

Rare loss of function variants in the hepatokine gene *INHBE* protect from abdominal obesity

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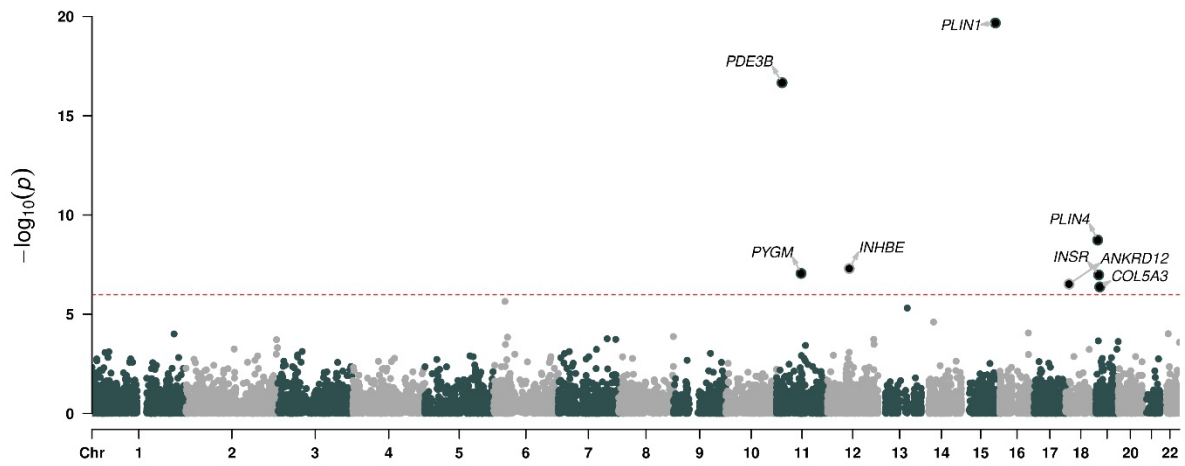
Supplementary Information

Supplementary Figures

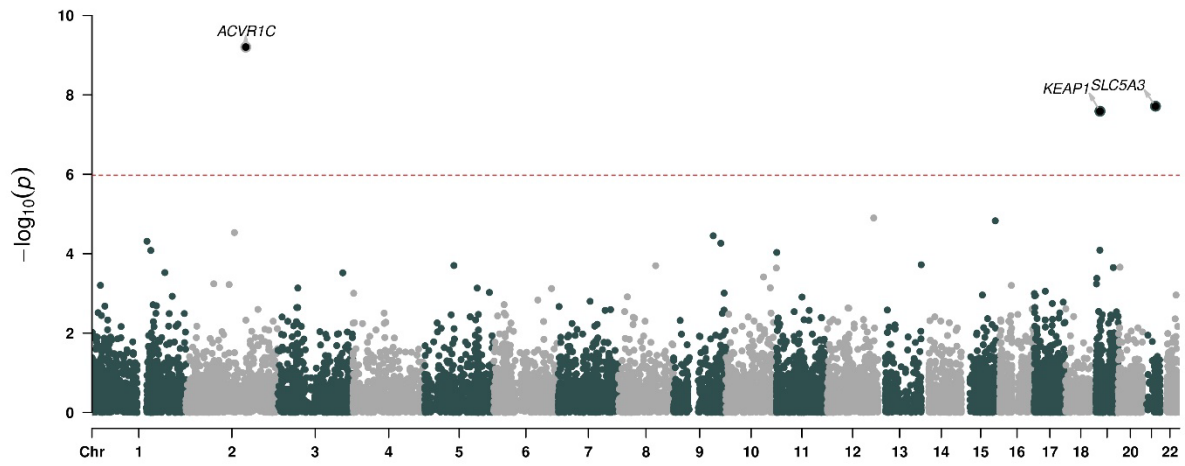
Supplementary Figure 1: Gene-level associations with waist-to-hip ratio adjusted for BMI by variant set

Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed in 362,679 European ancestry individuals for pLOF, missense and pLOF + missense variant masks using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. Genes significant in the overall analysis ($P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$; Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested) are labeled. The dashed line indicates the threshold for statistical significance.

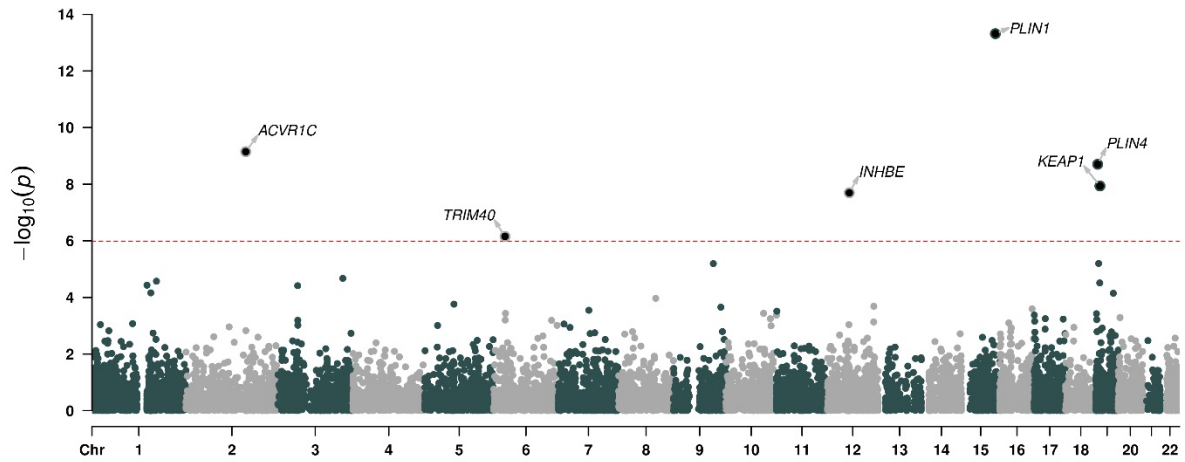
Waist-to-hip ratio adjusted for BMI: pLOF variants



Waist-to-hip ratio adjusted for BMI: missense variants

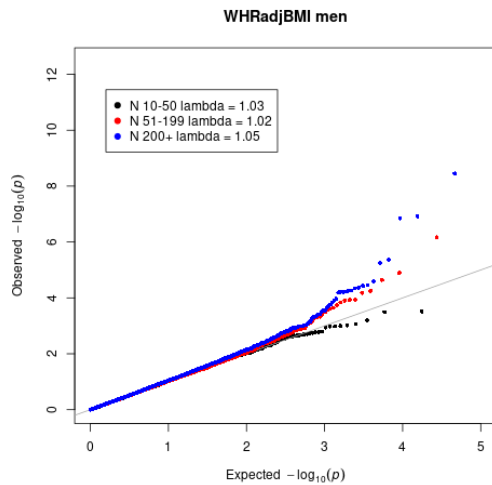
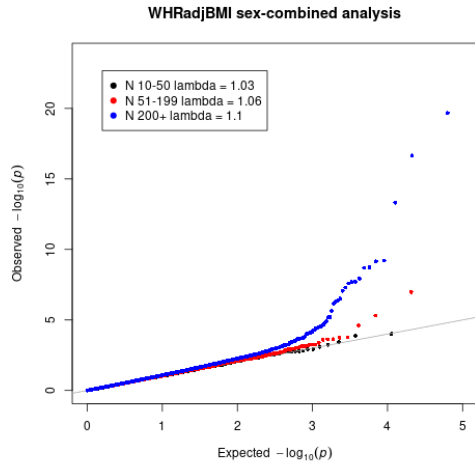


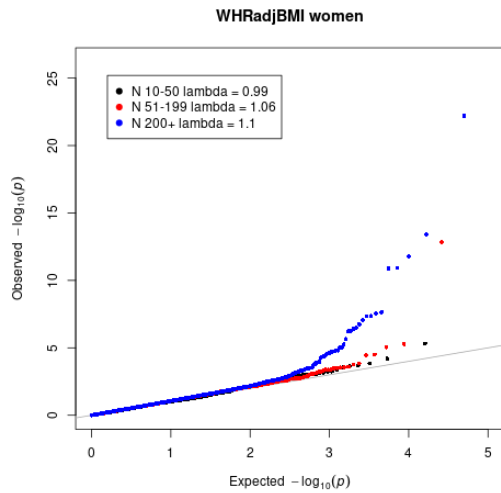
Waist-to-hip ratio adjusted for BMI: pLOF+missense variants



Supplementary Figure 2: QQ plots for sex-combined and sex-stratified analysis of WHRadjBMI

