explained predicted by three neural network models (NN_1layer, NN_5layer, NN_5layer_dense) with FFA as the predictor ROI. The SnPM p-values were Bonferroni corrected for all 6 comparisons. The peak of each brain cluster that were better predicted by one NN model than the other NN model at p < 0.05 FWE after Bonferroni correction were listed in the table.

| | NN model comparison | cluster size | v | MNI coordinates | | |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| ΡΡΑ | | k | P _{FWE-corr+Bonf} | P _{FWE-corr} | P _{seudo-t} | (x, y, z mm) |
| | 1layer – 5layer | 196 | 0.0012 | 0.0002 | 6.83 | (-3,-51,-15) |
| | | 35 | 0.0024 | 0.0004 | 6.73 | (33,12,-25) |
| | | 33 | 0.0060 | 0.0010 | 6.09 | (27,-42,-12) |
| | | 10 | 0.0060 | 0.0010 | 5.99 | (-33,9,-19) |
| | 1layer – 5layer_dense | 18 | 0.0444 | 0.0074 | 5.52 | (3,-18,34) |
| | 5layer – 1layer | - | _ | _ | - | — |
| | 5layer – 5layer_dense | 12 | 0.0300 | 0.0050 | 5.85 | (33,-24,14) |
| | 5layer_dense – 1layer | 46 | 0.0036 | 0.0006 | 6.94 | (27,-42,-12) |
| | | 66 | 0.0048 | 0.0008 | 6.50 | (3,-51,-9) |
| | | 36 | 0.0084 | 0.0014 | 6.12 | (-27,-48,-12) |
| | 5layer_dense – 5layer | 171 | 0.0012 | 0.0002 | 7.53 | (3,-51,-9) |
| | | 45 | 0.0012 | 0.0002 | 7.08 | (27,-42,-12) |
| | | 40 | 0.0060 | 0.0010 | 6.37 | (-27,-48,-12) |
| | | 10 | 0.0276 | 0.0046 | 5.88 | (-18,-21,-22) |
| | | 3 | 0.0408 | 0.0068 | 5.66 | (15,3,-22) |

Table S2: Comparison between MVPD neural network (NN) models with PPA as the predictor. SnPM statistical results computed across subjects from the pairwise difference between the variance explained predicted by three neural network models (NN_1layer, NN_5layer, NN_5layer_dense) with PPA as the predictor ROI. The SnPM p-values were Bonferroni corrected for all 6 comparisons. The peak of each brain cluster that were better predicted by one NN model than the other NN model at p < 0.05 FWE after Bonferroni correction were listed in the table.