## nature research

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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

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n/a	Confirmed				
	The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
$\boxtimes$	A descript	ion of all covariates tested			
$\boxtimes$	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient)  AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
$\boxtimes$	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
$\boxtimes$	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
$\boxtimes$	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i> ), indicating how they were calculated				
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and code					
Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>					
Da	ata collection	Data was collected using Microsoft Excel Spreadsheets and from the Oxford University Hospitals Patient Record System via the Infections in Oxfordshire Research Database which uses Microsoft SQL.			
Da	ata analysis	R studio and the R environment for statistical computing was used - all relevant libraries are described in the methods section			

## Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All sequencing data have been deposited under NCBI accession number PRJNA604975. Raw metadata can be obtained by accredited researchers by making an application to IORD (see https://oxfordbrc.nihr.ac.uk/research-themes-overview/antimicrobial-resistance-and-modernising-microbiology/infections-in-oxfordshire-research-database-iord/).

Field-specific reporting					
Please select the o	ne below	that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.			
∑ Life sciences		Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences			
For a reference copy of t	the docume	ent with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>			
All studies must dis	sclose on	study design these points even when the disclosure is negative.			
Sample size		mple size was all available data points in the years included in this observational study. No prior sample calculation was performed e it is not possible in this type of study.			
Data exclusions	Isolates	were excluded where they were not able to be sequenced either due to technical failure or sample loss.			
Replication	Not app	applicable.			
Randomization	Not app	applicable			
Blinding	Not app	Not applicable.			
Reportin	g fo	r specific materials, systems and methods			
We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.					
Materials & ex	perime	ntal systems Methods			
n/a Involved in th	n/a Involved in the study  n/a Involved in the study				
Antibodies	;	ChIP-seq			
Eukaryotic		Flow cytometry			
Palaeontology and archaeology  MRI-based neuroimaging  Animals and other organisms					
X     Image: Animals and other organisms       <					
Clinical data					
Dual use research of concern					
Clinical data					
Policy information All manuscripts shoul		nical studies with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.			
Clinical trial regis	ical trial registration NA				
Study protocol		NA as this is a retrospective observational trial. A CONSORT checklist is not applicable here. Clinical data is meta-data obtained from			

the Infections in Oxfordshire Research Database as described in the methods.

All E. coli and Klebsiella spp. isolates from patients <18 years old between Oct-2008 to Sept 2018 were included (deduplicated to 90

days per patient). The same selection criteria were used for all other species included from August-2011.

The main outcomes were species, sequence type and antimicrobial gene carriage and phenotype.

Data collection

Outcomes