

Supplementary figure and table legends

Supplementary Figure 1: Consort diagram of BRAF-BeCool population.

Supplementary Figure 2: Kaplan-Meier curves of progression-free survival (panel A) and overall survival (panel B) according to sidedness in BRAF-BeCool population.

Supplementary Figure 3: Kaplan-Meier curves of progression-free survival and overall survival according to sidedness and treatment in the MSS/pMMR subgroup of BRAF-BeCool population.

Supplementary Figure 4: Kaplan-Meier curves of progression-free survival (panel A) and overall survival (panel B) according to ECOG-PS in BRAF-BeCool population.

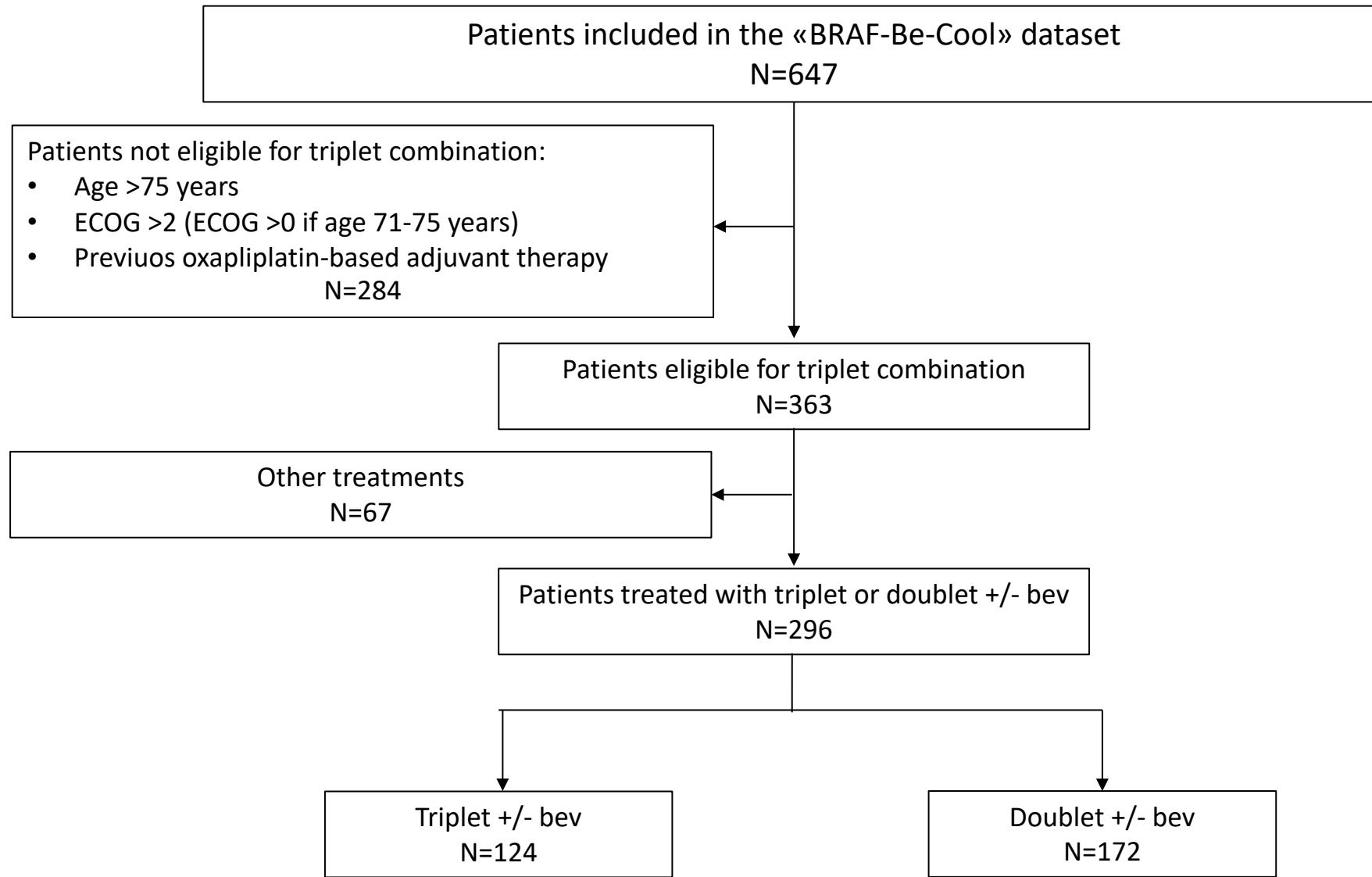
Supplementary Figure 5: Expression of TOP2A, ERCC1 and ERCC2 genes based on sidedness in both MSS/pMMR and MSI-H/dMMR cohorts of CGP population.

Supplementary Figure 6: Distribution of immune/stromal cells of tumour microenvironment based on sidedness in both MSS/pMMR (panel A) and MSI-H/dMMR (panel B) cohorts of CGP population.

