nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For	all statistical an	alyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a	Confirmed				
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
\boxtimes	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested				
\boxtimes	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
\times	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
\times	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.			
So	ftware an	d code			
Poli	cy information	about <u>availability of computer code</u>			
Da	ata collection	Typhoon FLA 7000, NanoAcquity UPLC, Orbitrap Fusion Lumos tribrid, Li-CoR Odyssey Clx, Image Studio			
Da	ata analysis	Igor Pro 8, Microsoft Excel 16.59, Bowtie 2.2.5, STAR 2.3, SAMtools 1.8, HTSeq 0.9.1, Proteome Discoverer 2.1.1.21, Mascot 2.6.2, Scaffold			

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

4.8.9, Image Studio Lite (5.2.5), MacVector 18.0.1, Clustal Omega 1.2.4, RAxML (1.0.0)

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

All data are available from the authors upon request.

Swiss-Prot human database (download 04/09/2019; https://www.uniprot.org/)

Field-spe	ecific re	eporting
∑ Life sciences		s the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection. Behavioural & social sciences
_		udy design
		points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size		nethod was used to determine sample size. Three replicates is standard for biochemical assays.
Data exclusions	No data were	excluded from the analysis.
Replication		times each experiment was performed is specified in the "Statistics and Reproducibility" section of the methods. All attempts vere successful.
Randomization	Randomization	is not relevant to this study. Biochemical experiments are rarely randomized.
Blinding	Blinding was no	ot performed during data acquisition or analysis. Biochemical experiments are rarely blinded
We require informati system or method list Materials & ex n/a Involved in the second	on from authors ted is relevant to perimental some study cell lines ogy and archaect dother organismearch participan	n/a Involved in the study ChIP-seq Flow cytometry MRI-based neuroimaging ms
Antibodies used		LAG antibody (M2, Sigma F1804); anti-BmAgo3 (Created by Izumi in: Izumi et al., 2020, Nature 578, 311-316 and used by Izumi manuscript); alpha-Tubulin antibody #2144 (https://www.cellsignal.com/)
Validation	was p	LAG antibody (https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/content/dam/sigma-aldrich/docs/Sigma/Bulletin/f1804bul.pdf); anti-BmAgo3 roduced and validated in a previous study (Izumi et al., 2020, Nature 578, 311-316); anti-alpha-Tubulin antibody (https://cellsignal.com/)
Eukaryotic c	ell lines	
Policy information		
University and availa		HEK 293T (lab stock; commercially available from ATCC CRL-3216) and BmN4 cell line (provided by Dr. Kusakabe, Kyushu University and available for purchase from Riken Cell Bank- https://cellbank.brc.riken.jp/cell_bank/CellInfo/? cellNo=RCB2126⟨=En)

Cell line source(s)

HEK 293T (lab stock; commercially available from ATCC CRL-3216) and BmN4 cell line (provided by Dr. Kusakabe, Kyushu University and available for purchase from Riken Cell Bank- https://cellbank.brc.riken.jp/cell_bank/CellInfo/? cellNo=RCB2126&lang=En)

Authentication

The cells were not authenticated; cells were used only to produce recombinant proteins

Mycoplasma contamination

Not tested.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

No commonly misidentified lines were used in the study.

Animals and othe	er organisms
Policy information about <u>s</u>	tudies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research
Laboratory animals	C57BL/6 mice: JAX#000664; adult male FLAG-Gtsf1Kl mice: generated in the C57BL/6J background in this study; adult male. Animals were housed in an AALAC-accredited barrier facility with controlled temperature (22°± 2°), relative humidity (40% ± 15%), and a 12-hour dark/light cycle. All animals used in experiments were two to six months old.
Wild animals	No wild animals were used in this study.
Field-collected samples	No field-collected samples were used in this study.
Ethics oversight	(1) PI on IACUC protocol: Phillip D. Zamore (2) Name of IACUC: UMass Chan Medical School Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (3) IACUC Docket: A2222-17, "Investigation of mechanisms of small RNA function in vivo" (4) Mice were maintained and used according to the guidelines of the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of the University of Massachusetts Chan Medical School (A201900331).
	the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.
Flow Cytometry	
Plots	
Confirm that: The axis labels state to	the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
The axis scales are cle	early visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
☐ All plots are contour	plats with outliers or pseudocolor plats

A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.		
Methodology		
Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.	
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.	
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.	
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.	
Tick this box to confirm that	a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.	