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WebTable 5. Data used to create Figure 3, a and b

Figure 3a. The percentage of tropical forest vertebrates occurring in the humid, dry, mangrove, and coniferous tropical forest biomes

Taxonomic	# tropical	# humid	# dry	# mangrove	# coniferous
group	forest species	tropical forest	tropical forest	tropical forest	tropical forest
		species (%)	species (%)	species (%)	species (%)
Mammals	3480	3327 (96)	1421 (41)	1561 (45)	713 (20)
Birds	7918	7704 (97)	4149 (52)	3976 (50)	1860 (23)
Reptiles	4191	3828 (91)	1917 (46)	1601 (38)	829 (20)
Amphibians	5503	5298 (96)	1201 (22)	1100 (20)	596 (11)

Figure 3b. The percentage of tropical forest vertebrates occurring in the Neotropic, Indomalayan, Afrotropic, and Australasia and Oceania biogeographic realms

Taxonomic	# tropical	# Neotropic	# Indomalayan	# Afrotropic	# Australasia and
group	forest species	species (%)	species (%)	species (%)	Oceania species (%)
Mammals	3480	1243 (36)	911 (26)	856 (25)	568 (16)
Birds	7918	3540 (45)	1725 (22)	1322 (17)	1632 (21)
Reptiles	4191	1872 (45)	1174 (28)	591 (14)	607 (14)
Amphibians	5503	2994 (54)	1182 (21)	819 (15)	517 (9)

Notes: numbers in parentheses represent the percentage of species in that category relative to the total number of tropical forest species. Two ecoregions of the Palearctic realm and four ecoregions of the Nearctic realm fall within the tropical forest biome; these were pooled with the Indomalayan and Neotropic realms, respectively.