

Supplementary data

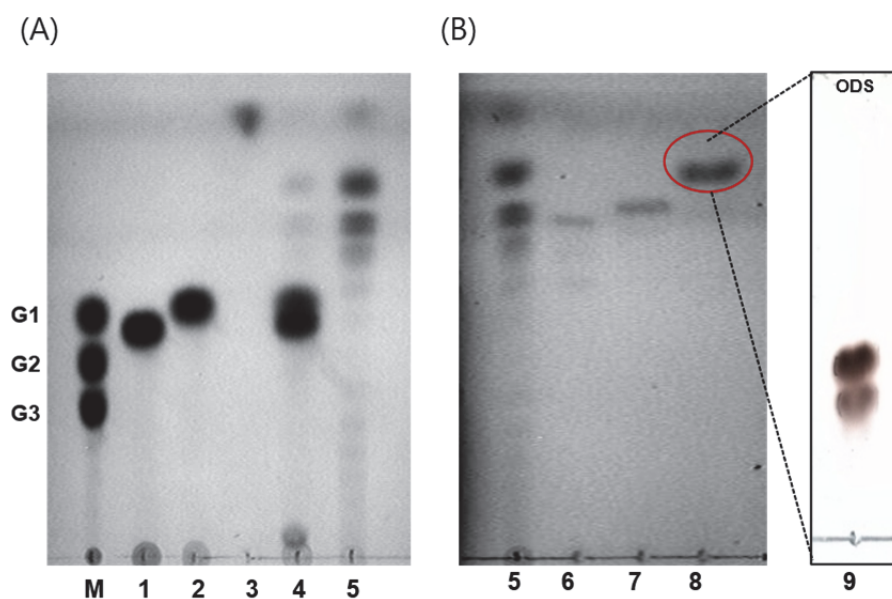
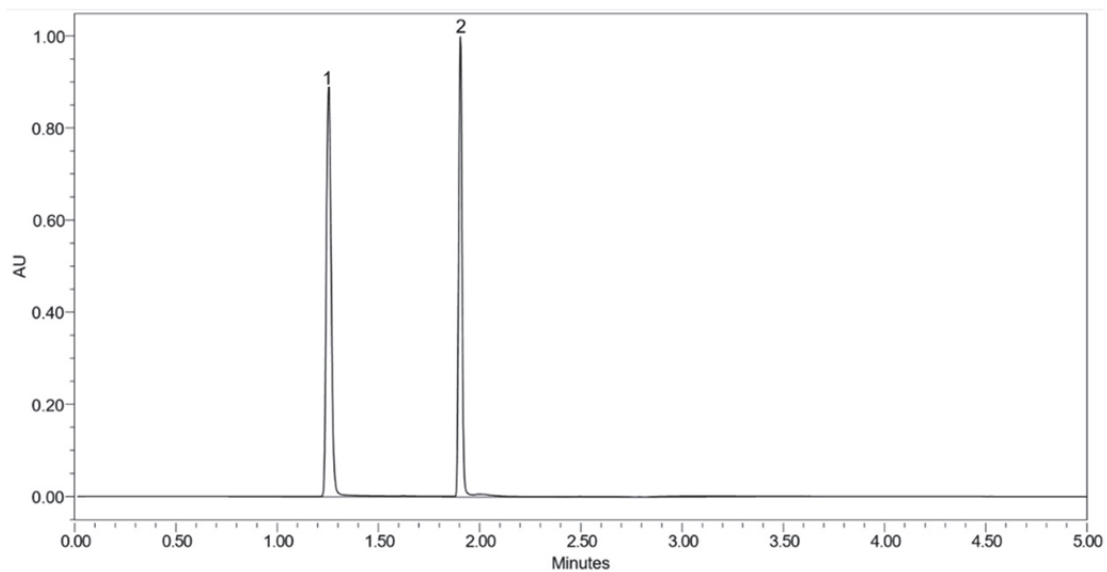


Fig. S1. TLC analysis of resveratrol and resveratrol glucosides. (A) TLC analysis using silica gel 60 of the reaction products of DGAS with resveratrol as a receptor and sucrose as a donor. Lane M, maltooligosaccharide standard containing glucose (G1) through maltotriose (G3); lane 1, sucrose; lane 2, fructose; lane 3, resveratrol; lane 4, resveratrol and sucrose reaction products; lane 5: reaction products after sugar removal by C<sub>18</sub>-T cartridge, (B) TLC analysis of the resveratrol transfer products by the transglycosylation of DGAS after purification. Lane 5: after sugar removal by C<sub>18</sub>-T cartridge, lane 6, 7, 8, the three transfer products; lane 9: after separation of the major products by ODS TLC plate (silica gel RP-18 F254S).

