Supplement 3. Practical Application of Systems Thinking in Program Intervention Design: The Intervention Viability Assessment Tool

AIM

The purpose of this tool is to support designers and practitioners in assessing a potential program intervention to identify:

- its fit with the health system
- deal-breakers, pitfalls, and other issues for further discussion
- potential for impact

SECTION 1 – INTERVENTION DESCRIPTION

Purpose of table: to understand how the intervention will be implemented, by whom, where, how and the target client's journey from identification to referral.

- Entry point: where a service provider will interact with the client (e.g., household, facility) to provide information and/or services.
- Referral point: where a service provider may send the client for additional services related to the intervention (e.g., referral to a facility for postpartum family planning (PPFP) services after a household visit, referral for treatment of malnutrition from an immunization unit)

1.	What is the proposed intervention? (briefly explain the intervention)	
2.	What outcome does the intervention aim to achieve? (state the intended outcome of the intervention)	
3.	Who is the target client of this intervention? (state intended target client)	
4.	Is this intervention supported by existing evidence?	□Yes Briefly explain: □No Briefly explain:
5.	If this intervention is not supported by existing evidence, is it designed to generate evidence?	□Yes Briefly explain: □No Briefly explain:
6.	What tools will need to be developed or adapted for the implementation of this intervention (counselling, job aids, checklists etc.)? (list the key tools, if no new tools are needed indicate N/A)	1. 2. 3. 4.

7.	Does the intervention have additional data collection needs for monitoring beyond what is available in the national MoH health information system?	□Yes Explain if yes: □No
EN	VTRY POINT	
8.	What is the primary entry point for this intervention where most target clients can be reached? (specify unit within the facility)	☐ Household ☐ Primary health facility ☐ Secondary health facility ☐ Tertiary health facility ☐ Other – Explain
9.	Is this the lowest possible level where the intervention can be implemented without compromising quality?	□Yes □No
10.	How will the target clients be identified for specific focus at this entry point? (briefly explain)	
11.	What service(s), if any, related to the intervention, are already being provided to the target client at this entry point? (list services related to the intended outcome)	1. 2. 3. 4.
	Who will provide the service(s) proposed in this intervention, to the target client, at the entry point? (name service provider(s)	1. 2. 3. 4.
13.	What capacity development will the service provider(s) at the entry point require to implement the intervention? (list 4 key capacity building needs, if none is needed indicate N/A)	1. 2. 3. 4.
14.	Will these services proposed in the intervention affect the workload of the provider(s) at the entry point (e.g., new tasks, more clients, longer consultation time, etc.)?	□Yes □No Briefly explain:
	Will the services proposed in the intervention affect client flow (e.g., confusion, longer waiting times, longer consultation times etc.)?	□Yes □No Briefly explain:
REFERRAL POINT		

16. Will the intervention require the target client to be sent from the primary entry point to a referral point for provision of the services? (If yes, please specify the unit within the referral point(s). If no, skip to section 2)	☐Household ☐Primary health facility ☐Secondary health facility ☐Tertiary health facility ☐ Other – Explain
17. What service(s), related to the intervention, will be provided to the target client this referral point? (<i>list services to be provided</i>)	1. 2. 3. 4.
18. Who will provide the service(s) proposed in this intervention, to the target client, at the referral point? (name service provider(s)	1. 2. 3. 4.
19. What capacity development will the service provider(s) at the entry point require to implement the intervention? (list 4 key capacity building needs, if none is needed indicate N/A)	1. 2. 3. 4.
20. Will these services proposed in the intervention affect the workload of the provider at the referral point (e.g., new tasks, more clients, longer consultation time, etc.)?	□Yes □No Briefly explain:
21. Will the services proposed in the intervention affect client flow (e.g., confusion, longer waiting times, longer consultation time etc.)?	□Yes □No Briefly explain:

SECTION 2 – MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Purpose of table: To assess the viability of the intervention within the service delivery point by examining the essential elements required to provide the services required.

Essential Service Delivery Operations		
1. If the intervention is introduced, there are enough providers with the skills needed to conduct the activity(ies) and provide the service(s) proposed. (<i>check one</i>)		

Entry point	Referral point	
☐Totally agree	☐Totally agree	
□Agree	□Agree	
□Disagree	□Disagree	
☐Totally disagree	☐Totally disagree	