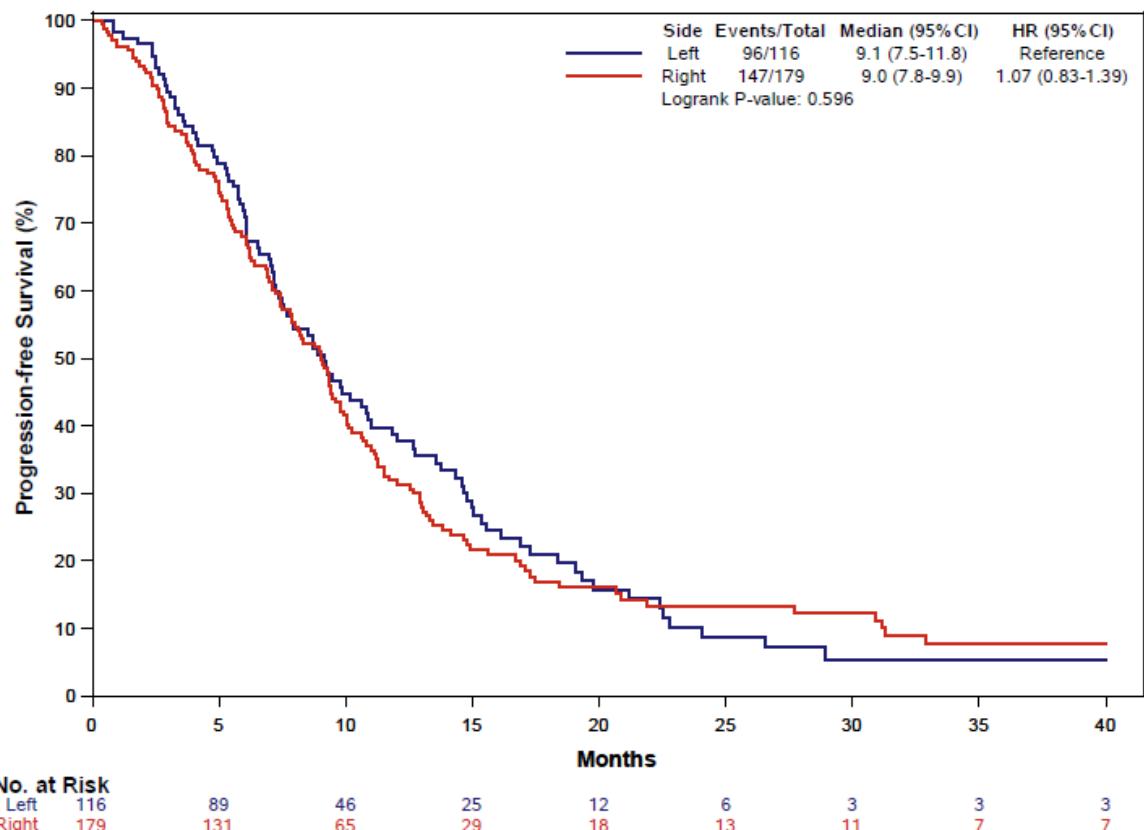
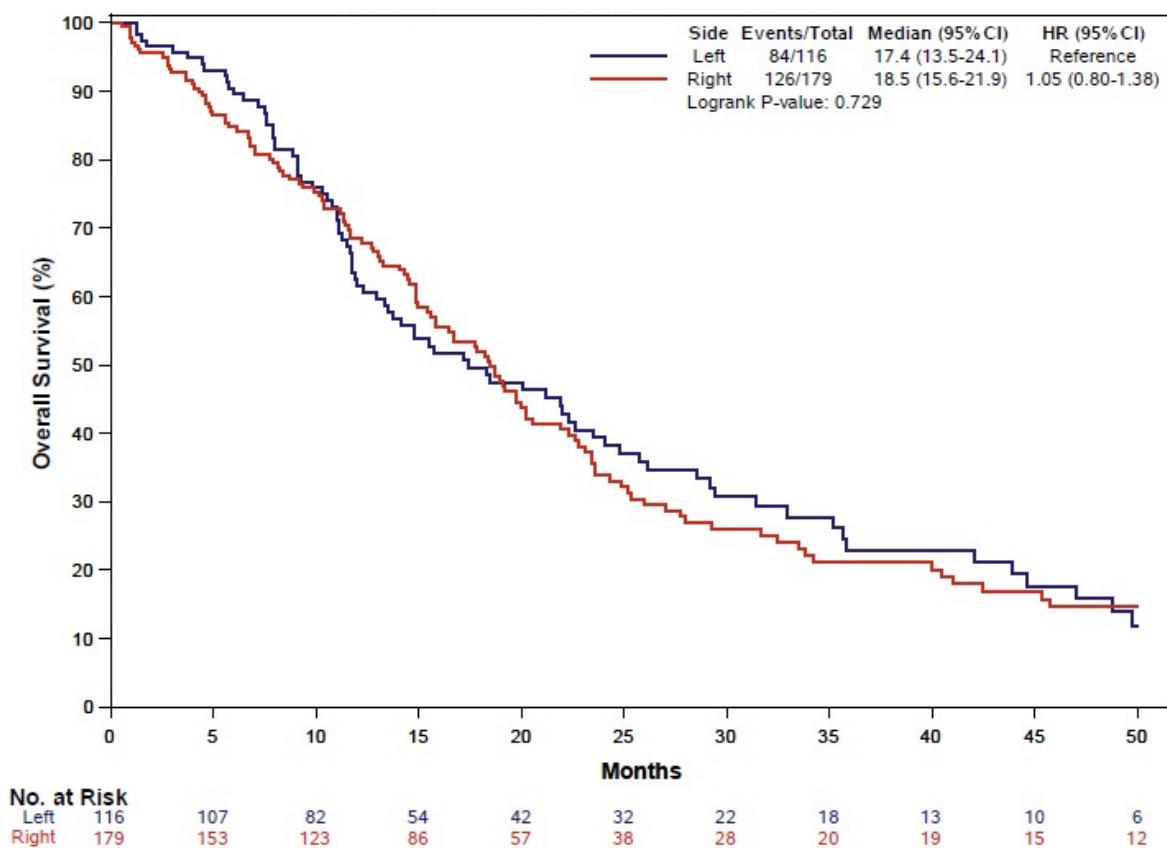
Supplementary Figure 7: BM1/BM2 classification of CGP tumour samples according to the simplified Barras classifier (panel A). Distribution of BM subtypes based on sidedness in both MSS/pMMR and MSI-H/dMMR cohorts of CGP population (panel B).

