nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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For	all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	$oxed{x}$ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	🗷 A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
X	A description of all covariates tested
	🗷 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.
x	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
x	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
x	\square Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection NIKON A1R HD25; QuantStudio 7 Flex; BD Biosciences; Seahorse XFe96 analyzer

Data analysis GraphPad Prism V9; Image J V1.50e; FlowJo v7.6; IGV_2.8.13; HiSeq Control (v3.4.0) Software;

NIS-Elements Viewer 4.11.0; TMHMM Server v2.0; Cufflinks v2.2.1; TopHat 2.0.6; RStudio (v3.2.1335); DeepTools(v3.4.3); MACS2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.1); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.1); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.1); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.1); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.1); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.14); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.14); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.14); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.14); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); TrimGalore(v3.6.14); Bowtie2(v3.2.14); Bowtie3(v3.2.14); Bowtie3(v3

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The data discussed in this work have been deposited in NCBI's Gene Expression Omnibus and are accessible through GEO Series accession number GEO: GSE157073, GSE115169, GSE70486, GSE125116.

Source data are provided with this paper.

Field-spe	ecific reporting
Please select the	one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
x Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences
For a reference copy of	f the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf
Life scie	nces study design
All studies must d	isclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	No specific methods were used for sample size determination. No statistical methods were used to predetermine sample size. Sample size are based on lots of previous publications and our previous experience, which is the most optimal to generate statistically significant results. All experiments were carried out at least three times. For each experiment, three biologically independent samples unless otherwise stated. Sample size for all the presented experiments was determined to be at least 3 to provide sufficient data for downstream analysis.
Data exclusions	No data were excluded
Replication	For each experiments the number of biological independent sample is reported in the figure legend. In vitro studies are represented at least 3 independent reproducible studies.
Randomization	All samples and animals were analysed and allocated randomly.
Blinding	The investigators were not blinded to allocation during experiments. Blinding was not possible as the same investigator performed genotyping

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems	Methods	
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study	
Antibodies	X ChIP-seq	
Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry	
Palaeontology and archaeology	MRI-based neuroimaging	
Animals and other organisms	•	
Human research participants		
Clinical data		
Dual use research of concern		

Antibodies

Antibodies used

Mouse monoclonal anti FLAG® M2 antibody, Sigma-Aldrich Cat# F3165, clone:M2,1:3000;RRID:AB 259529

Mouse monoclonal anti GAPDH, ZSGB-BIO Cat# TA-08,clone:OTI2D9,1:5000; RRID:AB_2747414

Mouse monoclonal anti GFP, EASYBIO Cat# BE2001, clone: N/A, 1:2000; RRID: AB 2864742

Mouse monoclonal anti Histone H3, Abcam Cat# ab10799,clone:10799,1:10000; RRID:AB 470239

Mouse monoclonal anti SMAD2/3, CST Cat# 8685,clone:D7G7;1:1000 RRID:AB_2864743

Mouse monoclonal anti SMAD4, Santa Cruz Cat# sc-7966,clone:B-8,1:1000; RRID:AB_627905

Rabbit monoclonal anti CDH1, CST Cat# 3195,clone:24E10,1:1000; RRID:AB_2291471

Rabbit monoclonal anti FOXA2, CST Cat# 8186,clone:D56D6,1:200; RRID:AB_2864746

Rabbit monoclonal anti GLUT1,Beyotime Cat# AF1015,clone:N/A, 1:1000; RRID:AB_2864747

Rabbit monoclonal anti GLUT3, Abclonal Cat# A4137,clone:N/A, 1:1000; RRID:AB_2863194

Rabbit monoclonal anti HA Millipore, Cat# 04-902,clone:DW2, 1:2000; RRID:AB_1977526

Rabbit monoclonal anti Phospho-SMAD2/3, CST Cat# 8828,clone:D27F4,1:1000; RRID:AB_2864749

Rabbit monoclonal anti SMAD2,CST Cat# 5339, clone:D43B4,1:3000; RRID:AB_2864750

Rabbit monoclonal anti T/Brachyury, Abcam Cat# 209665, clone:EPR18113,1:200; RRID:AB_2864751

Rabbit polyclonal anti TRIM33, Bethyl Laboratories Cat# A301-060A; 1:1000,RRID:AB_2208024

IF488-Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L), huaxingbio, 1:1000

Dylight 488-Donkey Anti-Goat IgG(H+L), huaxingbio, 1:1000

DyLight594-Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), huaxingbio, 1:1000

Validation

All antibodies were used according to the manufacturers' recommendations. All the companies provide quality certificates for the antibodies used in the study. Each antibody was first tested with different dilutions, and optimal dilution ratios used in the study are stated in the methods section.

Mouse monoclonal anti FLAG® M2 antibody, Sigma-Aldrich Cat# F3165; RRID:AB_259529,https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/US/en/product/sigma/f3165

Mouse monoclonal anti GAPDH, ZSGB-BIO Cat# TA-08; RRID:AB_2747414, http://www.zsbio.com/product/TA-08

Mouse monoclonal anti GFP, EASYBIO Cat# BE2001; RRID:AB_2864742,http://www.bioeasytech.com/product/2392.html? goods_id=4377

Mouse monoclonal anti Histone H3, Abcam Cat# ab10799; RRID:AB_470239,https://www.abcam.com/Histone-H3-antibody-mAbcam-10799-ChIP-Grade-ab10799.html

Mouse monoclonal anti SMAD2/3, CST Cat# 8685; RRID:AB_2864743,https://www.cellsignal.com/products/primary-antibodies/smad2-3-d7g7-xp-rabbit-mab/8685

