# nature portfolio

Corresponding author(s):	Zhihong Sun	Qiuwen He
Last updated by author(s):	2022-10-11	

# Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Please do not complete any field with "not applicable" or n/a. Refer to the help text for what text to use if an item is not relevant to your study. For final submission: please carefully check your responses for accuracy; you will not be able to make changes later.

_					
o.	-	tie	~+	$i \sim$	$\overline{}$
<b>~</b> 1	-	ı١١	<b>-</b>	11 '	•

FOL	ali statisticai ana	alyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods Section.			
n/a	Confirmed				
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
$\boxtimes$	A description	on of all covariates tested			
$\boxtimes$	A description	on of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons			
	A full desc	ription of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) tion (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)			
$\boxtimes$		pothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted as as exact values whenever suitable.			
$\boxtimes$	For Bayesi	an analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings			
$\boxtimes$	For hierard	chical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes			
$\boxtimes$	Estimates	of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated			
		Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.			
So	ftware and	code			
Poli	cy information a	bout availability of computer code			
Da	ata collection	R (v3.6.3) was used.			
Da	Data analysis R (v3.6.3) was used.				
	1 0	custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and			

#### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The raw sequences reported in this article were deposited in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive under the accession number (PRJNA863452).

#### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants and Sex and Gender in Research.

Reporting on sex and gender

Use the terms sex (biological attribute) and gender (shaped by social and cultural circumstances) carefully in order to avoid confusing both terms. Indicate if findings apply to only one sex or gender; describe whether sex and gender were considered in study design whether sex and/or gender was determined based on self-reporting or assigned and methods used. Provide in the source data disaggregated sex and gender data where this information has been collected, and consent has been obtained for sharing of individual-level data; provide overall numbers in this Reporting Summary. Please state if this information has not been collected. Report sex- and gender-based analyses where performed, justify reasons for lack of sex- and gender-based analysis.

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below	v that is the best fit for your research. If	f you are not sure,	read the appropriate sections	before making your selection.
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological,	evolutionary & environmental	sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

# Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size To compare the beneficial effects of probiotics and postbiotics in mitigating dextran sulfate sodium (DSS)-induced colitis in a mouse model. 28 mice were randomly divided into 4 groups (n = 7 each group).

Data exclusions

No data were excluded from the analyses.

Replication

Measurements were taken from distinct samples in each treatment.

Randomization

28 mice were randomly divided into 4 groups (n = 7 each group).

Blinding

The studies were blinded to investigators by labeling experimental animals with randomized numbers.

# Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description

Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).

Research sample

State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.

Sampling strategy

Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.

Data collection

Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.

Timing Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample

Data exclusions

If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

Non-participation State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.

Randomization If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

## Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description

Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.

Research sample

Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.

Sampling strategy

Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.

Data collection

Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.

Timing and spatial scale

Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken

Data exclusions

If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

Reproducibility

Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.

Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.

Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.

Did the study involve field work?

Randomization

Blinding

Location

Yes	N

## Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).

State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).

Access & import/export

Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Disturbance Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.

3

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimen	ntal sys	stems Methods	
n/a Involved in the study		n/a Involved in the study	
Antibodies		ChIP-seq	
Eukaryotic cell lines			
Palaeontology and archaeology		gy MRI-based neuroimaging	
Animals and other	organisn		
Clinical data			
Dual use research or	f concern		
Antibodies			
Antibodies used	Describ	ne all antibodies used in the study; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.	
Validation		be the validation of each primary antibody for the species and application, noting any validation statements on the acturer's website, relevant citations, antibody profiles in online databases, or data provided in the manuscript.	
Eukaryotic cell line	20		
		4 Course of Considerin December	
	lines and	d Sex and Gender in Research	
Cell line source(s)		State the source of each cell line used and the sex of all primary cell lines and cells derived from human participants or vertebrate models.	
Authentication		Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.	
Mycoplasma contamination	Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.		
Commonly misidentified li (See ICLAC register)	Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.		
Palaeontology and	d Arcl	naenlogy	
i alacontology and	<u> </u>	lacology	
Specimen provenance		e provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable,	
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.		
Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.		
Tick this box to confirm	m that th	e raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.	
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.		
Note that full information on the	e approv	al of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.	