2. If the intervention is introduced, the current s	supply of essential supplies and commodities	
is sufficient to meet any increase in use of ser	11 1	
Entry point	Referral point	
☐Totally agree	☐Totally agree	
□Agree	□Agree	
□Disagree	□Disagree	
☐Totally disagree	☐Totally disagree	
$\square N/A$	□N/A	
3. The manager (or person in charge) of the service delivery point has all the required resources, information, and decision-making power to support the introduction and implementation of the intervention. (<i>Check one</i>)		
Entry point	Referral point	
☐Totally agree	☐Totally agree	
□Agree	□Agree	
□Disagree	□Disagree	
☐Totally disagree	☐Totally disagree	
Integration and coordination of services		
4. Currently, the service providers where this in	tervention will be implemented only provide	
one unique type of service e.g. only pro-	vide immunization, only provide nutrition	
screening and referral. (check one)		
Entry point	Entry point	
☐Totally agree (they provide only one service)	☐Totally agree (they provide only one	
□Agree (they occasionally provide other	service)	
service(s))	□Agree (they occasionally provide other	
Disagree (they often provide other service(s))	service(s))	
Totally disagree (they already provide highly	□Disagree (they often provide other service(s))	
integrated services)	☐Totally disagree (they already provide	
	highly integrated services)	
5. If they provide only one type of service, s	L substantial service reorganization (change in	
client flow, infrastructure, number of staff, roles of staff etc.) is required to integrate the		
proposed intervention (check one, explain your answer)		

Entry point	Referral point		
☐Totally agree	☐Totally agree		
□Agree	□Agree		
□Disagree	□Disagree		
☐Totally disagree	☐Totally disagree		
Explain:	Explain:		
 Skip to the next section (Immediate Oversight of Service Delivery) if all services are provided at a single entry point, with no possible need for referral. 6. If it may be necessary to send the client from the entry point to a referral point for provision of services, how well does coordination between providers in the two touchpoints work in order to support continuity of services? (check one, explain 	□Good, little confusion for providers and clients □Fair, some confusion for providers and clients □Poor, lots of confusion for providers and clients □There is currently no coordination between these two touch points Explain:		
your answer)	1		
7. What mechanisms are in place to improve coordination between the entry and referral points? (list examples such as interdepartmental meetings, scheduling tools, supervision meetings between providers and community volunteers			
IMMEDIATE OVERSIGHT OF SERVICE D	PELIVERY		
Performance management, resource allocation			
1. Who is the designated manager immediately service delivery (in-charge)? (provide title she/he is located)			
2. If a service intervention is introduced, we responsible for giving service providers new standard operating procedures for their work?	w and clear Referral point		
3. How often is the performance of provider reviewed and evaluated? (e.g. monthly, quart	• •		
4. Who provides clinical supervision for responsible for the implementation of servi intervention? (provide title)	ces and the Entry point Referral point		
5. How often is supportive supervision cond monthly, quarterly, never)	ucted? (e.g. Entry point Referral point		
Planning ahead and Setting Rules and Policies			

Who is responsible for ensuring that staff capacity is developed/are trained and updated on new guidelines and protocols? (provide title)	Entry point Referral point
1	Entry point
weeks, months, and quarters ahead?	Referral point
STEMS TO SUPPORT SERVICE DELIVERY	
The management of commodities and supplies, for the	Entry point: □Yes □No
intervention, is well-coordinated.	Referral point: □Yes □No
There is a system for assessing and evaluating how well	Entry point: □Yes □No
commodities and supplies, needed for the intervention, are managed.	Referral point: □Yes □No
The management of information for decision making is well coordinated.	Entry point: □Yes □No
	Referral point: □Yes □No
	protocols? (provide title) Who ensures that service staff have a clear plan for the weeks, months, and quarters ahead? STEMS TO SUPPORT SERVICE DELIVERY The management of commodities and supplies, for the intervention, is well-coordinated. There is a system for assessing and evaluating how well commodities and supplies, needed for the intervention, are managed. The management of information for decision making is

SECTION 3 – PROGRAMMATIC DECISIONS

Purpose of table: To make decisions based on the information provided in the sections above		
1. What activities do you propose to strengthen management systems under the following areas: (<i>list 4 activities under each area</i>)		
Improving availability of 1.		
staff, commodities, and	2.	
supplies	3.	
	4.	
Improving the provision of	1.	
services	2.	
	3.	
	4.	
Improving coordination	1.	
between entry and referral	2.	
points	3.	
	4.	
Improving supervision and	1.	
support for health providers	2.	
and units	3.	
	4.	
2. What is currently being done (by the MoH, other partners) strengthen management system		
under the areas mentioned above?		
3. What are the potential deal-breakers, or critical elements that would need to be in place for the intervention to work and are currently missing or weak?		
and miles relation to work und use currently missing or weak.		

4.	Based on the assessment, this intervention can be introduced into the health system and scaled up in this context. (Explain your answer)	□Agree

Do you have any overall questions or concerns about this intervention that were not addressed in the questions above? Please note them here.