Mouse monoclonal anti SMAD4, Santa Cruz Cat# sc-7966; RRID:AB_627905,https://datasheets.scbt.com/sc-7966.pdf Rabbit monoclonal anti CDH1,CST Cat# 3195; RRID:AB_2291471,https://www.cellsignal.com/products/primary-antibodies/e-cadherin-24e10-rabbit-mab/3195

Rabbit monoclonal anti FOXA2, CST Cat# 8186; RRID:AB_2864746,https://www.cellsignal.com/products/primary-antibodies/foxa2-hnf3b-d56d6-xp-rabbit-mab/8186?_=1652559350699&Ntt=8186&tahead=true

Rabbit monoclonal anti GLUT1, Beyotime Cat# AF1015; RRID:AB_2864747,https://m.beyotime.com/Manual/AF1015%20Glucose% 20Transporter%20GLUT1%20Rabbit%20Monoclonal%20Antibody.pdf

Rabbit monoclonal anti GLUT3, Abclonal Cat# A4137; RRID:AB_2863194, https://abclonal.com/Datasheet/Antibodies/A4137.pdf Rabbit monoclonal anti HA Millipore, Cat# 04-902; RRID:AB_1977526, https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Anti-HA-Tag-Antibody-clone-DW2-rabbit-monoclonal,MM_NF-04-902?ReferrerURL=https://abclonal.com/Datasheet/Antibodies/A4137.pdf Rabbit monoclonal anti HA Millipore, Cat# 04-902; RRID:AB_1977526, https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Anti-HA-Tag-Antibody-clone-DW2-rabbit-monoclonal,MM_NF-04-902; RRID:AB_1977526, https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Antibody-clone-DW2-rabbit-monoclonal,MM_NF-04-902; RRID:AB_1977526, https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Antibody-clone-DW2-rabbit-monoclonal,MM_NF-04-902; RRID:AB_1977526, https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Antibody-clone-DW2-rabbit-monoclonal,MM_NF-04-902; RRID:AB_1977526, https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Antibody-clone-DW

Rabbit monoclonal anti Phospho-SMAD2/3, CST Cat# 8828; RRID:AB_2864749, https://www.cellsignal.com/products/primary-antibodies/phospho-smad2-ser465-467-smad3-ser423-425-d27f4-rabbit-mab/8828

Rabbit monoclonal anti SMAD2,CST Cat# 5339; RRID:AB_2864750,https://www.cellsignal.com/products/primary-antibodies/smad2-d43b4-xp-rabbit-mab/5339

Rabbit monoclonal anti T/Brachyury, Abcam Cat# 209665; RRID:AB_2864751, https://www.abcam.com/brachyury--bry-antibody-epr18113-ab209665.html?productWallTab=ShowAll

Rabbit polyclonal anti TRIM33, Bethyl Laboratories Cat# A301-060A; RRID:AB_2208024, https://www.thermofisher.com/antibody/product/TRIM33-TIF1gamma-Antibody-Polyclonal/A301-060A

 $IF488-Goat\ Anti-Rabbit\ lgG(H+L), huaxingbio, http://www.huaxingbio.com/pd.jsp?id=176\&nSL=\%5B5\%2C6\%2C7\%5D\#skeyword=488-Goat+Anti-Rabbit+lgG\&_pp=0_35$

 $\label{limit} \begin{tabular}{ll} Dylight 488-Donkey Anti-Goat \\ IgG(H+L), huaxingbio, http://www.huaxingbio.com/pd.jsp?id=180&nSL=\%5B5\%2C6\%2C7\%5D\#skeyword=DyLight+488-Donkey+Anti-Goat+\\ IgG\&_pp=0_35 \end{tabular}$

DyLight594-Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), huaxingbio, http://www.huaxingbio.com/pd.jsp?id=185&nSL=%5B5%2C6%2C7%5D#skeyword=DyLight594-Goat+Anti-Mouse+IgG&pp=035

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

Mouse ES cell lines E14Tg2a.IV ,HEK293T and HepG2 were purchased from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC; https://www.atcc.org:443/)

Authentication

All the cells were authenticated using short-tandem repeat (STR) profiling by the provider ATCC.

Mycoplasma contamination

Cells were routinely tested for mycoplasma, and we confirm that every cell used in this study was found negative.

2

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

C57BL/6J mouse strains were obtained from Laboratory Animal Research Center in Tsinghua University. Female mice were used between ages 6-8 weeks of age. Mouse strains were housed at 20-22 degree with 12h:12h light:dark cycles at 50-60% humidity. The animal experiments that were conducted as part of this research were completed in accordance with the guidelines provided by the Tsinghua University Animal Care and Use Committee and were in compliance with the relevant ethical regulations regarding animal

research.

Wild animals The study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples The study did not involve samples collected in the field.

Ethics oversight All animal procedures were approved by Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) of Tsinghua University.(IACUC:16-

XQR2)

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- | All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- 🗶 A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	For flow based sorting or the GFP positive cells, mESCs were digested with 0.25% Trypsin-EDTA and resuspended in 0.2 mL
	PBS. For flow studies of BiFC assay, the methods are provided in the Methods section.

Instrument BD Calibur flow cytometer, BD FACS Ariall

Software Data were collected and analyzed using FlowJo software.

Cell population abundance For flow based sorting, the GFP positive cells(25%) were sorted out by FACS.

Gating strategy For flow based sorting of the GFP positive cells, parental cells without plasmid transfection were

used to define negative cell populations and set gates for analysis. For flow studies of BiFC, we use same cells without

plasmid transfection for defining negative cell populations and set gates for analysis

x Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.