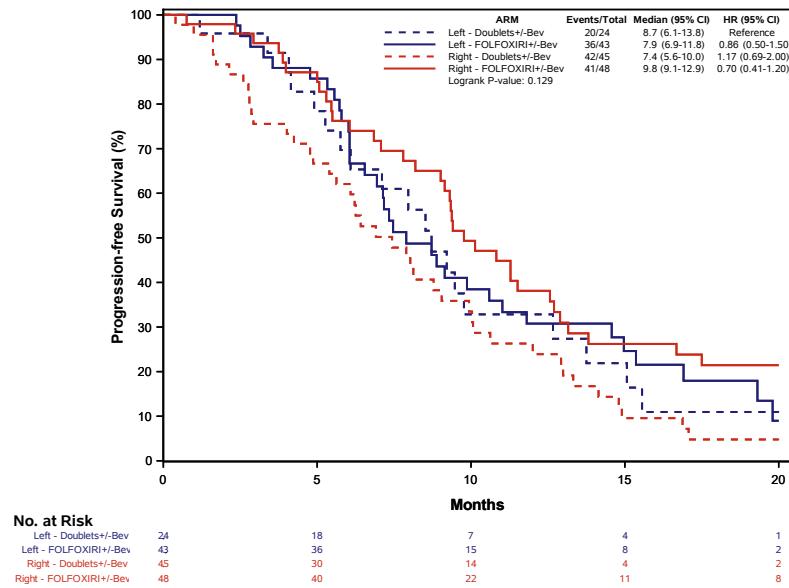
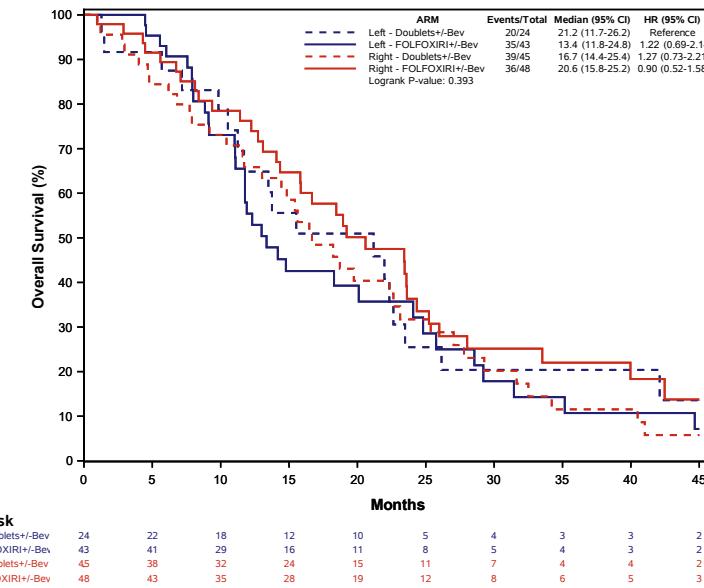
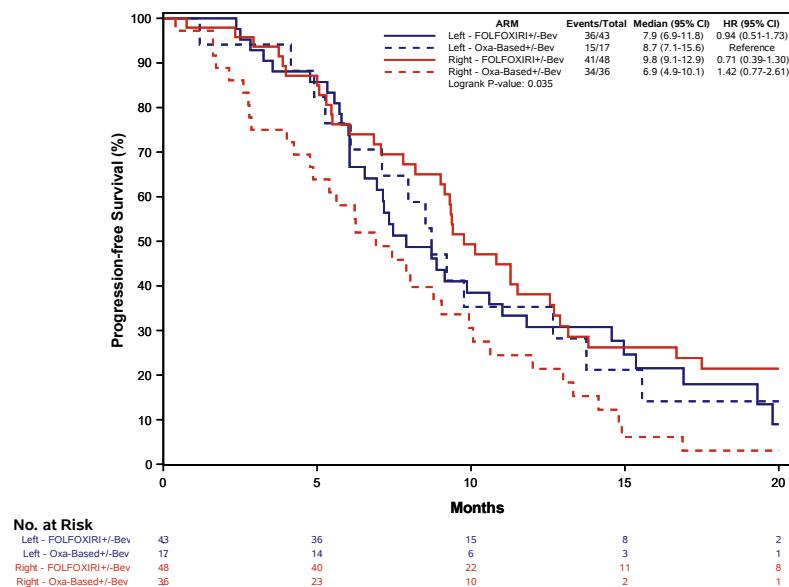
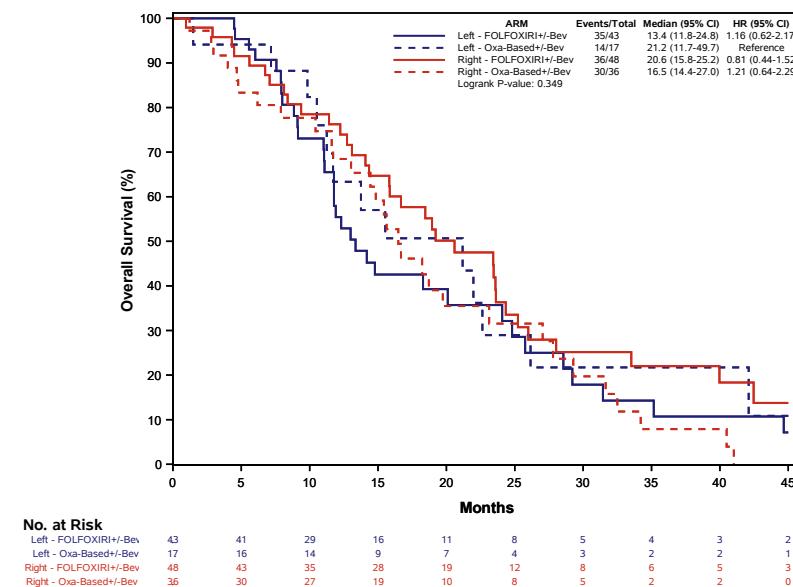
Supplementary Figure 8: Distribution and mutual exclusivity/co-occurrence of WNT pathway alterations in both MSS/pMMR (panel A) and MSI-H/dMMR (panel B) cohorts of CGP population.

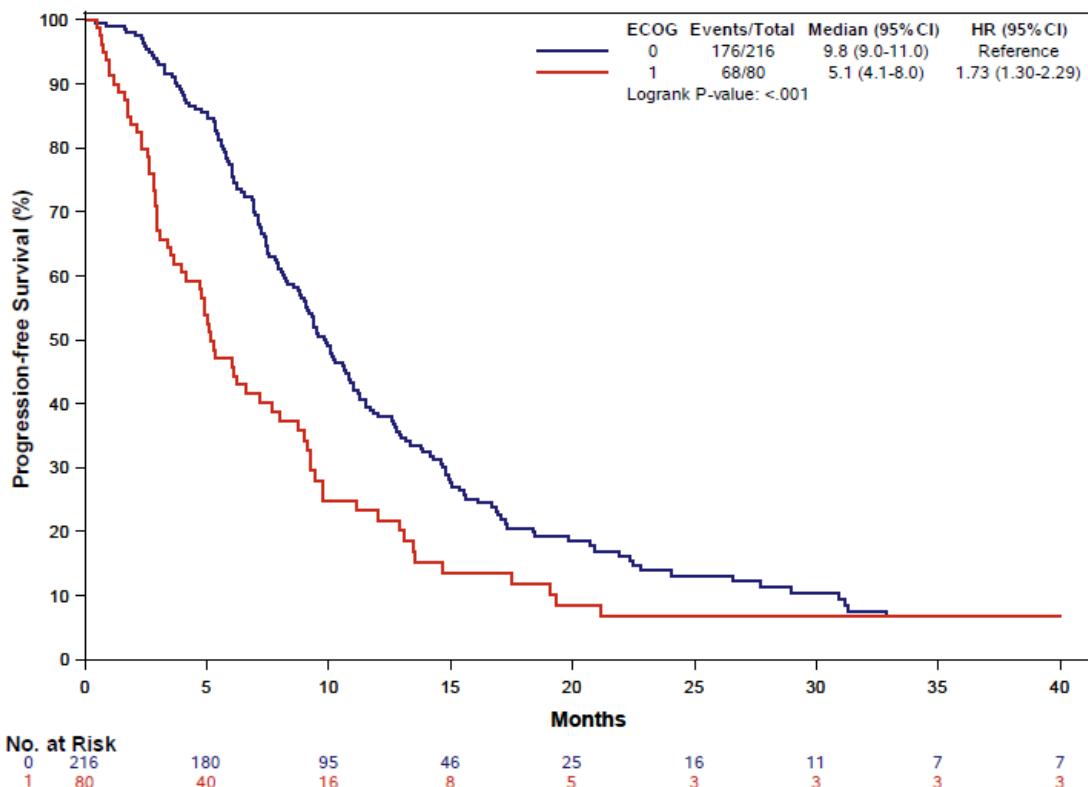
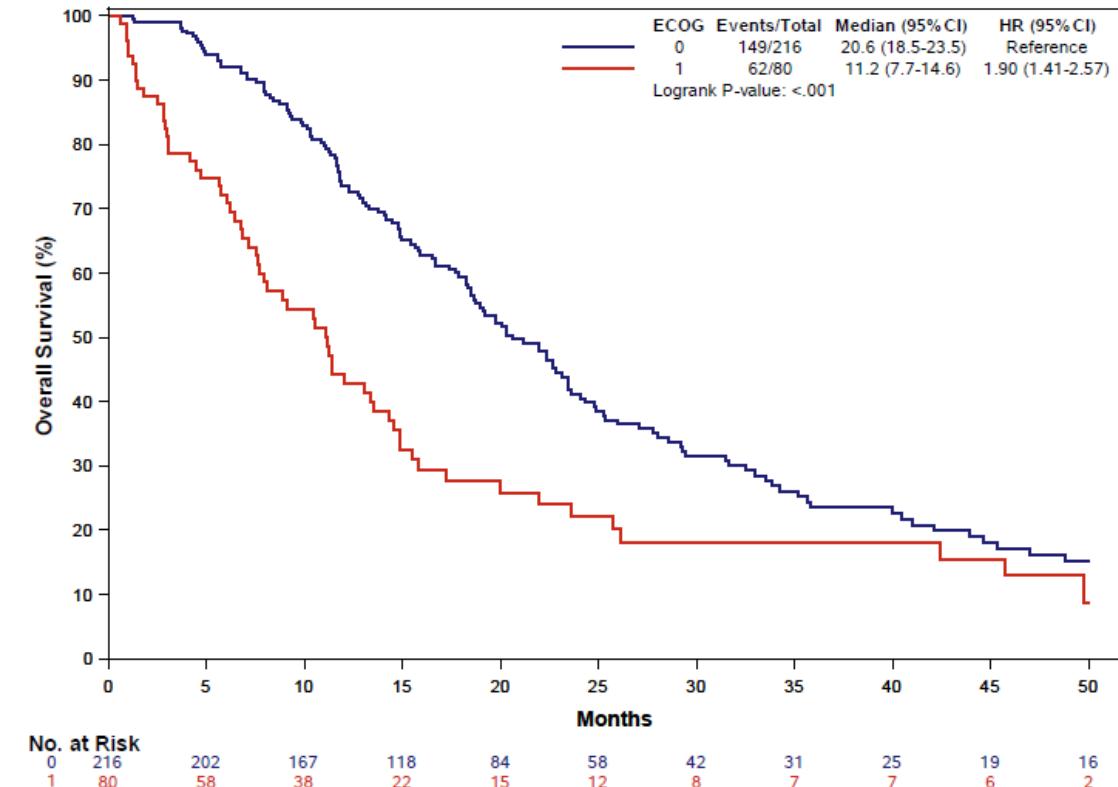
Supplementary Figure 9: Frequency of most common mutations (panel A), amplifications (panel B) and fusions (panel C) in MSI-H/dMMR cohort of the CGP population.