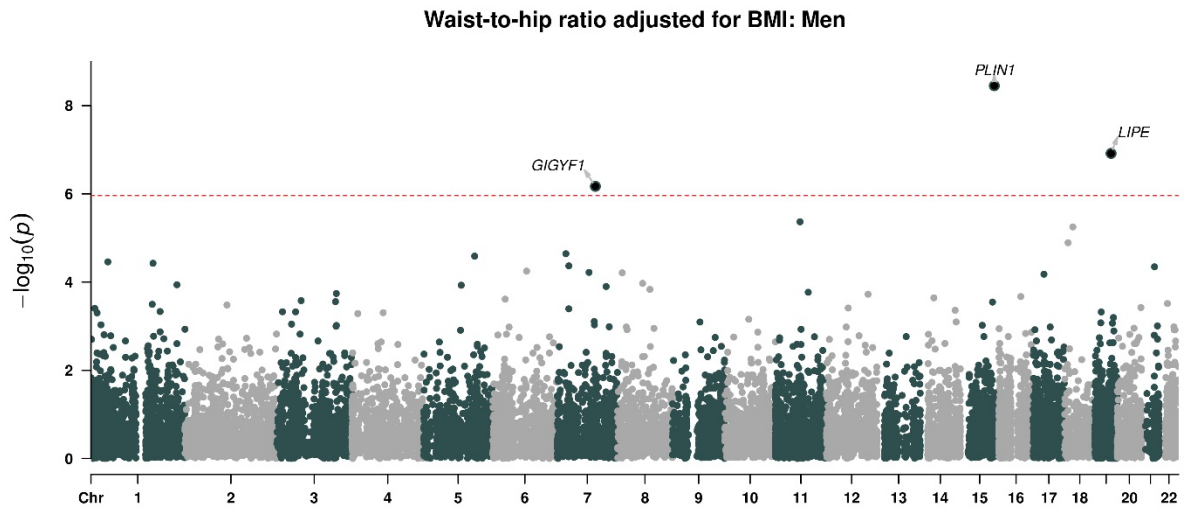
Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed in 362,679 European ancestry individuals for pLOF, missense and pLOF + missense variant masks using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. Analysis was performed in the entire population (sex-combined) or separately in men and women. N represents the number of rare variant carriers per gene and lambda is the genomic inflation factor.





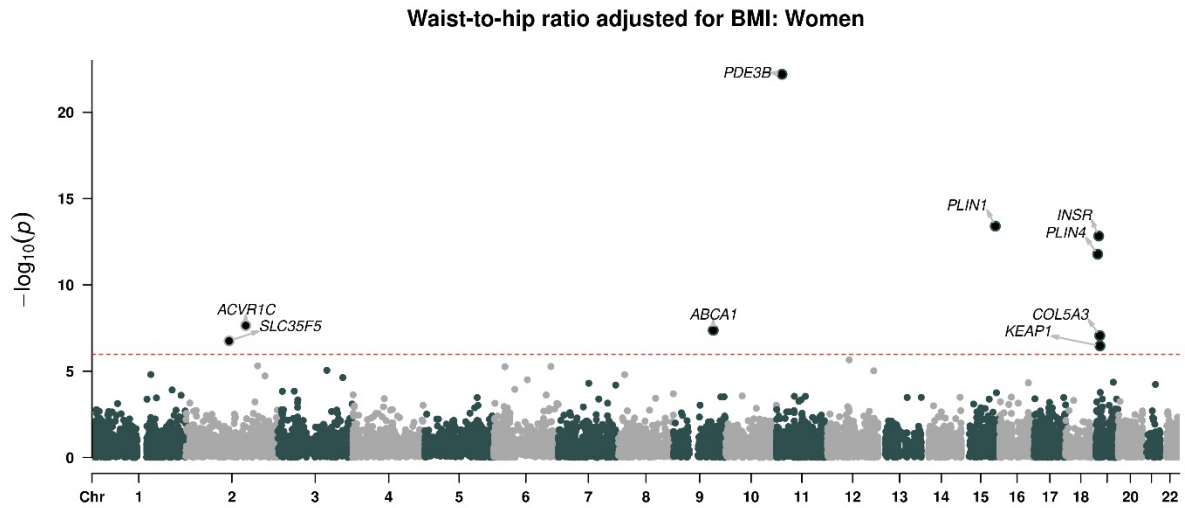
Supplementary Figure 3: Gene-level associations with WHRadjBMI in men

Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI in men (N = 166,533) was performed for pLOF, missense and pLOF + missense variant masks using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. The best variant set per gene is shown and significant genes are labeled ($P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$; Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested). The dashed line indicates the threshold for statistical significance.



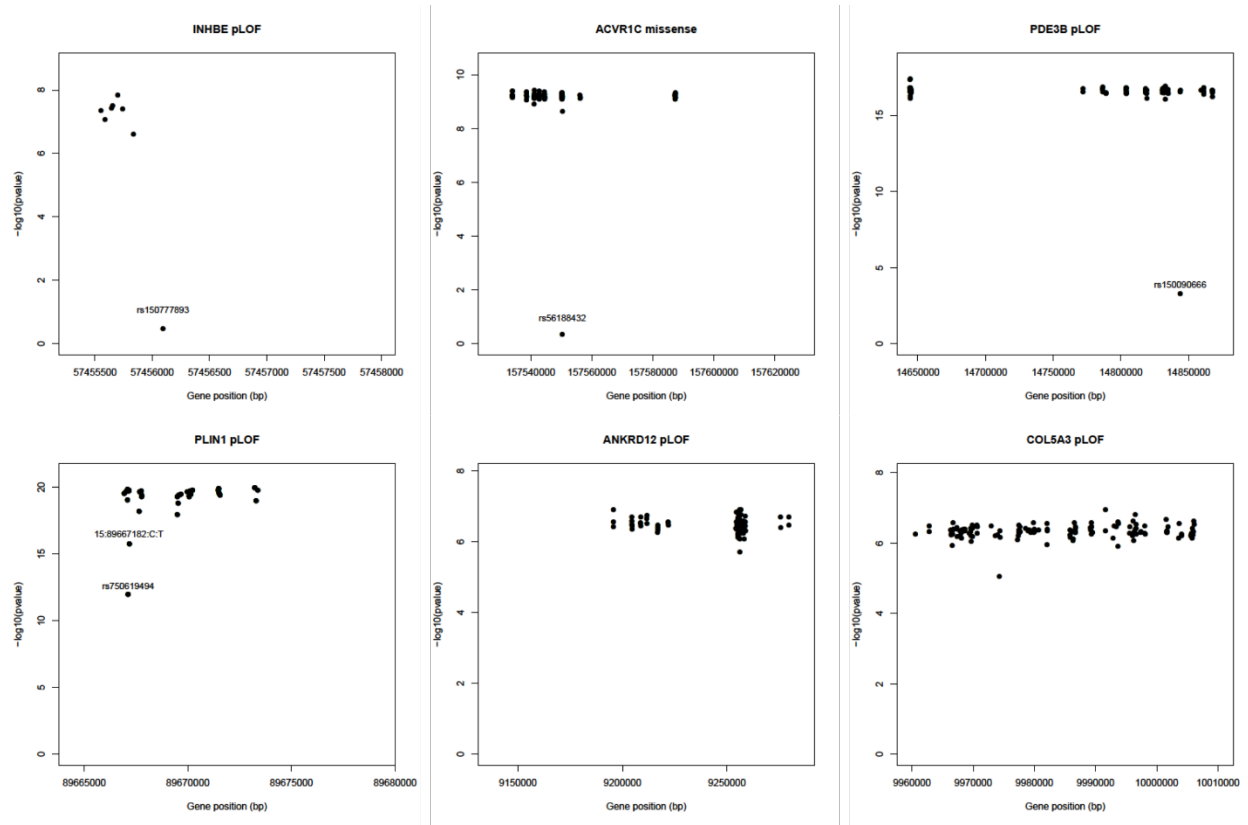
Supplementary Figure 4: Gene-level associations with WHRadjBMI in women

Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI in women (N = 195,777) was performed for pLOF, missense and pLOF + missense variant masks using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. The best variant set per gene is shown and significant genes are labeled ($P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$; Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested). The dashed line indicates the threshold for statistical significance.

