

SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX 1

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Figure S1. *In vitro* activity of cefiderocol against NDM-producing *Klebsiella pneumoniae* clinical isolates, collected from Florence University Hospital in the period January 2021 (n=24) to June 2022 (n=28). When available, replicate isolates from the same patient always exhibited uniform FDC MICs (within ± 1 dilution).

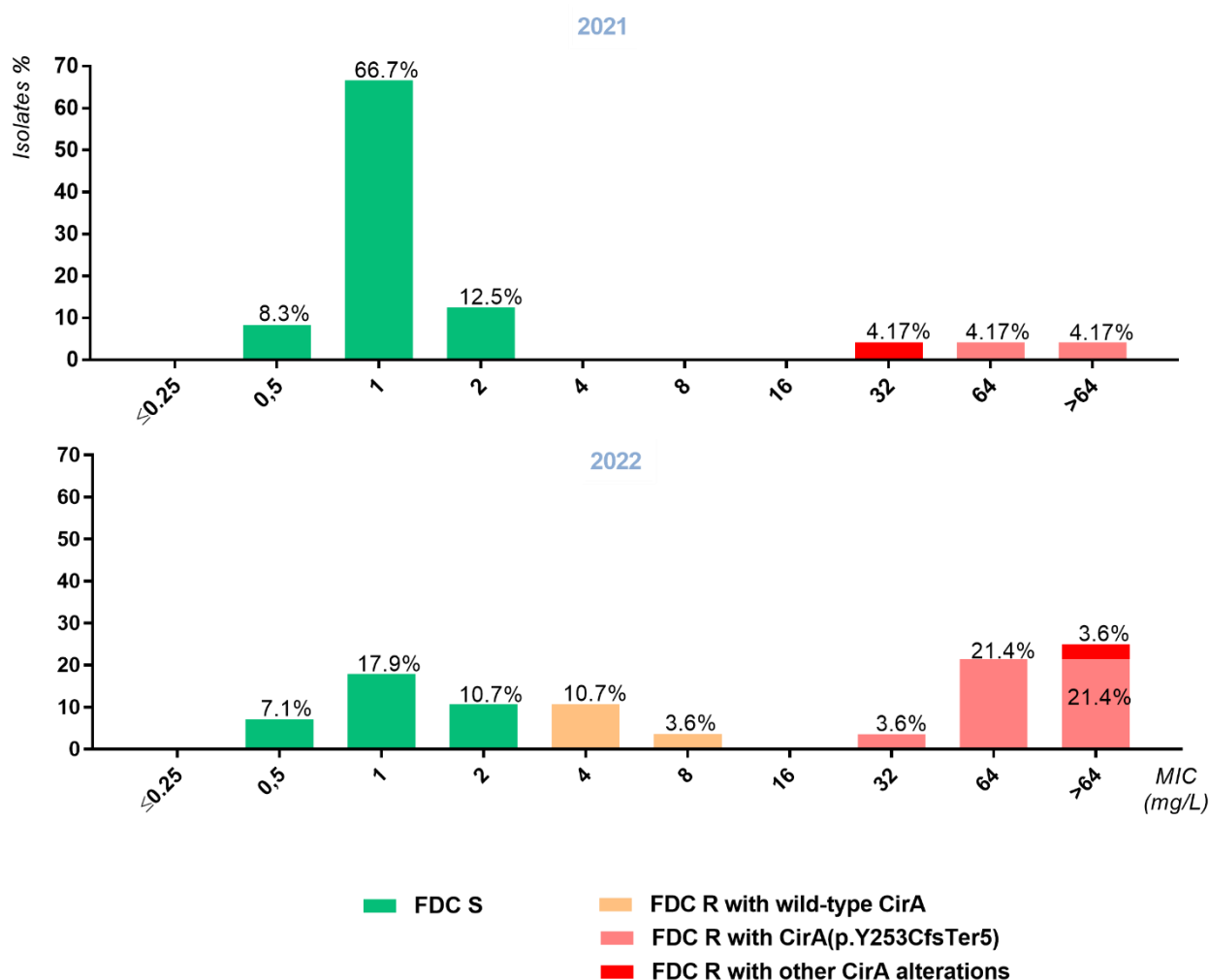


Table S3. Primers, probes and reaction conditions for the molecular detection of the CirA_{Y253CfsTer5} mutants.

<i>Oligonucleotide name</i>	<i>Sequence (5'-3')</i>	<i>Final concentration in reaction mix (nM)</i>
<i>cirA-rt-fwd</i>	AAGGACGATCCGCAGTCATC	500
<i>cirA-rt-rev</i>	GGCTCAGAGAGTAGTTCTCC	500
<i>cirA-AOUC-rt-p</i>	FAM-GCAGGCTGCAGGCTACGG-MGBNFQ	100

The reaction volume is 16 μ L, including 3 μ L of DNA (obtained with thermal lysis of a water bacterial suspension) approaches. The amplification program consisted of 35 two-step cycles of 15s at 95°C and 60s at 66 °C.

Figure S3. PCR amplification curve for the molecular detection of the CirA_{Y253CfsTer5} mutants. A sample positive for the c.761_767 duplication in *cirA* gene is characterized by a higher intensity of fluorescent emission than samples with the wild type *cirA*, which are revealed with lower efficiency by probes.