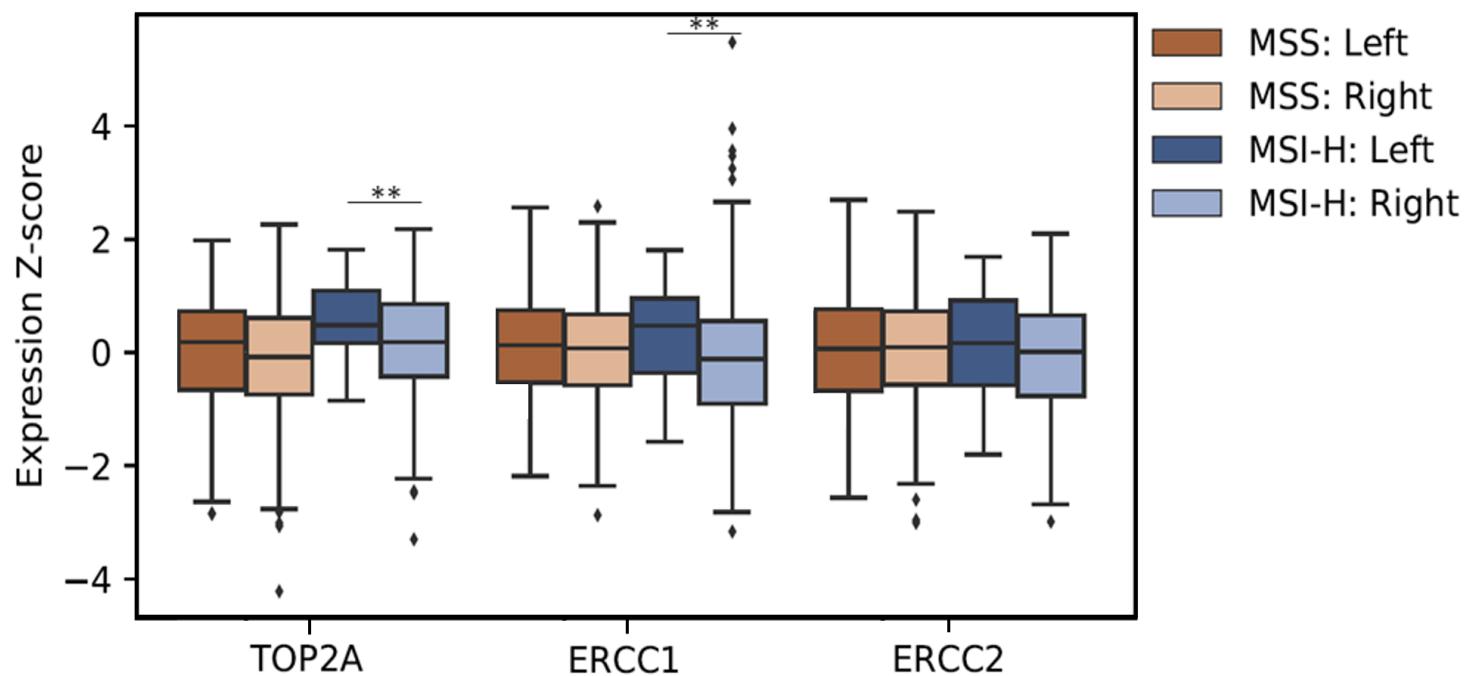


Supplementary Figure 1

Panel A**Panel B****Supplementary Figure 2**

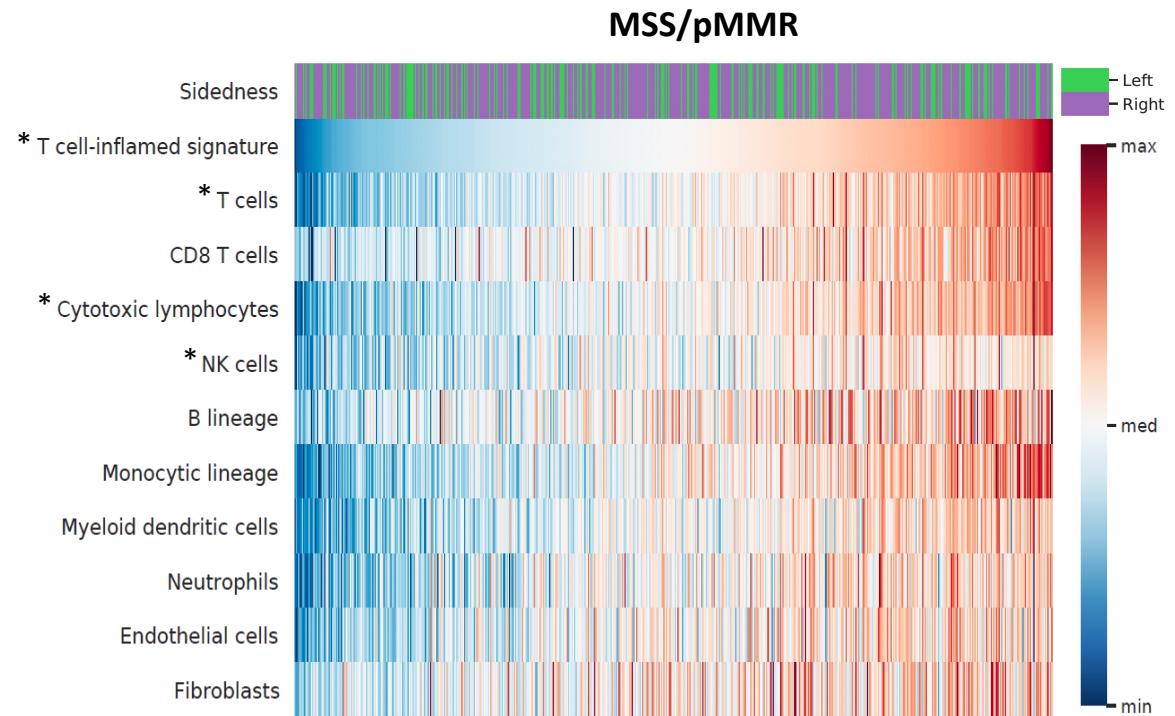
Panel A**Panel B****Panel C****Panel D****Supplementary Figure 3**

