

**S2 Table: Correlates of Attrition from Analysis Sample**

	(1)	(2)
	Dep. variable: =1 if in analysis sample	
	Liberia	Malawi
<b>Panel A: Demographics</b>		
=1 if female	-0.06 (0.07)	-0.04*** (0.01)
Age (divided by 10)	0.04* (0.02)	0.00 (0.01)
=1 if currently married or has partner	-0.05 (0.08)	0.02 (0.03)
Years of education (divided by 10)	0.02 (0.08)	0.04 (0.03)
Number of household members (divided by 10)	-0.13 (0.14)	0.02 (0.05)
<b>Panel B: Expenditure and assets</b>		
Household monthly expenditure (Thou. USD)	0.33 (0.60)	0.19* (0.10)
Household food expenditure (Thou. USD)	0.92 (1.84)	0.76 (0.51)
=1 if respondent has access to mobile phone	0.25*** (0.05)	0.01 (0.02)
=1 if house owned	-0.08 (0.06)	0.03 (0.04)
=1 if house has thatch roof	-0.20** (0.09)	-0.05** (0.02)
Total value of land and housing (Thou. USD)	-0.05 (0.08)	0.01*** (0.00)
Total value of physical assets (Thou. USD)	0.33 (1.13)	0.11 (0.10)
Net value of financial assets (Thou. USD)	1.41 (1.44)	-0.49 (0.43)
<b>Panel C: Food security</b>		
<i>For any household member in the past month:</i>		
=1 if skipped a meal	0.11* (0.06)	-0.02 (0.02)
=1 if went to sleep hungry	0.12* (0.06)	-0.03 (0.02)
=1 if had no food for an entire day	0.08 (0.08)	-0.01 (0.03)
Mean Dependent variable	0.73	0.96
Observations	206	297

Note: The table shows coefficients from bivariate regressions for each covariate using compliance as dependent variable. Compliance is defined as 1 if the household ever appears in the analysis of this paper, and 0 otherwise. Standard errors are clustered at the village level.