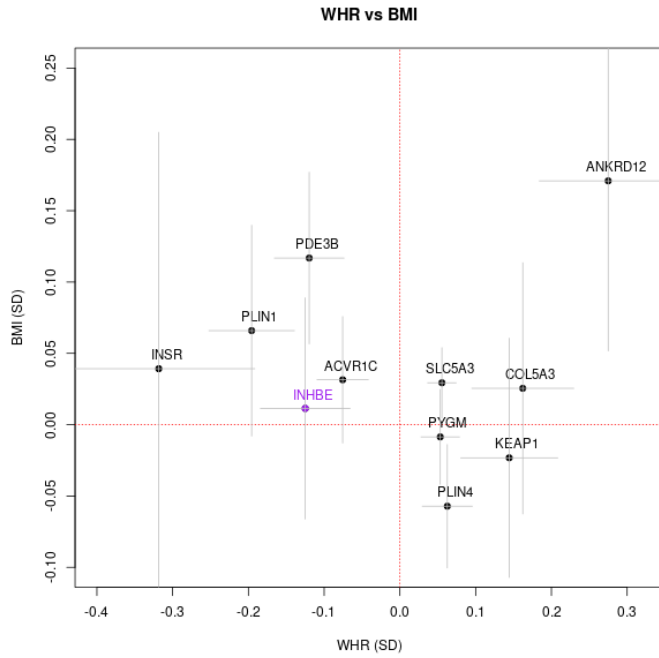


Supplementary Figure 5: Leave-one-variant-out analysis for selected genes

We performed leave-one-variant-out analysis for selected WHRadjBMI-associated genes. Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed using a generalized linear model excluding one variant at a time from the analysis. The genomic position of the excluded variant is plotted versus $-\log_{10}(P)$ for the association when that variant is excluded. The variant sets contributing most of the signal in gene-based tests are labeled.



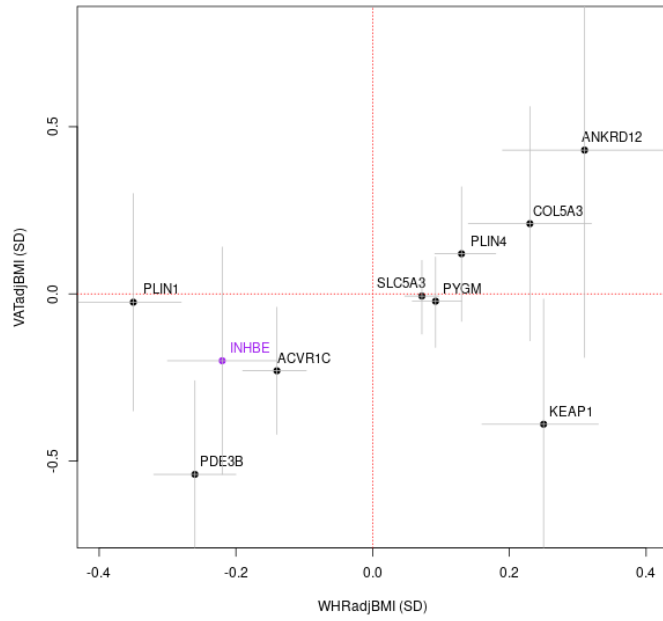
Supplementary Figure 6: Association of significant genes with unadjusted WHR and BMI
For genes associated with WHRadjBMI, we plotted the effect on WHR (without BMI adjustment) compared to the effect on BMI (both in standard deviations; SD) calculated in 362,679 European ancestry participants. Effects are shown for *INHBE* pLOF and, for the other genes, the most significant variant set per gene. Grey bars represent the 95% confidence interval.



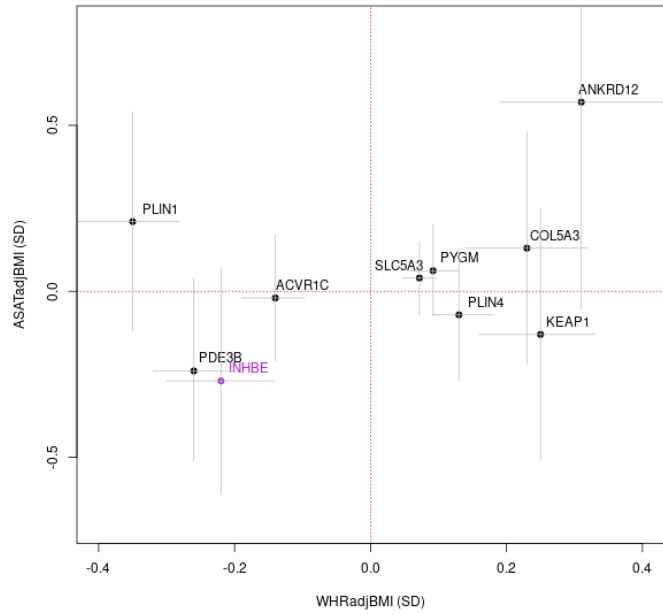
Supplementary Figure 7: Association of significant genes with adipose tissue distribution assessed by MRI

For genes associated with WHRadjBMI, we plotted the effect on WHRadjBMI (tested in 362,679 European ancestry participants) compared to the effect on VATadjBMI and ASATadjBMI (tested in 33,318 European ancestry participants with abdominal MRI). Effects are shown for *INHBE* pLOF and, for the other genes, the most significant variant set per gene. Grey bars represent the 95% confidence interval. *INSR* pLOF is not shown because there were insufficient numbers of carriers with information on adipose distribution assessed by MRI. VATadjBMI, visceral adipose tissue adjusted for BMI; ASATadjBMI, abdominal subcutaneous adipose tissue adjusted for BMI.

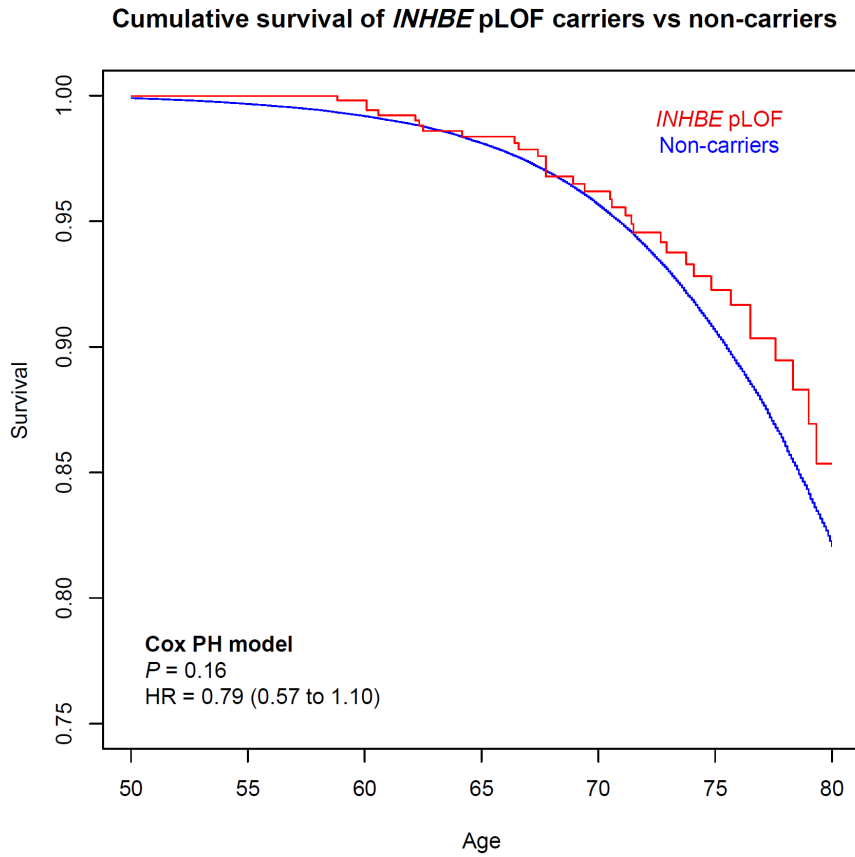
WHRadjBMI vs VAT



WHRadjBMI vs ASAT



Supplementary Figure 8: Survival analysis of *INHBE* pLOF carriers vs non-carriers in UKB
 The effect of *INHBE* pLOF genotype on survival was examined using a Cox proportional hazards regression looking at time from enrollment to death in UKB adjusting for age at enrollment, sex and 30 PCs of genetic ancestry.

