

# Supplementary Material

## Self- and Partner-reported Subjective Memory Complaints: Association with Objective Cognitive Impairment and Risk of Decline

**Supplementary Table 1.** Measures of Cognitive Domains in the Uniform Dataset versions 2 and 3

Cognitive Domain	UDS V2	UDS V3
Global Cognition	MMSE [1]	MoCA [2]
Processing Speed	Trail Making Test A [3]	Trail Making Test A [3]
Working Memory	Trail Making Test B [3]	Trail Making Test B [3]
Attention	Digit Span [4]	Number Span [5]
Episodic Memory	Logical Memory, Immediate Recall Logical Memory, Delayed Recall [4]	Craft Story, Immediate Recall Craft Story, Delayed Recall [6]
Verbal Fluency	Letter and Category Fluency [7]	Letter and Category Fluency [7]

**Supplementary Table 2.** Subject Demographic Data for Neuroimaging Subgroups

	MTL Subgroup			Amyloid PET Subgroup			SPARE-AD/BA Subgroup			Plasma Biomarker Subgroup			
	Total Cohort (N=224)	NC (N=171)	MCI (N=53)	Total Cohort (N=121)	NC (N=71)	MCI (N=50)	Total Cohort (N=222)	NC (N=166)	MCI (N=56)	Total Cohort (N=339)	NC (N=227)	MCI (N=79)	AD (N=33)
<b>Age, Mean (SD)<sup>a</sup></b>	72.74 (7.0)	72.59 (7.0)	73.21 (6.9)	69.06 (6.6)	68.31 (6.5)	70.12 (6.6)	73.11 (7.1)	72.87 (7.1)	73.81 (7.0)	72.30 (7.9)	71.87 (7.7)	73.50 (7.9)	72.33 (8.7)
<b>Sex, (% Female)<sup>b</sup></b>	61.6%	67.3%	43.4%*	58.7%	64.8%	50.0%	61.3%	66.3%	46.4%*	62.7%	66.2%*	47.5%	33.3%
<b>Race, (%)<sup>b</sup></b>													
<b>White</b>	74.6%	71.4%	84.9%	74.8%	68.1%	84.0%	73.9%	70.5%	84.0%	75.3%	71.1%	85.0%	81.8%
<b>Black</b>	22.3%	24.6%	15.1%	23.5%	30.4%	14.0%	23.0%	25.3%	16.0%	22.6%	26.8%	15.0%	12.1%
<b>Other</b>	3.12%	4.09%	0%	1.7%	1.5%	2.0%	3.1%	4.2%	0%	2.1%	2.2%	0%	6.1%
<b>Education</b> Mean (SD) <sup>a</sup>	16.4 (2.5)	16.3 (2.6)	16.8 (2.5)	16.2 (2.9)	16.1 (2.8)	16.3 (2.9)	16.4 (2.6)	16.2 (2.7)	16.8 (2.4)	16.4 (2.7)	16.5 (2.7)	16.4 (2.8)	15.6 (2.9)

MCI, mild cognitive impairment; MTL, medial temporal lobe; NC, normal cognition; SPARE, spatial patterns of atrophy of brain atrophy. Demographic variables were compared across diagnostic groups using

<sup>a</sup> Kruskal-Wallis test with Dunn's post-test

<sup>b</sup> Pearson's chi-squared test.

\* p < 0.01.

**Supplementary Table 3.** Mean (SD) scores on Cognitive Domain Measures in the Uniform Dataset Versions 2 and 3

		UDS V2			UDS V3			
Cognitive Domain	Measure	NC	MCI	AD	Measure	NC	MCI	AD
<b>Global Cognition</b>	MMSE	29.0 (1.2)	26.7 (2.7)	21.0 (4.6)	MMSE Conversion	29.1 (0.73)	27.3 (1.7)	21.6 (4.8)
<b>Processing Speed</b>	Trails A	33.4 (13.1)	41.7 (19.5)	67.6 (37.9)	Trails A	29.6 (8.4)	39.0 (17.3)	69.6 (43.9)
<b>Executive Function</b>	Trails B	88.8 (47.1)	132.3 (78.6)	209.3 (85.8)	Trails B	73.9 (30.9)	111.3 (65.1)	193.7 (93.2)
<b>Episodic Memory</b>	LM, Immediate Recall	14.2 (3.6)	7.2 (3.5)	3.8 (2.9)	Craft, Immediate Recall	22.7 (4.8)	12.1 (5.7)	5.7 (4.4)
	LM, Delayed Recall	13.0 (3.9)	4.6 (3.5)	1.1 (1.9)	Craft, Delayed Recall	19.6 (6.1)	6.0 (5.5)	1.4 (2.0)
<b>Verbal Fluency</b>	F Words	14.0 (4.4)	11.2 (4.3)	10.1 (5.5)	F Words	16.2 (4.7)	13.1 (4.7)	9.5 (4.5)
<b>Category Fluency</b>	Animals	21.2 (5.4)	15.9 (5.4)	10.7 (4.6)	Animal	23.1 (5.7)	16.7 (4.6)	12.0 (5.1)

