# nature portfolio

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Sta	atistics			
For	all statistical an	alyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.		
n/a	Confirmed			
	The exact	sample size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement		
	A stateme	ent on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly		
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.			
$\boxtimes$	A descript	cion of all covariates tested		
$\boxtimes$	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons			
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)			
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>			
$\boxtimes$	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings			
X	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes			
	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated			
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.		
So	ftware an	d code		
Poli	cy information	about <u>availability of computer code</u>		
D	ata collection	No software was used to collect data		
D	ata analysis	All data were statistically analyzed using Graphpad Prism Version 8.02		
		g custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.		

#### Date

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The data that support the findings of this study are available within the manuscript and supplementary file

Field-spe	ecific reporting
<del></del>	ne below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
✓ Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>
Life scier	nces study design
All studies must dis	close on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	Individual experiments were performed on a n = 10 animals per group, and reported data include pooled data from experiments that were repeated to to ensure reproducibility and scientific rigor. We have empirically determined that an n of 10 per group is necessary to achieve statistical power.
Data exclusions	No data were excluded post analysis. Some BALF cytokine concentration data may come from fewer than 10 animals per group as we ran out of BALF fluid while performing ELISAs.
Replication	All studies reported herein were repeated at least once, and the data reported as pooled studies
Randomization	Only female BALB/c animals were used for this study as w
Blinding	Investigators performing histopathological scoring of lung lesions were blinded to experimental groups
We require informatis system or method liss  Materials & ex  n/a Involved in th  Antibodies  Eukaryotic  Palaeontol  Animals ar  Human res  Clinical dat	cell lines ChIP-seq cogy and archaeology MRI-based neuroimaging d other organisms search participants
Antibodies	
Antibodies used Validation	Antibodies for the depletion of IL-17A and neutrophils (17F3, 1A8, MAR18.5) as well as isotype controls (MOPC-21 and 2A3), used in this study were purchased from the invivoMab line of InvivoGen. Flow cytometry antibodies used were the anti-mouse CD3 clone 17A2 (BV510 conjugated), anti-mouse CD4 clone GK1.5 (APC-Cy7 conjugated) and anti-mouse IL-17A clone TC11-18H10.1 (PE conjugated)  The antibodies used in this study are validated for in vivo use by the manufacturer and used widely in the literature for their intended purpose (see manuscript). Furthermore, the activity of the antibodies was further validated in our study, and the data validating their activity appears within the manuscript.
Eukaryotic c	ell lines
Policy information	about <u>cell lines</u>

Cell line source(s)

State the source of each cell line used.

Authentication

Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.

Mycoplasma contamination

Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

# Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable, export.

Specimen deposition

Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

 $\overline{\phantom{a}}$  Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

# Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

8 to 15 week old female BALB/c mice purchased from Jackson Laboratories were used in this study

Wild animals

Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples

For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.

Ethics oversight

All animal experiments were conducted in accordance with our approved Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee protocol (A20-044)

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

# Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Clinical data

Policy information about clinical studies

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration | Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

# Dual use research of concern

Policy information about <u>dual use research of concern</u>

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Software

repository, provide accession details.

Could the accidental, deli in the manuscript, pose a	berate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented threat to:	
No Yes  Public health  National security  Crops and/or livest  Ecosystems  Any other significa		
Experiments of concer	n	
Does the work involve an	y of these experiments of concern:	
Confer resistance to Confer Re	to render a vaccine ineffective to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents note of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent tibility of a pathogen to fa pathogen diagnostic/detection modalities nization of a biological agent or toxin tilly harmful combination of experiments and agents of and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.	
Confirm that you have	e deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.	
Data access links May remain private before public	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.	
Files in database submiss	ion Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.	
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u> )	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.	
Methodology		
Replicates Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.		
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.	
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, continuation number.	
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.	
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.	

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community

# Flow Cytometry

#### **Plots**

C C:	
Confirm	that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation

Whole mouse lungs were extracted from humanely euthanized mice. Prior to lung collection, bronchoalveolar lavage was performed to remove BALF cells that are primarily neutrophils to allow for better resolution of lymphocyte populations that are found in the interstitial lesions. Lungs were then minced then digested with collagenase and a single cell suspension was obtained by crushing minced lung through a 70um cell strainer. Cells were counted, then stained as described in the methods section.

Instrument

BD LSRFortessa X-20 Cell Analyzer

Software

BD FACSDiva and FlowJo 10.8.1

Cell population abundance

Target TH17 cells made up a small percentage of the target population. No enrichment was performed for these cells, and their populations were identified by rigorous gating strategies

Gating strategy

Debris was gated out using FSC-A and SSC-A parameters then live cells were identified based on the amount ZombieVioletTM Viability die taken up by the cells. ZombieVioletTM unstained cells used as control for gate placement. Singlets were identified based on FSC-A vs FSC-W, and single cells were then gated as lymphocyte-like or other based on size (FSC-A) and complexity (SSC-A). IL-17A(PE) gate was based on IL-17A/PE Full Minus One-control. Gates for CD3 and CD4 were based on Full Minus One (FMO) and Single Stain controls for CD3 and CD4.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

# Magnetic resonance imaging

#### Experimental design

Design type

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

Design specifications

Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.

Behavioral performance measures

State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

#### Acquisition

Imaging type(s)

Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.

Field strength

Specify in Tesla

Sequence & imaging parameters

Used

Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.

Area of acquisition

State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.

Diffusion MRI

Not used

#### Preprocessing

Preprocessing software

Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).

Normalization

If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.

Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).	
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.	
Statistical modeling & infer	rence	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis:	Whole brain ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u> )	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	
Models & analysis		
n/a   Involved in the study		
Functional and/or effecti	ive connectivity	
Graph analysis	'	
Multivariate modeling or	predictive analysis	
Functional and/or effective cor	nnectivity Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation,	

Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency,

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation

mutual information).

etc.).

metrics.

Graph analysis

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis