

Supplementary Materials for
**C11orf94/Frey is a key regulator for male fertility by controlling Izumo1
complex assembly**

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This PDF file includes:

Supplementary Text
Figs. S1 to S6
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Supplementary Text

Instrumentation, parameters and software for mass spectrometry

Q-EXACTIVE HF

Instrument / Parameter	Value	Comments
Q-Exactive HF	ThermoScientific, Bremen, Germany	DDA-Mode (positive ion mode)
MS1		
Polarity	positive	
Resolution	R120000 at m/z 200	
AGC	3x 10E6	
Max. Fill Time	100ms	
Lock Mass	m/z 445.120025	Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (60)
Scan Range	m/z 395-1500	
Picotip Needle	20µm / 10µm	NewObjectives, Ithaca, USA
Voltage	2.3-2.7kV	(might vary between experiments)
MS2 High Res		
	Top10	HCD
Resolution	R15000 at m/z 200	
AGC	1E5	
Max. Fill Time	50ms	
Isolation	2.0 m/z	
Isolation window Offset	0.3 m/z	
Scan Range	200-2000 m/z	
Fixed 1 st Mass	-	
Norm. Collision Energy	27	
Threshold	2E3 / 4E4	
Charge states	Unassigned, 1, 6-8, >8	(rejected)
Dynamic Exclusion	15s / 3ppm	

Thermo Dionex3000 RSLC

Instrument / Material	Manufacturer (Supplier)	Comments
Dionex3000 RSLC	ThermoScientific, Idstein, Germany	Nanoflow System
Acclaim PepMap 100 C18, 3 µm, 300 µm x 5 mm, Acclaim PepMap C18 3, µm, 75 µm x 15 cm	ThermoScientific, Idstein, Germany	Trap-Column Setup Load: 2µl/min Separation: 200nl/min

Software

Instrument / Material	Manufacturer (Supplier)	Comments
MASCOT V2.6 (61)	MatrixScience, London, UK	Protein Identification Software matrixscience.com
Progenesis QIP V4.2	Nonlinear Dynamics, Newcastle u.T., UK	Quantitative data interpretation (Peak Picking, MS/MS Export, Peptide ID import and Assignment, Quantification (MI3/Hi3))

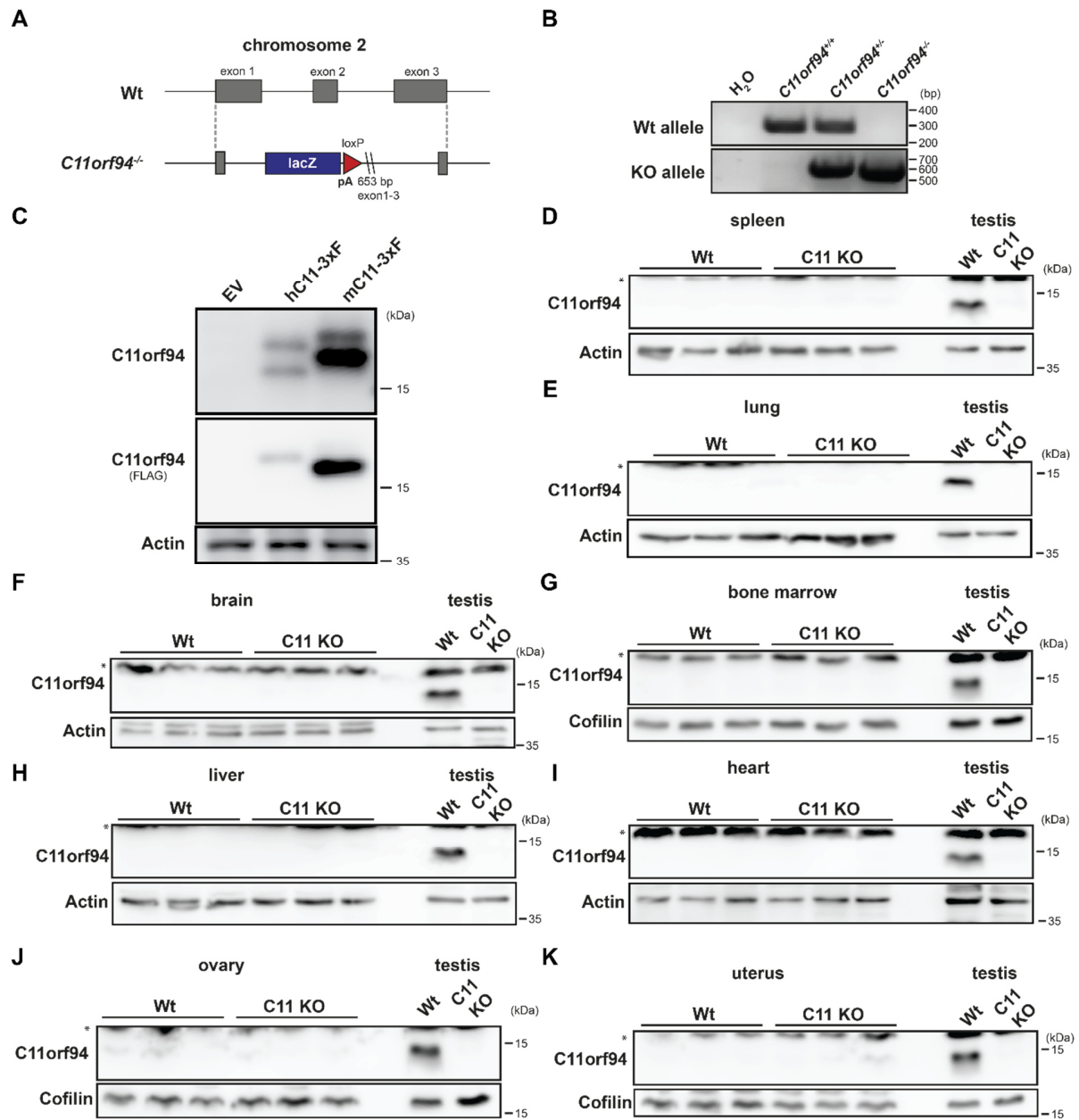


Fig. S1. C11orf94 is exclusively expressed in the murine testis. (A) Targeting strategy for generation of the *C11orf94*^{-/-} strain. The complete protein-coding region of the wild type (Wt) *C11orf94* allele was deleted and a LacZ reporter cassette was integrated in this locus. (B) Representative example for genotyping PCRs detecting either the wild type or knockout allele. (C) HEK cells were transfected with either human (h) or murine (m) C11orf94-3xFLAG. Lysates of these cells were subsequently employed to test the newly generated C11orf94 antibody targeting the C-terminus of the murine protein. Anti-FLAG served as control. Expression of C11orf94 was analysed in spleen (D), lung (E), brain (F), bone marrow (G), liver (H), heart (I), ovary (J) and uterus (K) of wild type mice by Western Blotting. While lysates from the respective organs isolated from C11orf94-deficient mice (C11 KO) served as negative control, a wild type testis lysate was

included in the analysis as positive control. The asterisk indicates an unspecific protein band stained with the C11orf94 antibody.

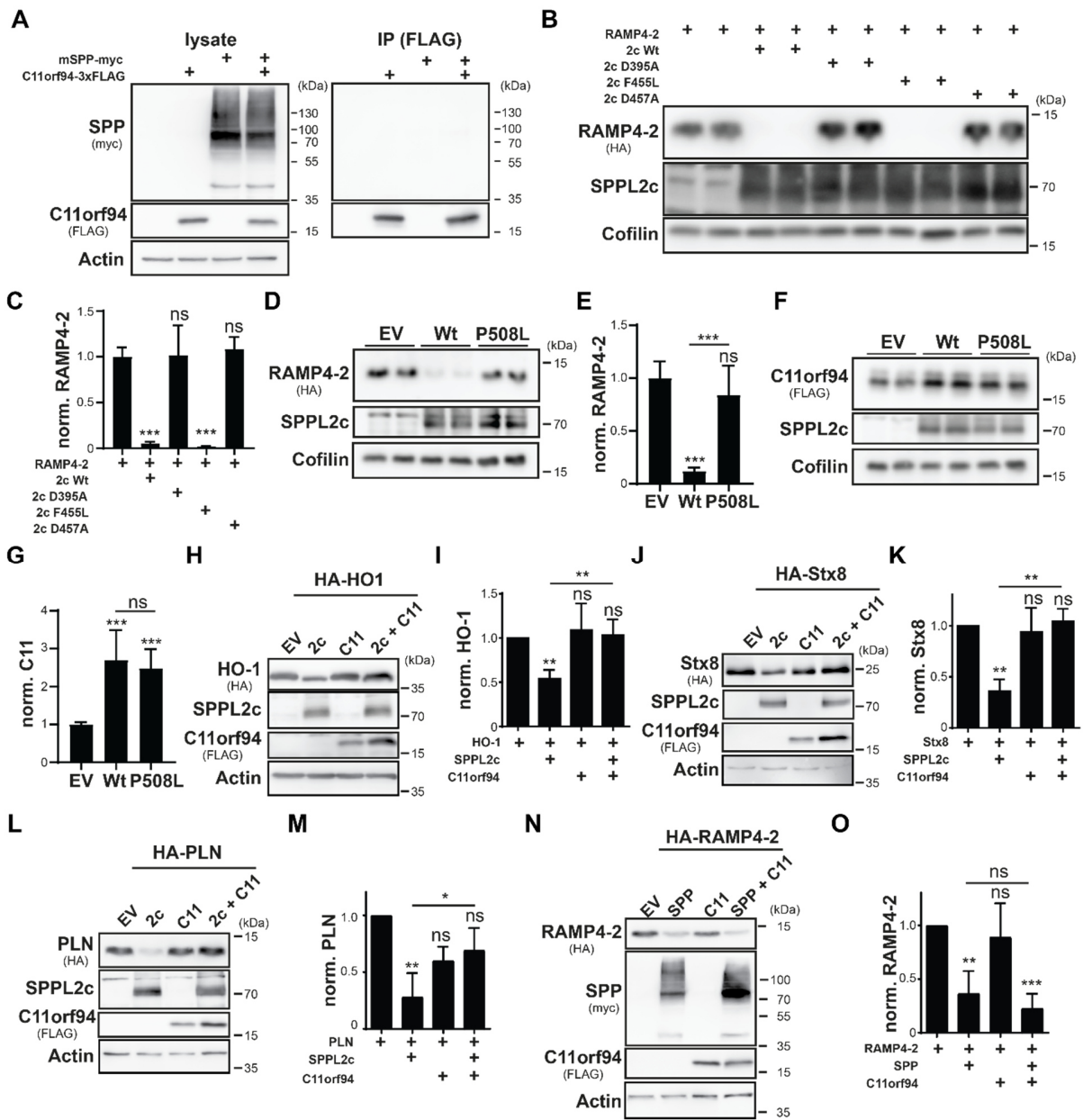


Fig. S2. C11orf94 specifically inhibits SPPL2c-mediated proteolysis. (A) HEK cells were transiently transfected with mC11orf94-3xFLAG and mSPP-myc and interaction of both proteins was analysed by co-immunoprecipitation. For this purpose, C11orf94 was precipitated from lysates (1% Triton X100) of these cells using anti-FLAG and protein G agarose. Bead eluates (IP) as well as total lysates were finally subjected to Western Blotting. (B) To test proteolytic activity of SPPL2c active site mutants, HEK cells were transfected with HA-RAMP4-2 and the indicated SPPL2c mutants or an empty vector (EV) as control. RAMP4-2 proteolysis was finally evaluated by immunoblotting. (C) Quantification of B). N=2, n=4, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. Statistical indices above the bars indicate significance against the EV-transfected control. (D) Proteolysis of RAMP4-2 by SPPL2c P508L in transfected HEK cells was analysed by Western Blotting. (E) Quantification of D). N=3, n=6, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test.

Throughout the Figure, statistical indices above the bars depict significance against the EV control, further comparisons are indicated with lines. **(F)** HEK cells transiently transfected with the indicated constructs were lysed and C11orf94 protein levels were compared by Western Blotting. **(G)** Quantification of F). N=4, n=8, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. **(H)** HEK cells were transfected with HA-HO1 alone or in different combinations with mSPPL2c-myc (2c) and/or mC11orf94-3xFLAG (C11). Processing of HA-HO1 by SPPL2c under these conditions was visualised by Western Blotting following lysis of the cells. **(I)** Quantification of H). N=5, n=5, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. **(J)** Same as described in H) but employing HA-Stx8 as substrate. **(K)** Quantification of J). N=3, n=3, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. **(L)** Proteolysis of HA-mPLN was analysed as described in H) for HA-HO1. **(M)** Quantification of L). N=3, n=3, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. **(N)** Regulation of SPP-mediated intramembrane proteolysis of HA-RAMP4-2 by C11orf94 was evaluated by Western Blot analysis of HEK cells transiently transfected with the indicated constructs. **(O)** Quantification of N). N=4, n=4, One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. ns, not significant; * $p \leq 0.05$; ** $p \leq 0.01$; *** $p \leq 0.001$.

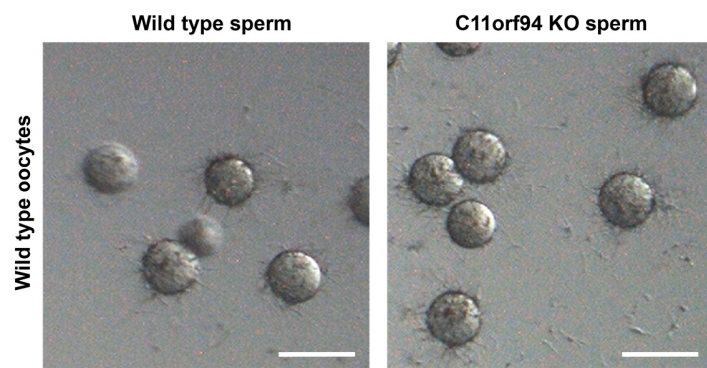


Fig. S3. Loss of C11orf94 does not impair binding of sperm to oocytes. Binding of sperm cells from either wild type or C11orf94-deficient mice (C11orf94 KO) to wild type oocytes without zona pellucida was monitored 1 h after IVF by light microscopy. Scale bar, 100 μ m.

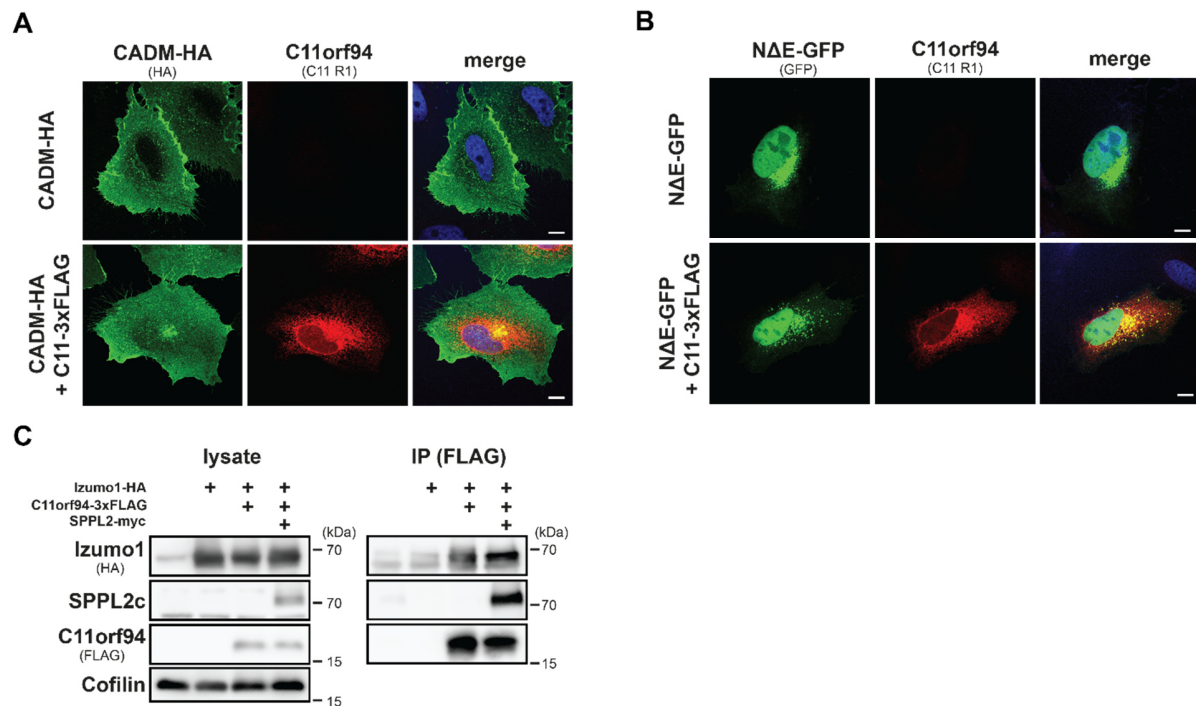


Fig. S4. C11orf94 specifically regulates Izumo1 trafficking. (A) HeLa cells were transiently transfected with mCADM-HA alone or in combination with mC11orf94-3xFLAG. After PFA-fixation, localisation of both proteins was subsequently visualised by indirect immunofluorescence employing the indicated antibodies. Scale bar, 10 μ m. (B) Same as in A) but employing Notch1 Δ E-eGFP (N Δ E-GFP) instead of CADM-HA. Scale bar, 10 μ m. (C) Interaction of Izumo1-HA and C11orf94-3xFLAG was analysed in presence or absence of SPPL2c-myc. HeLa cells transiently transfected with the indicated constructs were lysed in 0.5% CHAPSO and C11orf94-containing complexes were precipitated using anti-FLAG beads. Presence of the individual proteins in total lysates and bead eluates (IP) was finally evaluated by Western Blotting.

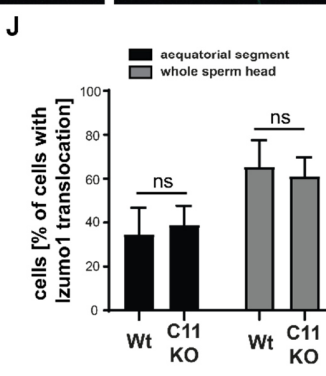
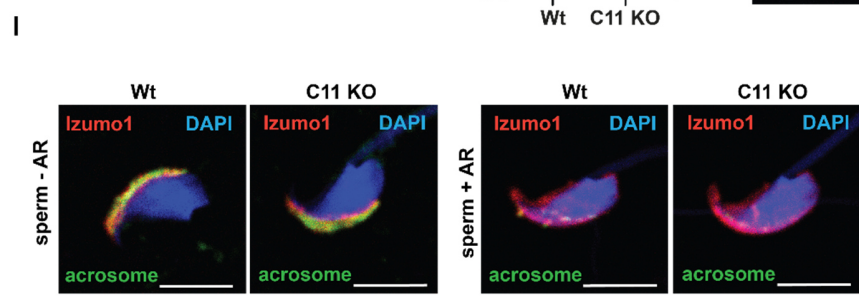
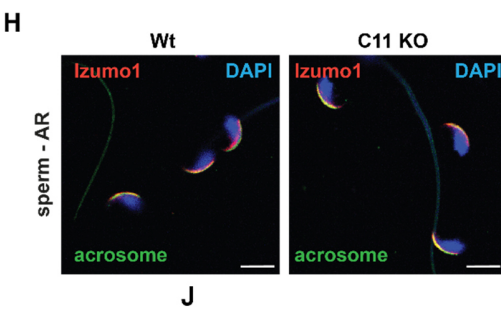
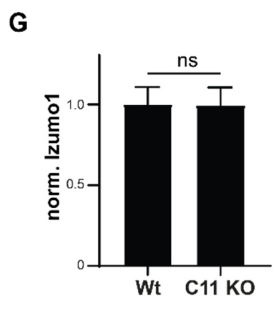
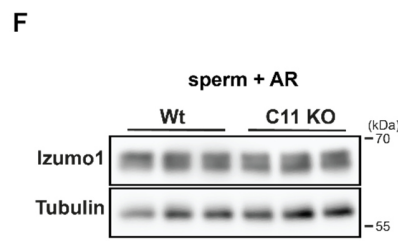
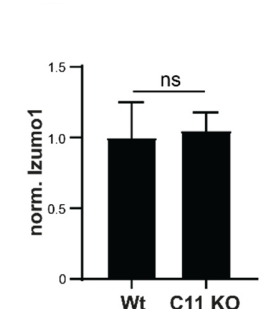
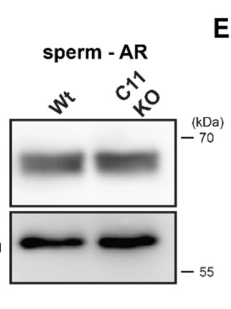
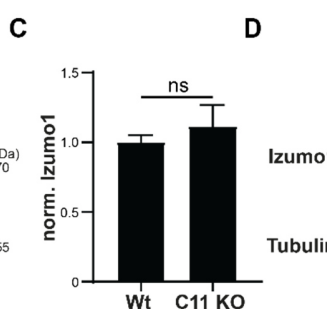
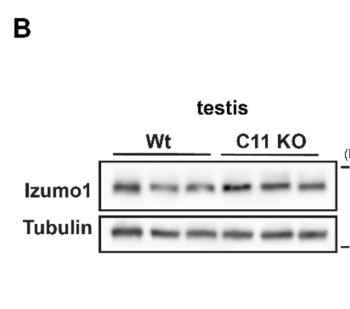
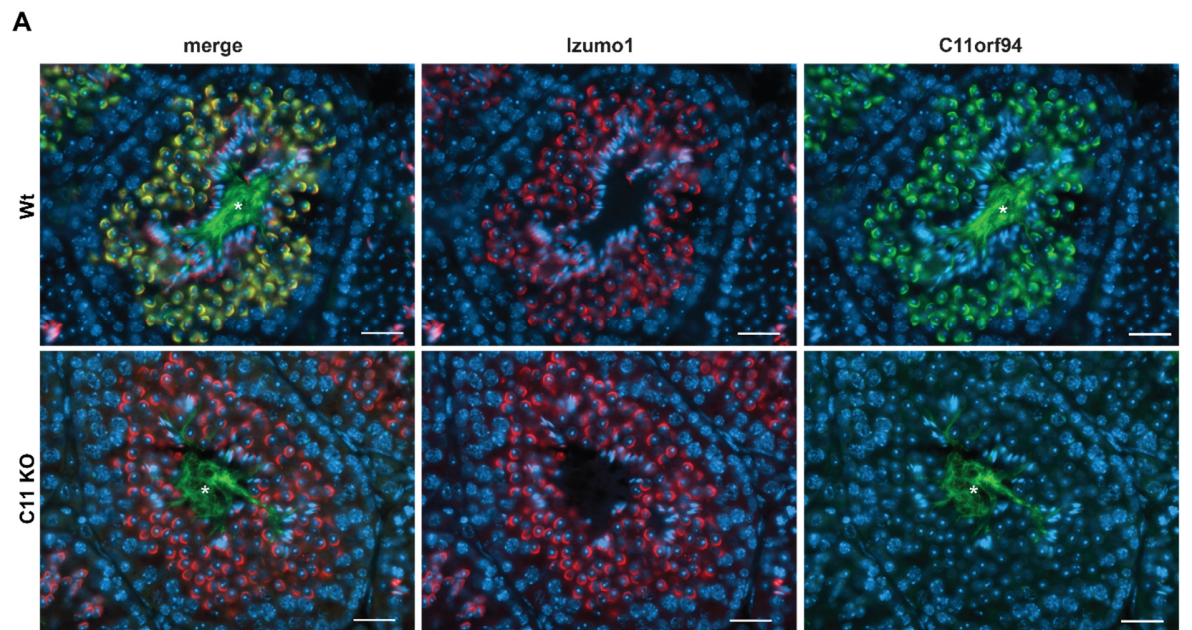


