

S3 Table: Correlates of Attrition from Balanced Sample

	(1)	(2)
	Dep. variable: % of survey rounds completed	
	Liberia	Malawi
Panel A: Demographics		
=1 if female	-0.07** (0.03)	-0.04 (0.03)
Age (divided by 10)	0.01 (0.01)	0.00 (0.01)
=1 if currently married or has partner	-0.02 (0.03)	0.01 (0.02)
Years of education (divided by 10)	0.01 (0.04)	0.02 (0.03)
Number of household members (divided by 10)	0.02 (0.06)	0.03 (0.04)
Panel B: Expenditure and assets		
Household monthly expenditure (Thou. USD)	0.64** (0.27)	0.26 (0.16)
Household food expenditure (Thou. USD)	0.11 (0.82)	1.32*** (0.47)
=1 if respondent has access to mobile phone	0.09*** (0.03)	0.02 (0.02)
=1 if house owned	0.05 (0.03)	0.05** (0.02)
=1 if house has thatch roof	-0.04 (0.05)	-0.01 (0.02)
Total value of land and housing (Thou. USD)	0.03 (0.05)	0.01 (0.00)
Total value of physical assets (Thou. USD)	0.22 (0.45)	0.18*** (0.06)
Net value of financial assets (Thou. USD)	-0.57 (0.70)	-0.53 (0.55)
Panel C: Food security		
<i>For any household member in the past month:</i>		
=1 if skipped a meal	0.00 (0.03)	-0.01 (0.02)
=1 if went to sleep hungry	0.02 (0.03)	-0.02 (0.02)
=1 if had no food for an entire day	0.01 (0.04)	-0.03 (0.02)
Mean Dependent variable	0.75	0.85
Observations	150	285

Note: The sample is restricted to households which appear in the analysis of this paper. Each entry is a separate bivariate regression, in which the dependent variable is the proportion of survey rounds in which the household completed a phone survey. Standard errors are clustered at the village level.