Panel A**Panel B****Supplementary Figure 4**

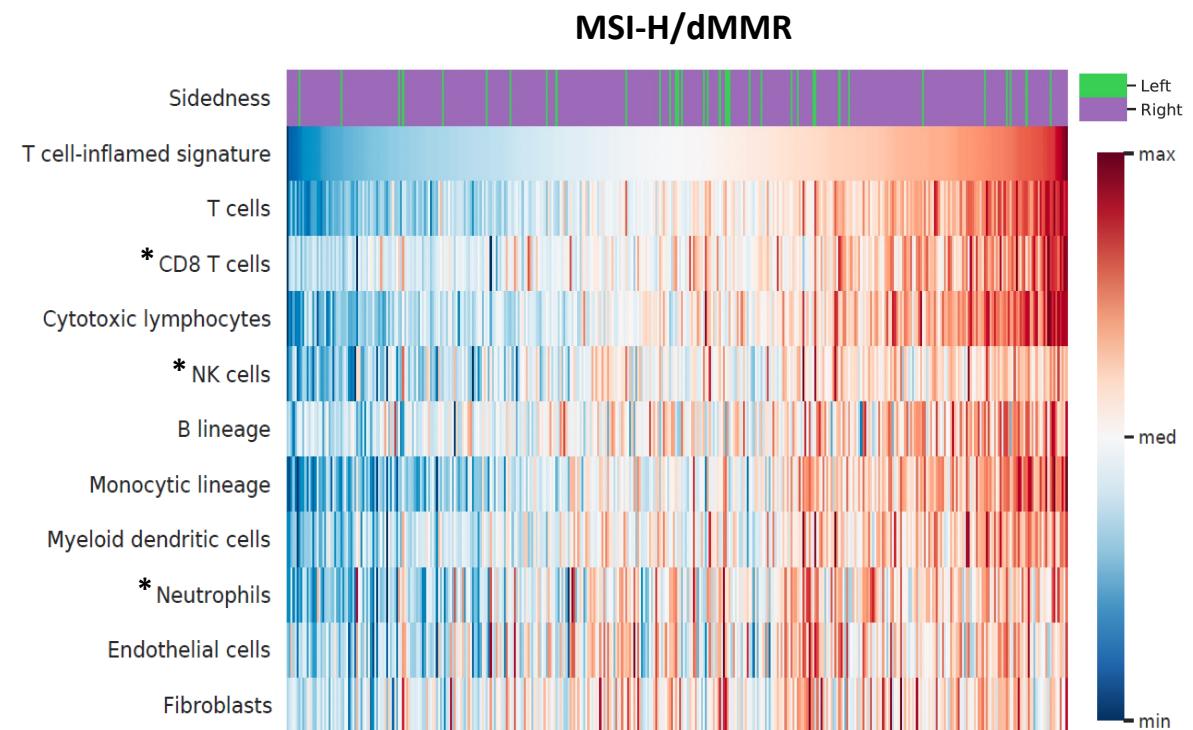


Supplementary Figure 5

Panel A

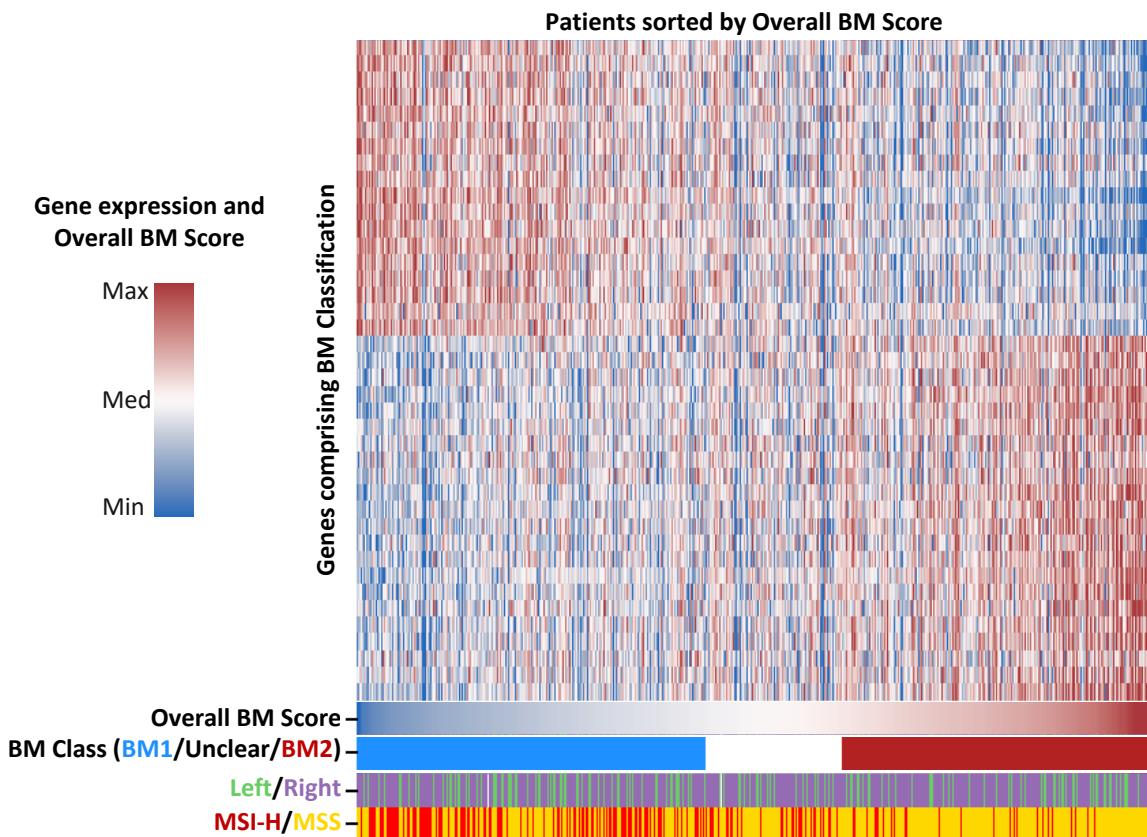


Panel B

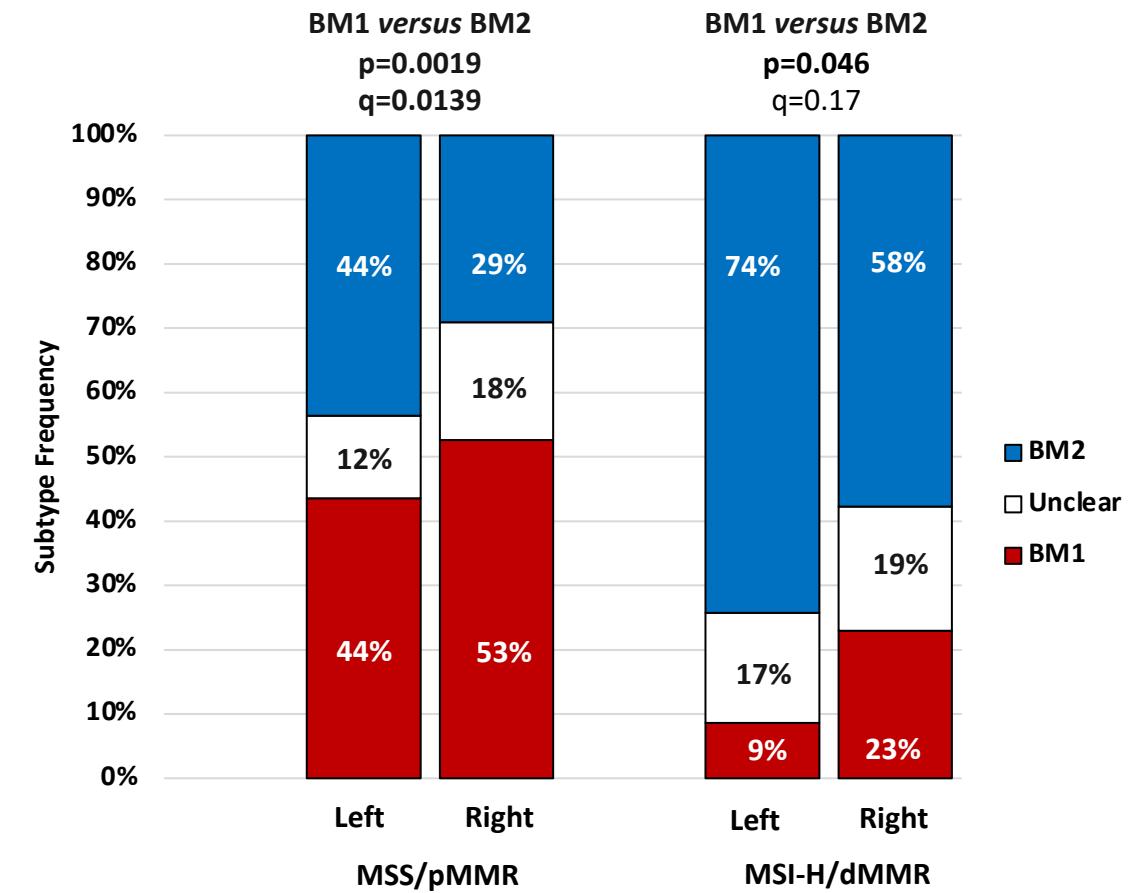


* $p<0.05$ (raw p-value)