AD, Alzheimer's disease; LM, Logical Memory; MCI, Mild Cognitive Impairment; MMSE, Mini-Mental State Examination; NC, Normal Cognition; UDS, Uniform Dataset

**Supplementary Table 4.** Median (IQR) SMCs by *APOE4* carrier status.

	PRMQ Self			PRMQ Proxy		
	e4 -	e4 +	p	e4 -	e4 +	p
<b>NC (N = 324)</b>	37 (32 – 42)	39 (32 – 43)	0.201	26 (21 – 31)	25 (21 – 32)	0.604
<b>MCI (N = 190)</b>	43 (35 – 49)	41 (36 – 50)	0.861	38 (27 – 43)	38 (30 – 45)	0.419
<b>AD (N = 210)</b>	40 (32 – 45)	38 (32 – 45)	0.997	51 (43 – 60)	51 (42 – 60)	0.903

IQR, Interquartile range; AD, Alzheimer's disease; MCI, mild cognitive impairment; NC, normal cognition; PRMQ, Prospective Retrospective Memory Questionnaire

**Supplementary Table 5.** Median (IQR) plasma biomarker concentration by diagnostic category

	<b>NC</b>	<b>MCI</b>	<b>AD</b>	<b>p</b>
<b>GFAP (pg/mL)</b>	120.0 (89.7 – 154.9)	145.8 (112.9 – 188.6)	184.2 (156.0 – 306.2)	0.0001
<b>NfL (pg/mL)</b>	16.56 (12.5 – 21.7)	20.75 (14.9 – 28.6)	25.10 (19.7 – 28.8)	0.0001
<b>p-tau181 (pg/mL)</b>	2.15 (1.59 – 2.97)	3.08 (2.19 – 4.09)	4.43 (3.49 – 5.88)	0.0001

Comparisons across diagnostic groups were performed using Kruskal-Wallis test with Dunn's post-test. AD, Alzheimer's disease; GFAP, glial fibrillary acidic protein; IQR, Interquartile range; MCI, mild cognitive impairment; NC, normal cognition; NfL, neurofilament light chain; PRMQ, Prospective Retrospective Memory Questionnaire; p-tau, phosphorylated tau.

**Supplementary Table 6.** SMCs and baseline factors affecting cognitive decline in NC & MCI subjects

<i>Fixed Terms in final model</i>	Estimate	Std. Err.	<i>p</i>	95% Confidence Interval	
				Lower Bound	Upper Bound
<b>NC</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Self</u> x Time (y)</b>	0.0015	0.005	0.749	-0.0076	0.0106
<b>MMSE at baseline</b>	0.7732	0.035	<0.001	0.7043	0.8420
<b>PRMQ Self</b>	-0.0047	0.006	0.401	-0.0158	0.0063
<b>Time (y)</b>	-0.1423	0.179	0.427	-0.4933	0.2087
<b>Education</b>	0.0638	0.014	<0.001	0.0367	0.0908
<b>MCI</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Self</u> x Time (y)</b>	0.0013	0.015	0.928	-0.0274	0.0301
<b>MMSE at baseline</b>	0.8630	0.043	<0.001	0.7789	0.9471
<b>PRMQ Self</b>	0.0086	0.011	0.421	-0.0123	0.0294
<b>Time (y)</b>	-0.0828	0.647	0.201	-2.0965	0.4399
<b>NC</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Proxy</u> x Time (y)</b>	-0.0009	0.005	0.863	-0.0109	0.0091
<b>MMSE at baseline</b>	0.7771	0.036	<0.001	0.7070	0.8474
<b>PRMQ Proxy</b>	0.0035	0.006	0.556	-0.0082	0.0153
<b>Time (y)</b>	-0.0735	0.141	0.602	-0.3494	0.2024
<b>Education</b>	0.0683	0.014	<0.001	0.0412	0.0954
<b>MCI</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Proxy</u> x Time (y)</b>	-0.0219	0.014	0.114	-0.0492	0.0053
<b>MMSE at baseline</b>	0.8627	0.046	<0.001	0.7733	0.9521
<b>PRMQ Proxy</b>	-0.0022	0.011	0.838	-0.0231	0.0187
<b>Time (y)</b>	0.1234	0.564	0.827	-0.9826	1.2295

