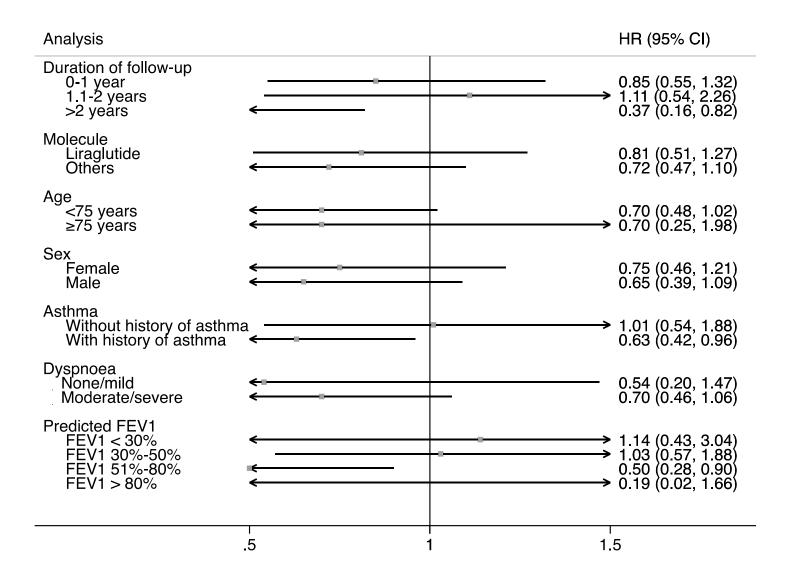
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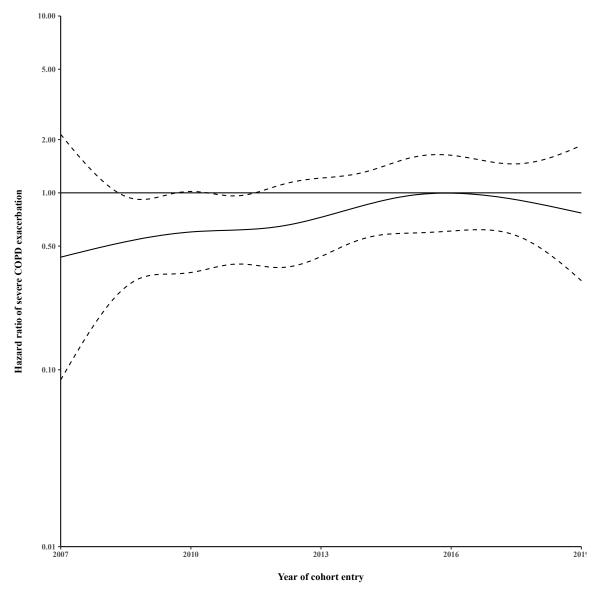
Supplementary Table A: Reasons for the end of follow-up (GLP-1 receptor agonists vs sulfonylureas cohort)

Reasons	Sulfonylurea	GLP-1 receptor agonists
Outcome	1261 (8.8%)	64 (5.1%)
Death	1343 (9.4%)	31 (2.5%)
Administration	2272 (15.9%)	355 (28.4%)
Discontinuation/switching	9383 (65.8%)	802 (64.1%)

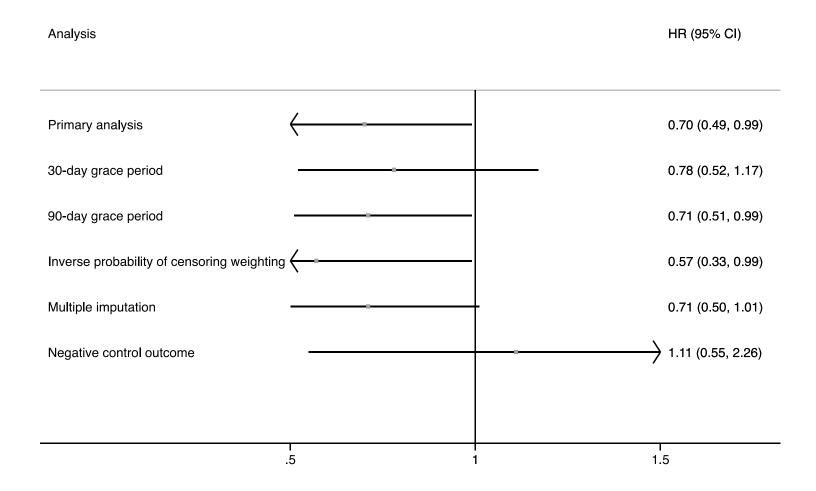
#### Supplementary Figure A: Forest Plot Depicting Secondary Analyses Comparing GLP-1 receptor agonists with Sulfonylureas