Panel A

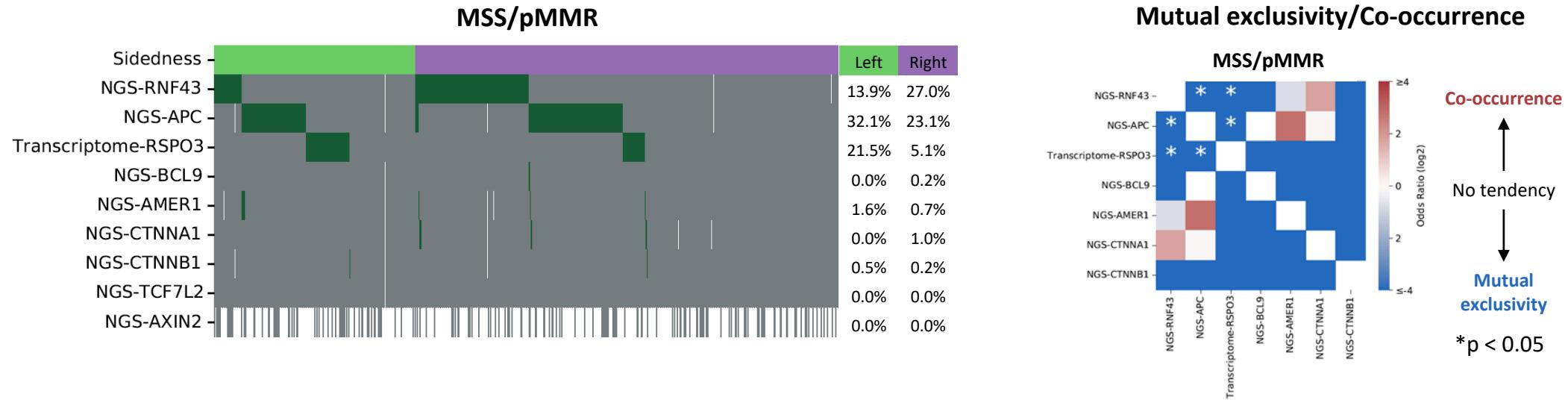


Panel B

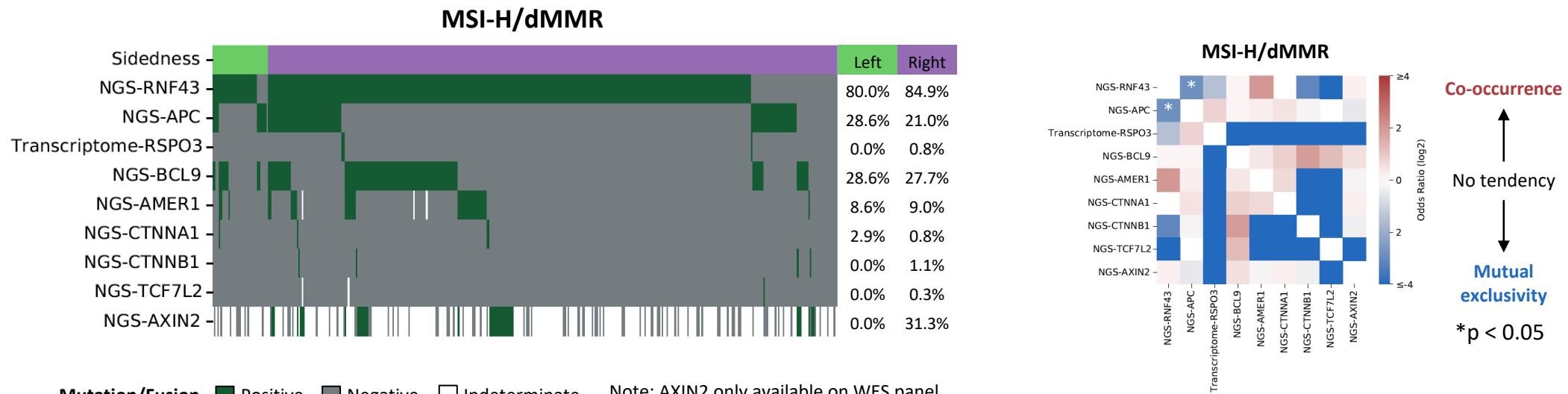


Supplementary Figure 7

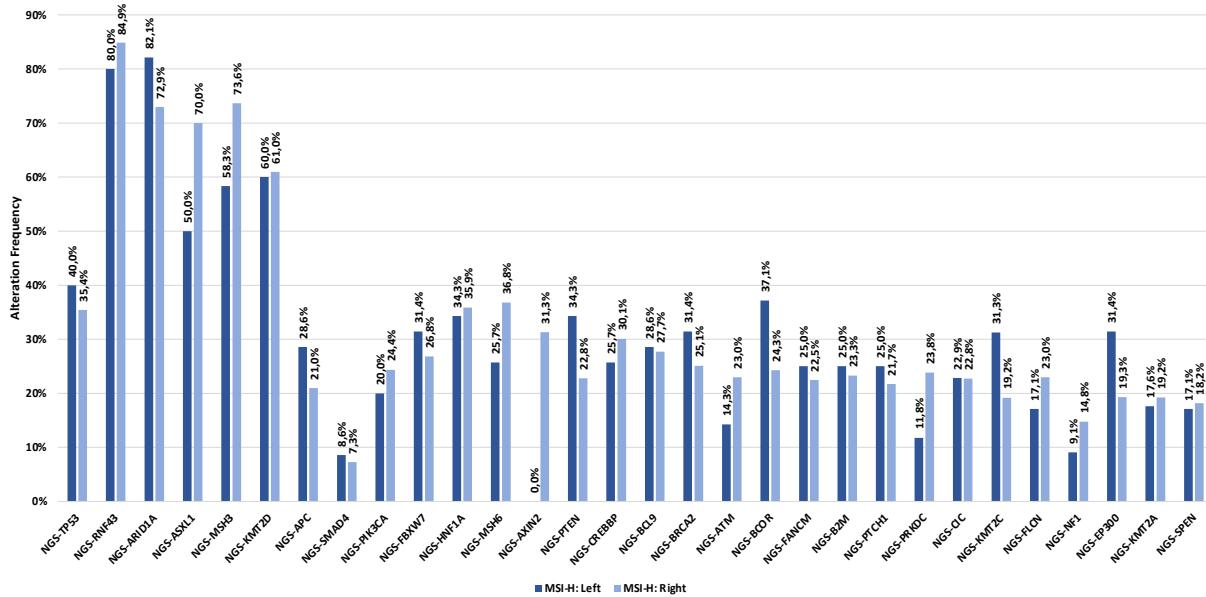
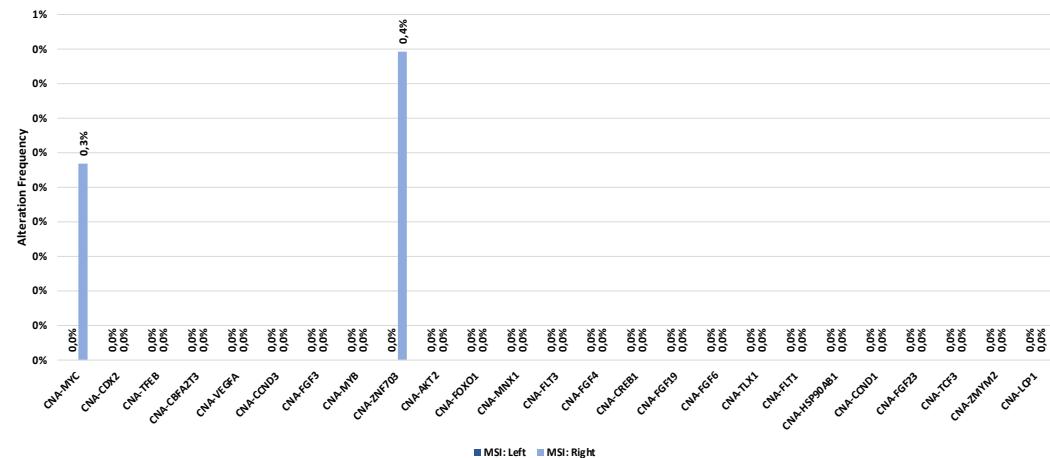
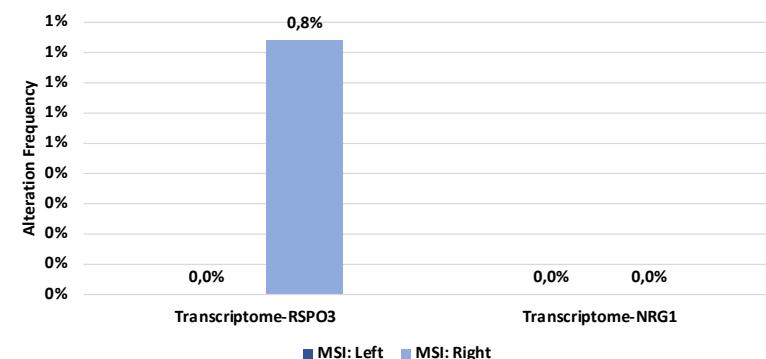
Panel A



