Table S1. Summary of statistical analyses

Marker	Mixture modeling cut-point not requiring a reference (n=874)	ROC methods to obtain Youden and 90% positive percent agreement cut points (n=524 with CSF and amyloid PET)	
		A+ versus A- reference*	A+ CI versus A- CU reference*
Αβ42	\checkmark	\checkmark	•
t-tau	\checkmark	•	\checkmark
p-tau	\checkmark	•	\checkmark
t-tau/Aβ42	\checkmark	\checkmark	•
p-tau/Aβ42	\checkmark	\checkmark	•

* Abnormal amyloid PET (A+) versus normal amyloid PET (A-) were defined based on mixture modeling

 \checkmark Obtained cut-points are of primary interest

• Obtained cut-points based on a reference group that is not of primary interest (sensitivity)

Abbreviations: A+, abnormal amyloid PET; A-, normal amyloid PET; CI, cognitively impaired (including mild cognitive impairment and AD dementia); CU, cognitively unimpaired

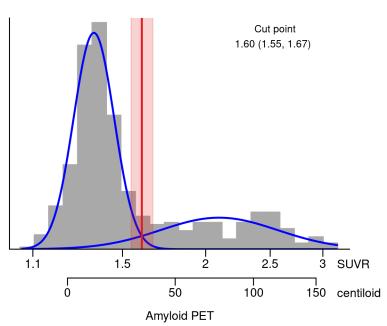


Figure S1. Amyloid PET Cut point. Histogram of amyloid PET in the CSF+PET subset with estimated probability density curves of the two groups identified through univariate mixture modeling (blue). The optimal cut point with 95% bootstrap confidence interval (CI) is shown in red. The centiloid scale is shown below the SUVR scale. The cut point of 1.60 (95% CI 1.55–1.67) corresponds to 32 (95% CI 28–38) centiloid.

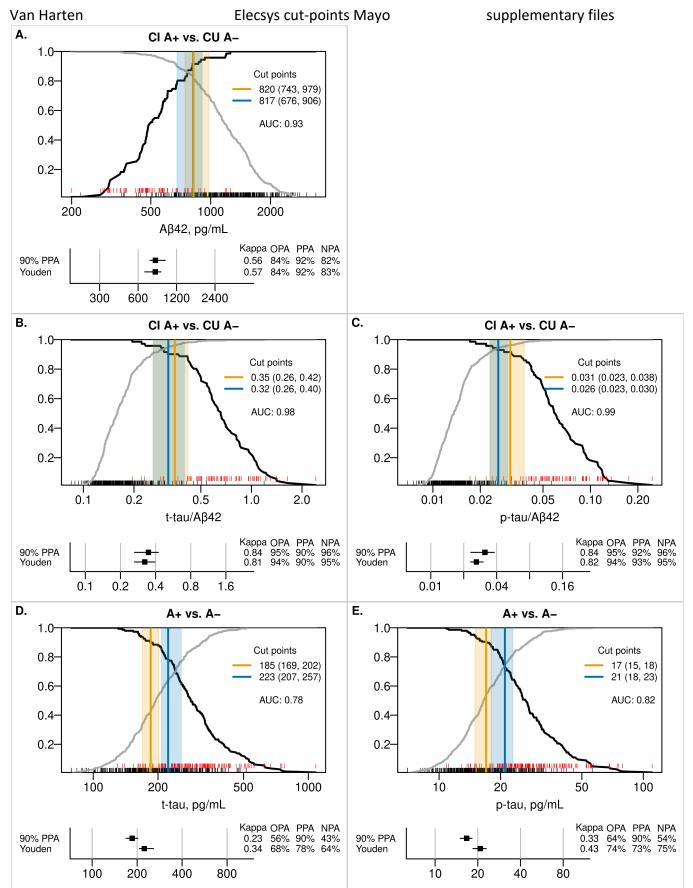


Figure S2. Sensitivity Analyses. In the main ROC analyses, the reference of A+ vs. A– was used for A β 42 and the t-tau/A β 42 and p-tau/A β 42 ratios while the reference of cognitively impaired (CI) A+ vs. cognitively unimpaired (CU) A– was used as the reference for t-tau and p-tau. In sensitivity analyses, the ROC analyses were repeated with the reference not used in the primary analysis.

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supplementary files

Panels A–C show the ROC analyses for CI A+ vs. CU A– for A β 42, t-tau/A β 42, and p-tau/A β 42. Panels D and E show the ROC analyses for A+ vs. A– for t-tau and p-tau. A+ was defined as amyloid PET ≥ 1.60 SUVR (32 centiloid). The figures show positive percent agreement (PPA, black line) and negative percent agreement (NPA, grey line). The cut point (95% bootstrap confidence interval) that results in 90% PPA is shown in orange and the Youden method cut point is shown in blue. Rug plots at the bottom of each panel indicate CSF values for cases (A+ or CI A+, red) and controls (A– or CU A–, black). Kappa, overall percent agreement (OPA), PPA, and NPA are reported using the respective references.