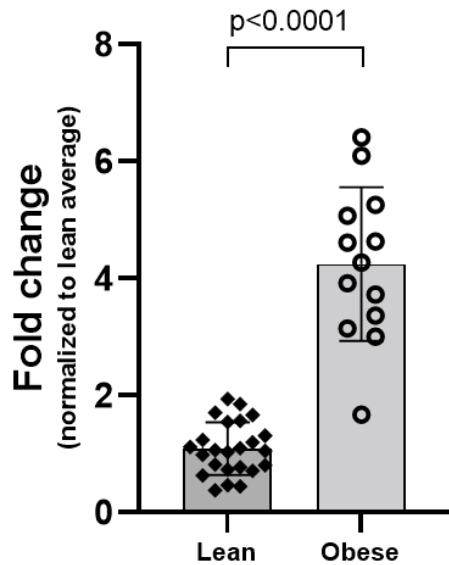


Supplementary Figure 9: Inhibin βE cross-species protein alignment
 The DSTS residues deleted by the splice acceptor variant are highlighted.

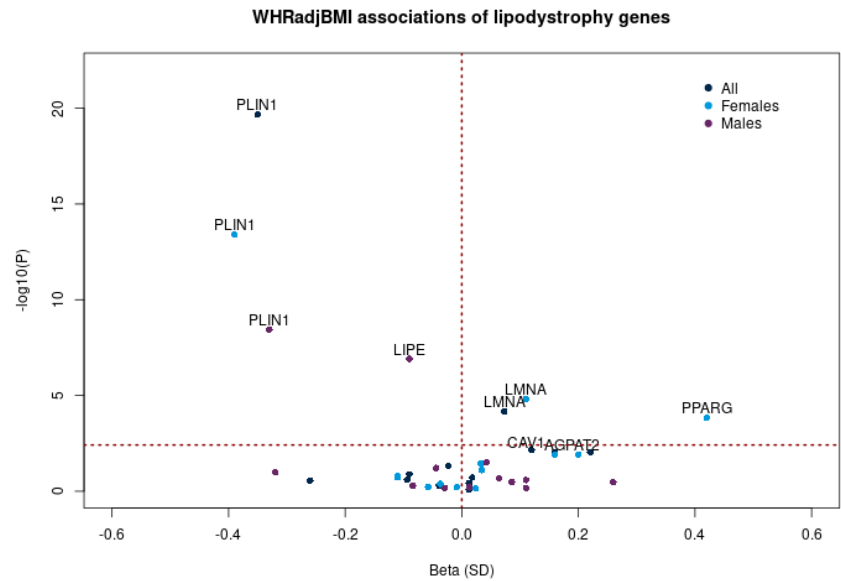
	80	90	100	108	112	120
Consensus Identity	A L T R A L R R L Q - - -	P X S X X P G N X E - - -	E V I S F A T V X	D X S T S	X Y X S X L T F	
1. <i>INHBE</i> _Chicken	A V A R A L R R L Q A D G	P R R G D P P E D E R R F	E I I S F A E - -	E E P T S	S P G T V L R F	
2. <i>INHBE</i> _Mouse	A L T R A L R R L Q - - -	P K S M V P G N R E - - -	K V I S F A T I I D K S T	S T Y R S M L T F		
3. <i>INHBE</i> _Rat	A L T R A L R R L Q - - -	P R S M V P G N R E - - -	K V I S F A T S I D K S T	T Y R S V L T F		
4. <i>INHBE</i> _CynoMonkey	A L T R A L R R L Q - - -	P G S V A P G N G E - - -	E V I S F A T V T D - S T	S A Y S S L L T F		
5. <i>INHBE</i> _Human	A L T R A L R R L Q - - -	P G S V A P G N G E - - -	E V I S F A T V T D - S T	S A Y S S L L T F		

Supplementary Figure 10: Expression of *INHBE* in obese cynomolgus monkeys

Expression of *INHBE* mRNA in the liver of lean (n=24) and obese (n=13) cynomolgous monkeys was quantified by RT-qPCR. *INHBE* expression for each animal was normalized to the geometric mean of *ARL6IP4* and *RPS9* expression. We then calculated the mean expression level in lean animals and expressed fold-change in *INHBE* relative to this value. Statistical significance was assessed using a two-sided unpaired t-test ($P = 1 \times 10^{-12}$). Error bars represent the standard error of the mean for each group.



Supplementary Figure 11: WHRadjBMI associations of Mendelian lipodystrophy genes
Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI in 362,679 European ancestry individuals was performed using a generalized linear model. For genes implicated in lipodystrophies (according to OMIM <https://omim.org/>), associations with WHRadjBMI are shown for the most significant variant set per gene in the sex combined (All) and sex-stratified analyses. Red lines indicate the threshold for statistical significance ($P \leq 0.004$, Bonferroni correcting for 13 genes tested) and Beta=0.



Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1: Gene burden analysis conditioning on nearby hits.

For genes within 1Mb of each other that were significant in the gene burden analysis, namely *KEAP1* and *COL5A3*, we performed conditional analysis. Burden analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry and the relevant genotype as indicated (“adjustment”). The threshold for significance was $P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$ (Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested).

Gene	Variant set	Gene coordinates (hg38)	adjustment	<i>P</i>	Beta (95% CI) in SD units of WHRadjBMI
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	19:9959561-10010532	unadjusted	4.20E-07	0.23 (0.14, 0.32)
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	19:9959561-10010532	<i>KEAP1</i> pLOF+missense	4.03E-07	0.23 (0.14, 0.32)
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	19:10486120-10503378	unadjusted	1.16E-08	0.25 (0.16, 0.33)
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	19:10486120-10503378	<i>COL5A3</i> pLOF	1.11E-08	0.25 (0.16, 0.33)
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	19:10486120-10503378	unadjusted	2.58E-08	0.25 (0.16, 0.34)
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	19:10486120-10503378	<i>COL5A3</i> pLOF	2.48E-08	0.25 (0.16, 0.34)

Supplementary Table 2: Gene burden analysis conditioning on nearby GWAS hits.

We conditioned genes significant in our burden analysis on the top array association(s) with WHRadjBMI (lead SNP in a 250kb window with $P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$) in a 1Mb window. Conditional analysis was performed on 363,016 European ancestry individuals with exome and array genotypes available, unadjusted values are from our primary analysis. Burden analysis was performed using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry and the relevant genotype as indicated (“adjustment”). The threshold for significance was $P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$ (Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested in our primary analysis).

Gene	Variant set	Adjustment	P	Beta (95% CI) in SD units of WHRadjBMI	N carriers	significant
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	unadjusted	2.17E-17	-0.26 (-0.32, -0.2)	1020	Y
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	rs1037378 and rs76613195	3.91E-16	-0.25 (-0.32, -0.19)	1017	Y
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	rs76613195	3.28E-16	-0.25 (-0.32, -0.19)	1017	Y
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	rs1037378	5.27E-17	-0.26 (-0.32, -0.20)	1017	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	unadjusted	1.84E-09	0.13 (0.091, 0.18)	1961	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	rs13041	1.45E-09	0.14 (0.092, 0.18)	1958	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	unadjusted	1.97E-09	0.13 (0.09, 0.17)	2199	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	rs13041	1.20E-09	0.13 (0.087, 0.17)	2194	Y
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	unadjusted	1.05E-07	-0.45 (-0.62, -0.29)	135	Y
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	rs199817986	1.05E-07	-0.45 (-0.62, -0.29)	135	Y
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	unadjusted	6.24E-10	-0.14 (-0.19, -0.097)	1892	Y
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	rs55920843	6.64E-10	-0.14 (-0.19, -0.096)	1888	Y
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	unadjusted	7.10E-10	-0.14 (-0.18, -0.095)	1923	Y
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	rs55920843	7.66E-10	-0.14 (-0.18, -0.095)	1919	Y
<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	unadjusted	1.93E-08	0.072 (0.047, 0.097)	6141	Y
<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	rs28451064	1.76E-08	0.072 (0.047, 0.097)	6123	Y
<i>TRIM40</i>	pLOF+missense	unadjusted	6.99E-07	0.074 (0.045, 0.10)	4443	Y
<i>TRIM40</i>	pLOF+missense	rs3094625	2.55E-06	0.07 (0.041, 0.1)	4433	N

Supplementary Table 3: WHRadjBMI associations in men

Results for any variant set significant in the male-specific, female-specific or sex-combined analysis are shown. Burden analysis was performed using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. The threshold for significance was $P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$ (Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested). N = 166,533 men with WHRadjBMI measurements.

