	BCMM	ENGELA	Epilymph	Italian	LAMMCC	LANHL	Мауо	NCISEER	NSW	Yale
Any herbicide	13 (3.5%)	42 (9.4%)	48 (2.0%)	59 (5.2%)	4 (1.4%)	6 (1.6%)	296 (13.6%)	51 (5.2%)	33 (4.8%)	44 (6.2%)
Phenoxy herbicides	5 (1.4%)	25 (5.6%)	13 (0.5%)	29 (2.5%)	3 (1.1%)	3 (0.8%)	239 (11.0%)	17 (1.7%)	18 (2.6%)	18 (2.6%)
2,4-D	4 (1.1%)	_ a	5 (0.2%)	22 (1.9%)	-	1 (0.3%)	235 (10.8%)	14 (1.4%)	6 (0.9%)	-
Other phenoxy herbicides	2 (0.5%)	-	3 (0.1%)	24 (2.1%)	3 (1.1%)	3 (0.8%)	39 (1.8%)	6 (0.6%)	8 (1.2%)	-
Glyphosate	5 (1.4%)	24 (5.4%)	2 (0.1%)	9 (0.8%)	-	-	253 (11.6%)	5 (0.5%)	14 (2.1%)	28 (4.0%)
Triazine herbicides	1 (0.3%)	20 (4.5%)	10 (0.4%)	18 (1.6%)	-	-	161 (7.4%)	6 (0.6%)	4 (0.6%)	-
Atrazine	1 (0.3%)	-	-	16 (1.4%)	-	-	154 (7.1%)	5 (0.5%)	2 (0.3%)	-
Amide herbicides	-	12 (2.7%)	-	11 (1.0%)	-	-	141 (6.5%)	6 (0.6%)	1 (0.2%)	-
Alachlor	-	-	-	4 (0.4%)	-	-	119 (5.5%)	3 (0.3%)	-	-
Trifluralin	0	-	-	21 (1.8%)	-	-	112 (5.1%)	7 (0.7%)	0	8 (1.1%)
Dicamba	1 (0.3%)	-	-	5 (0.4%)	-	1 (0.3%)	121 (5.5%)	2 (0.2%)	1 (0.2%)	-
Pendimethalin	-	-	-	4 (0.4%)	-	-	52 (2.4%)	1 (0.1%)	-	-
Paraquat	1 (0.3%)	-	-	4 (0.4%)	-	-	17 (0.8%)	1 (0.1%)	3 (0.4%)	-

## Supplemental Table 1. Frequency of occupational herbicide use among controls within each of the case-control studies participating in the InterLymph pooled analysis

<sup>a</sup> The symbol " - " indicates that the study was not included in analysis of the particular herbicide, due to no exposed cases or controls