

# Anisakiasis Annual Incidence and Causative Species, Japan, 2018–2019

## Appendix

### PCR Amplification and Sequencing

The PCR assay contained a final volume of 50  $\mu\text{L}$ : 5  $\mu\text{L}$  of template DNA, 0.5  $\mu\text{L}$  of Phusion High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase 2.5 U (Thermo Fisher Scientific, <https://www.thermofisher.com>), 1.25  $\mu\text{L}$  each of primer (20  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) (Appendix Table 2), 4  $\mu\text{L}$  of dNTP (2.5 mmol/L), and 10  $\mu\text{L}$  of 5 $\times$  Phusion HF buffer. Amplification was performed by using a Takara PCR Thermal Cycler Dice Gradient thermal cycler (TaKaRa Bio, Inc., <http://www.takara-bio.com>) with an initial denaturation step at 98°C for 30 s. PCR amplifications for the internal transcribed spacer 1 (ITS1) region were conducted, then 30 cycles of denaturing at 98°C for 10 s, annealing at 55°C for 10 s, and extension at 72°C for 15 s; amplification of the portion of the NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 gene was performed for 34 cycles at 98°C for 10 s, at 46°C for 30 s, and at 72°C for 1 min. A final extension was performed at 72°C for 7 min for the ITS1 region and 10 min for the NADH gene. Amplicons were sequenced by using the corresponding primers. The dye terminator method was performed by using fluorescently-labeled di-deoxynucleotide triphosphates with the BigDye Terminator version 3.1 Cycle Sequencing Kit (Thermo Fisher Scientific) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Nucleotide sequences were determined by using a 3730xl DNA Analyzer (Thermo Fisher Scientific), and sequence alignments were analyzed by using GENETYX-Win version 13 (GENETYX Co., <https://www.genetyx.co.jp>).

**Appendix Table 1.** GenBank accession numbers for anisakid larvae obtained from patients, Japan, 2018–2019\*

Species	Target region	Accession no.
<i>Anisakis simplex</i> sensu stricto	ITS1	LC684518
<i>Anisakis pegreffii</i>	ITS1	LC684519
<i>Pseudoterranova azarasi</i>	ITS1	LC684520
	NADH	LC684521

\*ITS1, internal transcribed spacer 1 region; NADH, NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 gene.

**Appendix Table 2.** Primers used to sequence *Anisakis* parasites obtained from patients, Japan, 2018–2019\*

Target	Forward primer	Reverse primer
ITS1	AniT1F2: GTTGAACAACGGTGACCAATTTGGC	AniT1R3: GTACAAATCTTGCGGTGGATCACTC
NADH	TerNADH-SF6:	TerNADH-SR1:
	GCTTGTTAGTGGTTAYAATGTAGAGTAYTC	CCTAGAAAAATCAAAGAAACAGGCAACAAC

\*ITS1, internal transcribed spacer 1 region; NADH, NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 gene.