Gene	Variant set	Gene coordinates	P	Beta (95% CI) in SD units of WHRadjBMI	N (carriers non-carriers)	significant
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF	15:89664365-89679417	3.55E-09	-0.33 (-0.44, -0.22)	316 166217	Y
<i>LIPE</i>	pLOF+missense	19:42401507-42427426	1.21E-07	-0.09 (-0.12, -0.057)	3498 163035	Y
<i>LIPE</i>	missense	19:42401507-42427426	1.42E-07	-0.091 (-0.13, -0.057)	3342 163191	Y
<i>GIGYF1</i>	pLOF	7:100679506-100694280	6.76E-07	0.57 (0.34, 0.79)	76 166457	Y
<i>PYGM</i>	pLOF	11:64746389-64760715	4.3E-06	0.12 (0.068, 0.17)	1502 165031	N
<i>ANKRD12</i>	pLOF	18:9136753-9285985	1.28E-05	0.38 (0.21, 0.55)	131 166402	N
<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	21:34073523-34106262	4.51E-05	0.077 (0.04, 0.11)	2803 163730	N
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF+missense	15:89664365-89679417	5.53E-05	-0.087 (-0.13, -0.045)	2140 164393	N
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF	12:57455291-57458013	3.87E-04	-0.21 (-0.33, -0.095)	277 166256	N
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF+missense	12:57455291-57458013	0.001	-0.16 (-0.25, -0.062)	410 166123	N
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	2:157526767-157628887	0.003	-0.1 (-0.17, -0.033)	857 165676	N
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	2:157526767-157628887	0.005	-0.096 (-0.16, -0.03)	871 165662	N
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	19:10486120-10503378	0.02	0.15 (0.021, 0.29)	212 166321	N
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	19:10486120-10503378	0.03	0.15 (0.013, 0.29)	196 166337	N
<i>TRIM40</i>	pLOF+missense	6:30135998-30148773	0.04	0.047 (0.0031, 0.09)	2029 164504	N
<i>SLC35F5</i>	pLOF+missense	2:113702677-113756823	0.14	0.029 (-0.0095, 0.068)	2589 163944	N
<i>SLC35F5</i>	missense	2:113702677-113756823	0.14	0.03 (-0.01, 0.07)	2389 164144	N
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	19:9959561-10010532	0.17	0.093 (-0.039, 0.22)	220 166313	N
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	11:14643691-14874139	0.18	-0.062 (-0.15, 0.028)	464 166069	N

<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	19:4502180-4520285	0.38	0.028 (-0.034, 0.089)	1001 165532	N
<i>ABCA1</i>	missense	9:104781002-104928246	0.50	-0.011 (-0.044, 0.021)	3603 162930	N
<i>ABCA1</i>	pLOF+missense	9:104781002-104928246	0.50	-0.011 (-0.043, 0.021)	3804 162729	N
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	19:4502180-4520285	0.61	0.017 (-0.048, 0.083)	888 165645	N
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF+missense	19:7112255-7294405	0.61	-0.019 (-0.095, 0.056)	663 165870	N
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	19:7112255-7294405	0.67	0.052 (-0.19, 0.29)	66 166467	N

Supplementary Table 4: WHRadjBMI associations in women

Results for any variants set significant in the male-specific, female-specific or sex-combined analysis are shown. Burden analysis was performed using a generalized linear model adjusting for the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. The threshold for significance was $P \leq 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$ (Bonferroni correcting for the number of genes and variant masks tested). N = 195,777 women with WHRadjBMI measurements.

Gene	Variant set	Gene coordinates	P	Beta (95% CI) in SD units of WHRadjBMI	N (carriers non-carriers)	significant
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	11:14643691-14874139	6.31E-23	-0.42 (-0.5, -0.33)	555 195222	Y
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF	15:89664365-89679417	3.94E-14	-0.39 (-0.49, -0.29)	365 195412	Y
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	19:7112255-7294405	1.48E-13	-0.88 (-1.1, -0.65)	69 195708	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	19:4502180-4520285	1.68E-12	0.21 (0.16, 0.27)	1070 194707	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	19:4502180-4520285	1.19E-11	0.2 (0.14, 0.25)	1195 194582	Y
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF+missense	15:89664365-89679417	1.29E-11	-0.13 (-0.17, -0.095)	2579 193198	Y
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	2:157526767-157628887	2.25E-08	-0.17 (-0.23, -0.11)	1052 194725	Y
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	2:157526767-157628887	2.88E-08	-0.17 (-0.23, -0.11)	1035 194742	Y
<i>ABCA1</i>	pLOF+missense	9:104781002-104928246	4.24E-08	-0.082 (-0.11, -0.053)	4511 191266	Y
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF+missense	19:7112255-7294405	4.56E-08	-0.2 (-0.27, -0.13)	773 195004	Y
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	19:9959561-10010532	8.73E-08	0.33 (0.21, 0.45)	259 195518	Y
<i>SLC35F5</i>	missense	2:113702677-113756823	1.78E-07	-0.095 (-0.13, -0.06)	3002 192775	Y
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	19:10486120-10503378	3.41E-07	0.29 (0.18, 0.4)	307 195470	Y
<i>SLC35F5</i>	pLOF+missense	2:113702677-113756823	3.98E-07	-0.089 (-0.12, -0.055)	3256 192521	Y
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	19:10486120-10503378	5.40E-07	0.3 (0.18, 0.41)	280 195497	Y
<i>ABCA1</i>	missense	9:104781002-104928246	5.93E-07	-0.077 (-0.11, -0.046)	4289 191488	Y
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF+missense	12:57455291-57458013	2.19E-06	-0.21 (-0.3, -0.12)	503 195274	N
<i>TRIM40</i>	pLOF+missense	6:30135998-30148773	5.49E-06	0.092 (0.053, 0.13)	2409 193368	N
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF	12:57455291-57458013	3.06E-05	-0.22 (-0.33, -0.12)	340 195437	N

<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	21:34073523-34106262	5.83E-05	0.07 (0.036, 0.10)	3331 192446	N
<i>PYGM</i>	pLOF	11:64746389-64760715	4.57E-04	0.081 (0.036, 0.13)	1857 193920	N
<i>ANKRD12</i>	pLOF	18:9136753-9285985	0.002	0.27 (0.1, 0.44)	130 195647	N
<i>LIPE</i>	pLOF+missense	19:42401507-42427426	0.04	0.033 (0.0023, 0.064)	4084 191693	N
<i>LIPE</i>	missense	19:42401507-42427426	0.09	0.027 (-0.0041, 0.059)	3895 191882	N
<i>GIGYF1</i>	pLOF	7:100679506-100694280	0.78	-0.037 (-0.3, 0.23)	54 195723	N

Supplementary Table 5: Meta-analysis of WHRadjBMI in men and women

Gene burden results from sex-stratified analysis of WHRadjBMI were meta-analyzed using an inverse-variance weighted method implemented in METAL. Results for any variant set significant in the male-specific, female-specific or sex-combined analysis are shown. P_{het} ; heterogeneity P-value from Cochran's Q test ($P \leq 0.05$ suggests evidence of heterogeneity).

Gene	Variant set	P	Beta (95% CI) in SD units of WHRadjBMI	Direction	P_{het}	sig	het
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF	1.18E-21	-0.36 (-0.44, -0.29)	--	0.41	Y	N
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	2.61E-16	-0.26 (-0.32, -0.19)	--	1.58E-08	Y	Y
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF+missense	1.15E-14	-0.11 (-0.14, -0.084)	--	0.12	Y	N
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	1.21E-09	-0.14 (-0.18, -0.094)	--	0.12	Y	N
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	1.49E-09	-0.14 (-0.18, -0.093)	--	0.10	Y	N
<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	1.06E-08	0.073 (0.048, 0.098)	++	0.77	Y	N
<i>PYGM</i>	pLOF	1.35E-08	0.098 (0.064, 0.13)	++	0.28	Y	N
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF+missense	1.36E-08	-0.19 (-0.25, -0.12)	--	0.44	Y	N
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	2.19E-08	0.12 (0.077, 0.16)	++	8.53E-05	Y	Y
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	2.62E-08	0.13 (0.081, 0.17)	++	1.22E-05	Y	Y
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF	4.44E-08	-0.22 (-0.30, -0.14)	--	0.88	Y	N
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	7.95E-08	0.23 (0.15, 0.32)	++	0.13	Y	N
<i>ANKRD12</i>	pLOF	1.27E-07	0.32 (0.2, 0.45)	++	0.38	Y	N
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	1.77E-07	0.24 (0.15, 0.33)	++	0.12	Y	N
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	6.12E-07	-0.43 (-0.59, -0.26)	+-	4.5E-08	Y	Y
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	1.1E-06	0.22 (0.13, 0.31)	++	0.009	N	Y
<i>TRIM40</i>	pLOF+missense	1.84E-06	0.072 (0.042, 0.1)	++	0.13	N	N
<i>ABCA1</i>	pLOF+missense	7.00E-06	-0.05 (-0.071, -0.028)	--	0.001	N	Y
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF+missense	1.32E-05	-0.11 (-0.17, -0.063)	--	8.29E-04	N	Y
<i>ABCA1</i>	missense	3.45E-05	-0.047 (-0.069, -0.025)	--	0.004	N	Y
<i>GIGYF1</i>	pLOF	2.96E-04	0.32 (0.14, 0.49)	+-	6.38E-04	N	Y
<i>SLC35F5</i>	missense	0.003	-0.04 (-0.066, -0.013)	+-	4.93E-06	N	Y
<i>SLC35F5</i>	pLOF+missense	0.005	-0.037 (-0.062, -0.011)	+-	7.6E-06	N	Y
<i>LIPE</i>	missense	0.02	-0.027 (-0.051, -0.0043)	+-	5.17E-07	N	Y
<i>LIPE</i>	pLOF+missense	0.04	-0.024 (-0.046, -0.0011)	+-	1.07E-07	N	Y