#### Animals and other research organisms

Policy information about <u>studies involving animals</u>; <u>ARRIVE guidelines</u> recommended for reporting animal research, and <u>Sex and Gender in Research</u>

Laboratory animals

Male specific pathogen-free C57BL/6J mice (age 6-8 weeks, weight 18-22 g) from Beijing Huafukang Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

Wild animals	The study did not involve wild animals.		
Reporting on sex	Male specific pathogen-free C57BL/6J mice were used in this study.		
Field-collected samples	All mice were housed in a standard SPF environment in the animal house of the Key Laboratory of Dairy Biotechnology and Engineering, Ministry of Education, Inner Mongolia Agricultural University. Three to four mice were maintained in each individually ventilated cage (temperature, 22 ± 2 °C; relatively humidity, 45 ± 10%; standard 12 h/12 h light/dark cycle). Body weight was measured daily throughout the animal trial. At the end of the treatments, mice were sacrificed after anesthesia. The colon and fecal samples were collected.		
Ethics oversight	All animal experimental protocols were strictly performed in accordance with the provisions of the National Institutes of Health of the United States, approved by the Experimental Animal Ethics Committee of the Inner Mongolia Agricultural University.		
Note that full information on	the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.		
Clinical data			
Policy information about All manuscripts should comp	clinical studies  bly with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.		
Clinical trial registration	Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.		
Study protocol	Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.		
Data collection	Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.		
Outcomes	Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.		
Dual use resear	ch of concern		
	dual use research of concern		
Hazards			
Could the accidental, of in the manuscript, po	deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented ose a threat to:		
No Yes			
Public health			
National secu	rity		
Crops and/or liv	estock		
Ecosystems			
Any other signif	icant area		
Experiments of conc	ern		
Does the work involve	any of these experiments of concern:		
No Yes	bw to render a vaccine ineffective		
	ce to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents		
	rulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent		
	smissibility of a pathogen		
	ange of a pathogen		
	n of diagnostic/detection modalities		
Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin			
Any other poter	ntially harmful combination of experiments and agents		

loto doposition				
Oata deposition  Confirm that both raw	and find	al processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.		
		ited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.		
Data access links		For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document,		
May remain private before publication.		provide a link to the deposited data.		
Files in database submission		Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.		
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u> )		Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.		
Methodology				
Replicates	Describ	be the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.		
Sequencing depth		be the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and er they were paired- or single-end.		
Antibodies	Describ numbe	be the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lo er.		
Peak calling parameters	Specify used.	y the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files		
Data quality	Describ	be the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.		
Software		be the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community itory, provide accession details.		
Flow Cytometry				
-				
Plots				
Plots Confirm that:				
Plots Confirm that: The axis labels state t		er and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).		
Plots Confirm that: The axis labels state to The axis scales are c	learly vis	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).		
Plots Confirm that: The axis labels state to The axis scales are contout	learly vis ur plots	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers). with outliers or pseudocolor plots.		
Confirm that:  The axis labels state to the axis scales are contout.  All plots are contout.  A numerical value for	learly vis ur plots	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).		
Confirm that:  The axis labels state to the axis scales are contout All plots are contout A numerical value for the axis scales	learly vis ur plots	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers). with outliers or pseudocolor plots.  r of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.		
Confirm that: The axis labels state to the axis scales are contout. All plots are contout. A numerical value for	learly vis ur plots	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers). with outliers or pseudocolor plots.		
Confirm that:  The axis labels state to the axis scales are contout All plots are contout A numerical value for Methodology	learly vis ur plots	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers). with outliers or pseudocolor plots.  r of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.		
Confirm that:  The axis labels state to the axis scales are contout All plots are contout A numerical value for Aethodology  Sample preparation	learly vis ur plots	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers). with outliers or pseudocolor plots.  To f cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.  Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.		
Confirm that:  The axis labels state to the axis scales are contouted.  All plots are contouted and a numerical value for the axis scales are contouted.  A numerical value for the axis scales are contouted.  An under the axis scales are contouted.  The axis labels state to the axis scales are contouted.  An under the axis scales are contouted.	learly vis ur plots number	bible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers). With outliers or pseudocolor plots.  To f cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.  Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.  Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.  Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a		

## Magnetic resonance imaging

### Experimental design

Design type

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.		
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).		
Acquisition			
Imaging type(s)	Specify:	functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla		
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.		
Area of acquisition	State wh	nether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	Not	used	
Preprocessing			
Preprocessing software		on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, n, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
Normalization		ormalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for in OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
Normalization template		emplate used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. rach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).		
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.		
Statistical modeling & inferer	nce		
Model type and settings		mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and ls (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.		
Specify type of analysis:	hole brain	ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference (See Eklund et al. 2016)	Specify voxel-	wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).		
Models & analysis			
n/a Involved in the study  Functional and/or effective Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or pro	·	s	
Functional and/or effective connection	ctivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	
Graph analysis  Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficient, efficient).			
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis		Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation	



metrics.