The above fixed effects remained in the final model following optimization with backward selection. Random effects include a random intercept for each subject and a random slope for time in years, for which model statistics are not shown. MCI, mild cognitive impairment; MMSE, Mini-Mental State Examination; NC, normal cognition; PRMQ, Prospective Retrospective Memory Questionnaire.

**Supplementary Table 7.** SMCs and baseline factors affecting functional decline in NC & MCI subjects

<i>Fixed Terms in final model</i>	Estimate	Std. Err.	<i>p</i>	95% Confidence Interval	
				Lower Bound	Upper Bound
<b>MCI</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Self</u> x Time (y)</b>	-0.0114	0.005	0.028	-0.0216	-0.0012
<b>FRS at baseline</b>	0.8428	0.031	<0.001	0.7825	0.9031
<b>PRMQ Self</b>	0.0009	0.006	0.876	-0.0106	0.0125
<b>Time (y)</b>	0.5139	0.200	0.010	0.1226	0.9052
<b>NC</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Proxy</u> x Time (y)</b>	0.0023	0.006	0.684	-0.0099	0.0134
<b>FRS at baseline</b>	0.8352	0.034	<0.001	0.7682	0.9022
<b>PRMQ Proxy</b>	-0.0006	0.007	0.929	-0.0140	0.0127
<b>Time (y)</b>	0.0310	0.137	0.844	-0.2766	0.3385
<b>MCI</b>					
<b>PRMQ <u>Proxy</u> x Time (y)</b>	-0.0029	0.023	0.927	-0.0444	0.0405
<b>FRS at baseline</b>	0.7963	0.058	<0.001	0.6834	0.9094
<b>PRMQ Proxy</b>	0.0413	0.022	0.059	-0.0016	0.0842
<b>Time (y)</b>	1.1667	0.875	0.182	-0.5482	2.8816

The above fixed effects remained in the final model following optimization with backward selection. Random effects include a random intercept for each subject and a random slope for time in years, for which model statistics are not shown. FRS, Functional Rating Scale; MCI, Mild Cognitive Impairment; PRMQ, Prospective Retrospective Memory Questionnaire.

## REFERENCES

- [1] Folstein MF, Folstein SE, McHugh PR (1975) “Mini-mental state” A practical method for grading the cognitive state of patients for the clinician. *J Psychiatr Res* **12**, 189-198.
- [2] Nasreddine ZS, Phillips NA, Bédirian V, Charbonneau S, Whitehead V, Collin I, Cummings JL, Chertkow H (2005) The Montreal Cognitive Assessment, MoCA: a brief screening tool for mild cognitive impairment. *J Am Geriatr Soc* **53**, 695-699.
- [3] Reitan R, Wolfson D (1993) *The Halstead-Reitan Neuropsychological Test Battery: Theory and Clinical Interpretation*. Neuropsychology Press.
- [4] Wechsler D (1987) *Wechsler Memory Scale-Revised Manual*. The Psychological Corporation.
- [5] Weintraub S, Besser L, Dodge HH, Teylan M, Ferris S, Goldstein FC, Giordani B, Kramer J, Loewenstein D, Marson D, Mungas D, Salmon D, Welsh-Bohmer K, Zhou X-H, Shirk SD, Atri A, Kukull WA, Phelps C, Morris JC (2018) Version 3 of the Alzheimer Disease Centers’ Neuropsychological Test Battery in the Uniform Data Set (UDS). *Alzheimer Dis Assoc Disord* **32**, 10-17.
- [6] Craft S, Newcomer J, Kanne S, Dagogo-Jack S, Cryer P, Sheline Y, Luby J, Dagogo-Jack A, Alderson A (1996) Memory improvement following induced hyperinsulinemia in alzheimer's disease. *Neurobiol Aging* **17**, 123-130.
- [7] Morris JC, Heyman A, Mohs RC, Hughes JP, van Belle G, Fillenbaum G, Mellits ED, Clark C (1989) The Consortium to Establish a Registry for Alzheimer's Disease (CERAD). Part I. Clinical and neuropsychological assessment of Alzheimer's disease. *Neurology* **39**, 1159-1165.