# nature research

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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For	all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
X	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
X	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i> ), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.
So	ftware and code

#### Policy information about availability of computer code

Folicy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>

Data collection SAS Enterprise Guide version 8.2 was used to collect data for the study.

Data analysis

All analyses were done using SAS Enterprise Guide version 8.2 (SAS Institute, Cary, NC). Data visualizations were performed in R 4.0.4 (R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria). Analytic codes are available at https://github.com/BcBowe3/Breakthrough

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

#### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data that support the findings of this study are available from the US Department of Veterans Affairs. VA data are made freely available to researchers behind the VA firewall with an approved VA study protocol. For more information, please visit https://www.virec.research.va.gov or contact the VA Information Resource Center (VIReC) at VIReC@va.gov

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Ticia spe	terre reporting					
Please select the o	ne below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
\(\sum_{\text{life sciences}}\)	Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences					
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>					
1:6:-						
Lite scier	nces study design					
All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Sample size	To achieve better precision of the study results, we enrolled all users of the US Veterans Health Administration. This included 33,940 people with breakthrough COVID-19, 4,983,491 people in the contemporary control group, 5,785,273 people in the historical control group, 2,566,369 in the vaccinated control group, 113,474 people with COVID-19 without prior vaccination and 14,337 people in the seasonal influenza group. The contemporary cohorts were followed until December 1, 2021, the historical cohort was followed until December 1, 2018.					
Data exclusions	To examine the risk of post-acute sequelae beyond the first 30 days of illness, we predefined our exclusion criteria and excluded participants who did not survive the first 30 days of COVID-19 illness.					
Replication	The finding was not replicated because no external dataset with similar features is available to us.					
Randomization	We conducted an observational study. Exposure allocation was not random. To balance the exposure groups, both predefined and algorithmically selected covariates were adjusted for through the overlap weighting method.					
Blinding	We conducted an observational study. Blinding was not possible.					
Reportin	g for specific materials, systems and methods					
<del> </del>	on from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,					
system or method lis	ted is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.					
Materials & ex	perimental systems Methods					
n/a Involved in th	ne study n/a Involved in the study					
Antibodies	ChIP-seq					
Eukaryotic	Eukaryotic cell lines					
Palaeontology and archaeology MRI-based neuroimaging						
Animals and other organisms						
Human res	Human research participants					
Clinical da						
☐ Dual use re	esearch of concern					

### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Study participants are users of the US Veteran Health Administration. This included 33,940 people with breakthrough COVID-19, 4,983,491 people in the contemporary control group, 5,785,273 people in the historical control group, 2,566,369 in the vaccinated control group, 113,474 people with COVID-19 without prior vaccination and 14,337 people in the seasonal influenza group. Average age 62.82 years, 73.40% White, 18.63% Black, 88.85% males, 11.15% females. Average systolic blood pressure was 132.07 mmhg. Average area deprivation index was 53.07.

Recruitment

Participants were recruited if they had at least 1 encounter with the US Veteran Health Administration in the two years prior to cohort enrollment. Non users of the VA health care system were not included. The characteristics of the study population may be different from the general population (US or global population). Other biases due to recruitment including self-selection bias are unlikely to bias the results of this study.

Ethics oversight

The study was approved by the Institutional Review Board of the Veterans Affairs St. Louis Health Care System, St. Louis, MO, US

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.