(A)



(B)

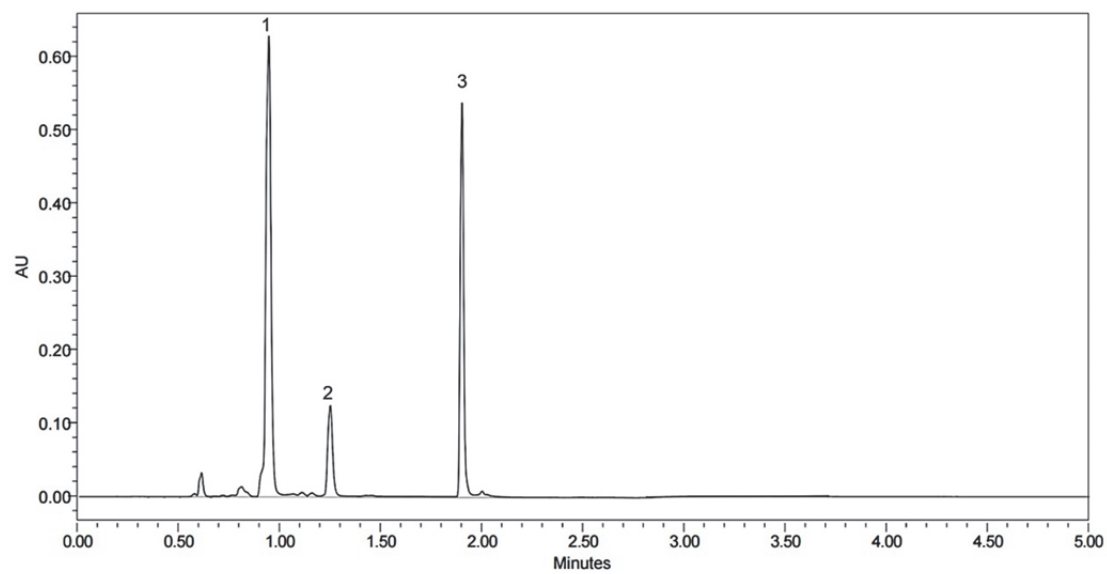
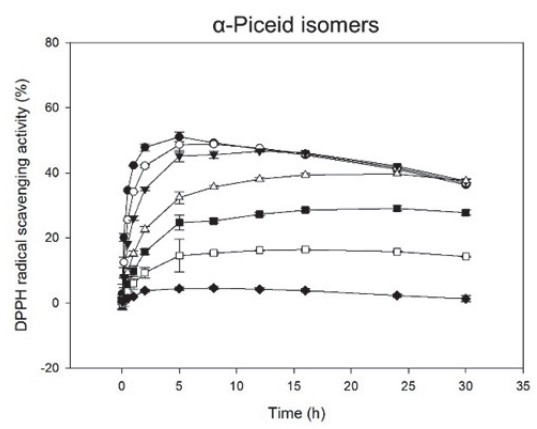
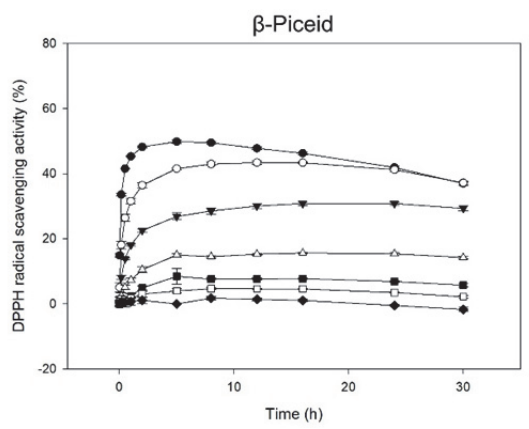
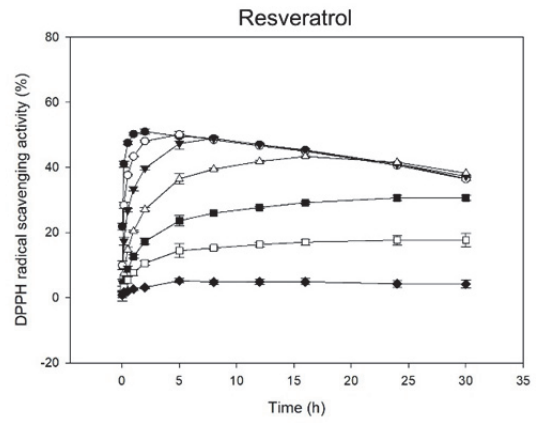
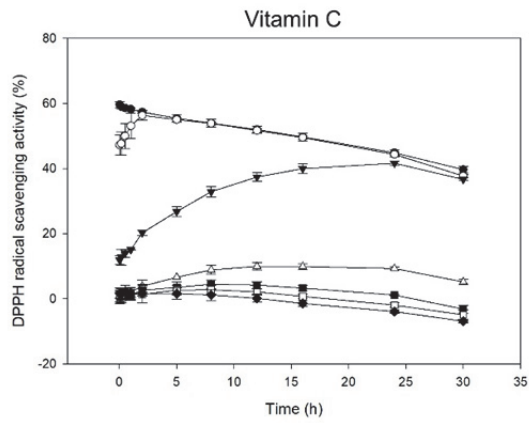
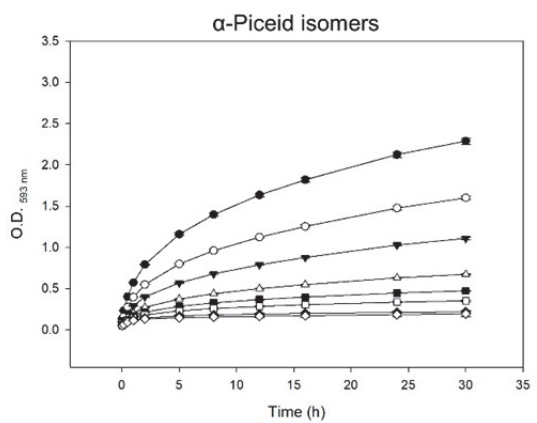
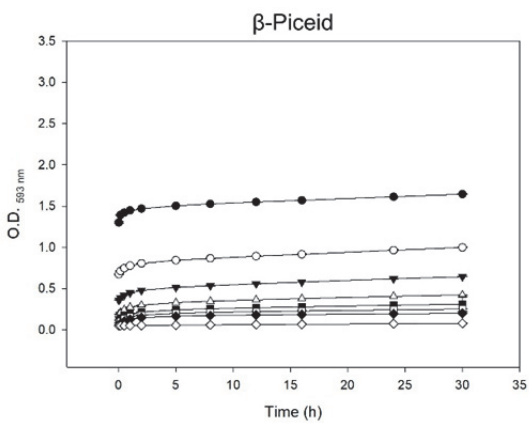
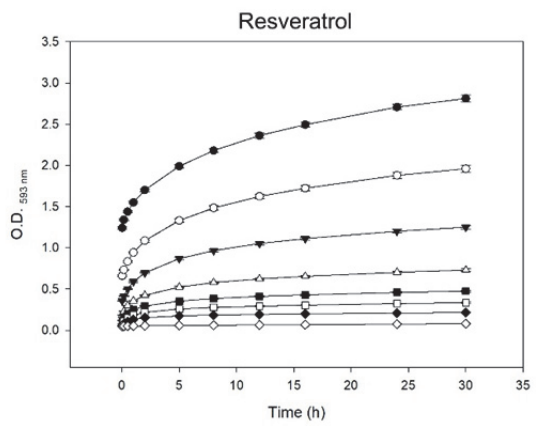
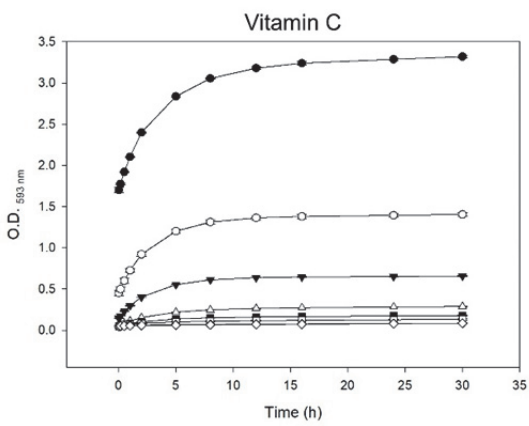


Fig. S2. UPLC analysis of the resveratrol and resveratrol glucosides. (A) Standard peak of  $\beta$ -piceid and resveratrol. Peak 1, resveratrol-3-*O*- $\beta$ -glucoside; peak 2, resveratrol. (B) peak 1, resveratrol-4'-*O*- $\alpha$ -glucoside; peak 2, resveratrol-3-*O*- $\alpha$ -glucoside; peak 3, resveratrol.

