

Supplementary Table 4: Retinal and choroidal imaging parameters of subjects imaged longitudinally

CPD (average), %	44.02 (1.87)	43.77 (1.46)	0.706	44.39 (1.99)	43.89 (1.43)	0.893
CPD (superior), %	42.33 (3.01)	42.71 (2.18)	0.191	42.35 (2.76)	42.67 (1.96)	0.036
CPD (nasal), %	42.73 (2.65)	43.10 (2.41)	0.403	43.58 (2.41)	43.13 (1.95)	0.841
CPD (inferior), %	45.01 (3.05)	44.36 (2.60)	0.834	44.56 (2.84)	43.95 (2.40)	0.743
CPD (temporal), %	46.03 (2.13)	44.88 (2.73)	0.168	46.99 (2.33)	45.67 (2.35)	0.079
CFI (average)	0.41 (0.04)	0.41 (0.04)	0.976	0.44 (0.03)	0.43 (0.03)	0.142
CFI (superior)	0.41 (0.04)	0.41 (0.03)	0.611	0.42 (0.03)	0.42 (0.03)	0.089
CFI (nasal)	0.40 (0.06)	0.40 (0.05)	0.687	0.44 (0.04)	0.43 (0.03)	0.246
CFI (inferior)	0.42 (0.03)	0.42 (0.03)	0.909	0.43 (0.03)	0.42 (0.02)	0.320
CFI (temporal)	0.41 (0.06)	0.42 (0.06)	0.933	0.46 (0.04)	0.45 (0.03)	0.058

CST=central subfield thickness, GC-IPL=ganglion cell-inner plexiform layer, RNFL=retinal nerve fiber layer, FAZ=foveal avascular zone, PD=perfusion density, VD=vessel density, ETDRS=Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study, CPD=capillary perfusion density, CFI=capillary flux index.

^aNote: baseline data only those for subjects were participated in 2-year follow-up imaging

^bP-values based on generalized estimating equations (GEE) model score statistic for testing differences among and between means. P-values from GEE model adjusted for sex and age.

^cUnits²= 96×96 pixels²