Supplementary Table 6: Replication of gene-level associations in AMP-T2D-GENES

Gene-based analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed using a burden test with linear regression in up to 27,380 unrelated individuals. The analysis used 10 PCs of genetic ancestry, sample cohort subgroup, and sequencing technology as covariates. The threshold for statistical significance adjusting for 10 genes tested is $P \leq 0.005$ with $P \leq 0.05$ indicating nominal significance.

Gene	Variant set	P	Beta (95% CI)	N	N carriers
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF	9.41x10 ⁻⁴	-1.03 (-1.60, -0.42)	13456	10
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF+missense	0.04	-0.31 (-0.61, -0.0076)	20052	41
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF+missense	0.05	-0.13 (-0.27, 0.002)	25380	204
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	0.11	0.15 (-0.032, 0.32)	25761	121
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF	0.17	-0.26 (-0.64, 0.12)	19549	26
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	0.18	-0.32 (-0.78, 0.14)	13270	17
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	0.20	0.28 (-0.14, 0.70)	19995	21
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	0.20	0.263 (-0.14, 0.66)	19995	23
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	0.29	-0.33 (-0.95, 0.29)	6269	10
<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	0.42	0.19 (-0.27, 0.66)	16430	17
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	0.50	0.08 (-0.15, 0.31)	25154	70
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	0.50	0.08 (-0.15, 0.31)	25154	70
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	0.55	0.03 (-0.07, 0.13)	25761	401
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	0.76	0.06 (-0.30, 0.41)	21776	29
<i>PYGM</i>	pLOF	0.85	0.02 (-0.21, 0.26)	24037	67

Supplementary Table 7: Sensitivity analysis in White outgroup of UKB

Association results for genes significant in the discovery analysis with ≥ 5 rare variant carriers in the White outgroup. Burden analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed using a generalized linear model. The direction of effect in the sensitivity analysis and discovery analysis respectively is shown as well as meta-analysis of these results. The threshold for statistical significance adjusting for 11 genes tested is $P \leq 0.003$ with $P \leq 0.05$ indicating nominal significance

Gene	Variant set	<i>P</i>	Beta (95% CI)	N carrier	Significance ** $P \leq 0.05$ * $P \leq 0.003$	Direction	<i>P</i> meta	Beta meta (95% CI)
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF	2.38E-04	-0.48 (-0.73, -0.22)	59	**	--	3.57E-23	-0.36 (-0.43, -0.29)
<i>PLIN1</i>	pLOF+missense	0.16	-0.061 (-0.14, 0.023)	560		--	3.16E-14	-0.10 (-0.13, -0.077)
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF	0.006	0.23 (0.067, 0.39)	149	*	++	6.6E-11	0.14 (0.01, 0.18)
<i>PLIN4</i>	pLOF+missense	0.002	0.24 (0.086, 0.38)	173	**	++	3.93E-11	0.14 (0.095, 0.17)
<i>INSR</i>	pLOF	0.007	-0.96 (-1.6, -0.26)	8	*	--	6.44E-09	-0.48 (-0.64, -0.32)
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF	0.44	-0.13 (-0.44, 0.19)	38		--	4.24E-08	-0.21 (-0.29, -0.14)
<i>INHBE</i>	pLOF+missense	0.64	-0.063 (-0.33, 0.2)	54		--	2.65E-08	-0.18 (-0.24, -0.11)
<i>ACVR1C</i>	missense	0.58	-0.052 (-0.24, 0.13)	114		--	8.3E-10	-0.14 (-0.18, -0.093)
<i>ACVR1C</i>	pLOF+missense	0.57	-0.052 (-0.23, 0.13)	118		--	9.26E-10	-0.13 (-0.18, -0.092)
<i>COL5A3</i>	pLOF	0.40	0.16 (-0.21, 0.54)	27		++	3.07E-07	0.23 (0.14, 0.31)
<i>KEAP1</i>	missense	4.30E-04	0.40 (0.18, 0.62)	79	**	++	9.18E-11	0.27 (0.19, 0.36)
<i>KEAP1</i>	pLOF+missense	4.99E-04	0.38 (0.16, 0.59)	86	**	++	4.31E-11	0.27 (0.19, 0.35)
<i>PDE3B</i>	pLOF	0.15	-0.16 (-0.38, 0.06)	78		--	1.12E-17	-0.26 (-0.32, -0.20)
<i>PYGM</i>	pLOF	0.66	-0.029 (-0.16, 0.1)	220		+-	3.78E-07	0.085 (0.052, 0.12)
<i>SLC5A3</i>	missense	0.11	0.064 (-0.013, 0.14)	662		++	5.09E-09	0.071 (0.047, 0.095)

Supplementary Table 8: *INHBE* pLOF leave-one-variant-out analysis in UKB

We performed leave-one-variant-out analysis for *INHBE* pLOF variants in UKB. Gene-based burden analysis of WHRadjBMI was performed using a generalized linear model excluding one variant at a time from the analysis. Single variant analysis was performed using a linear model.

Variant set	P burden	Beta burden (95% CI)	N carrier burden	rsid	consequence	HGVS annotation	MAF	P single variant	Beta single variant (95% CI)
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF all variants	4.98E-08	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)	618						
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57456093:G:C	0.34	-0.10 (-0.32, 0.11)	80	rs150777893	splice acceptor variant	NM_031479.4: c.299-1G>C	0.074%	4.31E-08	-0.23 (-0.32, -0.15)
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455835:G:T	2.44E-07	-0.21 (-0.3, -0.13)	569	rs375342858	splice donor variant	NM_031479.4: c.298+1G>T	0.007%	0.08	-0.25 (-0.53, 0.03)
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455654:C:T	3.19E-08	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)	604	""	stop gained	NP_113667.1: p.Arg40Ter	0.002%	0.92	0.03 (-0.49, 0.55)
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455698:GT:G	1.49E-08	-0.23 (-0.31, -0.15)	611	""	frameshift variant	NP_113667.1: p.Leu55CysfsTer3	0.001%		
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455588:C:T	8.50E-08	-0.21 (-0.29, -0.14)	614	rs750332159	stop gained	NP_113667.1: p.Arg18Ter	0.0005%		
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455553:TC:T	4.49E-08	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)	616	""	frameshift variant	NP_113667.1: p.Gln7SerfsTer40	0.0003%		
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455645:C:T	3.82E-08	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)	616	""	stop gained	NP_113667.1: p.Gln37Ter	0.0003%		
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF 12:57455742:A:G	4.01E-08	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)	616	""	splice acceptor variant	NP_113667.1: p.Gln69Arg	0.0003%		

Supplementary Table 9: *INHBE* pLOF leave-one-variant-out analysis in AMP-T2D-GENES

We performed leave-one-variant-out analysis for *INHBE* pLOF in AMP-T2D-GENES. Analysis was performed using a burden test with linear regression excluding one variant at a time from the analysis.

Variant set	P	Beta in SD (95% CI)	N	N carrier	rsid	consequence
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF all variants	9.41E-04	-1.03 (-1.64, -0.42)	13456	10		
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF exclude 12:57850337 C/T,A	0.03	-0.77 (-1.45, -0.09)	12550	8	rs146517777	stop gain (Tyr253Ter)
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF exclude 12:57849876 G/C	0.008	-1.16 (-2.01, -0.31)	7100	5	rs150777893	splice acceptor variant
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF exclude 12:57849618 G/T	1.18E-04	-1.26 (-1.90, -0.62)	13456	9	rs375342858	splice donor variant
<i>INHBE</i> pLOF exclude 12:57850164 G/T	0.006	-0.95 (-1.63, -0.27)	11813	8	rs764817559	stop gain (Glu196Ter)

Supplementary Table 10: Association of WHRadjBMI genes with unadjusted WHR and BMI.