## Supplementary Figure B. Restricted Cubic Spline of Cohort Entry Period and the Association Between GLP-1 receptor agonists and Severe COPD Exacerbations



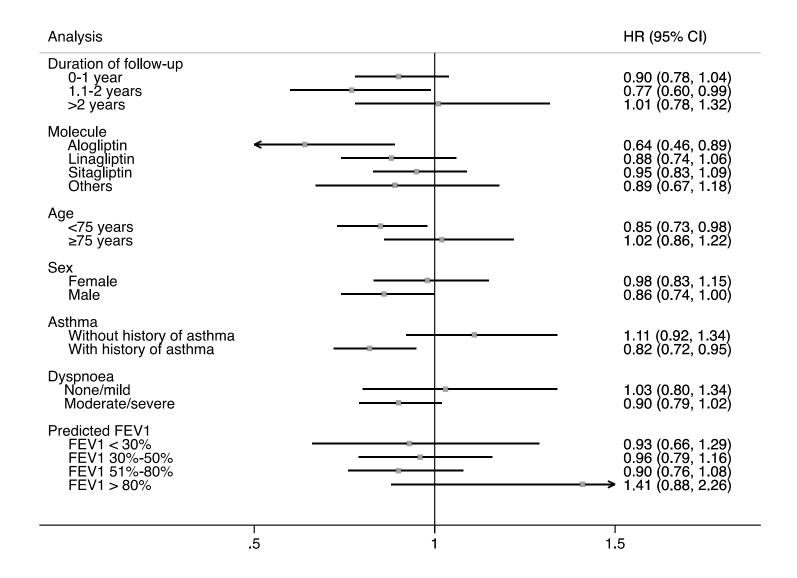
#### Supplementary Figure C: Forest Plot Depicting Sensitivity Analyses Comparing GLP-1 receptor agonists with Sulfonylureas



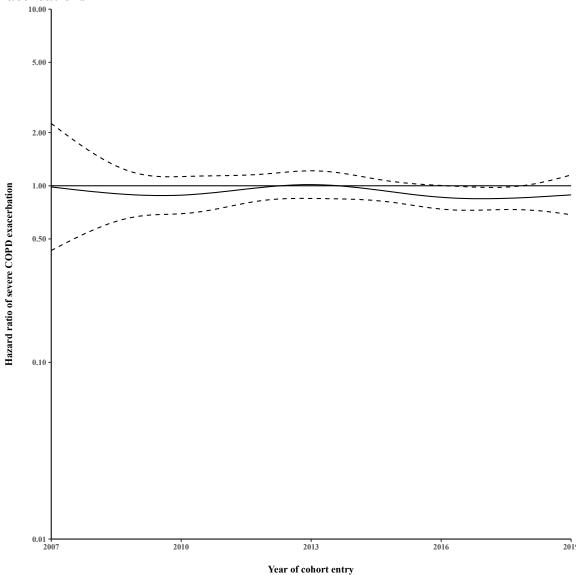
Supplementary Table B: Reasons for the end of follow-up (DPP-4 inhibitors vs sulfonylureas cohort)

Reasons	Sulfonylurea	DPP-4 inhibitors
Outcome	1827 (10.0%)	611 (7.0%)
Death	2233 (12.3%)	665 (7.6%)
Administration	2731 (15.0%)	2850 (32.6%)
Discontinuation/switching	11,413 (62.7%)	4605 (52.7%)

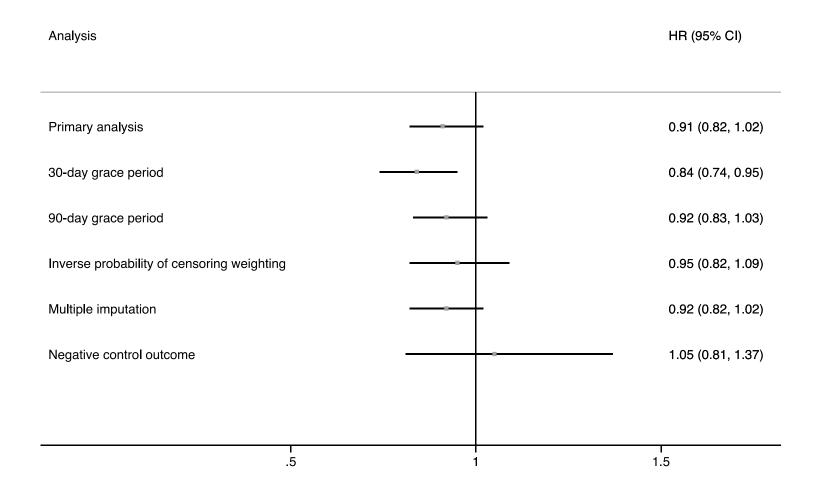
#### Supplementary Figure D: Forest Plot Depicting Secondary Analyses Comparing DPP-4 inhibitors with Sulfonylureas