Fig. S5. Loss of C11orf94 does not impact on acrosomal sorting of Izumo1. (A) Localisation of Izumo1 and C11orf94 was analysed in testis cryosections from either wild type (Wt) or C11-deficient mice (C11 KO) mice by immunohistochemistry. Nuclei were stained with DAPI. Scale bar, 25 μ m. (B) Izumo1 protein levels in the testis were compared between Wt and C11 KO mice by Western Blotting. (C) Quantification of B). N=2, n=6, two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. (D) Non-capacitated epididymal spermatozoa not subjected to acrosome reaction (-AR) from Wt or C11 KO mice were analysed for Izumo1 protein levels by immunoblotting. (E) Quantification of D). N=3, n=7(Wt)/6(C11 KO), two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. (F) The experiment described in D) was repeated using sperm cells that were first capacitated for 45 min and then subjected to treatment with 10 μ M Calcimycin to induce the acrosome reaction (+AR). (G) Quantification of F). N=1, n=3, two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. Localisation of Izumo1 in non-capacitated (H) or capacitated and acrosome-reacted (I) epididymal spermatozoa from Wt or C11orf94 KO mice was analysed by indirect immunofluorescence. Acrosome reaction was induced by treatment with 10 μ M Calcimycin for 45 min. Sperm cells were fixed with PFA prior to staining of Izumo1 using a specific antibody as well as acrosomes employing PNA-FITC and nuclei with DAPI. Scale bar, 5 μ m. (J) The localisation of Izumo1 in sperm cells from Wt or C11 KO mice that showed a clear redistribution of Izumo1 upon induction of the acrosome reaction was categorised as either within the aequatorial segment or spread over the whole sperm head. At least 49 sperm cells per mouse were analysed. N=2, n=5(Wt)/6(C11 KO), two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. ns, not significant.

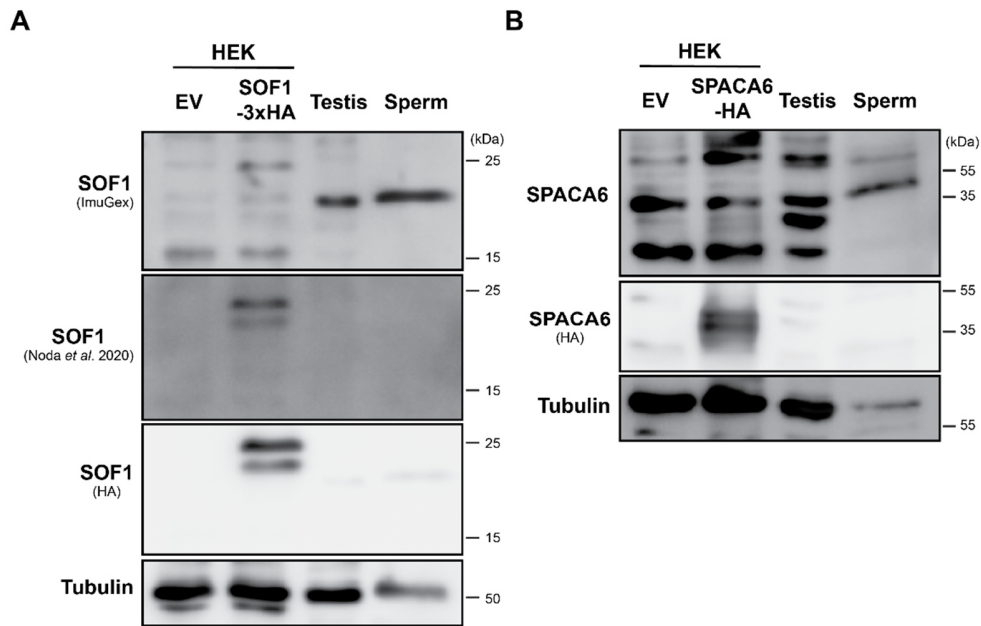


Fig. S6. Validation of antibodies targeting SOF1 or SPACA6. (A) HEK cells transfected with an empty vector (EV) or SOF1-3xHA as well as testis and sperm cells from a wild type mouse were lysed. Antibodies targeting SOF1 were subsequently tested by Western Blotting for detection of the endogenous or overexpressed protein. Expression of SOF1-3xHA was validated employing an antibody targeting the HA epitope. Tubulin served as loading control. (B) A custom-made antibody targeting murine SPACA6 was validated as described in A) but employing HEK cells transfected with SPACA6-HA as control.

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