For genes associated with WHRadjBMI, the effects on WHR (without BMI adjustment) and BMI are shown. Analysis was performed using a generalized linear model adjusting for age, sex, and the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. Whether variant sets are significant correcting for the number of variant sets and phenotypes tested is indicated ($P < 0.0016$).

Title	Variant set	P	Beta in SD (95% CI)	significant
WHR	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	1.24E-05	-0.076 (-0.11, -0.042)	Y
BMI	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.16	0.031 (-0.013, 0.076)	N
WHR	<i>ACVR1C</i> pLOF+missense	2.77E-05	-0.072 (-0.11, -0.038)	Y
BMI	<i>ACVR1C</i> pLOF+missense	0.09	0.038 (-0.0056, 0.082)	N
WHR	<i>ANKRD12</i> pLOF	3.15E-09	0.27 (0.18, 0.37)	Y
BMI	<i>ANKRD12</i> pLOF	0.005	0.17 (0.052, 0.29)	N
WHR	<i>COL5A3</i> pLOF	2.26E-06	0.16 (0.095, 0.23)	Y
BMI	<i>COL5A3</i> pLOF	0.57	0.025 (-0.063, 0.11)	N
WHR	<i>INHBE</i> pLOF	3.57E-05	-0.12 (-0.18, -0.066)	Y
BMI	<i>INHBE</i> pLOF	0.77	0.011 (-0.066, 0.089)	N
WHR	<i>INHBE</i> pLOF+missense	2.95E-04	-0.09 (-0.14, -0.041)	Y
BMI	<i>INHBE</i> pLOF+missense	0.13	0.049 (-0.015, 0.11)	N
WHR	<i>INSR</i> pLOF	8.53E-07	-0.32 (-0.45, -0.19)	Y
BMI	<i>INSR</i> pLOF	0.64	0.039 (-0.13, 0.2)	N
WHR	<i>KEAP1</i> missense	7.31E-06	0.15 (0.087, 0.22)	Y
BMI	<i>KEAP1</i> missense	0.69	-0.018 (-0.11, 0.07)	N
WHR	<i>KEAP1</i> pLOF+missense	1.01E-05	0.14 (0.08, 0.21)	Y
BMI	<i>KEAP1</i> pLOF+missense	0.59	-0.023 (-0.11, 0.061)	N
WHR	<i>PDE3B</i> pLOF	3.36E-07	-0.12 (-0.17, -0.074)	Y
BMI	<i>PDE3B</i> pLOF	1.41E-04	0.12 (0.057, 0.18)	Y
WHR	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	1.07E-11	-0.2 (-0.25, -0.14)	Y
BMI	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.08	0.066 (-0.0079, 0.14)	N
WHR	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF+missense	2.07E-05	-0.046 (-0.068, -0.025)	Y
BMI	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF+missense	1.67E-04	0.054 (0.026, 0.082)	Y
WHR	<i>PLIN4</i> pLOF	2.06E-04	0.063 (0.03, 0.096)	Y
BMI	<i>PLIN4</i> pLOF	0.010	-0.057 (-0.1, -0.014)	N
WHR	<i>PLIN4</i> pLOF+missense	1.99E-04	0.059 (0.028, 0.091)	Y
BMI	<i>PLIN4</i> pLOF+missense	0.008	-0.055 (-0.096, -0.014)	N
WHR	<i>PYGM</i> pLOF	3.88E-05	0.053 (0.028, 0.079)	Y
BMI	<i>PYGM</i> pLOF	0.61	-0.0086 (-0.042, 0.025)	N
WHR	<i>SLC5A3</i> missense	7.39E-09	0.055 (0.037, 0.074)	Y
BMI	<i>SLC5A3</i> missense	0.02	0.029 (0.0048, 0.054)	N

Supplementary Table 11: Association of WHRadjBMI genes with metabolic syndrome score

The association of WHRadjBMI-associated genes with MetS score was tested using ordinal regression adjusting for age, sex, and the first 30 PCs of genetic ancestry. The p-value and beta from the ordinal regression are shown as well as the change in MetS score expressed in terms of number of MetS traits.

Title	Variant set	P	Beta from ordinal regression (95% CI)	Change in MetS score (95% CI)	N carrier measured
MetS score	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	1.36E-08	-0.44 (-0.59, -0.29)	-0.31 (-0.41, -0.21)	537
MetS score	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF+missense	9.69E-04	-0.097 (-0.15, -0.039)	-0.074 (-0.11, -0.036)	3691
MetS score	<i>PDE3B</i> pLOF	5.82E-08	-0.34 (-0.47, -0.22)	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)	811
MetS score	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.004	-0.14 (-0.23, -0.046)	-0.085 (-0.15, -0.024)	1448
MetS score	<i>ACVR1C</i> pLOF+missense	0.006	-0.13 (-0.22, -0.036)	-0.08 (-0.14, -0.019)	1468
MetS score	<i>INHBE</i> pLOF	0.02	-0.19 (-0.35, -0.03)	-0.12 (-0.23, -0.016)	483
MetS score	<i>INHBE</i> pLOF+missense	0.04	-0.14 (-0.27, -0.0078)	-0.08 (-0.17, 0.0057)	727
MetS score	<i>PYGM</i> pLOF	0.006	0.097 (0.028, 0.17)	0.067 (0.021, 0.11)	2577
MetS score	<i>ANKRD12</i> pLOF	0.03	0.28 (0.033, 0.53)	0.2 (0.045, 0.36)	215
MetS score	<i>INSR</i> pLOF	0.04	-0.35 (-0.68, -0.013)	-0.22 (-0.44, -0.0011)	112
MetS score	<i>KEAP1</i> pLOF+missense	0.22	0.11 (-0.065, 0.29)	0.08 (-0.034, 0.19)	409
MetS score	<i>KEAP1</i> missense	0.25	0.11 (-0.075, 0.29)	0.085 (-0.034, 0.2)	380
MetS score	<i>COL5A3</i> pLOF	0.37	0.083 (-0.098, 0.26)	0.06 (-0.06, 0.18)	378
MetS score	<i>PLIN4</i> pLOF	0.45	0.035 (-0.055, 0.12)	0.015 (-0.044, 0.075)	1518
MetS score	<i>PLIN4</i> pLOF+missense	0.46	0.032 (-0.053, 0.12)	0.015 (-0.041, 0.071)	1717
MetS score	<i>SLC5A3</i> missense	0.62	0.013 (-0.038, 0.064)	0.0079 (-0.026, 0.041)	4831

Supplementary Table 12: Association of *INHBE* pLOF with metabolic traits

The association of *INHBE* pLOF with various metabolic traits was performed using a generalized linear model adjusting for 30 PCs and other covariates as indicated in the Methods. The effect in standard deviations (SD) and clinical units is shown. VATadjBMI, visceral adipose tissue adjusted for BMI; ASATadjBMI, abdominal subcutaneous adipose tissue adjusted for BMI.

Title	P	Beta in SD (95% CI)	Beta in clinical units (95% CI)	N carrier measured	Clinical units
WHRadjBMI	4.98E-08	-0.22 (-0.3, -0.14)		618	
WHR	3.57E-05	-0.12 (-0.18, -0.07)	-0.01 (-0.02, -0.006)	619	
Hip circumference	0.37	0.035 (-0.04, 0.11)	0.33 (-0.39, 1.00)	619	cm
Waist circumference	0.08	-0.06 (-0.13, 0.01)	-0.82 (-1.8, 0.11)	619	cm
BMI	0.58	0.02 (-0.06, 0.10)	0.11 (-0.27, 0.48)	596	kg/m ²
Triglycerides	9.65E-04	-0.13 (-0.21, -0.05)	-0.13 (-0.21, -0.06)	594	mmol/L
HDL cholesterol	0.01	0.10 (0.02, 0.18)	0.04 (0.01, 0.07)	550	mmol/L
LDL cholesterol	0.26	-0.05 (-0.13, 0.03)	-0.04 (-0.11, 0.03)	594	mmol/L
LDL adj medication	0.11	-0.06 (-0.14, 0.02)	-0.054 (-0.12, 0.01)	594	mmol/L
ApoB	0.06	-0.076 (-0.16, 0.004)	-0.02 (-0.04, 0.001)	593	g/L
ALT	0.04	-0.08 (-0.15, -0.004)	-1.10 (-2.20, -0.06)	595	U/L
HbA1c	0.78	-0.011 (-0.087, 0.065)	-0.074 (-0.59, 0.44)	595	mmol/mol
Glucose	0.21	0.05 (-0.03, 0.13)	0.07 (-0.04, 0.17)	551	mmol/L
Fasting glucose (GP)	0.03	-0.17 (-0.33, -0.02)	-0.37 (-0.70, -0.03)	90	mmol/L
Diastolic BP	0.10	-0.07 (-0.15, 0.01)	-0.71 (-1.60, 0.15)	574	mmHg
Systolic BP	0.46	-0.03 (-0.10, 0.05)	-0.56 (-2.10, 0.94)	574	mmHg
ASATadjBMI	0.12	-0.27 (-0.61, 0.07)		33	
VATadjBMI	0.26	-0.20 (-0.54, 0.14)		33	
Liver fat	0.93	-0.02 (-0.46, 0.42)	-0.09 (-2.10, 1.90)	18	%