## Supplementary Figure E. Restricted Cubic Spline of Cohort Entry Period and the Association Between DPP-4 inhibitors and Severe COPD Exacerbations



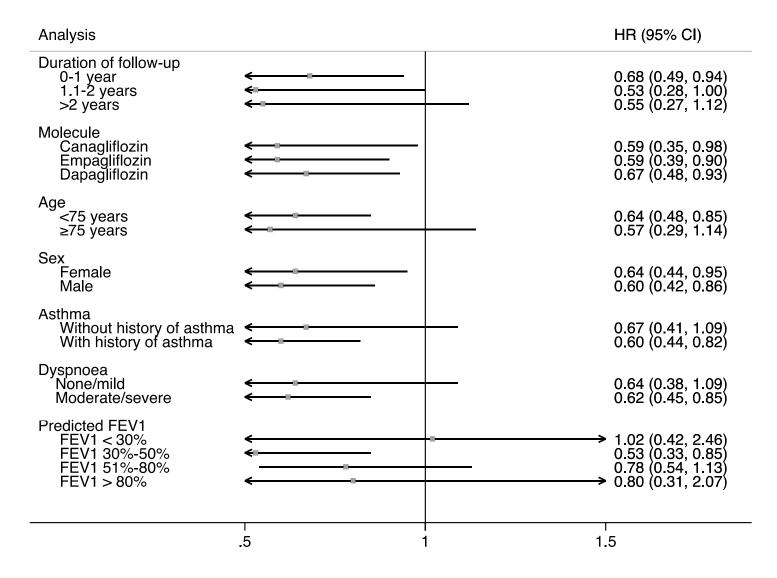
#### Supplementary Figure F: Forest Plot Depicting Sensitivity Analyses Comparing DPP-4 inhibitors with Sulfonylureas



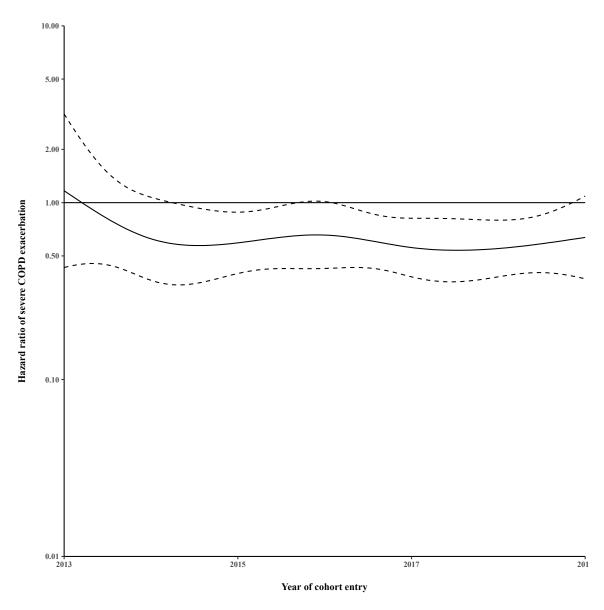
# Supplementary Table C: Reasons for the end of follow-up (SGLT-2 inhibitors vs sulfonylureas cohort)

Reasons	Sulfonylurea	SGLT-2 inhibitors
Outcome	1006 (9.3%)	92 (3.1%)
Death	1144 (10.6%)	62 (2.1%)
Administration	2731 (25.2%)	1249 (42.3%)
Discontinuation/switching	5960 (55.0%)	1553 (52.5%)

#### Supplementary Figure G: Forest Plot Depicting Secondary Analyses Comparing SGLT-2 inhibitors with Sulfonylureas



## Supplementary Figure H. Restricted Cubic Spline of Cohort Entry Period and the Association Between SGLT-2 inhibitors and Severe COPD Exacerbations



### Supplementary Figure I: Forest Plot Depicting Sensitivity Analyses Comparing SGLT-2 inhibitors with Sulfonylureas

Analysis		HR (95% CI)
Primary analysis	<del></del>	0.62 (0.48, 0.81)
30-day grace period	<del></del>	0.64 (0.48, 0.86)
90-day grace period	<del></del>	0.62 (0.49, 0.80)
Inverse probability of censoring weig	hting <del>(</del>	0.56 (0.39, 0.80)
Multiple imputation	<del></del>	0.62 (0.48, 0.81)
Negative control outcome	<del></del>	0.62 (0.32, 1.20)
	.5 1	1 1.5