(A) DPPH radical scavenging activity



(B) FRAP radical scavenging activity



(C) Hydroxyl radical scavenging assay

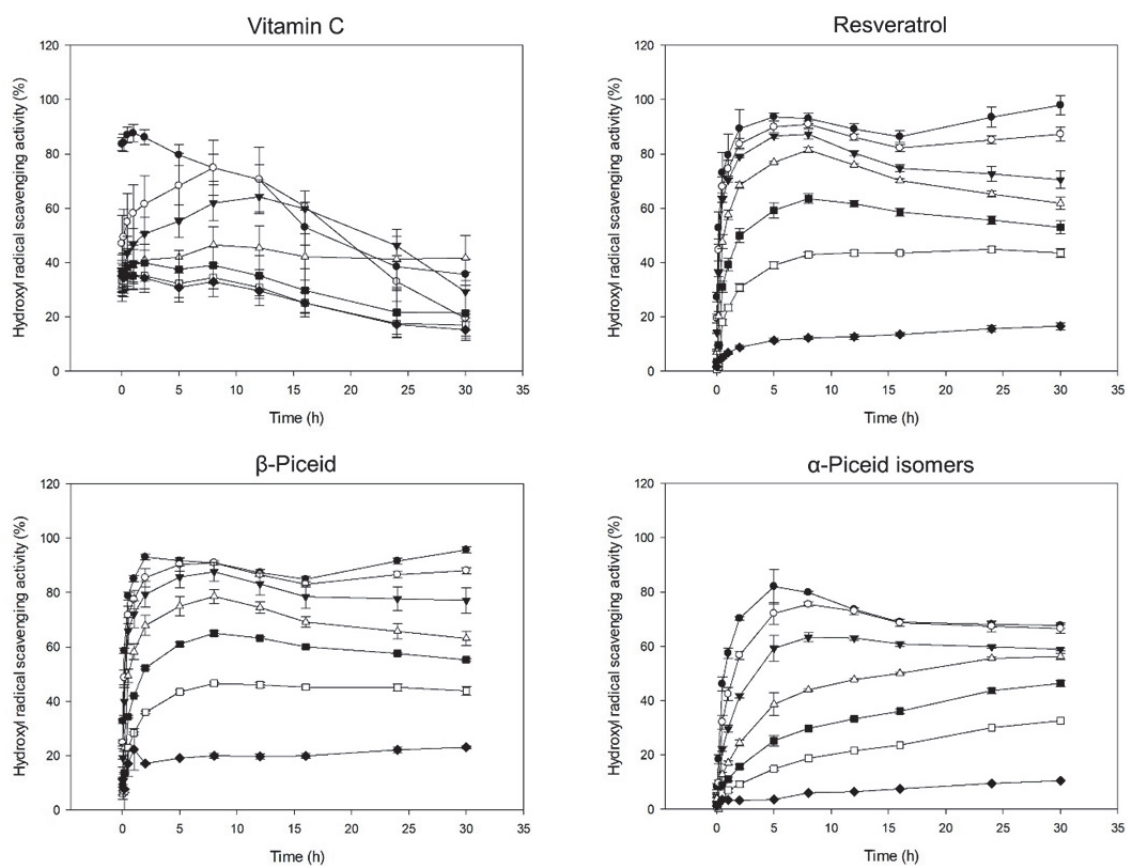


Fig. S3. Determination of antioxidant activity of vitamin C, resveratrol,  $\beta$ -piceid, and  $\alpha$ -piceid isomers by the (A) DPPH, (B) FRAP, and (C) hydroxyl radical scavenging method using different concentrations (2 mM (filled circle), 1 mM (open circle), 0.5 mM (filled triangle), 0.2 mM (open triangle), 0.1 mM (filled square), 0.05 mM (open square), 0.01 mM (filled diamond), and 0 mM (open diamond)). Values are expressed as mean  $\pm$  standard deviation from triplicates.