Supplementary Table 13: Association of *INHBE* pLOF with cardiometabolic disease

The association of *INHBE* pLOF with disease diagnosis was tested using a mixed-effects model with the effect on disease risk from this regression shown as an odds ratio (“OR”). The odds ratio predicted from a Mendelian Randomization study of WHRadjBMI¹ is also shown (“MR-predicted OR”) along with the total number of individuals we would need to sequence to detect a statistically significant effect on disease risk (“N total for *P* = 0.05”).

Diagnosis	<i>P</i>	OR (95% CI)	N cases N controls	N carrier cases	MAF	MR-predicted OR	N total for <i>P</i> = 0.05
Coronary Heart Disease (phecode 411)	0.05	0.78 (0.60, 1.00)	48193 350357	70	0.08%	0.92	7,357,216
Type 2 diabetes (phecode 250.2)	0.65	0.94 (0.70, 1.24)	32383 366167	51	0.08%	0.88	4,925,516

Supplementary Table 14: Association of rs150777893 with *INHBC* protein levels in an Icelandic plasma proteomic study

The *INHBE* pLOF variant rs150777893 was examined in a recent independent study of plasma proteins performed in the Icelandic population². The association with circulating *INHBC* levels is shown.

Title	rsid	gene	<i>P</i>	Beta in SD (95% CI)
<i>INHBC</i> protein	rs150777893	<i>INHBE</i>	0.006	0.52 (0.15, 0.90)

Supplementary Table 15: CNVs deleting *INHBE* in WES and WGS data from UKB

CNVs impacting *INHBE* that are present in the UKB WES data (n=454,756 participants) and/or WGS data (n=150,119 participants). Two of the CNVs identified in the WES data were also identified using the WGS data, with slightly different breakpoints as shown. The start and end positions for these deletions in hg38 coordinates are provided and the genes overlapped are indicated. *INHBE* hg38 coordinates used were 12:57455291-57458013.

CNV Chr:Start-End (WES)	CNV Type (WES)	Genes overlapped (WES)	CNV Chr:Start-End (WGS)	CNV Type (WGS)	Genes overlapped (WGS)
12:57,449,276-57,490,644	DEL	<i>INHBE, INHBC, ARHGAP9, GLI1, MARS1</i>	12:57,438,169-57,495,228	DEL	<i>INHBE, INHBC, GLI1, ARHGAP9, MARS1</i>
12:57,449,276-57,456,848	DEL	<i>INHBC, INHBE</i>	NA (individual has no WGS data)		
12:57,418,185-57,456,848	DEL	<i>INHBC, INHBE, R3HDM2</i>	12:57,414,374-57,458,676	DEL	<i>INHBE, INHBC, R3HDM2</i>
			12:57,456,367-57,458,350	DEL	<i>INHBE</i>
			12:57,456,367 - 57,458,350	DEL	<i>INHBE</i>

Supplementary Table 16: PheWAS of *ACVR1C* damaging missense variants

Phenome-wide significant associations of *ACVR1C* damaging missense variants ($P \leq 5 \times 10^{-5}$) are shown along with associations with selected cardiometabolic traits and diseases. Association testing was performed using a generalized linear model for quantitative traits and a mixed-effects model for disease diagnoses.

Title	Variant set	P	Beta in SD or OR (95% CI)	N carrier measured/ N carrier cases	phenome-wide significant
WHRadjBMI	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	6.24E-10	-0.14 (-0.19, -0.097)	1892	Y
Birth weight	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	1.92E-23	0.30 (0.24, 0.36)	1088	Y
WHR	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	1.24E-05	-0.076 (-0.11, -0.042)	1894	Y
Whole body water mass	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	6.96E-04	0.048 (0.02, 0.077)	1857	N
BMI	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.17	0.031 (-0.013, 0.076)	1857	N
Waist circumference	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.67	-0.009 (-0.048, 0.031)	1894	N
Triglycerides	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.06	-0.043 (-0.088, 0.0014)	1795	N
HDL cholesterol	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.08	0.039 (-0.005, 0.082)	1645	N
LDL cholesterol	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.26	0.027 (-0.02, 0.073)	1792	N
ApoB	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.63	0.011 (-0.035, 0.058)	1791	N
LDL adj medication	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.59	0.013 (-0.033, 0.058)	1792	N
ALT	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.67	-0.009 (-0.053, 0.034)	1797	N
HbA1c	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.06	-0.042 (-0.086, 0.0011)	1806	N
Diastolic BP	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.01	-0.06 (-0.11, -0.014)	1754	N
Systolic BP	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.04	-0.046 (-0.089, -0.0021)	1754	N
VATadjBMI	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.02	-0.23 (-0.42, -0.04)	107	N
ASATadjBMI	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.84	-0.02 (-0.21, 0.17)	107	N
Type 2 diabetes	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.005	0.78 (0.66, 0.94)	138	N
Coronary Heart Disease	<i>ACVR1C</i> missense	0.53	1.0 (0.91, 1.2)	268	N

Supplementary Table 17: PheWAS of *PLIN1* pLOF

Phenome-wide significant associations of *PLIN1* pLOF variants ($P \leq 5 \times 10^{-5}$) are shown along with associations with selected cardiometabolic traits and diseases. Association testing was performed using a generalized linear model for quantitative traits and a mixed-effects model for disease diagnoses.

Title	Variant set	P	Beta in SD or OR (95% CI)	N carrier measured/N carrier cases	Phenome-wide significant
WHRadjBMI	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	2.12E-20	-0.35 (-0.43, -0.28)	681	Y
HDL cholesterol	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	3.29E-20	0.34 (0.27, 0.41)	601	Y
ApoA	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	4.71E-13	0.27 (0.20, 0.34)	594	Y
Triglycerides	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	9.56E-12	-0.26 (-0.33, -0.18)	651	Y
WHR	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	1.07E-11	-0.2 (-0.25, -0.14)	682	Y
Reticulocyte count	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	4.11E-08	-0.21 (-0.29, -0.14)	656	Y
Reticulocyte percentage	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	5.31E-07	-0.20 (-0.27, -0.12)	656	Y
Hip circumference	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	3.34E-06	0.18 (0.10, 0.25)	682	Y
HLS reticulocyte count	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	4.65E-06	-0.18 (-0.25, -0.1)	656	Y
Leukocyte count	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	9.54E-06	-0.17 (-0.25, -0.095)	665	Y
HLS reticulocyte percentage	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	4.52E-05	-0.16 (-0.24, -0.083)	656	Y
ApoB	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	6.77E-04	-0.13 (-0.21, -0.056)	649	N
LDL adj medication	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.004	-0.11 (-0.19, -0.035)	652	N
Diastolic BP	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.02	-0.08 (-0.15, -0.01)	636	N
Systolic BP	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.03	-0.08 (-0.16, -0.007)	636	N
HbA1c	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.08	-0.065 (-0.14, 0.007)	656	N
BMI	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.08	0.067 (-0.008, 0.14)	669	N
LDL cholesterol	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.09	-0.066 (-0.14, 0.011)	652	N
Waist circumference	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.34	-0.032 (-0.098, 0.034)	682	N
ASATadjBMI	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.21	0.21 (-0.12, 0.54)	36	N
VATadjBMI	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.88	-0.025 (-0.35, 0.3)	36	N
Type 2 diabetes	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.11	0.81 (0.62, 1.05)	52	N
Coronary Heart Disease	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.07	0.81 (0.65, 1.02)	79	N
Essential hypertension	<i>PLIN1</i> pLOF	0.53	0.95 (0.8, 1.12)	241	N

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