Panel B



Supplementary Figure 8

Panel A**Panel B****Panel C****Supplementary Figure 9**

Supplementary Table 1. Patients' characteristics of BRAF-BeCool population

	Overall population N=296 n (%)	
Age (years)		
	Median	61
	Range (min – max)	24 - 75
Sex		
	Male	138 (47%)
	Female	158 (53%)
ECOG-PS		
	0	216 (73%)
	1-2	80 (27%)
Site of Primary Tumor		
	Right	179 (61%)
	Left and rectum	116 (39%)
	NA	1
Microsatellite status		
	pMMR/MSS	160 (83%)
	dMMR/MSI-H	32 (17%)
	NA	104
Resected Primary Tumor		
	Yes	215 (73%)
	No	81 (27%)
Liver Only Disease		
	Yes	75 (25%)
	No	221 (75%)
Number of metastatic sites		
	1	144 (49%)
	>1	152 (51%)
R0/R1 Resection of metastases		
	Yes	54 (18%)
	No	242 (82%)

Time to Metastases	
Synchronous	264 (89%)
Metachronous	32 (11%)
Simplified risk score	
High	61 (21%)
Intermediate	100 (34%)
Low	132 (45%)
NA	3
Treatment arm	
Doublet +/- bev	172 (58%)
Triplet +/- bev	124 (42%)
Bevacizumab-based treatment	
Yes	237 (80%)
No	59 (20%)
Chemotherapy-based treatment	
Oxaliplatin-based	134 (45%)
Irinotecan-based	38 (13%)
Oxaliplatin and irinotecan-based	124 (42%)

Legend: N=number, ECOG-PS=Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status, NA=not available, pMMR= proficient mismatched repair, MSS=microsatellite stable, dMMR=deficient mismatched repair, MSI-H=microsatellite instability high; Simplified score as described by Loupakis et al.¹².

Supplementary Table 2. Uni- and multivariate analyses for progression-free survival and overall survival in BRAF-BeCool population

		Progression-free survival				Overall survival			
Characteristics	N (%)	Univariate analysis		Multivariate analysis		Univariate analysis		Multivariate analysis	
		HR (95% CI)	p	HR (95% CI)	P	HR (95% CI)	p	HR (95% CI)	p
ECOG PS									
0	216 (73%)	1		1		1		1	
1-2	80 (27%)	1.73 (1.30-2.29)	<0.001	1.53 (0.89-2.61)	0.12	1.91 (1.41-2.57)	<0.001	1.50 (0.89-2.51)	0.13
Simplified risk score									
Low	132 (44%)	1		1		1		-	
Intermediate	100 (34%)	1.12 (0.84-1.50)	0.44	0.61 (0.40-0.94)	0.023	1.40 (1.02-1.92)	0.036	0.89 (0.56-1.43)	0.64
High	61 (21%)	2.29 (1.63-3.21)	<0.001	1.14 (0.58-2.21)	0.71	2.75 (1.93-3.92)	<0.001	1.58 (0.79-3.13)	0.19
NA	3								
Time to Metastases									
Metachronous	32 (11%)	1		-		1		-	
Synchronous	264 (89%)	1.18 (0.79-1.76)	0.41	-		1.37 (0.88-2.13)	015	-	-
Resected Primary Tumour									
No	81 (27%)	1		1		1		1	
Yes	215 (73%)	0.49 (0.37-0.66)	<0.001	0.66 (0.43-0.99)	0.049	0.34 (0.25-0.46)	<0.001	0.47 (0.30-0.73)	<0.001
Liver Only Disease									
No	221 (75%)	1		-		1		1	
Yes	75 (25%)	0.96 (0.73-1.28)	0.80	-		0.77 (0.56-1.05)	0.09	1.09 (0.66-1.78)	0.74
Number of metastatic sites									
1	144 (49%)	1		1		1		1	
>1	152 (51%)	1.61 (1.25-2.08)	<0.001	1.50 (1.01-2.22)	0.046	1.60 (1.22-2.10)	<0.001	1.23 (0.76-2.01)	0.41
R0/R1 Resection of metastases									
Yes	54 (18%)	1		1		1		1	
No	242 (82%)	2.00 (1.42-2.81)	<0.001	2.13 (1.36-3.32)	<0.001	2.08 (1.44-3.00)	<0.001	1.70 (1.06-2.72)	0.026

Site of Primary Tumour									
Right	179 (60%)	1		0.60	-	-	1	0.73	-
Left and rectum	116 (39%)	0.93 (0.72-1.21)			-		0.95 (0.72-1.26)		-
NA	1 (1%)								
Microsatellite status									
pMMR/MSS	160 (54%)	1		0.057	1	0.0050	1	<0.001	1
dMMR/MSI-H	32 (11%)	0.66 (0.42-1.03)			0.50 (0.31-0.81)		0.34 (0.20-0.60)		0.30 (0.17-0.55)
NA	104 (35%)								
Treatment arm									
Doublet +/- bev	172 (58%)	1		0.023	1	0.0012	1	0.75	-
Triplet +/- bev	124 (42%)	0.75 (0.58-0.96)			0.57 (0.41-0.80)		0.96 (0.73-1.26)		-
Bevacizumab-based treatment									
Yes	237 (80%)	1		0.094	1	0.40	1	0.41	-
No	59 (20%)	1.32 (0.96-1.82)			1.21 (0.77-1.91)		1.15 (0.83-1.61)		-

Legend: HR=hazard ratio, CI=confidence interval, N=number, ECOG-PS=Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status, NA=not available, pMMR=proficient mismatched repair, MSS=microsatellite stable, dMMR=deficient mismatched repair, MSI-H=microsatellite instability high; Simplified score as described by Loupakis et al.¹².