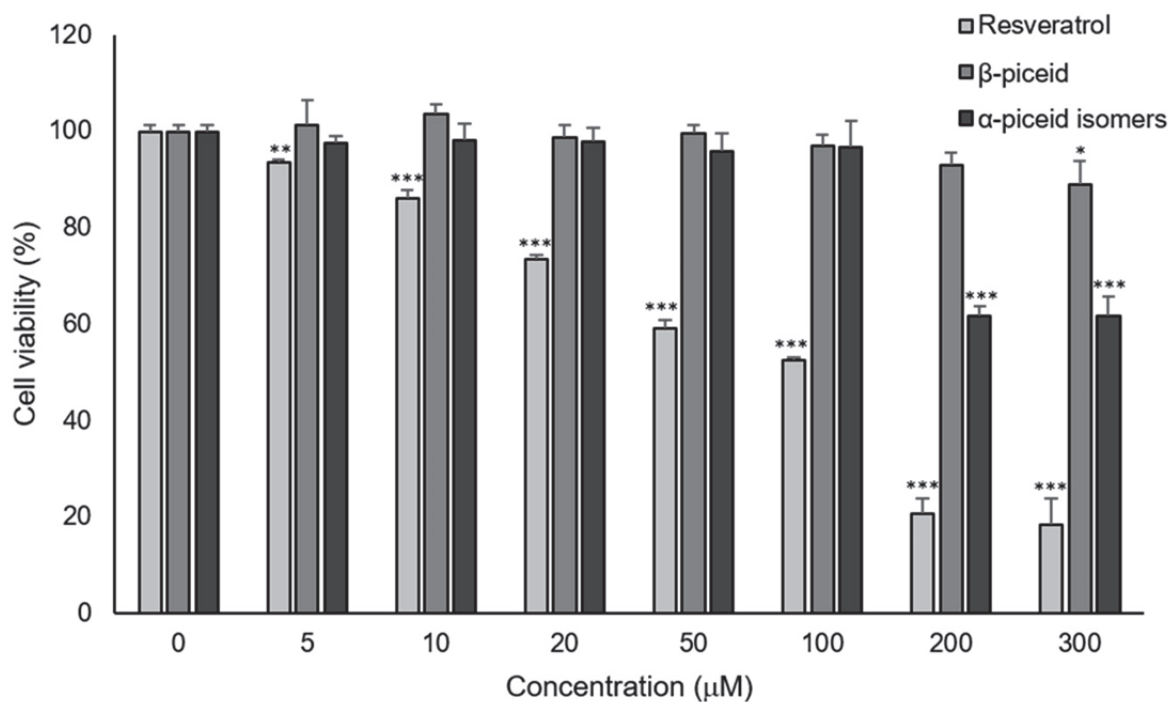


Fig. S4. Effect of resveratrol,  $\beta$ -piceid and  $\alpha$ -piceid isomers on the viability of B16F10 cells. The cells were treated with the compounds for 24 h and then cell viability was measured by MTT assay. Significant differences compared with non-treated cells. \*\*  $p < 0.005$  and \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$ .

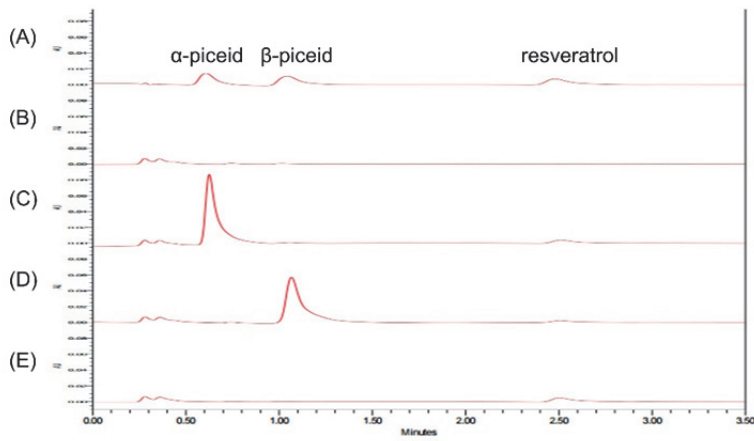


Fig. S5. UPLC chromatogram of the cell media after treatment of the resveratrol and resveratrol glucosides. (A) standard peak of 20  $\mu$ M compound (mixture of  $\alpha$ -piceid isomers,  $\beta$ -piceid and resveratrol), (B) a control cell media, (C) cell media after 24 h treatment of  $\alpha$ -piceid isomers, (D) cell media after 24 h treatment of  $\beta$ -piceid, (E) cell media after 24 h treatment of resveratrol.